

PRIME FACES

Chapter 01 - Introduction

1

PrimeFaces

Ultimate JSF Component Suite

www.primefaces.org

2

WHAT IS PRIMEFACES

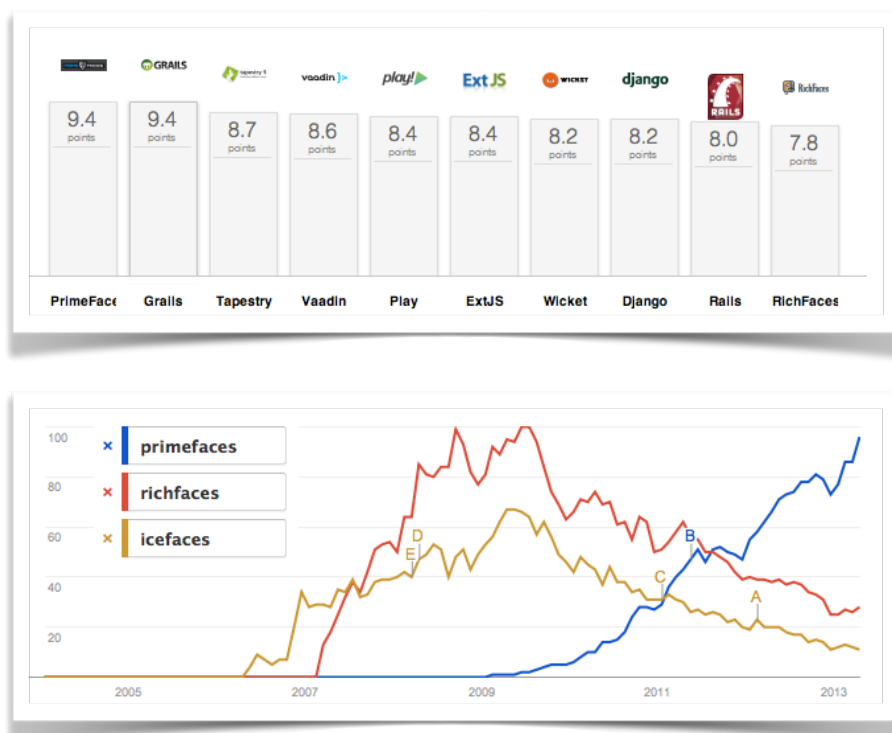
PrimeFaces is an open source JSF component suite with various extensions

- Rich set of components (HtmlEditor, Dialog, Charts and many more)
- Built-in Ajax based on standard JSF 2.0 Ajax APIs
- Lightweight, one jar, zero-configuration and no required dependencies
- Push support via Atmosphere Framework
- Mobile UI kit to create mobile web applications for handheld devices.
- Skinning Framework with 35+ built-in themes and support for visual theme designer tool
- Extensive documentation.
- Large, vibrant and active user community
- Developed with "passion" from application developers to application developers

3

WHY PRIMEFACES

- Number One at DevRates / Competitors Use PrimeFaces



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GETTING STARTED

- PrimeFaces is a lightweight library with one jar
- zero-configuration
- no required dependencies
- You just need to download PrimeFaces
 - add the primefaces-{version}.jar to your classpath
 - or with Maven:

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.primefaces</groupId>
  <artifactId>primefaces</artifactId>
  <version>5.3</version>
</dependency>
```

- import the namespace

```
xmlns:p="http://primefaces.org/ui"
```

5

AJAX CORE - BASICS

```
<h:form>
  <h:panelGrid columns="4" cellpadding="5">
    <h:outputLabel for="name" value="Name:" style="font-weight:bold" />
    <p:inputText id="name" value="#{demoBean.firstname}" _/>
    <p:commandButton value="Submit" update="display" />
    <h:outputText value="#{demoBean.firstname}" id="display" _/>
  </h:panelGrid>
</h:form>
```

6

HELLO WORLD

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html xmlns="http://www.w3c.org/1999/xhtml"
      xmlns:h="http://java.sun.com/jsf/html"
      xmlns:p="http://primefaces.org/ui">

  <h:head>

  </h:head>

  <h:body>
    <p:editor />
  </h:body>

</html>
```

PRIME FACES

Chapter 02 - Themes

1

INSTALLING THEMES

- PrimeFaces themes are bundled as JAR files and available for download at the PrimeFaces repository

```
<dependency>  
  <groupId>org.primefaces.themes</groupId>  
  <artifactId>theme-name</artifactId>  
  <version>1.0.10</version>  
</dependency>
```

2

SET THE THEME

- web.xml (deployment descriptor):
 - set the context parameter prime faces.THEME
 - value is the name of the theme

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>primefaces.THEME</param-name>
  <param-value>home</param-value>
</context-param>
```

SET A DYNAMIC THEME

- define an EL expression as the param value
- Assume you have a managed bean UserSettings keeping the current theme name in a theme variable

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>primefaces.THEME</param-name>
  <param-value>#{userSettingsController.theme}</param-value>
</context-param>
```

THEME SWITCHER

- The theme switcher usage is very similar to the usage of p:selectOneMenu
- The component is represented by the p:themeSwitcher tag
 - and accepts f:selectItem
 - or f:selectItems

```
<p:themeSwitcher id="themeSwitcher"
  value="#{userSettingsController.theme}" style="width:165px">
  <f:selectItem itemLabel="Choose Theme" itemValue="" />
  <f:selectItems value="#{userSettingsController.themes}" />
  <p:ajax listener="#{userSettingsController.saveTheme}" />
</p:themeSwitcher>
```

5

THEME SWITCHER

- Themes are prepared in a managed bean UserSettingsController

```
@ManagedBean
@SessionScoped
public class UserSettingsController {

    private Map<String, String> themes;

    public Map<String, String> getThemes() {
        return themes;
    }

    @PostConstruct
    public void init() {
        themes = new TreeMap<String, String>();
        themes.put("Afterdark", "afterdark");
    }
}
```

6

PrimeFaces Exercise 01: Introduction

- lade die PrimeFasces jar in das Projekt (maven oder konventionell)
- ersetzte die Datumseingabe mit dem PrimeFace Calender
- ersetzte die DataTable der History Seite mit PrimeFaces
 - Sortierbar
 - Paging
 - Zellen sollen verschoben werden können
- Ersetze das Menu mit PrimeFaces
- Füge bei der BMI Berechnung ein "Charts - MeterGauge"
- erstelle ein Login für die BMI Applikation
- Stelle sicher dass lediglich die BMI Werte des jeweiligen Users angezeigt werden

PrimeFaces Exercise 02: Themes, Extended UI

- Installiere verschiedene Themes
- Baue ein Theme Switcher ein
- Implementiere eie Slider für die Gewichteingabe
- Zeige die History für ein User zusätzlich zur Tabelle als Chart an
- Stelle sicher dass alle Seiten mit HTTPS aufgerufen werden

prime



USER GUIDE

5.3

Author

Çağatay Çivici

First Edition

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About the Author

Çağatay Çivici is a member of JavaServer Faces Expert Group, the founder of PrimeFaces and PMC member of open source JSF implementation Apache MyFaces. He is a recognized speaker in international conferences and many local events such as JUGs.

Çağatay is also an author and technical reviewer of a couple books regarding web application development with Java and JSF. As an experienced trainer, he has trained over 300 developers on Java EE technologies mainly JSF, Spring, EJB 3.x and JPA.

Çağatay is also known as Optimus in JavaServer Faces Community.

1. Introduction

1.1 What is PrimeFaces?

PrimeFaces is an open source JSF component suite with various extensions.

- Rich set of components (HtmlEditor, Dialog, AutoComplete, Charts and many more).
- Built-in Ajax based on standard JSF Ajax APIs.
- Lightweight, one jar, zero-configuration and no required dependencies.
- Push support via Atmosphere Framework.
- Mobile UI kit to create mobile web applications.
- Skinning Framework with 35+ built-in themes and support for visual theme designer tool.
- Extensive documentation.
- Large, vibrant and active user community.
- Developed with "passion" from application developers to application developers.

2. Setup

2.1 Download

PrimeFaces has a single jar called **primefaces-{version}.jar**. There are two ways to download this jar, you can either download from PrimeFaces homepage or if you are a maven user you can define it as a dependency.

Download Manually

Manual downloads are actually links to the maven repository, for more information please visit;

<http://www.primefaces.org/downloads>

Download with Maven

Group id is *org.primefaces* and artifact id is *primefaces*.

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.primefaces</groupId>
  <artifactId>primefaces</artifactId>
  <version>5.3</version>
</dependency>
```

2.2 Dependencies

PrimeFaces only requires a JAVA 5+ runtime and a JSF 2.x implementation as mandatory dependencies. There're some optional libraries for certain features. Licenses of all dependencies and any 3rd part work incorporated are compatible with the PrimeFaces Licenses.

Dependency	Version *	Type	Description
JSF runtime	2.0, 2.1 or 2.2	Required	Apache MyFaces or Oracle Mojarra
itext	2.1.7	Optional	DataExporter (PDF)
apache poi	3.7	Optional	DataExporter (Excel)
rome	1.0	Optional	FeedReader
commons-fileupload	1.3	Optional	FileUpload
commons-io	2.2	Optional	FileUpload
atmosphere	2.4.0	Optional	PrimeFaces Push
barcode4j-light	2.1	Optional	Barcode
qrgen	1.4	Optional	QR Code support for Barcode

* Listed versions are tested and known to be working with PrimeFaces, other versions of these dependencies may also work but not tested.

JSF Runtime

PrimeFaces supports JSF 2.0, 2.1 and 2.2 runtimes at the same time using feature detection and by not having compile time dependency to a specific version. As a result some features are only available depending on the runtime.

A good example for runtime compatibility is the passthrough attributes, a JSF 2.2 specific feature to display dynamic attributes. In following page, pass through attribute placeholder only gets rendered if the runtime is JSF 2.2.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html xmlns="http://www.w3c.org/1999/xhtml"
      xmlns:h="http://java.sun.com/jsf/html"
      xmlns:p="http://primefaces.org/ui"
      xmlns:pt="http://xmlns.jcp.org/jsf/passthrough">

  <h:head>
  </h:head>

  <h:body>
    <p:inputText value="#{bean.value}" pt:placeholder="Watermark here"/>
  </h:body>

</html>
```

2.3 Configuration

PrimeFaces does not require any mandatory configuration and follows configuration by exception pattern of Java EE. Here is the list of all configuration options defined with a contex-param such as;

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>primefaces.THEME</param-name>
  <param-value>sentinel</param-value>
</context-param>
```

Name	Default	Description
THEME	aristo	Theme of the application.
mobile.THEME	null	Theme of the mobile application.
PUSH_SERVER_URL	null	Custom server url for PrimeFaces Push.
SUBMIT	full	Defines ajax submit mode, <i>full</i> or <i>partial</i> .
DIR	ltr	Defines orientation, <i>ltr</i> or <i>rtl</i> .
RESET_VALUES	false	When enabled, ajax updated inputs are reset.
SECRET	primefaces	Secret key to encrypt-decrypt value expressions exposed in rendering StreamedContents.
CLIENT_SIDE_VALIDATION	false	Controls client side validation.
UPLOADER	auto	Defines uploader mode; <i>auto</i> , <i>native</i> or <i>commons</i> .
TRANSFORM_METADATA	false	Transforms bean validation metadata to html attributes.
LEGACY_WIDGET_NAMESPACE	false	Enables window scope so that widgets can be accessed using <i>widgetVar.method()</i> in addition to default PF namespace approach like <i>PF('widgetVar').method()</i> .
FONT_AWESOME	false	Enabled font-awesome icons.

2.4 Hello World

Once you have added the primefaces jar to your classpath, you need to add the PrimeFaces namespace to your page to begin using the components. Here is a simple page like test.xhtml;

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html xmlns="http://www.w3c.org/1999/xhtml"
      xmlns:h="http://xmlns.jcp.org/jsf/html"
      xmlns:p="http://primefaces.org/ui">

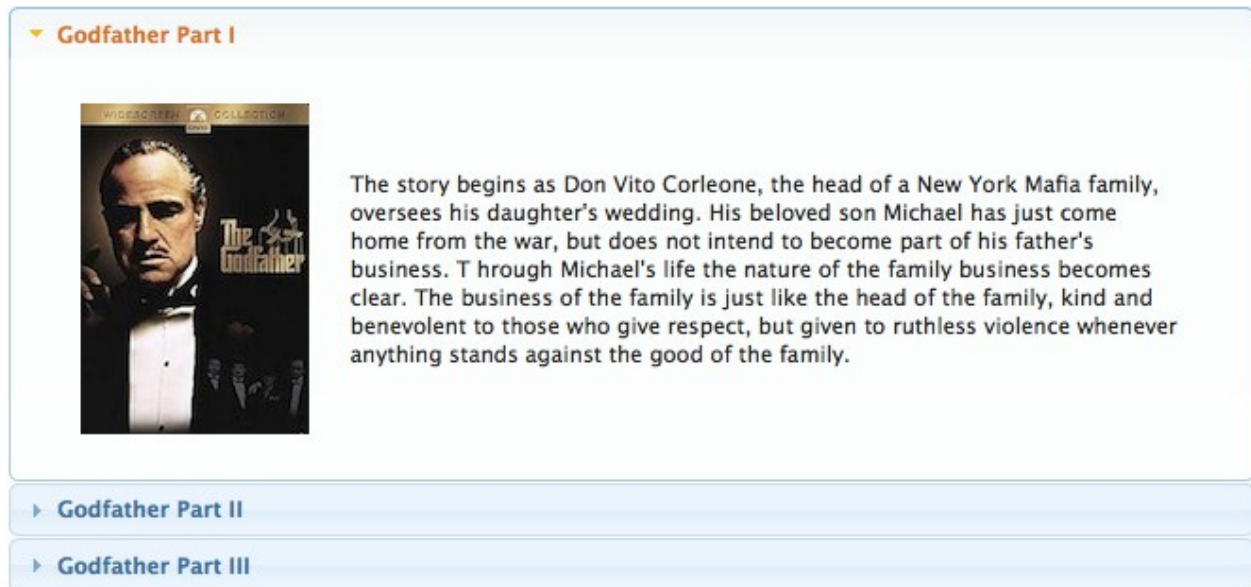
  <h:head></h:head>
  <h:body>
    <p:editor />
  </h:body>
</html>
```

When you run this page through Faces Servlet mapping e.g. *.jsf, you should see a rich text editor when you run the page with test.jsf.

3. Component Suite

3.1 AccordionPanel

AccordionPanel is a container component that displays content in stacked format.



Info

Tag	accordionPanel
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.accordionpanel.Accordionpanel
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.AccordionPanel
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.AccordionPanelRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.accordionpanel.AccordionPanelRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component.
binding	null	Object	An EL expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
activeIndex	false	String	Index of the active tab or a comma separated string of indexes when multiple mode is on.

Name	Default	Type	Description
style	null	String	Inline style of the container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container element.
onTabChange	null	String	Client side callback to invoke when an inactive tab is clicked.
onTabShow	null	String	Client side callback to invoke when a tab gets activated.
dynamic	false	Boolean	Defines the toggle mode.
cache	true	Boolean	Defines if activating a dynamic tab should load the contents from server again.
value	null	List	List to iterate to display dynamic number of tabs.
var	null	String	Name of iterator to use in a dynamic number of tabs.
multiple	false	Boolean	Controls multiple selection.
dir	ltr	String	Defines text direction, valid values are <i>ltr</i> and <i>rtl</i> .
prependId	true	Boolean	AccordionPanel is a naming container thus prepends its id to its children by default, a false value turns this behavior off except for dynamic tabs.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.

Getting Started with Accordion Panel

Accordion panel consists of one or more tabs and each tab can group any content. Titles can also be defined with “title” facet.

```
<p:accordionPanel>
  <p:tab title="First Tab Title">
    <h:outputText value= "Lorem"/>
    ...More content for first tab
  </p:tab>
  <p:tab title="Second Tab Title">
    <h:outputText value="Ipsum" />
  </p:tab>
  //any number of tabs
</p:accordionPanel>
```

Dynamic Content Loading

AccordionPanel supports lazy loading of tab content, when dynamic option is set true, only active tab contents will be rendered to the client side and clicking an inactive tab header will do an ajax request to load the tab contents.

This feature is useful to reduce bandwidth and speed up page loading time. By default activating a previously loaded dynamic tab does not initiate a request to load the contents again as tab is cached. To control this behavior use *cache* option.

```
<p:accordionPanel dynamic="true">
    //..tabs
</p:accordionPanel>
```

Client Side Callbacks

onTabChange is called before a tab is shown and *onTabShow* is called after. Both receive container element of the tab to show as the parameter.

```
<p:accordionPanel onTabChange="handleChange(panel)">
    //..tabs
</p:accordionPanel>

<script type="text/javascript">
    function handleChange(panel) {
        //panel: new tab content container
    }
</script>
```

Ajax Behavior Events

tabChange is the one and only ajax behavior event of accordion panel that is executed when a tab is toggled.

```
<p:accordionPanel>
    <p:ajax event="tabChange" listener="#{bean.onChange}" />
</p:accordionPanel>
```

```
public void onChange(TabChangeEvent event) {
    //Tab activeTab = event.getTab();
    //...
}
```

Your listener(if defined) will be invoked with an *org.primefaces.event.TabChangeEvent* instance that contains a reference to the new active tab and the accordion panel itself.

Dynamic Number of Tabs

When the tabs to display are not static, use the built-in iteration feature similar to `ui:repeat`.

```
<p:accordionPanel value="#{bean.list}" var="listItem">
    <p:tab title="#{listItem.propertyA}">
        <h:outputText value= "#{listItem.propertyB}" />
        ...More content
    </p:tab>
</p:accordionPanel>
```

Disabled Tabs

A tab can be disabled by setting disabled attribute to true.

```
<p:accordionPanel>
  <p:tab title="First Tab Title" disabled="true">
    <h:outputText value= "Lorem"/>
    ...More content for first tab
  </p:tab>
  <p:tab title="Second Tab Title">
    <h:outputText value="Ipsum" />
  </p:tab>
  //any number of tabs
</p:accordionPanel>
```

Multiple Selection

By default, only one tab at a time can be active, enable *multiple* mode to activate multiple tabs.

```
<p:accordionPanel multiple="true">
  //tabs
</p:accordionPanel>
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.AccordionPanel*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
select(index)	index: Index of tab	void	Activates tab with given index.
unselect(index)	index: Index of tab	void	Deactivates tab with given index.

Skinning

AccordionPanel resides in a main container element which *style* and *styleClass* options apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Class	Applies
.ui-accordion	Main container element
.ui-accordion-header	Tab header
.ui-accordion-content	Tab content

3.2 AjaxBehavior

AjaxBehavior is an extension to standard f:ajax.

Info

Tag	ajax
Behavior Id	org.primefaces.component.AjaxBehavior
Behavior Class	org.primefaces.component.behavior.ajax.AjaxBehavior

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
listener	null	Method Expr	Method to process in partial request.
immediate	false	boolean	Boolean value that determines the phaseId, when true actions are processed at apply_request_values, when false at invoke_application phase.
async	false	Boolean	When set to true, ajax requests are not queued.
process	null	String	Component(s) to process in partial request.
update	null	String	Component(s) to update with ajax.
onstart	null	String	Callback to execute before ajax request is begins.
oncomplete	null	String	Callback to execute when ajax request is completed.
onsuccess	null	String	Callback to execute when ajax request succeeds.
onerror	null	String	Callback to execute when ajax request fails.
global	true	Boolean	Global ajax requests are listened by ajaxStatus component, setting global to false will not trigger ajaxStatus.
delay	null	String	If less than <i>delay</i> milliseconds elapses between calls to <i>request()</i> only the most recent one is sent and all other requests are discarded. If this option is not specified, or if the value of <i>delay</i> is the literal string 'none' without the quotes, no delay is used.
partialSubmit	false	Boolean	Enables serialization of values belonging to the partially processed components only.
partialSubmitFilter	null	String	Selector to use when partial submit is on, default is ":input" to select all descendant inputs of a partially processed components.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables ajax behavior.

Name	Default	Type	Description
event	null	String	Client side event to trigger ajax request.
resetValues	false	Boolean	If true, local values of input components to be updated within the ajax request would be reset.
ignoreAutoUpdate	false	Boolean	If true, components which autoUpdate="true" will not be updated for this request. If not specified, or the value is false, no such indication is made.
form	null	String	Form to serialize for an ajax request. Default is the enclosing form.

Getting Started with AjaxBehavior

AjaxBehavior is attached to the component to ajaxify.

```
<h:inputText value="#{bean.text}">
    <p:ajax update="out" />
</h:inputText>
<h:outputText id="out" value="#{bean.text}" />
```

In the example above, each time the input changes, an ajax request is sent to the server. When the response is received output text with id "out" is updated with value of the input.

Listener

In case you need to execute a method on a backing bean, define a listener;

```
<h:inputText id="counter">
    <p:ajax update="out" listener="#{counterBean.increment}" />
</h:inputText>
<h:outputText id="out" value="#{counterBean.count}" />
```

```
public class CounterBean {

    private int count;

    //getter setter

    public void increment() {
        count++;
    }

}
```

Events

Default client side events are defined by components that support client behaviors, for input components it is *onchange* and for command components it is *onclick*. In order to override the dom event to trigger the ajax request use *event* option. In following example, ajax request is triggered when key is up on input field.

```
<h:inputText id="firstname" value="#{bean.text}">  
    <p:ajax update="out" event="keyup"/>  
</h:inputText>  
<h:outputText id="out" value="#{bean.text}" />
```

3.3 AjaxExceptionHandler

AjaxExceptionHandler is a utility component for the built-in ExceptionHandler.

Info

Tag	ajaxExceptionHandler
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.ajaxexceptionhandler.AjaxExceptionHandler
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.AjaxExceptionHandler
Component Family	org.primefaces.component

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
onexception	null	String	Client side callback to execute after a exception with this type occurred.
update	null	String	Components to update after a exception with this type occurred.
type	null	String	Exception type to handle.

Getting Started with AjaxExceptionHandler

Please find the detailed information about this component at ExceptionHandler section at Utilities chapter.

3.4 AjaxStatus

AjaxStatus is a global notifier for ajax requests.



Info

Tag	ajaxStatus
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.ajaxstatus.AjaxStatus
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.AjaxStatus
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.AjaxStatusRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.ajaxstatus.AjaxStatusRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
onstart	null	String	Client side callback to execute after ajax requests start.
oncomplete	null	String	Client side callback to execute after ajax requests complete.
onsuccess	null	String	Client side callback to execute after ajax requests completed successfully.
onerror	null	String	Client side callback to execute when an ajax request fails.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.

Getting Started with AjaxStatus

AjaxStatus uses facets to represent the request status. Most common used facets are *start* and *complete*. Start facet will be visible once ajax request begins and stay visible until it's completed. Once the ajax response is received and page is updated, start facet gets hidden and complete facet shows up.

```
<p:ajaxStatus>
  <f:facet name="start">
    <p:graphicImage value="ajaxloading.gif" />
  </f:facet>
  <f:facet name="complete">
    <h:outputText value="Done!" />
  </f:facet>
</p:ajaxStatus>
```

Events

Here is the full list of available event names;

default: Initially visible when page is loaded.

start: Before ajax request begins.

success: When ajax response is received without error.

error: When ajax response is received with an http error.

complete: When everything finishes.

```
<p:ajaxStatus>
  <f:facet name="error">
    <h:outputText value="Error" />
  </f:facet>

  <f:facet name="success">
    <h:outputText value="Success" />
  </f:facet>

  <f:facet name="default">
    <h:outputText value="Idle" />
  </f:facet>

  <f:facet name="start">
    <h:outputText value="Sending" />
  </f:facet>

  <f:facet name="complete">
    <h:outputText value="Done" />
  </f:facet>
</p:ajaxStatus>
```

Custom Events

Facets are the declarative way to use, if you'd like to implement advanced cases with scripting you can take advantage of on* callbacks which are the event handler counterparts of the facets.

```
<p:ajaxStatus onstart="alert('Start')" oncomplete="alert('End')"/>
```

A common usage of programmatic approach is to implement a custom status dialog;

```
<p:ajaxStatus onStart="PF('status').show()" onComplete="PF('status').hide()"/>
  <p:dialog widgetVar="status" modal="true" closable="false">
    Please Wait
  </p:dialog>
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.AjaxStatus*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
trigger(event)	event: Name of event.	void	Triggers given event.

Skinning

AjaxStatus is equipped with *style* and *styleClass*. Styling directly applies to a container element which contains the facets.

```
<p:ajaxStatus style="width:32px;height:32px" ... />
```

Tips

- Avoid updating ajaxStatus itself to prevent duplicate facet/callback bindings.
- Provide a fixed width/height to an inline ajaxStatus to prevent page layout from changing.
- Components like `commandButton` has an attribute (*global*) to control triggering of AjaxStatus.
- AjaxStatus also supports core JSF ajax requests of `f:ajax` as well.

3.5 AutoComplete

AutoComplete provides live suggestions while an input is being typed.



Info

Tag	autoComplete
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.autocomplete.AutoComplete
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.AutoComplete
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.AutoCompleteRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.autocomplete.AutoCompleteRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text.
converter	null	Object	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id.

Name	Default	Type	Description
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required.
validator	null	Method Expr	A method expression that refers to a method validationg the input.
valueChangeListener	null	Method Expr	A method expression that refers to a method for handling a valuchangeevent.
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fails.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
completeMethod	null	Method Expr	Method providing suggestions.
var	null	String	Name of the iterator used in pojo based suggestion.
itemLabel	null	String	Label of the item.
itemValue	null	String	Value of the item.
maxResults	unlimited	Integer	Maximum number of results to be displayed.
minQueryLength	true	Integer	Number of characters to be typed before starting to query.
queryDelay	300	Integer	Delay to wait in milliseconds before sending each query to the server.
forceSelection	false	Boolean	When enabled, autoComplete only accepts input from the selection list.
scrollHeight	null	Integer	Defines the height of the items viewport.
effect	null	String	Effect to use when showing/hiding suggestions.
effectDuration	400	Integer	Duration of effect in milliseconds.
dropdown	false	Boolean	Enables dropdown mode when set true.
panelStyle	null	String	Inline style of the items container element.
panelStyleClass	null	String	Style class of the items container element.
multiple	null	Boolean	When true, enables multiple selection.
accesskey	null	String	Access key that when pressed transfers focus to the input element.
alt	null	String	Alternate textual description of the input field.

Name	Default	Type	Description
autocomplete	null	String	Controls browser autocomplete behavior.
dir	null	String	Direction indication for text that does not inherit directionality. Valid values are LTR and RTL.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables input field
label	null	String	A localized user presentable name.
lang	null	String	Code describing the language used in the generated markup for this component.
maxlength	null	Integer	Maximum number of characters that may be entered in this field.
onblur	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element loses focus.
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element loses focus and its value has been modified since gaining focus.
onclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element is clicked.
ondblclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element is double clicked.
onfocus	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element receives focus.
onkeydown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed down over input element.
onkeypress	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed and released over input element.
onkeyup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is released over input element.
onmousedown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is pressed down over input element
onmousemove	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved within input element.
onmouseout	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved away from input element.
onmouseover	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved onto input element.
onmouseup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is released over input element.
onselect	null	String	Client side callback to execute when text within input element is selected by user.

Name	Default	Type	Description
placeholder	null	String	Specifies a short hint.
readonly	false	Boolean	Flag indicating that this component will prevent changes by the user.
size	null	Integer	Number of characters used to determine the width of the input element.
style	null	String	Inline style of the container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container element.
tabindex	null	Integer	Position of the input element in the tabbing order.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip informaton.
itemtipMyPosition	left top	String	Position of itemtip corner relative to item.
itemtipAtPosition	right bottom	String	Position of item corner relative to itemtip.
cache	false	Boolean	When enabled autocomplete caches the searched result list.
cacheTimeout	300000	Integer	Timeout value for cached results.
emptyMessage	null	String	Text to display when there is no data to display.
appendTo	null	String	Appends the overlay to the element defined by search expression. Defaults to document body.
resultsMessage	null	String	Hint text for screen readers to provide information about the search results.
groupBy	null	Object	Value to group items in categories.
queryEvent	keyup	String	Event to initiate the query, valid options are "keyup" and "enter".
dropdownMode	blank	String	Specifies the behavior dropdown button. Default "blank" mode sends an empty string and "current" mode sends the input value.
autoHighlight	true	Boolean	Highlights the first suggested item automatically.
selectLimit	null	Integer	Limits the multiple selection. Default is unlimited.
inputStyle	null	String	Inline style of the input element.
inputStyleClass	null	String	Style class of the input element.
groupByTooltip	null	String	Tooltip to display on group headers.
my	left top	String	Position of panel with respect to input.
at	left bottom	String	Position of input with respect to panel.
active	true	Boolean	Defines if autocomplete functionality is enabled.
type	text	String	Input field type.

Getting Started with AutoComplete

AutoComplete is an input component so it requires a value as usual. Suggestions are loaded by calling a server side completeMethod that takes a single string parameter which is the text entered.

```
<p:autoComplete value="#{bean.text}" completeMethod="#{bean.complete}" />
```

```
public class Bean {
    private String text;
    public List<String> complete(String query) {
        List<String> results = new ArrayList<String>();
        for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
            results.add(query + i);

        return results;
    }

    //getter setter
}
```

Pojo Support

Most of the time, instead of simple strings you would need work with your domain objects, autoComplete supports this common use case with the use of a converter and data iterator. Following example loads a list of players, itemLabel is the label displayed as a suggestion and itemValue is the submitted value. Note that when working with pojos, you need to plug-in your own converter.

```
<p:autoComplete value="#{playerBean.selectedPlayer}"
    completeMethod="#{playerBean.completePlayer}"
    var="player"
    itemLabel="#{player.name}"
    itemValue="#{player}"
    converter="playerConverter"/>
```

```
public class PlayerBean {

    private Player selectedPlayer;

    public Player getSelectedPlayer() {
        return selectedPlayer;
    }
    public void setSelectedPlayer(Player selectedPlayer) {
        this.selectedPlayer = selectedPlayer;
    }

    public List<Player> complete(String query) {
        List<Player> players = readPlayersFromDatasource(query);

        return players;
    }
}
```

```
public class Player {
    private String name;
    //getter setter
}
```

Limiting the Results

Number of results shown can be limited, by default there is no limit.

```
<p:autoComplete value="#{bean.text}"
    completeMethod="#{bean.complete}"
    maxResults="5" />
```

Minimum Query Length

By default queries are sent to the server and completeMethod is called as soon as users starts typing at the input text. This behavior is tuned using the *minQueryLength* attribute.

```
<p:autoComplete value="#{bean.text}" completeMethod="#{bean.complete}"
    minQueryLength="3" />
```

With this setting, suggestions will start when user types the 3rd character at the input field.

Query Delay

AutoComplete is optimized using *queryDelay* option, by default autoComplete waits for 300 milliseconds to query a suggestion request, if you'd like to tune the load balance, give a longer value. Following autoComplete waits for 1 second after user types an input.

```
<p:autoComplete value="#{bean.text}" completeMethod="#{bean.complete}"
    queryDelay="1000" />
```

Custom Content

AutoComplete can display custom content by nesting columns.

```
<p:autoComplete value="#{autoCompleteBean.selectedPlayer}"
    completeMethod="#{autoCompleteBean.completePlayer}"
    var="p" itemValue="#{p}" converter="player">

    <p:column>
        <p:graphicImage value="/images/barca/#{p.photo}" width="40" height="50"/>
    </p:column>

    <p:column>
        #{p.name} - #{p.number}
    </p:column>
</p:autoComplete>
```

Dropdown Mode

When dropdown mode is enabled, a dropdown button is displayed next to the input field. Depending on dropdownMode configuration, clicking this button will either do a search with an empty query or search with the current value in input.

```
<p:autoComplete value="#{bean.text}" completeMethod="#{bean.complete}"
                dropdown="true" />
```



Multiple Selection

AutoComplete supports multiple selection as well, to use this feature set multiple option to true and define a list as your backend model. Following example demonstrates multiple selection with custom content support.

```
<p:autoComplete id="advanced" value="#{autoCompleteBean.selectedPlayers}"
                completeMethod="#{autoCompleteBean.completePlayer}"
                var="p" itemLabel="#{p.name}" itemValue="#{p}" converter="player"
                multiple="true">

    <p:column style="width:20%;text-align:center">
        <p:graphicImage value="/images/barca/#{p.photo}"/>
    </p:column>

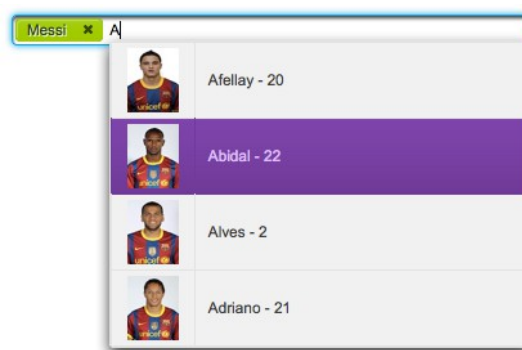
    <p:column style="width:80%">
        #{p.name} - #{p.number}
    </p:column>
</p:autoComplete>
```

```
public class AutoCompleteBean {

    private List<Player> selectedPlayers;

    //...

}
```



Caching

Suggestions can be cached on client side so that the same query does not do a request which is likely to return same suggestions again. To enable this, set *cache* option to true. There is also a *cacheTimeout* option to configure how long it takes to clear a cache automatically.

```
<p:autoComplete value="#{bean.text}" completeMethod="#{bean.complete}"
               cache="true"/>
```

Ajax Behavior Events

Instead of waiting for user to submit the form manually to process the selected item, you can enable instant ajax selection by using the *itemSelect* ajax behavior. Example below demonstrates how to display a message about the selected item instantly.

```
<p:autoComplete value="#{bean.text}" completeMethod="#{bean.complete}">
    <p:ajax event="itemSelect" listener="bean.handleSelect" update="msg" />
</p:autoComplete>

<p:messages id="msg" />
```

```
public class Bean {

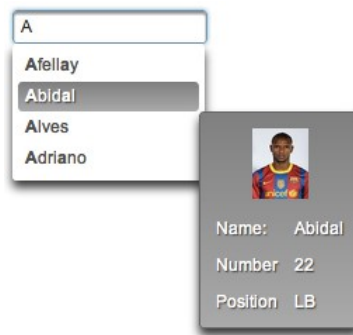
    public void handleSelect(SelectEvent event) {
        Object item = event.getObject();
        FacesMessage msg = new FacesMessage("Selected", "Item:" + item);
    }
    //...
}
```

Your listener(if defined) will be invoked with an *org.primefaces.event.Select* instance that contains a reference to the selected item. Note that autoComplete also supports events inherited from regular input text such as blur, focus, mouseover in addition to *itemSelect*. Similarly, *itemUnselect* event is provided for multiple autocomplete when an item is removed by clicking the remove icon. In this case *org.primefaces.event.Unselect* instance is passed to a listener if defined.

Event	Listener Parameter	Fired
itemSelect	org.primefaces.event.SelectEvent	On item selection.
itemUnselect	org.primefaces.event.UnselectEvent	On item unselection.
query	-	On query.

ItemTip

Itemtip is an advanced built-in tooltip when mouse is over on suggested items. Content of the tooltip is defined via the *itemtip* facet.



```
<p:autoComplete value="#{autoCompleteBean.selectedPlayer1}" id="basicPojo"
  completeMethod="#{autoCompleteBean.completePlayer}"
  var="p" itemLabel="#{p.name}" itemValue="#{p}" converter="player">
  <f:facet name="itemtip">
    <h:panelGrid columns="2" cellpadding="5">
      <f:facet name="header">
        <p:graphicImage value="/images/barca/#{p.photo}" />
      </f:facet>

      <h:outputText value="Name: " />
      <h:outputText id="modelName" value="#{p.name}" />

      <h:outputText value="Number " />
      <h:outputText id="year" value="#{p.number}" />

      <h:outputText value="Position " />
      <h:outputText value="#{p.position}" />
    </h:panelGrid>
  </f:facet>
</p:autoComplete>
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.AutoComplete*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
search(value)	value: keyword for search	void	Initiates a search with given value
close()	-	void	Hides suggested items menu
disable()	-	void	Disables the input field
enable()	-	void	Enables the input field
deactivate()	-	void	Deactivates search behavior
activate()	-	void	Activates search behavior

Skinning

Following is the list of structural style classes;

Class	Applies
.ui-autocomplete	Container element.
.ui-autocomplete-input	Input field.
.ui-autocomplete-panel	Container of suggestions list.
.ui-autocomplete-items	List of items
.ui-autocomplete-item	Each item in the list.
.ui-autocomplete-query	Highlighted part in suggestions.

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

Tips

- Do not forget to use a converter when working with pojos.
- Enable `forceSelection` if you would like to accept values only from suggested list.
- Increase query delay to avoid unnecessary load to server as a result of user typing fast.
- Use `emptyMessage` option to provide feedback to the users that there are no suggestions.
- Enable caching to avoid duplicate queries.

3.6 Barcode

Barcode component is used to display various barcode formats.



Info

Tag	barcode
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.barcode.Barcode
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Barcode
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.BarcodeRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.barcode.BarcodeRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Binary data to stream or context relative path.
type	null	String	Type of the barcode.
cache	true	Boolean	Controls browser caching mode of the resources.
format	svg	String	Format of the generated barcode, valid values are "svg" (default) and "png".
orientation	0	Integer	Orientation in terms of angle. (0, 90, 180, 270)
alt	null	String	Alternate text for the image
url	null	String	Alias to value attribute

Name	Default	Type	Description
width	null	String	Width of the image
height	null	String	Height of the image
title	null	String	Title of the image
dir	null	String	Direction of the text displayed
lang	null	String	Language code
ismap	false	Boolean	Specifies to use a server-side image map
usemap	null	String	Name of the client side map
style	null	String	Style of the image
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the image
onclick	null	String	onclick dom event handler
ondblclick	null	String	ondblclick dom event handler
onkeydown	null	String	onkeydown dom event handler
onkeypress	null	String	onkeypress dom event handler
onkeyup	null	String	onkeyup dom event handler
onmousedown	null	String	onmousedown dom event handler
onmousemove	null	String	onmousemove dom event handler
onmouseout	null	String	onmouseout dom event handler
onmouseover	null	String	onmouseover dom event handler
onmouseup	null	String	onmouseup dom event handler

Getting started with Barcode

Barcode type should be provided along with the value to display. Supported formats are;

- int2of5
- codabar
- code39
- code128
- ean8
- ean13
- upca
- postnet
- pdf417
- datamatrix
- qr

```
<p:barcode value="0123456789" type="int2of5" />
```

Value can also be retrieved from a backend value.

```
<p:barcode value="#{bean.barcodeValue}" type="int2of5" />
```

Format

Default display format is *svg* and other possible option is *png*. In case the client browser does not support *svg* e.g. IE8, barcode automatically chooses *png* format.

```
<p:barcode value="#{bean.barcodeValue}" type="int2of5" format="png" />
```

Orientation

In order to change the orientation, choose the angle from the 4 pre-defined values.

```
<p:barcode value="#{bean.barcodeValue}" type="int2of5" orientation="90"/>
```

Dependencies

Barcode component uses **barcode4j** library underneath except QR code support, which is handled by **qrgen** library. Following versions are supported officially.

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>net.glxn</groupId>
  <artifactId>qrgen</artifactId>
  <version>1.4</version>
</dependency>

<dependency>
  <groupId>net.sf.barcode4j</groupId>
  <artifactId>barcode4j-light</artifactId>
  <version>2.1</version>
</dependency>
```

* barcode4j 2.1 does not exist in maven central repository so manual installation is necessary for maven users.

3.7 BlockUI

BlockUI is used to block interactivity of JSF components with optional ajax integration.



Info

Tag	blockUI
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.blockui.BlockUI
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.BlockUI
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.BlockUIRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.blockui.BlockUIRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
trigger	null	String	Identifier of the component(s) to bind.

Name	Default	Type	Description
block	null	String	Identifier of the component to block.
blocked	false	Boolean	Blocks the UI by default when enabled.
animate	true	Boolean	When disabled, displays block without animation effect.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.

Getting Started with BlockUI

BlockUI requires *trigger* and *block* attributes to be defined. With the special ajax integration, ajax requests whose source are the trigger components will block the ui onstart and unblock oncomplete. Example below blocks the ui of the panel when saveBtn is clicked and unblock when ajax response is received.

```
<p:panel id="pnl" header="My Panel">
    //content

    <p:commandButton id="saveBtn" value="Save" />
</p:panel>

<p:blockUI block="pnl" trigger="saveBtn" />
```

Multiple triggers are defined as a comma separated list.

```
<p:blockUI block="pnl" trigger="saveBtn,deleteBtn,updateBtn" />
```

Custom Content

In order to display custom content like a loading text and animation, place the content inside the blockUI.

```
<p:dataTable id="dataTable" var="car" value="#{tableBean.cars}"
    paginator="true" rows="10">
    <p:column>
        <f:facet name="header">
            <h:outputText value="Model" />
        </f:facet>
        <h:outputText value="#{car.model}" />
    </p:column>

    //more columns
</p:dataTable>

<p:blockUI block="dataTable" trigger="dataTable">
    LOADING<br />
    <p:graphicImage value="/images/ajax-loader.gif"/>
</p:blockUI>
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.BlockUI*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
show()	-	void	Blocks the UI.
hide()	-	void	Unblocks the UI

Skinning

Following is the list of structural style classes;

Class	Applies
.ui-blockui	Container element.
.ui-blockui-content	Container for custom content.

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

Tips

- BlockUI does not support absolute or fixed positioned components. e.g. dialog.

3.8 BreadCrumb

Breadcrumb is a navigation component that provides contextual information about page hierarchy in the workflow.

🏠 > Sports > Football > Countries > Spain > F.C. Barcelona > Squad > Lionel Messi

Info

Tag	breadCrumb
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.breadcrumb.BreadCrumb
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.BreadCrumb
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.BreadCrumbRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.breadcrumb.BreadCrumbRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
model	null	MenuModel	MenuModel instance to create menus programmatically
style	null	String	Style of main container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of main container
homeDisplay	icon	String	Defines display mode of root link, valid values are "icon" default and "text".

Getting Started with BreadCrumb

Steps are defined as child menuitem components in breadcrumb.

```
<p:breadcrumb>
    <p:menuitem label="Categories" url="#" />
    <p:menuitem label="Sports" url="#" />
    //more menuitems
</p:breadcrumb>
```

Dynamic Menus

Menus can be created programmatically as well, see the dynamic menus part in menu component section for more information and an example.

Options Facet

In order to place custom content inside breadcrumb, options facet is provided. Options facet content is aligned right by default.

Skinning

Breadcrumb resides in a container element that *style* and *styleClass* options apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-breadcrumb	Main breadcrumb container element.
.ui-breadcrumb .ui-menu-item-link	Each menuitem.
.ui-breadcrumb .ui-menu-item-text	Each menuitem label.
.ui-breadcrumb-chevron	Seperator of menuitems.

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

Tips

- If there is a dynamic flow, use model option instead of creating declarative p:menuitem components and bind your MenuModel representing the state of the flow.
- Breadcrumb can do ajax/non-ajax action requests as well since p:menuitem has this option. In this case, breadcrumb must be nested in a form.
- url option is the key for a menuitem, if it is defined, it will work as a simple link. If you'd like to use menuitem to execute command with or without ajax, do not define the url option.

3.9 Button

Button is an extension to the standard h:button component with skinning capabilities.



Info

Tag	button
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.button.Button
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Button
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.ButtonRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.button.ButtonRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text.
outcome	null	String	Used to resolve a navigation case.
includeViewParams	false	Boolean	Whether to include page parameters in target URI
fragment	null	String	Identifier of the target page which should be scrolled to.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables button.
accesskey	null	String	Access key that when pressed transfers focus to button.
alt	null	String	Alternate textual description.
dir	null	String	Direction indication for text that does not inherit directionality. Valid values are LTR and RTL.
image	null	String	Style class for the button icon. (deprecated: use icon)
lang	null	String	Code describing the language used in the generated markup

Name	Default	Type	Description
			for this component.
onblur	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button loses focus.
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button loses focus and its value has been modified since gaining focus.
onclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button is clicked.
ondblclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button is double clicked.
onfocus	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button receives focus.
onkeydown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed down over button.
onkeypress	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed and released over button.
onkeyup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is released over button.
onmousedown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is pressed down over button.
onmousemove	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved within button
onmouseout	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved away from button.
onmouseover	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved onto button.
onmouseup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is released over button.
style	null	String	Inline style of the button.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the button.
readOnly	false	Boolean	Makes button read only.
tabindex	null	Integer	Position in the tabbing order.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip informaton.
href	null	String	Resource to link directly to implement anchor behavior.
icon	null	String	Icon of the button.
iconPos	left	String	Position of the button icon.
target	_self	String	The window target.
escape	true	Boolean	Defines whether label would be escaped or not.
inline	false	String	Displays as inline instead of 100% width, mobile only.

Name	Default	Type	Description
disableClientWindow	false	Boolean	Disable appending the ClientWindow on the rendering of this element.

Getting Started with Button

p:button usage is same as standard h:button, an outcome is necessary to navigate using GET requests. Assume you are at source.xhtml and need to navigate target.xhtml.

```
<p:button outcome="target" value="Navigate"/>
```

Parameters

Parameters in URI are defined with nested <f:param /> tags.

```
<p:button outcome="target" value="Navigate">
    <f:param name="id" value="10" />
</p:button>
```

Icons

Icons for button are defined via css and *icon* attribute, if you use title instead of value, only icon will be displayed and title text will be displayed as tooltip on mouseover. You can also use icons from PrimeFaces themes such ui-icon-check.

```
<p:button outcome="target" icon="star" value="With Icon"/>
<p:button outcome="target" icon="star" title="With Icon"/>
```

```
.star {
    background-image: url("images/star.png");
}
```

Skinning

Button renders a *button* tag which *style* and *styleClass* applies. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-button	Button element
.ui-button-text-only	Button element when icon is not used
.ui-button-text	Label of button

3.10 Cache

Cache component is used to reduce page load time by caching the content after initial rendering.

Info

Tag	cache
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.cache.UICache
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Cache
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.UICacheRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.cache.UICacheRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables caching.
region	View Id	String	Unique id of the cache region, defaults to view id.
key	null	String	Unique id of the cache entry in region, defaults to client id of component.
processEvents	false	Boolean	When enabled, lifecycle events such as button actions are executed.

Getting Started with Cache

A cache store is required to use the cache component, two different providers are supported as cache implementation; EHCache and Hazelcast. Provider is configured via a context-param.

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>primefaces.CACHE_PROVIDER</param-name>
  <param-value>org.primefaces.cache.EHCacheProvider</param-value>
</context-param>
```

Here is a sample ehcache.xml to configure cache regions, there are two regions in this configuration.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<ehcache xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="ehcache.xsd"
  updateCheck="true" monitoring="autodetect"
  dynamicConfig="true">
  <diskStore path="java.io.tmpdir"/>
  <defaultCache
    maxEntriesLocalHeap="10000"
    eternal="false"
    timeToIdleSeconds="120"
    timeToLiveSeconds="120"
    diskSpoolBufferSizeMB="30"
    maxEntriesLocalDisk="10000000"
    diskExpiryThreadIntervalSeconds="120"
    memoryStoreEvictionPolicy="LRU">
    <persistence strategy="localTempSwap"/>
  </defaultCache>
  <cache name="testcache"
    maxEntriesLocalHeap="10000"
    eternal="false"
    timeToIdleSeconds="120"
    timeToLiveSeconds="120"
    diskSpoolBufferSizeMB="30"
    maxEntriesLocalDisk="10000000"
    diskExpiryThreadIntervalSeconds="120"
    memoryStoreEvictionPolicy="LRU">
    <persistence strategy="localTempSwap"/>
  </cache>
```

After the configuration, at UI side, the cached part needs to be wrapped inside the `p:cache` component.

```
<p:cache>
  //content to cache
</p:cache>
```

Once the page is loaded initially, content inside `p:cache` component is cached inside the cache region of the cache provider. Postbacks on the same page or reopening the page retrieve the output from cache instead of rendering the content regularly.

Cache Provider API

CacheProvider can be accessed via;

```
RequestContext.getCurrentInstance().getApplicationContext().getCacheProvider()
```

For example using this API, all cache regions can be cleaned using `clear()` method. Refer to javadoc of CacheProvider for the full list of available methods.

3.11 Calendar

Calendar is an input component used to select a date featuring display modes, paging, localization, ajax selection and more.



Info

Tag	calendar
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.calendar.Calendar
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Calendar
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.CalendarRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.calendar.CalendarRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	java.util.Date	Value of the component
converter	null	Converter/String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required

Name	Default	Type	Description
validator	null	Method Expr	A method expression that refers to a method validationg the input
valueChangeListener	null	Method Expr	A method expression that refers to a method for handling a valuchangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fails.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
mindate	null	Date or String	Sets calendar's minimum visible date
maxdate	null	Date or String	Sets calendar's maximum visible date
pages	1	Integer	Enables multiple page rendering.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables the calendar when set to true.
mode	popup	String	Defines how the calendar will be displayed.
pattern	MM/dd/yyyy	String	DateFormat pattern for localization
locale	null	Object	Locale to be used for labels and conversion.
navigator	false	Boolean	Enables month/year navigator
timeZone	null	Time Zone	String or a java.util.TimeZone instance to specify the timezone used for date conversion, defaults to TimeZone.getDefault()
readonlyInput	false	Boolean	Makes input text of a popup calendar readonly.
showButtonPanel	false	Boolean	Visibility of button panel containing today and done buttons.
effect	null	String	Effect to use when displaying and showing the popup calendar.
effectDuration	normal	String	Duration of the effect.
showOn	both	String	Client side event that displays the popup calendar.
showWeek	false	Boolean	Displays the week number next to each week.
disabledWeekends	false	Boolean	Disables weekend columns.
showOtherMonths	false	Boolean	Displays days belonging to other months.
selectOtherMonths	false	Boolean	Enables selection of days belonging to other months.
yearRange	null	String	Year range for the navigator, default "c-10:c+10"

Name	Default	Type	Description
timeOnly	false	Boolean	Shows only timepicker without date.
stepHour	1	Integer	Hour steps.
stepMinute	1	Integer	Minute steps.
stepSecond	1	Integer	Second steps.
minHour	0	Integer	Minimum boundary for hour selection.
maxHour	23	Integer	Maximum boundary for hour selection.
minMinute	0	Integer	Minimum boundary for minute selection.
maxMinute	59	Integer	Maximum boundary for hour selection.
minSecond	0	Integer	Minimum boundary for second selection.
maxSecond	59	Integer	Maximum boundary for second selection.
pagedate	null	Object	Initial date to display if value is null.
accesskey	null	String	Access key that when pressed transfers focus to the input element.
alt	null	String	Alternate textual description of the input field.
autocomplete	null	String	Controls browser autocomplete behavior.
dir	null	String	Direction indication for text that does not inherit directionality. Valid values are LTR and RTL.
label	null	String	A localized user presentable name.
lang	null	String	Code describing the language used in the generated markup for this component.
maxlength	null	Integer	Maximum number of characters that may be entered in this field.
onblur	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element loses focus.
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element loses focus and its value has been modified since gaining focus.
onclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute onclick event.
ondblclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element is double clicked.
onfocus	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element receives focus.
onkeydown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed down over input element.
onkeypress	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is

Name	Default	Type	Description
			pressed and released over input element.
onkeyup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is released over input element.
onmousedown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is pressed down over input element
onmousemove	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved within input element.
onmouseout	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved away from input element.
onmouseover	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved onto input element.
onmouseup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is released over input element.
onselect	null	String	Client side callback to execute when text within input element is selected by user.
placeholder	null	String	Specifies a short hint.
readonly	false	Boolean	Flag indicating that this component will prevent changes by the user.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
size	null	Integer	Number of characters used to determine the width of the input element.
tabindex	null	Integer	Position of the input element in the tabbing order.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip informaton.
beforeShowDay	null	String	Client side callback to execute before displaying a date, used to customize date display.
mask	null	String	Applies a mask using the pattern.
timeControlType	slider	String	Defines the type of element to use for time picker, valid values are "slider" and "select".
beforeShow	null	String	Callback to execute before displaying calendar, element and calendar instance are passed as parameters
maskSlotChar	null	String	Placeholder in mask template.

Getting Started with Calendar

Value of the calendar should be a `java.util.Date`.

```
<p:calendar value="#{dateBean.date}"/>
```

```
public class DateBean {
    private Date date;
    //Getter and Setter
}
```

Display Modes

Calendar has two main display modes, *popup* (default) and *inline*.

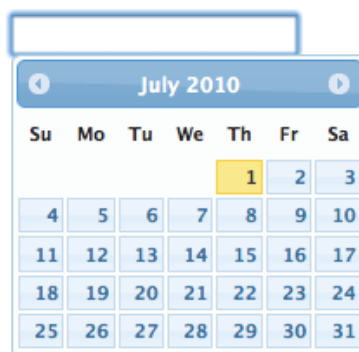
Inline

```
<p:calendar value="#{dateBean.date}" mode="inline" />
```



Popup

```
<p:calendar value="#{dateBean.date}" mode="popup" />
```

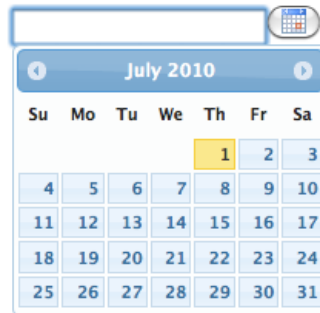


showOn option defines the client side event to display the calendar. Valid values are;

- *focus*: When input field receives focus
- *button*: When popup button is clicked
- *both*: Both *focus* and *button* cases

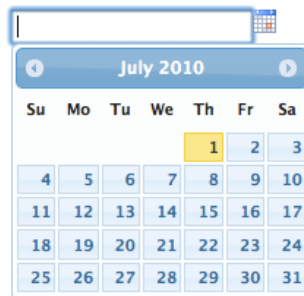
Popup Button

```
<p:calendar value="#{dateBean.date}" mode="popup" showOn="button" />
```



Popup Icon Only

```
<p:calendar value="#{dateBean.date}" mode="popup"
            showOn="button" popupIconOnly="true" />
```



Paging

Calendar can also be rendered in multiple pages where each page corresponds to one month. This feature is tuned with the *pages* attribute.

```
<p:calendar value="#{dateController.date}" pages="3"/>
```



Localization

By default locale information is retrieved from the view's locale and can be overridden by the locale attribute. Locale attribute can take a locale key as a String or a `java.util.Locale` instance. Default language of labels are English and you need to add the necessary translations to your page manually as PrimeFaces does not include language translations. PrimeFaces Wiki Page for PrimeFacesLocales is a community driven page where you may find the translations you need. Please contribute to this wiki with your own translations.

<https://code.google.com/p/primefaces/wiki/PrimeFacesLocales>

Translation is a simple javascript object, we suggest adding the code to a javascript file and include in your application. Following is a Turkish calendar.

```
<h:outputScript name="path_to_your_translations.js" />

<p:calendar value="#{dateController.date}" locale="tr" navigator="true"
            showButtonPanel="true"/>
```



To override calculated pattern from locale, use the pattern option;

```
<p:calendar value="#{dateController.date1}" pattern="dd.MM.yyyy"/>
<p:calendar value="#{dateController.date2}" pattern="yy, M, d"/>
<p:calendar value="#{dateController.date3}" pattern="EEE, dd MMM, yyyy"/>
```

dd.MM.yyyy

06.07.2010

yy, M, d

10, 7, 13

EEE, dd MMM, yyyy

Fri, 23 Jul, 2010

Effects

Various effects can be used when showing and hiding the popup calendar, options are; show, slideDown, fadeIn, blind, bounce, clip, drop, fold and slide.

Ajax Behavior Events

Calendar provides a *dateSelect* ajax behavior event to execute an instant ajax selection whenever a date is selected. If you define a method as a listener, it will be invoked by passing an *org.primefaces.event.SelectEvent* instance.

```
<p:calendar value="#{calendarBean.date}">
    <p:ajax event="dateSelect" listener="#{bean.handleDateSelect}" update="msg" />
</p:calendar>

<p:messages id="msg" />
```

```
public void handleDateSelect(SelectEvent event) {
    Date date = (Date) event.getObject();
    //Add facesmessage
}
```

In popup mode, calendar also supports regular ajax behavior events like blur, keyup and more.

Another handy event is the *viewChange* that is fired when month and year changes. An instance of *org.primefaces.event.DateViewChangeEvent* is passed to the event listener providing the current month and year information.

Date Ranges

Using *mindate* and *maxdate* options, selectable dates can be restricted. Values for these attributes can either be a string or a *java.util.Date*.

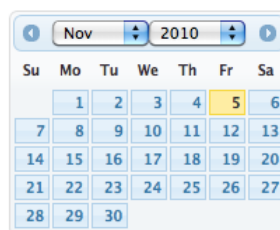
```
<p:calendar value="#{dateBean.date}" mode="inline"
    mindate="07/10/2010" maxdate="07/15/2010"/>
```



Navigator

Navigator is an easy way to jump between months/years quickly.

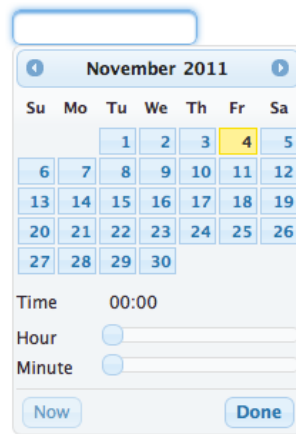
```
<p:calendar value="#{dateBean.date}" mode="inline" navigator="true" />
```



TimePicker

TimePicker functionality is enabled by adding time format to your pattern.

```
<p:calendar value="#{dateBean.date}" pattern="MM/dd/yyyy HH:mm" />
```



Advanced Customization

Use `beforeShowDay` javascript callback to customize the look of each date. The function returns an array with two values, first one is flag to indicate if date would be displayed as enabled and second parameter is the optional style class to add to date cell. Following example disabled tuesdays and fridays.

```
<p:calendar value="#{dateBean.date}" beforeShowDay="tuesdaysAndFridaysOnly" />
```

```
Function tuesdaysAndFridaysDisabled(date) {
    var day = date.getDay();

    return [(day != 2 && day != 5), '']
}
```

Mask

Calendar has a built-in mask feature similar to the `InputMask` component. Set *mask* option to true to enable mask support.

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.Calendar*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
<code>getDate()</code>	-	Date	Return selected date
<code>setDate(date)</code>	date: Date to display	void	Sets display date
<code>disable()</code>	-	void	Disables calendar
<code>enable()</code>	-	void	Enables calendar

Skinning

Calendar resides in a container element which *style* and *styleClass* options apply.

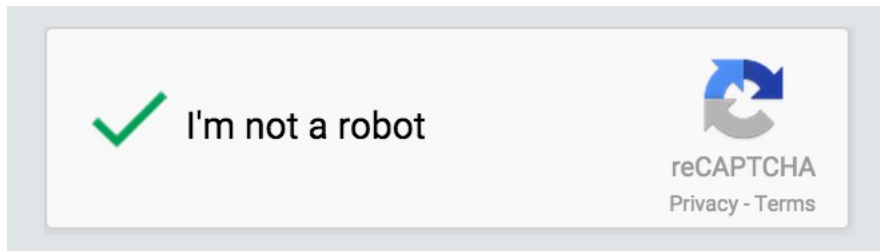
Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-datepicker	Main container
.ui-datepicker-header	Header container
.ui-datepicker-prev	Previous month navigator
.ui-datepicker-next	Next month navigator
.ui-datepicker-title	Title
.ui-datepicker-month	Month display
.ui-datepicker-table	Date table
.ui-datepicker-week-end	Label of weekends
.ui-datepicker-other-month	Dates belonging to other months
.ui-datepicker td	Each cell date
.ui-datepicker-buttonpane	Button panel
.ui-datepicker-current	Today button
.ui-datepicker-close	Close button

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.12 Captcha

Captcha is a form validation component based on Recaptcha API V2.



Info

Tag	captcha
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.captcha.Captcha
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Captcha
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.CaptchaRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.captcha.CaptchaRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text.
converter	null	Converter/String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id.
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required.

Name	Default	Type	Description
validator	null	MethodExpr	A method binding expression that refers to a method validationg the input.
valueChangeListener	null	ValueChange Listener	A method binding expression that refers to a method for handling a valuchangeevent.
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
publicKey	null	String	Public recaptcha key for a specific domain (deprecated)
theme	red	String	Theme of the captcha.
language	en	String	Key of the supported languages.
tabindex	null	Integer	Position of the input element in the tabbing order.
label	null	String	User presentable field name.
secure	false	Boolean	Enables https support

Getting Started with Captcha

Catpcha is implemented as an input component with a built-in validator that is integrated with reCaptcha. First thing to do is to sign up to reCaptcha to get public&private keys. Once you have the keys for your domain, add them to web.xml as follows;

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>primefaces.PRIVATE_CAPTCHA_KEY</param-name>
  <param-value>YOUR_PRIVATE_KEY</param-value>
</context-param>

<context-param>
  <param-name>primefaces.PUBLIC_CAPTCHA_KEY</param-name>
  <param-value>YOUR_PUBLIC_KEY</param-value>
</context-param>
```

That is it, now you can use captcha as follows;

```
<p:captcha />
```

Themes

Captcha features light and dark modes for theme, light is the default one.

```
<p:captcha theme="dark"/>
```

Languages

Text instructions displayed on captcha is customized with the *language* attribute. Below is a captcha with Turkish text.

```
<p:captcha language="tr"/>
```

Overriding Validation Messages

By default captcha displays it's own validation messages, this can be easily overridden by the JSF message bundle mechanism. Corresponding keys are;

Summary	primefaces.captcha.INVALID
Detail	primefaces.captcha.INVALID_detail

Tips

- Use label option to provide readable error messages in case validation fails.
- Enable *secure* option to support https otherwise browsers will give warnings.
- See <http://www.google.com/recaptcha/learnmore> to learn more about how reCaptcha works.

3.13 Carousel

Carousel is a multi purpose component to display a set of data or general content with slide effects.



Info

Tag	carousel
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.carousel.Carousel
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Carousel
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.CarouselRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.carousel.CarouselRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	A value expression that refers to a collection
var	null	String	Name of the request scoped iterator
numVisible	3	Integer	Number of visible items per page
firstVisible	0	Integer	Index of the first element to be displayed
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
circular	false	Boolean	Sets continuous scrolling
vertical	false	Boolean	Sets vertical scrolling
autoPlayInterval	0	Integer	Sets the time in milliseconds to have Carousel start

Name	Default	Type	Description
			scrolling automatically after being initialized
pageLinks	3	Integer	Defines the number of page links of paginator.
effect	slide	String	Name of the animation, could be “fade” or “slide”.
easing	easeInOutCirc	String	Name of the easing animation.
effectDuration	500	Integer	Duration of the animation in milliseconds.
dropdownTemplate.	{page}	String	Template string for dropdown of paginator.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component..
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component..
itemStyle	null	String	Inline style of each item.
itemStyleClass	null	String	Style class of each item.
headerText	null	String	Label for header.
footerText	null	String	Label for footer.
responsive	false	Boolean	In responsive mode, carousel adjusts its content based on screen size.
breakpoint	560	Integer	Breakpoint value in pixels to switch between small and large viewport.

Getting Started with Carousel

Carousel has two main use-cases; data and general content display. To begin with data iteration let's use a list of cars to display with carousel.

```
public class Car {
    private String model;
    private int year;
    private String manufacturer;
    private String color;
    ...
}
```

```

public class CarBean {

    private List<Car> cars;

    public CarListController() {
        cars = new ArrayList<Car>();
        cars.add(new Car("myModel", 2005, "ManufacturerX", "blue"));
        //add more cars
    }

    //getter setter
}

```

```

<p:carousel value="#{carBean.cars}" var="car">
    <p:graphicImage value="/images/cars/#{car.manufacturer}.jpg"/>
    <h:outputText value="Model: #{car.model}" />
    <h:outputText value="Year: #{car.year}" />
    <h:outputText value="Color: #{car.color}" />
</p:carousel>

```

Carousel iterates through the cars collection and renders it's children for each car.

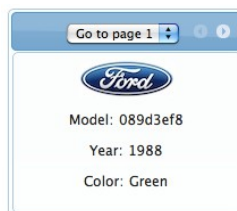
Limiting Visible Items

By default carousel lists its items in pages with size 3. This is customizable with the rows attribute.

```

<p:carousel value="#{carBean.cars}" var="car" numVisible="1"
    itemStyle="width:200px" >
    ...
</p:carousel>

```



Effects

Paging happens with a slider effect by default and following easing options are supported.

- backBoth
- backIn
- backOut
- bounceBoth
- bounceIn
- bounceOut
- easeBoth
- easeBothStrong
- easeIn
- easeInStrong

- easeNone
- easeOut
- easeInOutCirc
- easeOutStrong
- elasticBoth
- elasticIn
- elasticOut

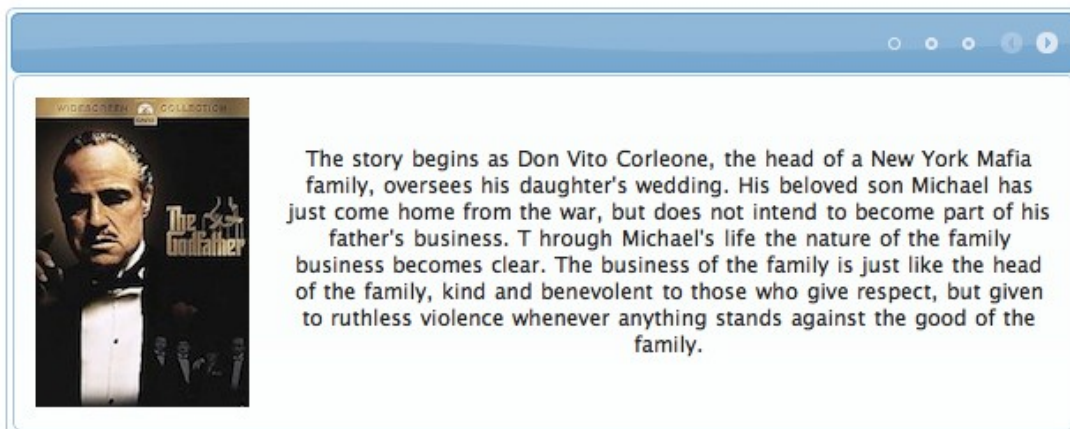
SlideShow

Carousel can display the contents in a slideshow, for this purpose *autoPlayInterval* and *circular* attributes are used. Following carousel displays a collection of images as a slideshow.

```
<p:carousel autoPlayInterval="2000" rows="1" effect="easeInStrong" circular="true"
  itemStyle="width:200px">
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/nature1.jpg"/>
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/nature2.jpg"/>
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/nature3.jpg"/>
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/nature4.jpg"/>
</p:carousel>
```

Content Display

Another use case of carousel is tab based content display.



```

<p:carousel rows="1" itemStyle="height:200px;width:600px;">
  <p:tab title="Godfather Part I">
    <h:panelGrid columns="2" cellpadding="10">
      <p:graphicImage value="/images/godfather/godfather1.jpg" />
      <h:outputText value="The story begins as Don Vito ..." />
    </h:panelGrid>
  </p:tab>
  <p:tab title="Godfather Part II">
    <h:panelGrid columns="2" cellpadding="10">
      <p:graphicImage value="/images/godfather/godfather2.jpg" />
      <h:outputText value="Francis Ford Coppola's ..." />
    </h:panelGrid>
  </p:tab>
  <p:tab title="Godfather Part III">
    <h:panelGrid columns="2" cellpadding="10">
      <p:graphicImage value="/images/godfather/godfather3.jpg" />
      <h:outputText value="After a break of ..." />
    </h:panelGrid>
  </p:tab>
</p:carousel>

```

Item Selection

Sample below selects an item from the carousel and displays details within a dialog.

```

<h:form id="form">
  <p:carousel value="#{carBean.cars}" var="car" itemStyle="width:200px">
    <p:graphicImage value="/images/cars/#{car.manufacturer}.jpg"/>
    <p:commandLink update=":form:detail" oncomplete="PF('dlg').show()">
      <h:outputText value="Model: #{car.model}" />
      <f:setPropertyActionListener value="#{car}" target="#{carBean.selected}" />
    </p:commandLink>
  </p:carousel>

  <p:dialog widgetVar="dlg">
    <h:outputText id="detail" value="#{carBean.selected}" />
  </p:dialog>
</h:form>

```

```

public class CarBean {

    private List<Car> cars;

    private Car selected;

    //getters and setters
}

```

Header and Footer

Header and Footer of carousel can be defined in two ways either, using *headerText* and *footerText* options that take simple strings as labels or by *header* and *footer* facets that can take any custom content.

Responsive

When responsive mode is enabled via setting responsive option to true, carousel switches between small and large viewport depending on the breakpoint value which is 560 by default.

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.Carousel*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
next()	-	void	Displays next page.
prev()	-	void	Displays previous page.
setPage()	index	void	Displays page with given index.
startAutoplay()	-	void	Starts slideshow.
stopAutoplay()	-	void	Stops slideshow.

Skinning

Carousel resides in a container element which *style* and *styleClass* options apply. *itemStyle* and *itemStyleClass* attributes apply to each item displayed by carousel. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-carousel	Main container
.ui-carousel-header	Header container
.ui-carousel-header-title	Header content
.ui-carousel-viewport	Content container
.ui-carousel-button	Navigation buttons
.ui-carousel-next-button	Next navigation button of paginator
.ui-carousel-prev-button	Prev navigation button of paginator
.ui-carousel-page-links	Page links of paginator.
.ui-carousel-page-link	Each page link of paginator.
.ui-carousel-item	Each item.

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.14 CellEditor

CellEditor is a helper component of datatable used for incell editing.

Info

Tag	cellEditor
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.celleditor.CellEditor
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.CellEditor
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.CellEditorRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.celleditor.CellEditorRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean

Getting Started with CellEditor

See inline editing section in datatable documentation for more information about usage.

3.15 Chart

Chart component is a generic graph component to create various types of charts using jqplot library. Each chart type has its own subsection with code examples and section 3.12.10 documents the full charting API.

Info

Tag	chart
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.chart.Chart
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Chart
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.ChartRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.chart.ChartRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
type	null	String	Type of the chart.
model	null	ChartModel	Model object of data and settings.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
responsive	false	Boolean	In responsive mode, chart is redrawn when window is resized.

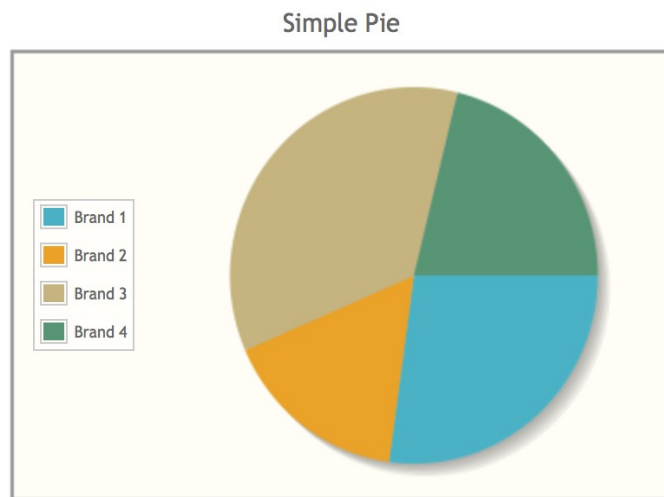
3.15.1 PieChart

PieChart is created with PieChartModel.

Basic

```
<p:chart type="pie" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

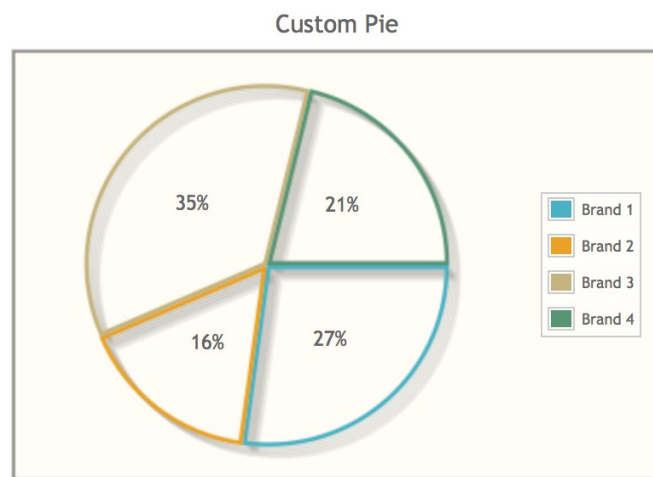
```
public class Bean {  
  
    private PieChartModel model;  
  
    public Bean() {  
        model = new PieChartModel();  
        model.set("Brand 1", 540);  
        model.set("Brand 2", 325);  
        model.set("Brand 3", 702);  
        model.set("Brand 4", 421);  
        model.setTitle("Simple Pie");  
        model.setLegendPosition("w");  
    }  
  
    public PieChartModel getModel() {  
        return model;  
    }  
}
```



Customized

```
<p:chart type="pie" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

```
public class Bean {  
  
    private PieChartModel model;  
  
    public Bean() {  
        model = new PieChartModel();  
        model.set("Brand 1", 540);  
        model.set("Brand 2", 325);  
        model.set("Brand 3", 702);  
        model.set("Brand 4", 421);  
  
        model.setTitle("Custom Pie");  
        model.setLegendPosition("e");  
        model.setFill(false);  
        model.setShowDataLabels(true);  
        model.setDiameter(150);  
    }  
  
    public PieChartModel getModel() {  
        return model;  
    }  
}
```



3.15.2 LineChart

LineChartModel is used to create a line chart.

Basic

```
<p:chart type="line" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

```
public class Bean {

    private LineChartModel model;

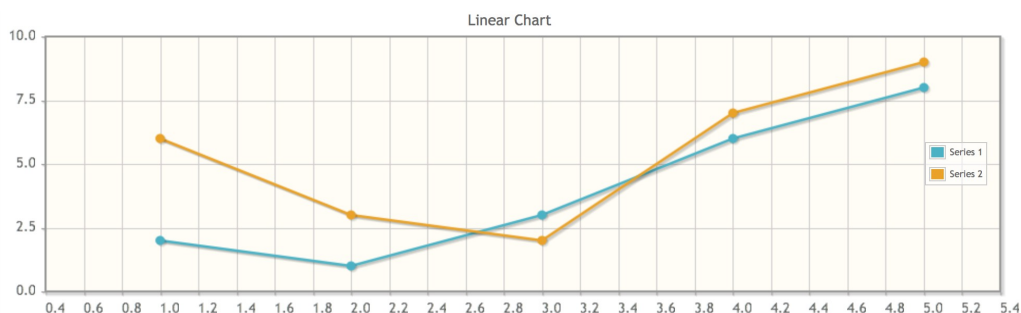
    public Bean() {
        model = new LineChartModel();

        LineChartSeries series1 = new LineChartSeries();
        series1.setLabel("Series 1");
        series1.set(1, 2);
        series1.set(2, 1);
        series1.set(3, 3);
        series1.set(4, 6);
        series1.set(5, 8);

        LineChartSeries series2 = new LineChartSeries();
        series2.setLabel("Series 2");
        series2.set(1, 6);
        series2.set(2, 3);
        series2.set(3, 2);
        series2.set(4, 7);
        series2.set(5, 9);

        model.addSeries(series1);
        model.addSeries(series2);
        model.setTitle("Linear Chart");
        model.setLegendPosition("e");
        Axis yAxis = model.getAxis(AxisType.Y);
        yAxis.setMin(0);
        yAxis.setMax(10);
    }

    public LineChartModel getModel() {
        return model;
    }
}
```



Customized

```
<p:chart type="line" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

```
public class Bean {

    private LineChartModel model;

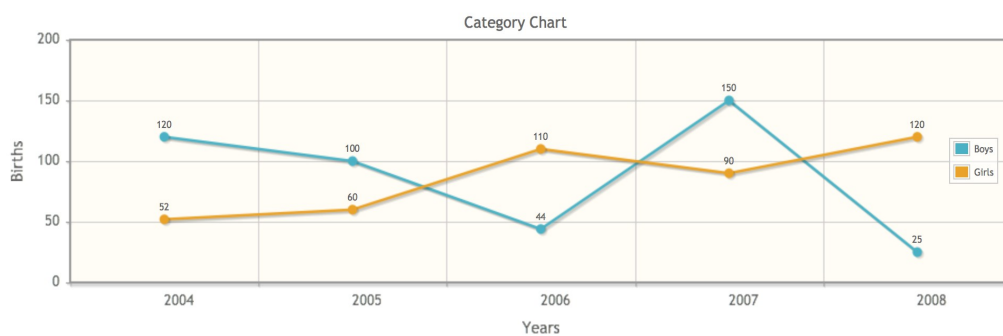
    public Bean() {
        model = new LineChartModel();

        ChartSeries boys = new ChartSeries();
        boys.setLabel("Boys");
        boys.set("2004", 120);
        boys.set("2005", 100);
        boys.set("2006", 44);
        boys.set("2007", 150);
        boys.set("2008", 25);

        ChartSeries girls = new ChartSeries();
        girls.setLabel("Girls");
        girls.set("2004", 52);
        girls.set("2005", 60);
        girls.set("2006", 110);
        girls.set("2007", 90);
        girls.set("2008", 120);

        model.addSeries(boys);
        model.addSeries(girls);
        model.setTitle("Category Chart");
        model.setLegendPosition("e");
        model.setShowPointLabels(true);
        model.getAxes().put(AxisType.X, new CategoryAxis("Years"));
        Axis yAxis = model.getAxis(AxisType.Y);
        yAxis.setLabel("Births");
        yAxis.setMin(0);
        yAxis.setMax(200);
    }

    public LineChartModel getModel() {
        return model;
    }
}
```



Area

```
<p:chart type="line" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

```
public class Bean {

    private LineChartModel model;

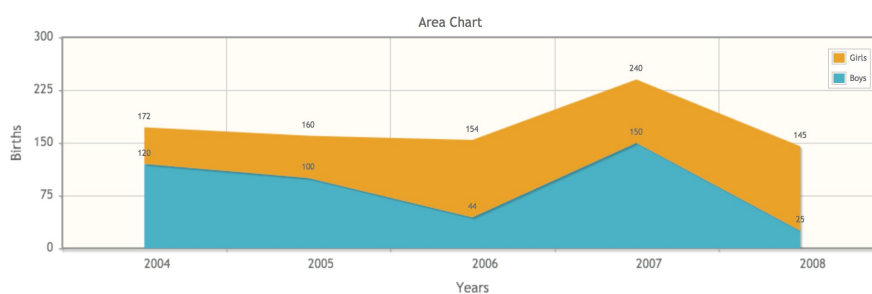
    public Bean() {
        model = new LineChartModel();

        LineChartSeries boys = new LineChartSeries();
        boys.setFill(true);
        boys.setLabel("Boys");
        boys.set("2004", 120);
        boys.set("2005", 100);
        boys.set("2006", 44);
        boys.set("2007", 150);
        boys.set("2008", 25);

        LineChartSeries girls = new LineChartSeries();
        girls.setFill(true);
        girls.setLabel("Girls");
        girls.set("2004", 52);
        girls.set("2005", 60);
        girls.set("2006", 110);
        girls.set("2007", 90);
        girls.set("2008", 120);

        model.addSeries(boys);
        model.addSeries(girls);
        model.setTitle("Area Chart");
        model.setLegendPosition("ne");
        model.setStacked(true);
        model.setShowPointLabels(true);
        model.getAxis(AxisType.X).setLabel("Years");
        Axis yAxis = model.getAxis(AxisType.Y);
        yAxis.setLabel("Births");
        yAxis.setMin(0);
        yAxis.setMax(300);
    }

    public CartesianChartModel getModel() {
        return model;
    }
}
```



3.15.3 BarChart

BarChartModel is used to created a BarChart.

Basic

```
<p:chart type="bar" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

```
public class Bean {
    private BarChartModel model;

    public ChartBean() {
        model = new BarChartModel();

        ChartSeries boys = new ChartSeries();
        boys.setLabel("Boys");
        boys.set("2004", 120);
        boys.set("2005", 100);
        boys.set("2006", 44);
        boys.set("2007", 150);
        boys.set("2008", 25);

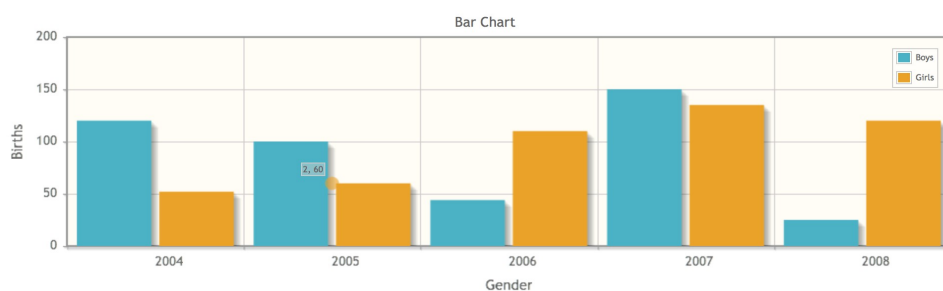
        ChartSeries girls = new ChartSeries();
        girls.setLabel("Girls");
        girls.set("2004", 52);
        girls.set("2005", 60);
        girls.set("2006", 110);
        girls.set("2007", 135);
        girls.set("2008", 120);

        model.addSeries(boys);
        model.addSeries(girls);
        model.setTitle("Bar Chart");
        model.setLegendPosition("ne");

        Axis xAxis = model.getAxis(AxisType.X);
        xAxis.setLabel("Gender");

        Axis yAxis = model.getAxis(AxisType.Y);
        yAxis.setLabel("Births");
        yAxis.setMin(0);
        yAxis.setMax(200);
    }

    public BarChartModel getModel() { return model; }
}
```



Horizontal and Stacked

```
<p:chart type="bar" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

```
public class Bean {
    private HorizontalBarChartModel model;

    public ChartBean() {
        model = new HorizontalBarChartModel();

        ChartSeries boys = new ChartSeries();
        boys.setLabel("Boys");
        boys.set("2004", 50);
        boys.set("2005", 96);
        boys.set("2006", 44);
        boys.set("2007", 55);
        boys.set("2008", 25);

        ChartSeries girls = new ChartSeries();
        girls.setLabel("Girls");
        girls.set("2004", 52);
        girls.set("2005", 60);
        girls.set("2006", 82);
        girls.set("2007", 35);
        girls.set("2008", 120);

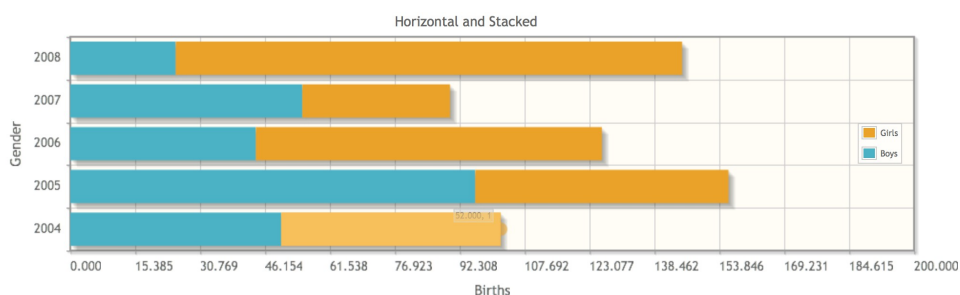
        model.addSeries(boys);
        model.addSeries(girls);

        model.setTitle("Horizontal and Stacked");
        model.setLegendPosition("e");
        model.setStacked(true);

        Axis xAxis = model.getAxis(AxisType.X);
        xAxis.setLabel("Births");
        xAxis.setMin(0);
        xAxis.setMax(200);

        Axis yAxis = model.getAxis(AxisType.Y);
        yAxis.setLabel("Gender");
    }

    public HorizontalBarChartModel getModel() { return model; }
}
```



3.15.4 DonutChart

DonutChart is generated using DonutChartModel.

Basic

```
<p:chart type="donut" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

```
public class Bean {
    private DonutChartModel model;

    public ChartBean() {
        model = new DonutChartModel();

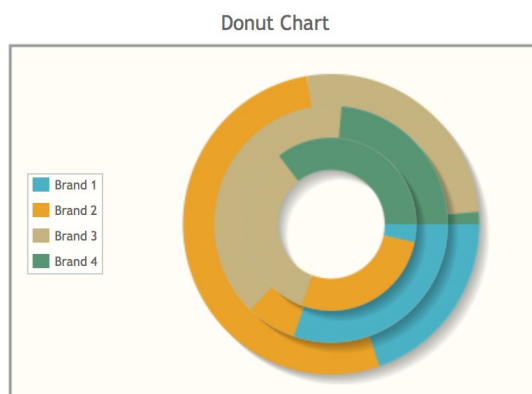
        Map<String, Number> circle1 = new LinkedHashMap<String, Number>();
        circle1.put("Brand 1", 150);
        circle1.put("Brand 2", 400);
        circle1.put("Brand 3", 200);
        circle1.put("Brand 4", 10);
        model.addCircle(circle1);

        Map<String, Number> circle2 = new LinkedHashMap<String, Number>();
        circle2.put("Brand 1", 540);
        circle2.put("Brand 2", 125);
        circle2.put("Brand 3", 702);
        circle2.put("Brand 4", 421);
        model.addCircle(circle2);

        Map<String, Number> circle3 = new LinkedHashMap<String, Number>();
        circle3.put("Brand 1", 40);
        circle3.put("Brand 2", 325);
        circle3.put("Brand 3", 402);
        circle3.put("Brand 4", 421);
        model.addCircle(circle3);

        model.setTitle("Donut Chart");
        model.setLegendPosition("w");
    }

    public DonutChartModel getModel() { return model; }
}
```



Customized

```
<p:chart type="donut" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

```
public class Bean {
    private DonutChartModel model;

    public ChartBean() {
        model = new DonutChartModel();

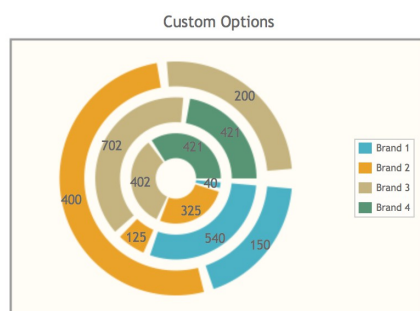
        Map<String, Number> circle1 = new LinkedHashMap<String, Number>();
        circle1.put("Brand 1", 150);
        circle1.put("Brand 2", 400);
        circle1.put("Brand 3", 200);
        circle1.put("Brand 4", 10);
        model.addCircle(circle1);

        Map<String, Number> circle2 = new LinkedHashMap<String, Number>();
        circle2.put("Brand 1", 540);
        circle2.put("Brand 2", 125);
        circle2.put("Brand 3", 702);
        circle2.put("Brand 4", 421);
        model.addCircle(circle2);

        Map<String, Number> circle3 = new LinkedHashMap<String, Number>();
        circle3.put("Brand 1", 40);
        circle3.put("Brand 2", 325);
        circle3.put("Brand 3", 402);
        circle3.put("Brand 4", 421);
        model.addCircle(circle3);

        model.setTitle("Donut Chart");
        model.setLegendPosition("w");
        model.setTitle("Custom Options");
        model.setLegendPosition("e");
        model.setSliceMargin(5);
        model.setShowDataLabels(true);
        model.setDataFormat("value");
        model.setShadow(false);
    }

    public DonutChartModel getModel() { return model; }
}
```



3.15.5 BubbleChart

BubbleChart is created with a BubbleChartModel.

Basic

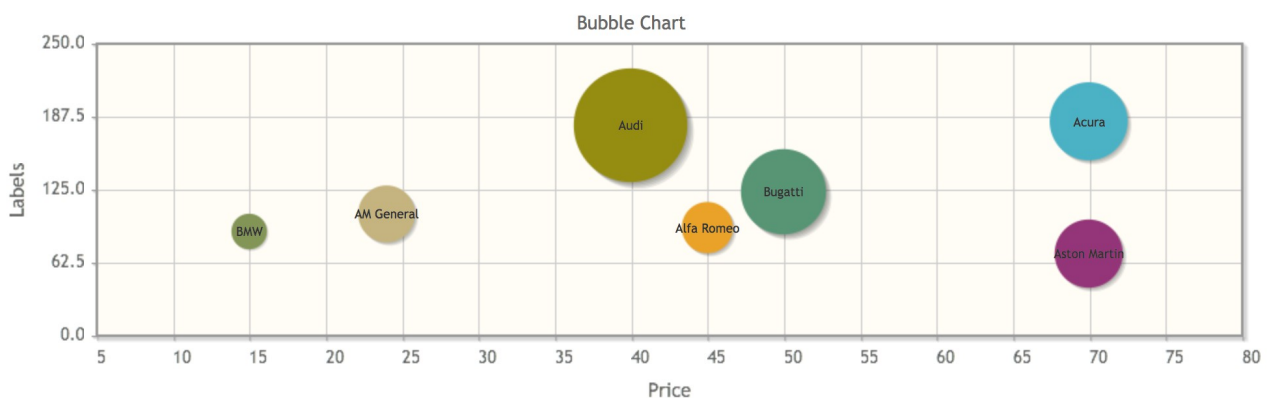
```
<p:chart type="bubble" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

```
public class Bean {
    private BubbleChartModel model;

    public ChartBean() {
        model = new BubbleChartModel();
        model.add(new BubbleChartSeries("Acura", 70, 183, 55));
        model.add(new BubbleChartSeries("Alfa Romeo", 45, 92, 36));
        model.add(new BubbleChartSeries("AM General", 24, 104, 40));
        model.add(new BubbleChartSeries("Bugatti", 50, 123, 60));
        model.add(new BubbleChartSeries("BMW", 15, 89, 25));
        model.add(new BubbleChartSeries("Audi", 40, 180, 80));
        model.add(new BubbleChartSeries("Aston Martin", 70, 70, 48));

        model.setTitle("Bubble Chart");
        model.getAxis(AxisType.X).setLabel("Price");
        Axis yAxis = model.getAxis(AxisType.Y);
        yAxis.setMin(0);
        yAxis.setMax(250);
        yAxis.setLabel("Labels");
    }

    public BubbleChartModel getModel() { return model; }
}
```



Customized

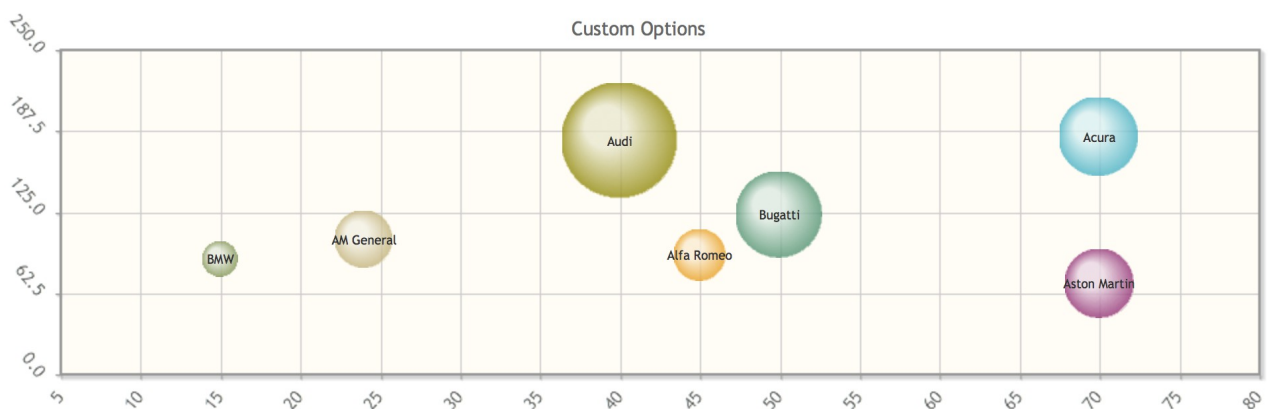
```
<p:chart type="bubble" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

```
public class Bean {
    private BubbleChartModel model;

    public ChartBean() {
        model = new BubbleChartModel();
        model.add(new BubbleChartSeries("Acura", 70, 183, 55));
        model.add(new BubbleChartSeries("Alfa Romeo", 45, 92, 36));
        model.add(new BubbleChartSeries("AM General", 24, 104, 40));
        model.add(new BubbleChartSeries("Bugatti", 50, 123, 60));
        model.add(new BubbleChartSeries("BMW", 15, 89, 25));
        model.add(new BubbleChartSeries("Audi", 40, 180, 80));
        model.add(new BubbleChartSeries("Aston Martin", 70, 70, 48));

        model = initBubbleModel();
        model.setTitle("Custom Options");
        model.setShadow(false);
        model.setBubbleGradients(true);
        model.setBubbleAlpha(0.8);
        model.getAxis(AxisType.X).setTickAngle(-50);
        Axis yAxis = model.getAxis(AxisType.Y);
        yAxis.setMin(0);
        yAxis.setMax(250);
        yAxis.setTickAngle(50);
    }

    public BubbleChartModel getModel() { return model; }
}
```



3.15.6 Ohlc Chart

OhlcChartModel is used to display Ohlc Charts.

Basic

```
<p:chart type="ohlc" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

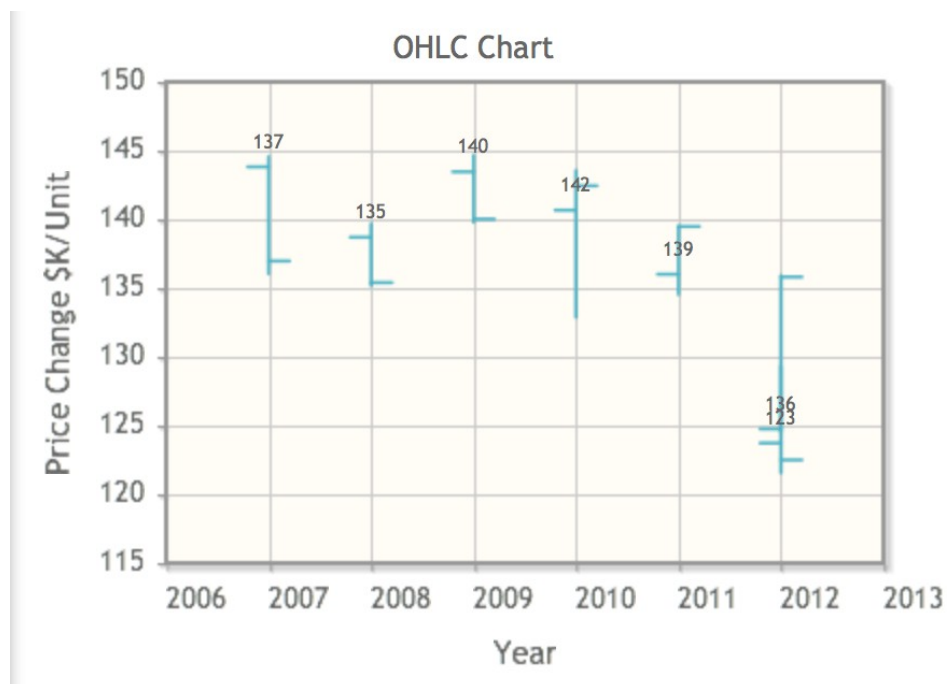
```
public class Bean {
    private OhlcChartModel model;

    public ChartBean() {
        ohlcModel = new OhlcChartModel();

        ohlcModel.add(new OhlcChartSeries(2007, 143.82, 144.56, 136.04, 136.97));
        ohlcModel.add(new OhlcChartSeries(2008, 138.7, 139.68, 135.18, 135.4));
        ohlcModel.add(new OhlcChartSeries(2009, 143.46, 144.66, 139.79, 140.02));
        ohlcModel.add(new OhlcChartSeries(2010, 140.67, 143.56, 132.88, 142.44));
        ohlcModel.add(new OhlcChartSeries(2011, 136.01, 139.5, 134.53, 139.48));
        ohlcModel.add(new OhlcChartSeries(2012, 124.76, 135.9, 124.55, 135.81));
        ohlcModel.add(new OhlcChartSeries(2012, 123.73, 129.31, 121.57, 122.5));

        ohlcModel.setTitle("OHLC Chart");
        ohlcModel.getAxis(AxisType.X).setLabel("Year");
        ohlcModel.getAxis(AxisType.Y).setLabel("Price Change $K/Unit");
    }

    public OhlcChartModel getModel() { return model; }
}
```



Candlestick

```
<p:chart type="ohlc" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

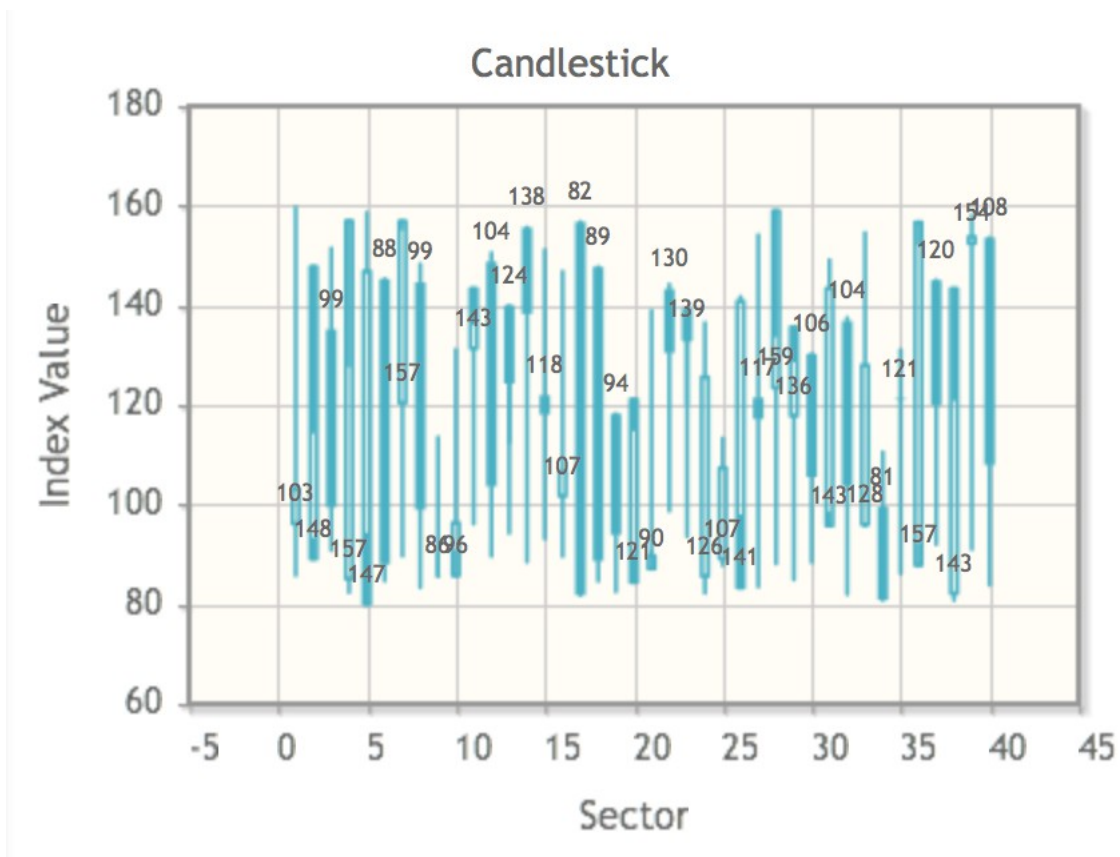
```
public class Bean {
    private OhlcChartModel model;

    public ChartBean() {
        model = new OhlcChartModel();

        for( int i=1 ; i < 41 ; i++) {
            ohlcModel2.add(new OhlcChartSeries(i, Math.random() * 80 + 80,
            Math.random() * 50 + 110, Math.random() * 20 + 80, Math.random() * 80 + 80));
        }

        model.setTitle("Candlestick");
        model.setCandleStick(true);
        model.getAxis(AxisType.X).setLabel("Sector");
        model.getAxis(AxisType.Y).setLabel("Index Value");
    }

    public OhlcChartModel getModel() { return model; }
}
```



3.15.7 MeterGauge Chart

MeterGauge Chart is created using MeterGaugeChartModel.

Basic

```
<p:chart type="metergauge" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

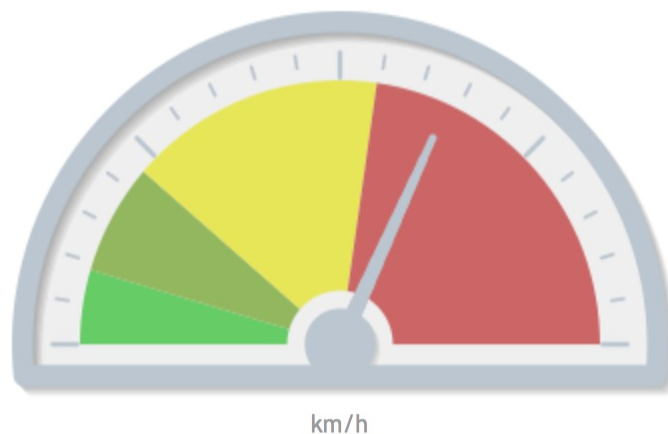
```
public class Bean {
    private MeterGaugeChartModel model;

    public ChartBean() {
        List<Number> intervals = new ArrayList<Number>(){
            add(20);
            add(50);
            add(120);
            add(220);
        };

        model = new MeterGaugeChartModel(140, intervals);
        model.setTitle("MeterGauge Chart");
        model.setGaugeLabel("km/h");
    }

    public MeterGaugeChartModel getModel() { return model; }
}
```

Custom Options



Customized

```
<p:chart type="metergauge" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

```

public class Bean {
    private MeterGaugeChartModel model;

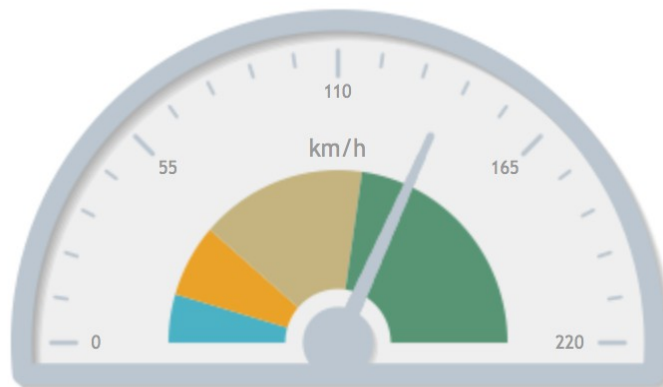
    public ChartBean() {
        List<Number> intervals = new ArrayList<Number>(){
            add(20);
            add(50);
            add(120);
            add(220);
        };

        model = new MeterGaugeChartModel(140, intervals);
        model.setTitle("Custom Options");
        model.setSeriesColors("66cc66,93b75f,E7E658,cc6666");
        model.setGaugeLabel("km/h");
        model.setGaugeLabelPosition("bottom");
        model.setShowTickLabels(false);
        model.setLabelHeightAdjust(110);
        model.setIntervalOuterRadius(130);
    }

    public MeterGaugeChartModel getModel() { return model; }
}

```

MeterGauge Chart



3.15.8 Combined Chart

On same graph, different series type can be displayed together.

Basic

```
<p:chart type="bar" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

```
public class Bean {
    private BarChartModel model;

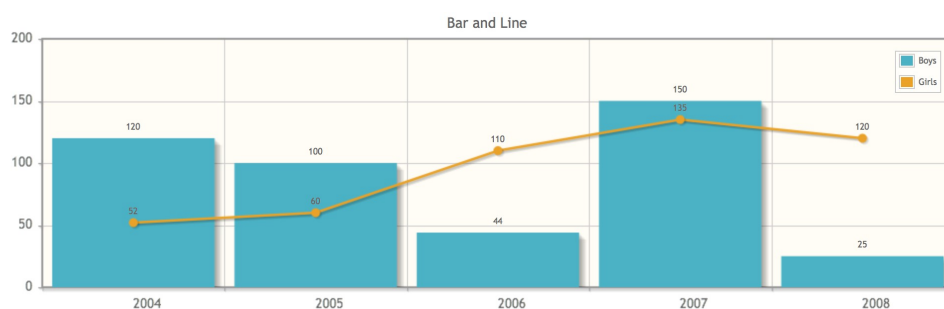
    public ChartBean() {
        combinedModel = new BarChartModel();

        BarChartSeries boys = new BarChartSeries();
        boys.setLabel("Boys");
        boys.set("2004", 120);
        boys.set("2005", 100);
        boys.set("2006", 44);
        boys.set("2007", 150);
        boys.set("2008", 25);

        LineChartSeries girls = new LineChartSeries();
        girls.setLabel("Girls");
        girls.set("2004", 52);
        girls.set("2005", 60);
        girls.set("2006", 110);
        girls.set("2007", 135);
        girls.set("2008", 120);

        model.addSeries(boys);
        model.addSeries(girls);
        model.setTitle("Bar and Line");
        model.setLegendPosition("ne");
        model.setMouseoverHighlight(false);
        model.setShowDatatip(false);
        model.setShowPointLabels(true);
        Axis yAxis = model.getAxis(AxisType.Y);
        yAxis.setMin(0);
        yAxis.setMax(200);
    }

    public BarChartModel getModel() { return model; }
}
```



3.15.9 Multiple Axis

Up to 9 axes (xaxis-x9axis, yaxis-y9axis) can be displayed on the same chart.

Basic

```
<p:chart type="line" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

```
public class Bean {
    private LineChartModel model;

    public ChartBean() {
        model = new LineChartModel();

        BarChartSeries boys = new BarChartSeries();
        boys.setLabel("Boys");
        boys.set("2004", 120);
        boys.set("2005", 100);
        boys.set("2006", 44);
        boys.set("2007", 150);
        boys.set("2008", 25);

        LineChartSeries girls = new LineChartSeries();
        girls.setLabel("Girls");
        girls.setXaxis(AxisType.X2);
        girls.setYaxis(AxisType.Y2);
        girls.set("A", 52);
        girls.set("B", 60);
        girls.set("C", 110);
        girls.set("D", 135);
        girls.set("E", 120);

        model.addSeries(boys);
        model.addSeries(girls);

        model.setTitle("Multi Axis Chart");
        model.setMouseoverHighlight(false);

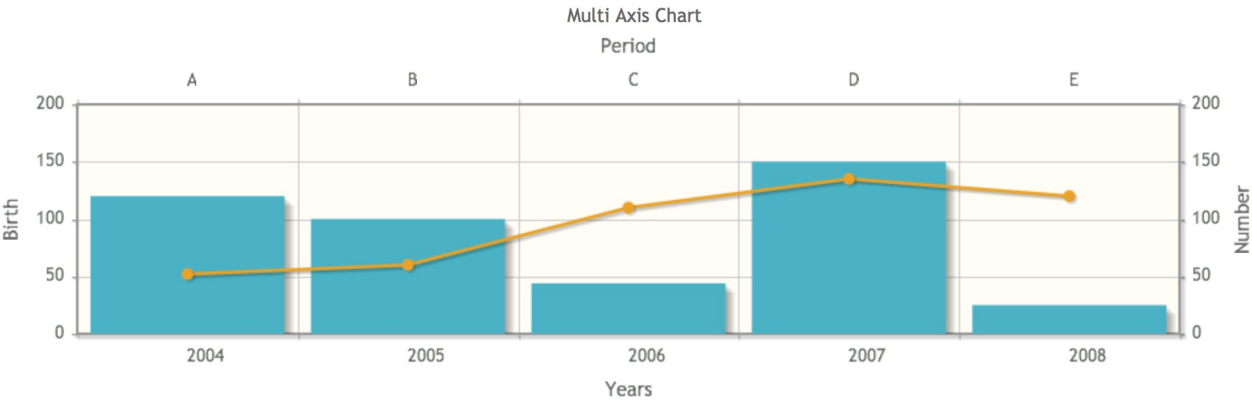
        model.getAxes().put(AxisType.X, new CategoryAxis("Years"));
        model.getAxes().put(AxisType.X2, new CategoryAxis("Period"));

        Axis yAxis = model.getAxis(AxisType.Y);
        yAxis.setLabel("Birth");
        yAxis.setMin(0);
        yAxis.setMax(200);

        Axis y2Axis = new LinearAxis("Number");
        y2Axis.setMin(0);
        y2Axis.setMax(200);

        model.getAxes().put(AxisType.Y2, y2Axis);
    }

    public LineChartModel getModel() { return model; }
}
```



3.15.10 Date Axis

Use `DateAxis` if you are displaying dates in an axis.

Basic

```
<p:chart type="line" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

```
public class Bean {
    private LineChartModel model;

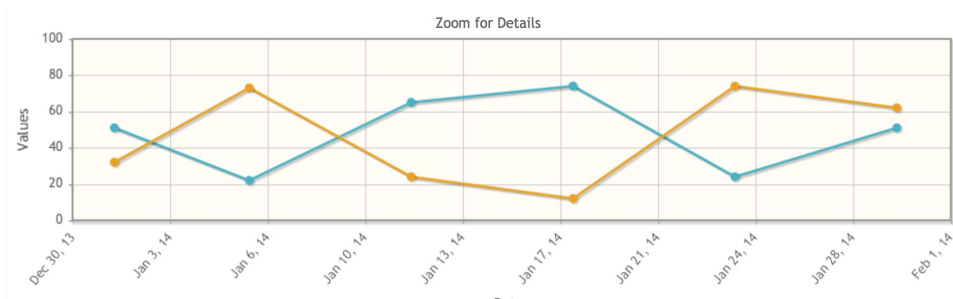
    public ChartBean() {
        dateModel = new LineChartModel();
        LineChartSeries series1 = new LineChartSeries();
        series1.setLabel("Series 1");
        series1.set("2014-01-01", 51);
        series1.set("2014-01-06", 22);
        series1.set("2014-01-12", 65);
        series1.set("2014-01-18", 74);
        series1.set("2014-01-24", 24);
        series1.set("2014-01-30", 51);

        LineChartSeries series2 = new LineChartSeries();
        series2.setLabel("Series 2");
        series2.set("2014-01-01", 32);
        series2.set("2014-01-06", 73);
        series2.set("2014-01-12", 24);
        series2.set("2014-01-18", 12);
        series2.set("2014-01-24", 74);
        series2.set("2014-01-30", 62);

        dateModel.addSeries(series1);
        dateModel.addSeries(series2);
        dateModel.setTitle("Zoom for Details");
        dateModel.setZoom(true);
        dateModel.getAxis(AxisType.Y).setLabel("Values");
        DateAxis axis = new DateAxis("Dates");
        axis.setTickAngle(-50);
        axis.setMax("2014-02-01");
        axis.setTickFormat("%b %d, %y");

        dateModel.getAxes().put(AxisType.X, axis);
    }

    public LineChartModel getModel() { return model; }
}
```



3.15.11 Interactive Chart

Charts are interactive components, information about selected series and items can be passed via ajax to a JSF backing bean using `ItemSelectEvent`.

Basic

```
<p:chart type="pie" model="#{bean.model}">
    <p:ajax event="itemSelect" listener="#{bean.itemSelect}" />
</p:chart>
```

```
public class Bean {
    private PieChartModel model;

    public ChartBean() {
        model = new PieChartModel();

        model.set("Brand 1", 540);
        model.set("Brand 2", 325);
        model.set("Brand 3", 702);
        model.set("Brand 4", 421);

        model.setTitle("Simple Pie");
        model.setLegendPosition("w");
    }

    public PieChartModel getModel() { return model; }

    public void itemSelect(ItemSelectEvent event) {
        FacesMessage msg = new FacesMessage(FacesMessage.SEVERITY_INFO,
            "Item selected", "Item Index: " + event.getItemIndex() +
            ", Series Index:" + event.getSeriesIndex());

        FacesContext.getCurrentInstance().addMessage(null, msg);
    }
}
```

3.15.12 Export

Chart component provides a client side method to convert the graph to an image. Example below demonstrates how to use a button click to export the chart as an image and display it in a dialog so that users can download it as a regular image.

```
<p:chart type="line" model="#{bean.model}" style="width:500px;height:300px"
        widgetVar="chart"/>

<p:commandButton type="button" value="Export" icon="ui-icon-extlink"
        onclick="exportChart()"/>

<p:dialog widgetVar="dlg" showEffect="fade" modal="true" header="Chart as an Image">
    <p:outputPanel id="output" layout="block" style="width:500px;height:300px"/>
</p:dialog>

function exportChart() {
    //export image
    $('#output').empty().append(PF('chart').exportAsImage());

    //show the dialog
    PF('dlg').show();
}
```

3.15.13 Static Images

JFreeChart with GraphicImage component is an alternative to the chart component.

Basic

```
<p:graphicImage value="#{bean.chart}" />
```

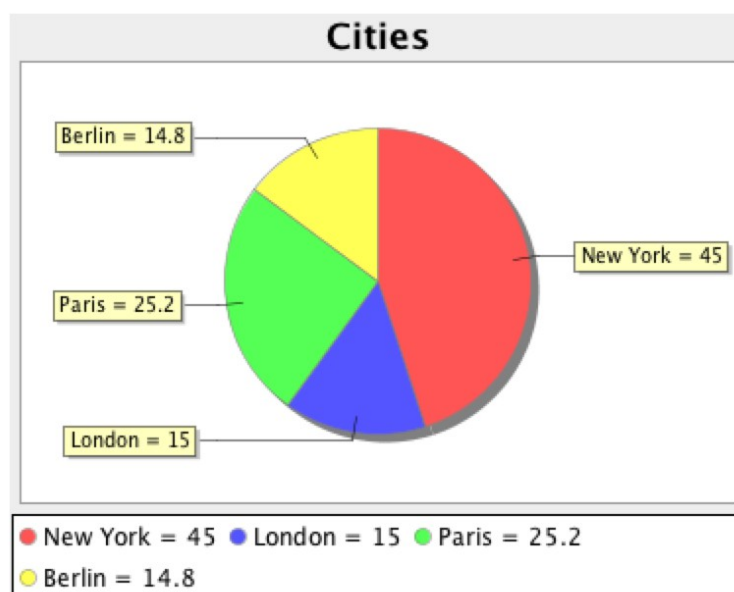
```
public class Bean {
    private StreamedContent chart;

    public Bean() {
        JFreeChart jfreechart = ChartFactory.createPieChart("Cities",
            createDataset(), true, true, false);
        File chartFile = new File("dynamicchart");
        ChartUtilities.saveChartAsPNG(chartFile, jfreechart, 375, 300);
        chart = new DefaultStreamedContent(new FileInputStream(chartFile),
            "image/png");
    }

    public StreamedContent getChart() { return model; }

    private PieDataset createDataset() {
        DefaultPieDataset dataset = new DefaultPieDataset();
        dataset.setValue("New York", new Double(45.0));
        dataset.setValue("London", new Double(15.0));
        dataset.setValue("Paris", new Double(25.2));
        dataset.setValue("Berlin", new Double(14.8));

        return dataset;
    }
}
```



3.15.14 Skinning

Charts can be styled using regular css. Following is the list of style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.jqplot-target	Plot target container.
.jqplot-axis	Axes.
.jqplot-xaxis	Primary x-axis.
.jqplot-yaxis	Primary y-axis.
.jqplot-x2axis, .jqplot-x3axis ...	2nd, 3rd ... x-axis.
.jqplot-y2axis, .jqplot-y3axis ...	2nd, 3rd ... y-axis.
.jqplot-axis-tick	Axis ticks.
.jqplot-xaxis-tick	Primary x-axis ticks.
.jqplot-x2axis-tick	Secondary x-axis ticks.
.jqplot-yaxis-tick	Primary y-axis-ticks.
.jqplot-y2axis-tick	Secondary y-axis-ticks.
table.jqplot-table-legend	Legend table.
.jqplot-title	Title of the chart.
.jqplot-cursor-tooltip	Cursor tooltip.
.jqplot-highlighter-tooltip	Highlighter tooltip.
div.jqplot-table-legend-swatch	Colors swatch of the legend.

Additionally *style* and *styleClass* options of chart component apply to the container element of charts, use these attribute to specify the dimensions of a chart.

```
<p:chart type="pie" model="#{bean.model}" style="width:320px;height:200px" />
```

In case you'd like to change the colors of series, use the *seriesColors* option in ChartModel API.

3.15.15 Extender

Chart API provide high level access to commonly used jqplot options however there are many more customization options available in jqplot. Extender feature provide access to low level apis to do advanced customization by enhancing the configuration object, here is an example to increase shadow depth of the line series where model's extender property is set to "ext".

```
<p:chart type="line" model="#{bean.model}" />
```

```
function ext() {  
    //this = chart widget instance  
    //this.cfg = options  
    this.cfg.seriesDefaults = {  
        shadowDepth: 5  
    };  
}
```

Refer to jqPlot docs for available options.

3.15.16 Chart API

Axis

org.primefaces.model.chart.Axis

Property	Default	Type	Description
label	null	String	Title of the axis.
min	null	Object	Minimum boundary value.
max	null	Object	Maximum boundary value.
tickAngle	null	Integer	Angle of text, measured clockwise.
tickFormat	null	String	Format string to use with the axis tick formatter
tickInterval	null	String	Number of units between ticks.
tickCount	null	Integer	Desired number of ticks.

AxisType

org.primefaces.model.chart.AxisType

AxisType is an enum to define the type of the axis from X-Y to X9-Y9.

BarChartModel

org.primefaces.model.chart.BarChartModel extends *org.primefaces.model.chart.ChartModel*

Property	Default	Type	Description
barPadding	8	Integer	Padding between bars.
barMargin	10	Integer	Margin between bars.
stacked	false	Boolean	Displays series in stacked format.

BarChartSeries

org.primefaces.model.chart.BarChartSeries extends *org.primefaces.model.chart.ChartSeries*

Property	Default	Type	Description
disableStack	false	Boolean	When true, series data is not included in a stacked chart.

BubbleChartModel

org.primefaces.model.chart.BubbleChartModel extends *org.primefaces.model.chart.ChartModel*

Property	Default	Type	Description
data	null	List<BubbleChartSeries>	Data as a list of BubbleChartSeries.
bubbleGradients	false	Boolean	Displays bubbles with gradients.
bubbleAlpha	1.0	Double	Opacity of bubbles.
showLabels	true	Boolean	Displays label of a series inside a bubble.

BubbleChartSeries

org.primefaces.model.chart.BarChartSeries extends *org.primefaces.model.chart.ChartSeries*

Property	Default	Type	Description
x	null	Integer	X-Axis value of the bubble.
y	null	Integer	Y-Axis value of the bubble.
radius	null	Integer	Radius of the bubble.
label	null	String	Label text of the bubble.

CartesianChartModel

org.primefaces.model.chart.CartesianChartModel

Property	Default	Type	Description
series	null	List<ChartSeries>	List of series.
axes	HashMap	Map<AxisType,Axis>	Map of chart axis.
zoom	false	Boolean	Adds zoom feature when enabled.
animate	false	Boolean	When enabled, series are drawn with an effect.
showDatatip	true	Boolean	Displays a tooltip on hover.
datatipFormat	null	String	Format of the data tooltip.
showPointLabels	false	Boolean	Displays data inline in plot.

CategoryAxis

org.primefaces.model.chart.CategoryAxis extends *org.primefaces.model.chart.Axis*

CategoryAxis is used when data on the axis does not consists of numbers.

ChartModel

org.primefaces.model.chart.ChartModel

Property	Default	Type	Description
title	null	String	Title text for the plot
shadow	true	Boolean	To show shadow or not on series.
seriesColors	null	String	Comma separated list of series colors e.g. "#4BB2C5", "CCCCC"
negativeSeriesColors	null	String	Similar to seriesColors but for negative values.
legendPosition	null	String	Position of the legend like "n" or "ne".
legendCols	0	Integer	Maximum number of columns in the legend.
legendRows	0	Integer	Maximum number of rows in the legend.
legendPlacement	null	Enum	Defines the location of the legend.
mouseoverHighlight	true	Boolean	Highlights series on hover.
extender	null	String	Name of javascript function to extend chart with.
resetAxesOnResize	true	Boolean	Resets axes on resize for responsive charts.

ChartSeries

org.primefaces.model.chart.ChartSeries

Property	Default	Type	Description
label	null	String	Title text of the series.
data	null	Map<Object,Number>	Data of the series as a map.
xaxis	null	AxisType	X-Axis of the series.
yaxis	null	AxisType	Y-Axis of the series.

DateAxis

org.primefaces.model.chart.DateAxis extends *org.primefaces.model.chart.Axis*

DateAxis is used when data on the axis consists of string representations of date values.

DonutChartModel

org.primefaces.model.chart.DonutChartModel extends *org.primefaces.model.chart.ChartModel*

Property	Default	Type	Description
data	null	List<Map<String,Object>>	Data as a list of map instances.
sliceMargin	0	Integer	Angular spacing between pie slices in degrees.
fill	true	Boolean	True or False to fill the slices.
showDataLabels	false	Boolean	True to False show data labels on slices.
dataFormat	percent	String	Either 'label', 'value', 'percent' or an array of labels to place on the pie slices.
dataLabelFormat String	null	String	Format string for data labels. If none, '%s' is used for "label" and for arrays, '%d' for value and '%d%%' for percentage.
dataLabelThreshold	3	Integer	Threshold in percentage (0-100) of pie area, below which no label will be displayed. This applies to all label types, not just to percentage labels.
showDatatip	true	Boolean	Displays tooltip when enabled.
datatipFormat	%s-%d	String	Format string for datatip.
datatipEditor	null	String	Name of client side function that returns html to provide custom content in datatip.

HorizontalBarChartModel

org.primefaces.model.chart.HorizontalBarChartModel extends

org.primefaces.model.chart.BarChartModel

HorizontalBarChartModel is an extension to BarChartModel with y-axis used for the categories and x-axis for the data values.

LineChartSeries

org.primefaces.model.chart.LineChartSeries extends *org.primefaces.model.chart.ChartSeries*

Property	Default	Type	Description
markerStyle	filledCircle	String	Style of the markers, valid values are <i>diamond</i> , <i>circle</i> , <i>square</i> , <i>x</i> , <i>plus</i> , <i>dash</i> , <i>filledDiamond</i> , <i>filledCircle</i> , <i>filledSquare</i> .
showLine	true	Boolean	Whether to actually draw the line or not.

Property	Default	Type	Description
showMarker	true	Boolean	Displays markers at data points.
fill	false	Boolean	Fills the area between lines.
fillAlpha	1	Double	Opacity of the filled area.
disableStack	false	Boolean	When true, series data is not included in a stacked chart.

LinearAxis

org.primefaces.model.chart.LinearAxis extends *org.primefaces.model.chart.Axis*

LinearAxis is the Axis implementation used to display numbers.

LineChartModel

org.primefaces.model.chart.LineChartModel extends

org.primefaces.model.chart.CartesianChartModel

Property	Default	Type	Description
stacked	null	List<ChartSeries>	Displays series in stacked format.
breakOnNull	HashMap	Map<AxisType,Axis>	Discontinues line plot for null values.

MeterGaugeChartModel

org.primefaces.model.chart.MeterGaugeChartModel extends

org.primefaces.model.chart.ChartModel

Property	Default	Type	Description
value	null	Number	Value of the gauge.
intervals	null	List<Number>	List of ranges to be drawn around the gauge.
ticks	0	List<Number>	List of tick values.
gaugeLabel	true	String	Label text of the gauge.
gaugeLabelPosition	false	String	Where to position the label, either 'inside' or 'bottom'.
min	null	Double	Minimum value on the gauge.
max	null	Double	Maximum value on the gauge.
showTickLabels	true	Boolean	Displays tick labels next to ticks.
intervalInnerRadius	null	Integer	Radius of the inner circle of the interval ring.
intervalOuterRadius	85	Integer	Radius of the outer circle of the interval ring.
labelHeightAdjust	-25	Integer	Number of Pixels to offset the label up (-) or down (+) from its default position.

OhlcChartModel

org.primefaces.model.chart.OhlcChartModel extends *org.primefaces.model.chart.ChartModel*

Property	Default	Type	Description
data	null	List<OhlcChartSeries>	Data as a list of OhlChartSeries.
candleStick	false	Boolean	Displays series as candlestick.

OhlcChartSeries

org.primefaces.model.chart.OhlcChartSeries extends *org.primefaces.model.chart.ChartSeries*

Property	Default	Type	Description
value	null	List<OhlcChartSeries>	Data as a list of OhlChartSeries.
open	null	Double	Open value.
high	null	Double	High value.
low	null	Double	Low value.
close	null	Double	Close value.

PieChartModel

org.primefaces.model.chart.PieChartModel extends *org.primefaces.model.chart.ChartModel*

Property	Default	Type	Description
data	null	Map<String,Object>	Data as a Map instance.
diameter	null	Integer	Outer diameter of the pie, auto computed by default
sliceMargin	0	Integer	Angular spacing between pie slices in degrees.
fill	true	Boolean	True or False to fill the slices.
showDataLabels	false	Boolean	True to False show data labels on slices.
dataFormat	percent	String	Either 'label', 'value', 'percent' or an array of labels to place on the pie slices.
dataLabelFormat String	null	String	Format string for data labels. If none, '%s' is used for "label" and for arrays, '%d' for value and '%d%' for percentage.
dataLabelThreshold	3	Integer	Threshold in percentage (0-100) of pie area, below which no label will be displayed. This applies to all label types, not just to percentage labels.
showDatatip	true	Boolean	Displays tooltip when enabled.
datatipFormat	%s-%d	String	Format string for datatip.
datatipEditor	null	String	Name of client side function that returns html to provide custom content in datatip.

3.16 Checkbox

Checkbox is a helper component of SelectManyCheckbox to implement custom layouts.

Info

Tag	checkbox
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.checkbox.Checkbox
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Checkbox
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.CheckboxRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.checkbox.CheckboxRenderer

Attributes

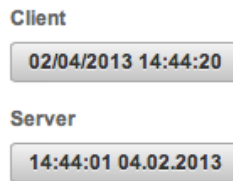
Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
disabled	false	Boolean	Disabled the component.
itemIndex	null	Integer	Index of the selectItem.
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute on state change.
for	null	String	Id of the selectManyCheckbox to attach to.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container.
tabindex	null	String	Specifies the tab order of element in tab navigation.

Getting started with Checkbox

See custom layout part in SelectManyCheckbox section for more information.

3.17 Clock

Clock displays server or client datetime live.



Info

Tag	clock
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.clock.Clock
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Clock
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.ClockRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.clock.ClockRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
pattern	null	String	Datetime format.
mode	client	String	Mode value, valid values are client and server.
autoSync	false	Boolean	Syncs time periodically in server mode.
syncInterval	60000	Integer	Defines the sync in ms interval in autoSync setting.

Getting Started with Clock

Clock has two modes, *client* (default) and *server*. In simple mode, datetime is displayed by just adding component on page. On page load, clock is initialized and start running based on client time.

```
<p:clock />
```

Server Mode

In server mode, clock initialized itself with the server's datetime and starts running on client side. To make sure client clock and server clock is synced, you can enable autoSync option that makes an ajax call to the server periodically to refresh the server time with client.

DateTime Format

Datetime format used can be changed using pattern attribute.

```
<p:clock pattern="HH:mm:ss dd.MM.yyyy" />
```

Skinning

Clock resides in a container element which *style* and *styleClass* options apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-clock	Container element.

3.18 Collector

Collector is a simple utility to manage collections declaratively.

Info

Tag	collector
ActionListener Class	org.primefaces.component.collector.Collector

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
value	null	Object	Value to be used in collection operation
addTo	null	java.util.Collection	Reference to the Collection instance
removeFrom	null	java.util.Collection	Reference to the Collection instance
unique	true	Boolean	When enabled, rejects duplicate items on addition.

Getting started with Collector

Collector requires a collection and a value to work with. It's important to override equals and hashCode methods of the value object to make collector work.

```
public class BookBean {
    private Book book = new Book();
    private List<Book> books;

    public CreateBookBean() {
        books = new ArrayList<Book>();
    }

    //getters and setters
}
```

```
<p:commandButton value="Add">
    <p:collector value="#{bookBean.book}" addTo="#{bookBean.books}" />
</p:commandButton>
```

```
<p:commandLink value="Remove">
    <p value="#{book}" removeFrom="#{createBookBean.books}" />
</p:commandLink>
```

3.19 Color Picker

ColorPicker is an input component with a color palette.



Info

Tag	colorPicker
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.colorpicker.ColorPicker
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.ColorPicker
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.ColorPickerRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.colorpicker.ColorPickerRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component.
converter	null	Converter/String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required.
validator	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method for validation the input.

Name	Default	Type	Description
valueChangeListener	null	ValueChange Listener	A method binding expression that refers to a method for handling a valuchangeevent.
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
mode	popup	String	Display mode, valid values are “popup” and “inline”.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.

Getting started with ColorPicker

ColorPicker’s value should be a hex string.

```
public class Bean {
    private String color;

    public String getColor() {
        return this.color;
    }

    public void setColor(String color) {
        this.color = color;
    }
}
```

```
<p:colorPicker value="#{bean.color}" />
```

Display Mode

ColorPicker has two modes, default mode is *popup* and other available option is *inline*.

```
<p:colorPicker value="#{bean.color}" mode="inline"/>
```

Skinning

ColorPicker resides in a container element which *style* and *styleClass* options apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-colorpicker	Container element.
.ui-colorpicker_color	Background of gradient.
.ui-colorpicker_hue	Hue element.
.ui-colorpicker_new_color	New color display.
.ui-colorpicker_current_color	Current color display.
.ui-colorpicker-rgb-r	Red input.
.ui-colorpicker-rgb-g	Green input.
.ui-colorpicker-rgb-b	Blue input.
.ui-colorpicker-rgb-h	Hue input.
.ui-colorpicker-rgb-s	Saturation input.
.ui-colorpicker-rgb-b	Brightness input.
.ui-colorpicker-rgb-hex	Hex input.

3.20 Column

Column is an extended version of the standard column used by various components like datatable, treetable and more.

Info

Tag	column
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.column.Column
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Column
Component Family	org.primefaces.component

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
style	null	String	Inline style of the column.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the column.
sortBy	null	ValueExpr	ValueExpression to be used for sorting.
sortFunction	null	MethodExpr	Custom pluggable sortFunction.
filterBy	null	ValueExpr	ValueExpression to be used for filtering.
filterStyle	null	String	Inline style of the filter element
filterStyleClass	null	String	Style class of the filter element
filterOptions	null	Object	A collection of selectitems for filter dropdown.
filterMatchMode	startsWith	String	Match mode for filtering.
rowspan	1	Integer	Defines the number of rows the column spans.
colspan	1	Integer	Defines the number of columns the column spans.
headerText	null	String	Shortcut for header facet.
footerText	null	String	Shortcut for footer facet.
selectionMode	null	String	Enables selection mode.
filterMaxLength	null	Integer	Maximum number of characters for an input filter.

Name	Default	Type	Description
resizable	true	Boolean	Specifies resizable feature at column level. Datatable's resizableColumns must be enabled to use this option.
width	null	String	Width in pixels or percentage.
exportable	true	Boolean	Defines if the column should be exported by dataexporter.
filterValue	null	Object	Value of the filter field.
toggleable	true	Boolean	Defines if panel is toggleable by columnToggler component. Default value is true and a false value marks the column as static.
filterFunction	null	MethodExpr	Custom implementation to filter a value against a constraint.
field	null	String	Name of the field to pass lazy load method for filtering and sorting. If not specified, filterBy-sortBy values are used to identify the field name.
priority	0	Integer	Priority of the column defined as an integer, lower values have more priority.
sortable	true	Boolean	Boolean value to mark column as sortable.
filterable	true	Boolean	Boolean value to mark column as filterable.
visible	true	Boolean	Controls the visibility of the column.
selectRow	true	Boolean	Whether clicking the column selects the row when parent component has row selection enabled, default is true.

Getting Started with Column

As column is a reused component, see documentation of components that use a column.

Note

Not all attributes of column are implemented by the components that utilize column.

3.21 Columns

Columns is used by datatable to create columns dynamically.

Info

Tag	columns
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.column.Columns
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Columns
Component Family	org.primefaces.component

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Data to represent columns.
var	null	String	Name of iterator to access a column.
style	null	String	Inline style of the column.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the column.
sortBy	null	ValueExpr	ValueExpression to be used for sorting.
sortFunction	null	MethodExpr	Custom pluggable sortFunction.
filterBy	null	ValueExpr	ValueExpression to be used for filtering.
filterStyle	null	String	Inline style of the filter element
filterStyleClass	null	String	Style class of the filter element
filterOptions	null	Object	A collection of selectitems for filter dropdown.
filterMatchMode	startsWith	String	Match mode for filtering.
rowspan	1	Integer	Defines the number of rows the column spans.
colspan	1	Integer	Defines the number of columns the column spans.
headerText	null	String	Shortcut for header facet.
footerText	null	String	Shortcut for footer facet.

Name	Default	Type	Description
filterMaxLength	null	Integer	Maximum number of characters for an input filter.
resizable	true	Boolean	Specifies resizable feature at column level. Datatable's resizableColumns must be enabled to use this option.
width	null	String	Width in pixels or percentage.
exportable	true	Boolean	Defines if the column should be exported by dataexporter.
columnIndexVar	null	String	Name of iterator to refer each index.
filterValue	null	Object	Value of the filter field.
toggable	true	Boolean	Defines if panel is toggable by columnToggler component. Default value is true and a false value marks the column as static.
filterFunction	null	MethodExpr	Custom implementation to filter a value against a constraint.
field	null	String	Name of the field to pass lazy load method for filtering and sorting. If not specified, filterBy-sortBy values are used to identify the field name.
priority	0	Integer	Priority of the column defined as an integer, lower values have more priority.
sortable	true	Boolean	Boolean value to mark column as sortable.
filterable	true	Boolean	Boolean value to mark column as filterable.
visible	true	Boolean	Controls the visibility of the column.
selectRow	true	Boolean	Whether clicking the column selects the row when parent component has row selection enabled, default is true.

Getting Started with Columns

See dynamic columns section in datatable documentation for detailed information.

3.22 ColumnGroup

ColumnGroup is used by datatable for column grouping.

Info

Tag	columnGroup
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.columngroup.ColumnGroup
Component Type	org.primefaces.component. ColumnGroup
Component Family	org.primefaces.component

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
type	null	String	Type of group, valid values are “header” and “footer”.

Getting Started with ColumnGroup

See grouping section in datatable documentation for detailed information.

3.23 CommandButton

CommandButton is an extended version of standard commandButton with ajax and theming.



Info

Tag	commandButton
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.commandbutton.CommandButton
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.CommandButton
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.CommandButtonRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.commandbutton.CommandButtonRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	String	Label for the button
action	null	MethodExpr/ String	A method expression or a String outcome that'd be processed when button is clicked.
actionListener	null	MethodExpr	An actionlistener that'd be processed when button is clicked.
immediate	false	Boolean	Boolean value that determines the phaseId, when true actions are processed at apply_request_values, when false at invoke_application phase.
type	submit	String	Sets the behavior of the button.
ajax	true	Boolean	Specifies the submit mode, when set to true(default), submit would be made with Ajax.
async	false	Boolean	When set to true, ajax requests are not queued.
process	null	String	Component(s) to process partially instead of whole view.
update	null	String	Component(s) to be updated with ajax.

Name	Default	Type	Description
onstart	null	String	Client side callback to execute before ajax request is begins.
oncomplete	null	String	Client side callback to execute when ajax request is completed.
onsuccess	null	String	Client side callback to execute when ajax request succeeds.
onerror	null	String	Client side callback to execute when ajax request fails.
global	true	Boolean	Defines whether to trigger ajaxStatus or not.
delay	null	String	If less than <i>delay</i> milliseconds elapses between calls to <i>request()</i> only the most recent one is sent and all other requests are discarded. If this option is not specified, or if the value of <i>delay</i> is the literal string 'none' without the quotes, no delay is used.
partialSubmit	false	Boolean	Enables serialization of values belonging to the partially processed components only.
partialSubmitFilter	null	String	Selector to use when partial submit is on, default is ":input" to select all descendant inputs of a partially processed components.
resetValues	false	Boolean	If true, local values of input components to be updated within the ajax request would be reset.
ignoreAutoUpdate	false	Boolean	If true, components which autoUpdate="true" will not be updated for this request. If not specified, or the value is false, no such indication is made.
timeout	0	Integer	Timeout for the ajax request in milliseconds.
style	null	String	Inline style of the button element.
styleClass	null	String	StyleClass of the button element.
onblur	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button loses focus.
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button loses focus and its value has been modified since gaining focus.
onclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button is clicked.
ondblclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button is double clicked.
onfocus	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button receives focus.
onkeydown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed down over button.
onkeypress	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed and released over button.

Name	Default	Type	Description
onkeyup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is released over button.
onmousedown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is pressed down over button.
onmousemove	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved within button.
onmouseout	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved away from button.
onmouseover	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved onto button.
onmouseup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is released over button.
onselect	null	String	Client side callback to execute when text within button is selected by user.
accesskey	null	String	Access key that when pressed transfers focus to the button.
alt	null	String	Alternate textual description of the button.
dir	null	String	Direction indication for text that does not inherit directionality. Valid values are LTR and RTL.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables the button.
image	null	String	Style class for the button icon. (deprecated: use icon)
label	null	String	A localized user presentable name.
lang	null	String	Code describing the language used in the generated markup for this component.
tabindex	null	Integer	Position of the button element in the tabbing order.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip information.
readonly	false	Boolean	Flag indicating that this component will prevent changes by the user.
icon	null	String	Icon of the button as a css class.
iconPos	left	String	Position of the icon.
inline	false	String	Used by PrimeFaces mobile only.
escape	true	Boolean	Defines whether label would be escaped or not.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
form	null	String	Form to serialize for an ajax request. Default is the enclosing form.

Getting started with CommandButton

CommandButton usage is similar to standard commandButton, by default commandButton submits its enclosing form with ajax.

```
<p:commandButton value="Save" actionListener="#{bookBean.saveBook}" />
```

```
public class BookBean {

    public void saveBook() {
        //Save book
    }
}
```

Reset Buttons

Reset buttons do not submit the form, just resets the form contents.

```
<p:commandButton type="reset" value="Reset" />
```

Push Buttons

Push buttons are used to execute custom javascript without causing an ajax/non-ajax request. To create a push button set type as "button".

```
<p:commandButton type="button" value="Alert" onclick="alert('Prime')" />
```

AJAX and Non-AJAX

CommandButton has built-in ajax capabilities, ajax submit is enabled by default and configured using *ajax* attribute. When ajax attribute is set to false, form is submitted with a regular full page refresh.

The *update* attribute is used to partially update other component(s) after the ajax response is received. Update attribute takes a comma or white-space separated list of JSF component ids to be updated. Basically any JSF component, not just PrimeFaces components should be updated with the Ajax response. In the following example, form is submitted with ajax and *display* outputText is updated with the ajax response.

```
<h:form>
    <h:inputText value="#{bean.text}" />
    <p:commandButton value="Submit" update="display"/>
    <h:outputText value="#{bean.text}" id="display" />
</h:form>
```

Tip: You can use the ajaxStatus component to notify users about the ajax request.

Icons

An icon on a button is provided using *icon* option. *iconPos* is used to define the position of the button which can be “left” or “right”.

```
<p:commandButton value="With Icon" icon="disk"/>
<p:commandButton icon="disk"/>
```

.disk is a simple css class with a background property;

```
.disk {
    background-image: url('disk.png') !important;
}
```

You can also use the pre-defined icons from ThemeRoller like *ui-icon-search*.

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.CommandButton*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
disable()	-	void	Disables button
enable()	-	void	Enables button

Skinning

CommandButton renders a button tag which *style* and *styleClass* applies. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
<i>.ui-button</i>	Button element
<i>.ui-button-text-only</i>	Button element when icon is not used
<i>.ui-button-text</i>	Label of button

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.24 CommandLink

CommandLink extends standard JSF commandLink with Ajax capabilities.

Info

Tag	commandLink
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.commandlink.CommandLink
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.CommandLink
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.CommandLinkRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component. commandlink.CommandLinkRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	String	Href value of the rendered anchor.
action	null	MethodExpr/ String	A method expression or a String outcome that'd be processed when link is clicked.
actionListener	null	MethodExpr	An actionlistener that'd be processed when link is clicked.
immediate	false	Boolean	Boolean value that determines the phaseId, when true actions are processed at apply_request_values, when false at invoke_application phase.
async	false	Boolean	When set to true, ajax requests are not queued.
process	null	String	Component(s) to process partially instead of whole view.
ajax	true	Boolean	Specifies the submit mode, when set to true(default), submit would be made with Ajax.
update	null	String	Component(s) to be updated with ajax.
onstart	null	String	Client side callback to execute before ajax request is begins.

Name	Default	Type	Description
oncomplete	null	String	Client side callback to execute when ajax request is completed.
onsuccess	null	String	Client side callback to execute when ajax request succeeds.
onerror	null	String	Client side callback to execute when ajax request fails.
global	true	Boolean	Defines whether to trigger ajaxStatus or not.
delay	null	String	If less than <i>delay</i> milliseconds elapses between calls to <i>request()</i> only the most recent one is sent and all other requests are discarded. If this option is not specified, or if the value of <i>delay</i> is the literal string 'none' without the quotes, no delay is used.
partialSubmit	false	Boolean	Enables serialization of values belonging to the partially processed components only.
partialSubmitFilter	null	String	Selector to use when partial submit is on, default is ":input" to select all descendant inputs of a partially processed components.
resetValues	false	Boolean	If true, local values of input components to be updated within the ajax request would be reset.
ignoreAutoUpdate	false	Boolean	If true, components which autoUpdate="true" will not be updated for this request. If not specified, or the value is false, no such indication is made.
timeout	0	Integer	Timeout for the ajax request in milliseconds.
style	null	String	Style to be applied on the anchor element
styleClass	null	String	StyleClass to be applied on the anchor element
onblur	null	String	Client side callback to execute when link loses focus.
onclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when link is clicked.
ondblclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when link is double clicked.
onfocus	null	String	Client side callback to execute when link receives focus.
onkeydown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed down over link.
onkeypress	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed and released over link.
onkeyup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is released over link.
onmousedown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is

Name	Default	Type	Description
			pressed down over link.
onmousemove	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved within link.
onmouseout	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved away from link.
onmouseover	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved onto link.
onmouseup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is released over link.
accesskey	null	String	Access key that when pressed transfers focus to the link.
charset	null	String	Character encoding of the resource designated by this hyperlink.
coords	null	String	Position and shape of the hot spot on the screen for client use in image maps.
dir	null	String	Direction indication for text that does not inherit directionality. Valid values are LTR and RTL.
disabled	null	Boolean	Disables the link
hreflang	null	String	Language code of the resource designated by the link.
rel	null	String	Relationship from the current document to the anchor specified by the link, values are provided by a space-separated list of link types.
rev	null	String	A reverse link from the anchor specified by this link to the current document, values are provided by a space-separated list of link types.
shape	null	String	Shape of hot spot on the screen, valid values are default, rect, circle and poly.
tabindex	null	Integer	Position of the button element in the tabbing order.
target	null	String	Name of a frame where the resource targeted by this link will be displayed.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip information.
type	null	String	Type of resource referenced by the link.
form	null	String	Form to serialize for an ajax request. Default is the enclosing form.

Getting Started with CommandLink

CommandLink is used just like the standard `h:commandLink`, difference is form is submitted with ajax by default.

```
public class BookBean {  
    public void saveBook() {  
        //Save book  
    }  
}
```

```
<p:commandLink actionListener="#{bookBean.saveBook}">  
    <h:outputText value="Save" />  
</p:commandLink>
```

Skinning

CommandLink renders an html anchor element that *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply.

3.25 Confirm

Confirm is a behavior element used to integrate with global confirm dialog.

Info

Tag	confirm
Behavior Id	org.primefaces.behavior.ConfirmBehavior

Attributes

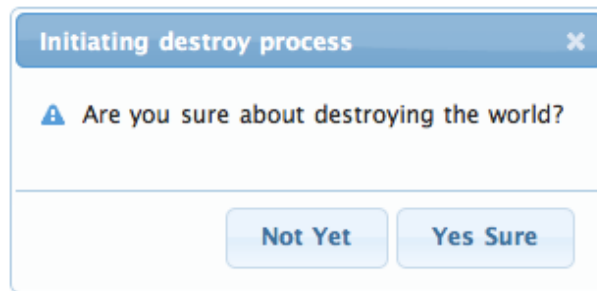
Name	Default	Type	Description
header	null	String	Header of confirm dialog.
message	null	String	Message to display in confirm dialog.
icon	null	String	Icon to display next to message.

Getting started with Confirm

See global confirm dialog topic in next section for details.

3.26 ConfirmDialog

ConfirmDialog is a replacement to the legacy javascript confirmation box. Skinning, customization and avoiding popup blockers are notable advantages over classic javascript confirmation.



Info

Tag	confirmDialog
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.confirmdialog.ConfirmDialog
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.ConfirmDialog
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.ConfirmDialogRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.confirmdialog.ConfirmDialogRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
message	null	String	Text to be displayed in body.
header	null	String	Text for the header.
severity	null	String	Message severity for the displayed icon.
width	auto	Integer	Width of the dialog in pixels
height	auto	Integer	Width of the dialog in pixels
style	null	String	Inline style of the dialog container.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the dialog container

Name	Default	Type	Description
closable	true	Boolean	Defines if close icon should be displayed or not
appendTo	false	Boolean	Appends the dialog to the element defined by the given search expression.
visible	false	Boolean	Whether to display confirm dialog on load.
showEffect	null	String	Effect to use on showing dialog.
hideEffect	null	String	Effect to use on hiding dialog.
closeOnEscape	false	Boolean	Defines if dialog should hide on escape key.
dir	ltr	String	Defines text direction, valid values are <i>ltr</i> and <i>rtl</i> .
global	false	Boolean	When enabled, <code>confirmDialog</code> becomes a shared for other components that require confirmation.

Getting started with ConfirmDialog

`ConfirmDialog` has two modes; global and non-global. Non-Global mode is almost same as the dialog component used with a simple client side api, `show()` and `hide()`.

```
<h:form>
  <p:commandButton type="button" onclick="PF('cd').show()" />

  <p:confirmDialog message="Are you sure about destroying the world?"
    header="Initiating destroy process" severity="alert"
    widgetVar="cd">
    <p:commandButton value="Yes Sure" actionListener="#{buttonBean.destroyWorld}"
      update="messages" oncomplete="PF('cd').hide()"/>
    <p:commandButton value="Not Yet" onclick="PF('cd').hide();" type="button" />
  </p:confirmDialog>
</h:form>
```

Message and Severity

Message can be defined in two ways, either via message option or message facet. Message facet is useful if you need to place custom content instead of simple text. Note that header can also be defined using the `header` attribute or the `header` facet. Severity defines the icon to display next to the message, default severity is *alert* and the other option is *info*.

```
<p:confirmDialog widgetVar="cd" header="Confirm">
  <f:facet name="message">
    <h:outputText value="Are you sure?" />
  </f:facet>
  //content
</p:confirmDialog>
```

Global

Creating a `confirmDialog` for a specific action is a repetitive task, to solve this global `confirmDialog` which is a singleton has been introduced. Trigger components need to have `p:confirm` behavior to

use the confirm dialog. Component that trigger the actual command in dialog must have *ui-confirm-dialog-yes* style class, similarly component to cancel the command must have *ui-confirm-dialog-no*. At the moment p:confirm is supported by p:commandButton, p:commandLink and p:menuItem.

```
<p:growl id="messages" />

<p:commandButton value="Save" actionListener="#{bean.save}" update="messages">
    <p:confirm header="Confirmation" message="Sure?" icon="ui-icon-alert"/>
</p:commandButton>

<p:confirmDialog global="true">
    <p:commandButton value="Yes" type="button" styleClass="ui-confirmdialog-yes"
        icon="ui-icon-check"/>
    <p:commandButton value="No" type="button" styleClass="ui-confirmdialog-no"
        icon="ui-icon-close"/>
</p:confirmDialog>
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.ConfirmDialog*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
show()	-	void	Displays dialog.
hide()	-	void	Closes dialog.

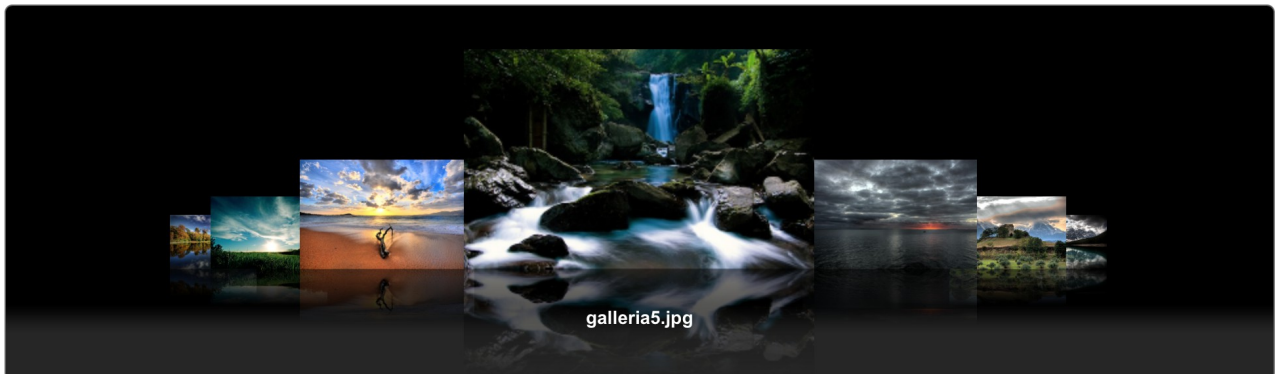
Skinning

ConfirmDialog resides in a main container element which *style* and *styleClass* options apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-dialog	Container element of dialog
.ui-dialog-titlebar	Title bar
.ui-dialog-title	Header text
.ui-dialog-titlebar-close	Close icon
.ui-dialog-content	Dialog body
.ui-dialog-buttonpane	Footer button panel

3.27 ContentFlow

ContentFlow is a horizontal content gallery component with a slide animation.



Info

Tag	contentFlow
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.contentflow.ContentFlow
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.ContentFlow
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.ContentFlowRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.contentflow.ContentFlowRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
value	null	String	Collection of items to display.
var	null	String	Name of the iterator to display an item.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.

Getting Started with ContentFlow

ContentFlow requires content as children that can either be defined dynamically using iteration or one by one. Each item must have the content style class applied as well.

Static Images

```
<p:contentFlow>
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/photo1.jpg" styleClass="content" />
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/photo2.jpg" styleClass="content" />
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/photo2.jpg" styleClass="content" />
</p:contentFlow>
```

Dynamic Images

```
<p:contentFlow var="image" value="#{bean.images}">
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/#{image}" styleClass="content" />
</p:contentFlow>
```

Caption

To present a caption along with an item, embed a div with "caption" style class inside.

```
<p:contentFlow var="image" value="#{bean.images}">
  <p:graphicImage value="#{image.path}" styleClass="content" />
  <div class="caption">#{image.title}</div>
</p:contentFlow>
```

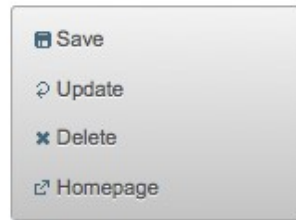
Skinning

ContentFlow resides in a container element which *style* and *styleClass* options apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-contentflow	Container element.
.flow	Container of item list
.item	Item container
.caption	Caption element

3.28 ContextMenu

ContextMenu provides an overlay menu displayed on mouse right-click event.



Info

Tag	contextMenu
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.contextmenu.ContextMenu
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.ContextMenu
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.ContextMenuRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.contextmenu.ContextMenuRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
for	null	String	Id of the component to attach to
style	null	String	Style of the main container element
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the main container element
model	null	MenuModel	Menu model instance to create menu programmatically.
nodeType	null	String	Specific type of tree nodes to attach to.
event	null	String	Event to bind contextMenu display, default is contextmenu aka right click.
beforeShow	null	String	Client side callback to execute before showing.
selectionMode	multiple	String	Defines the selection behavior, e.g "single" or "multiple".

Name	Default	Type	Description
targetFilter	null	String	Selector to filter the elements to attach the menu.

Getting started with ContextMenu

ContextMenu is created with submenus and menuitems. Optional for attribute defines which component the contextMenu is attached to. When for is not defined, contextMenu is attached to the page meaning, right-click on anywhere on page will display the menu.

```
<p:contextMenu>
  <p:menuitem value="Save" actionListener="#{bean.save}" update="msg"/>
  <p:menuitem value="Delete" actionListener="#{bean.delete}" ajax="false"/>
  <p:menuitem value="Go Home" url="www.primefaces.org" target="_blank"/>
</p:contextMenu>
```

ContextMenu example above is attached to the whole page and consists of three different menuitems with different use cases. First menuitem triggers an ajax action, second one triggers a non-ajax action and third one is used for navigation.

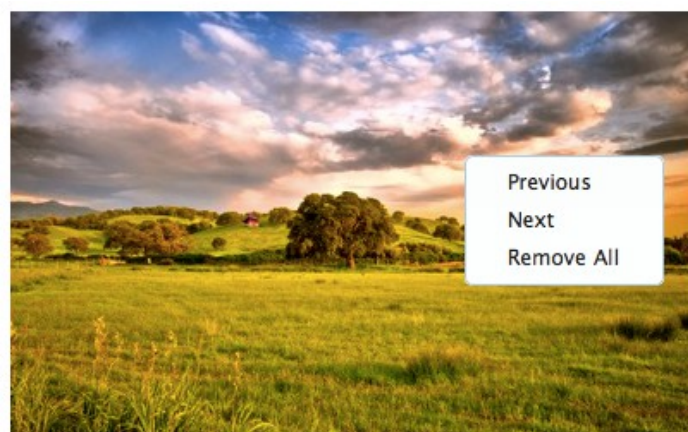
Attachment

ContextMenu can be attached to any JSF component, this means right clicking on the attached component will display the contextMenu. Following example demonstrates an integration between contextMenu and imageSwitcher, contextMenu here is used to navigate between images.

```
<p:imageSwitch id="images" widgetVar="gallery" slideshowAuto="false">
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/nature1.jpg" />
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/nature2.jpg" />
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/nature3.jpg" />
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/nature4.jpg" />
</p:imageSwitch>

<p:contextMenu for="images">
  <p:menuitem value="Previous" url="#" onclick="PF('gallery').previous()" />
  <p:menuitem value="Next" url="#" onclick="PF('gallery').next()" />
</p:contextMenu>
```

Now right-clicking anywhere on an image will display the contextMenu like;



Data Components

Data components like `datatable`, `tree` and `treeTable` has special integration with context menu, see the documentation of these component for more information.

Dynamic Menus

`ContextMenu` can be created programmatically as well, see the dynamic menus part in menu component section for more information and an example.

Skinning

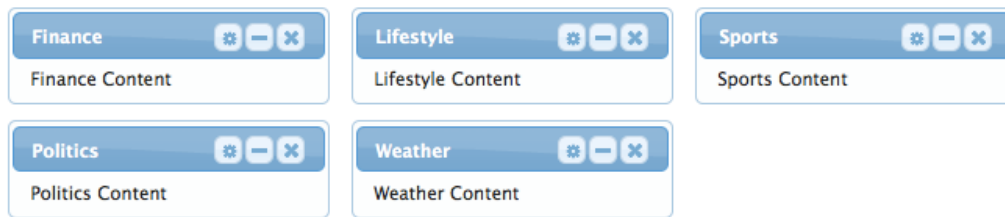
`ContextMenu` resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
<code>.ui-contextmenu</code>	Container element of menu
<code>.ui-menu-list</code>	List container
<code>.ui-menuitem</code>	Each menu item
<code>.ui-menuitem-link</code>	Anchor element in a link item
<code>.ui-menuitem-text</code>	Text element in an item

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.29 Dashboard

Dashboard provides a portal like layout with drag&drop based reorder capabilities.



Info

Tag	dashboard
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.dashboard.Dashboard
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Dashboard
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.DashboardRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.dashboard.DashboardRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget
model	null	Dashboard Model	Dashboard model instance representing the layout of the UI.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables reordering feature.
style	null	String	Inline style of the dashboard container
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the dashboard container

Getting started with Dashboard

Dashboard is backed by a `DashboardModel` and consists of panel components.

```
<p:dashboard model="#{bean.model}">
    <p:panel id="sports">
        //Sports Content
    </p:panel>
    <p:panel id="finance">
        //Finance Content
    </p:panel>

    //more panels like lifestyle, weather, politics...
</p:dashboard>
```

Dashboard model simply defines the number of columns and the widgets to be placed in each column. See the end of this section for the detailed Dashboard API.

```
public class Bean {

    private DashboardModel model;

    public Bean() {
        model = new DefaultDashboardModel();
        DashboardColumn column1 = new DefaultDashboardColumn();
        DashboardColumn column2 = new DefaultDashboardColumn();
        DashboardColumn column3 = new DefaultDashboardColumn();

        column1.addWidget("sports");
        column1.addWidget("finance");
        column2.addWidget("lifestyle");
        column2.addWidget("weather");
        column3.addWidget("politics");

        model.addColumn(column1);
        model.addColumn(column2);
        model.addColumn(column3);
    }
}
```

State

Dashboard is a stateful component, whenever a widget is reordered dashboard model will be updated, by persisting the user changes so you can easily create a stateful dashboard.

Ajax Behavior Events

“reorder” is the one and only ajax behavior event provided by dashboard, this event is fired when dashboard panels are reordered. A defined listener will be invoked by passing an *org.primefaces.event.DashboardReorderEvent* instance containing information about reorder.

Following dashboard displays a message about the reorder event

```

<p:dashboard model="#{bean.model}">
    <p:ajax event="reorder" update="messages" listener="#{bean.handleReorder}" />
    //panels
</p:dashboard>

<p:growl id="messages" />

```

```

public class Bean {

    ...

    public void handleReorder(DashboardReorderEvent event) {
        String widgetId = event.getWidgetId();
        int widgetIndex = event.getItemIndex();
        int columnIndex = event.getColumnIndex();
        int senderColumnIndex = event.getSenderColumnIndex();

        //Add facesmessage
    }
}

```

If a widget is reordered in the same column, *senderColumnIndex* will be null. This field is populated only when a widget is transferred to a column from another column. Also when the listener is invoked, dashboard has already updated its model.

Disabling Dashboard

If you'd like to disable reordering feature, set *disabled* option to true.

```

<p:dashboard disabled="true" ...>
    //panels
</p:dashboard>

```

Toggle, Close and Options Menu

Widgets presented in dashboard can be closable, toggleable and have options menu as well, dashboard doesn't implement these by itself as these features are already provided by the panel component. See panel component section for more information.

```

<p:dashboard model="#{dashboardBean.model}">
    <p:panel id="sports" closable="true" toggleable="true">
        //Sports Content
    </p:panel>
</p:dashboard>

```

New Widgets

Draggable component is used to add new widgets to the dashboard. This way you can add new panels from outside of the dashboard.

```

<p:dashboard model="#{dashboardBean.model}" id="board">
    //panels
</p:dashboard>
<p:panel id="newwidget" />
<p:draggable for="newwidget" helper="clone" dashboard="board" />

```

Skinning

Dashboard resides in a container element which style and styleClass options apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-dashboard	Container element of dashboard
.ui-dashboard-column	Each column in dashboard
div.ui-state-hover	Placeholder

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Here is an example based on a different theme;



Tips

- Provide a column width using *ui-dashboard-column* style class otherwise empty columns might not receive new widgets.

Dashboard Model API

org.primefaces.model.DashboardModel (*org.primefaces.model.map.DefaultDashboardModel* is the default implementation)

Method	Description
<code>void addColumn(DashboardColumn column)</code>	Adds a column to the dashboard
<code>List<DashboardColumn> getColumns()</code>	Returns all columns in dashboard
<code>int getColumnCount()</code>	Returns the number of columns in dashboard
<code>DashboardColumn getColumn(int index)</code>	Returns the dashboard column at given index
<code>void transferWidget(DashboardColumn from, DashboardColumn to, String widgetId, int index)</code>	Relocates the widget identified with widget id to the given index of the new column from old column.

org.primefaces.model.DashboardColumn (*org.primefaces.model.map.DefaultDashboardModel* is the default implementation)

Method	Description
<code>void removeWidget(String widgetId)</code>	Removes the widget with the given id
<code>List<String> getWidgets()</code>	Returns the ids of widgets in column
<code>int getWidgetCount()</code>	Returns the count of widgets in column
<code>String getWidget(int index)</code>	Returns the widget id with the given index
<code>void addWidget(String widgetId)</code>	Adds a new widget with the given id
<code>void addWidget(int index, String widgetId)</code>	Adds a new widget at given index
<code>void reorderWidget(int index, String widgetId)</code>	Updates the index of widget in column

3.30 DataExporter

DataExporter is handy for exporting data listed using a Primefaces Datatable to various formats such as excel, pdf, csv and xml.

Info

Tag	dataExporter
Tag Class	org.primefaces.component.export.DataExporterTag
ActionListener Class	org.primefaces.component.export.DataExporter

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
type	null	String	Export type: "xls", "pdf", "csv", "xml"
target	null	String	Id of the datatable whose data to export.
fileName	null	String	Filename of the generated export file, defaults to datatable id.
pageOnly	0	String	Exports only current page instead of whole dataset
preProcessor	null	MethodExpr	PreProcessor for the exported document.
postProcessor	null	MethodExpr	PostProcessor for the exported document.
encoding	UTF-8	Boolean	Character encoding to use
selectionOnly	0	Boolean	When enabled, only selection would be exported.

Getting Started with DataExporter

DataExporter is nested in a UICommand component such as commandButton or commandLink. For pdf exporting **itext** and for xls exporting **poi** libraries are required in the classpath. Target must point to a PrimeFaces Datatable. Assume the table to be exported is defined as;

```
<p:dataTable id="tableId" ...>
    //columns
</p:dataTable>
```

Excel export (type="xls|xlsx")

```
<p:commandButton value="Export as Excel" ajax="false">
    <p:dataExporter type="xls" target="tableId" fileName="cars"/>
</p:commandButton>
```

PDF export (type="pdf")

```
<p:commandButton value="Export as PDF" ajax="false" >
    <p:dataExporter type="pdf" target="tableId" fileName="cars"/>
</p:commandButton>
```

CSV export (type="csv")

```
<p:commandButton value="Export as CSV" ajax="false" >
    <p:dataExporter type="csv" target="tableId" fileName="cars"/>
</p:commandButton>
```

XML export (type="xml")

```
<p:commandButton value="Export as XML" ajax="false" >
    <p:dataExporter type="xml" target="tableId" fileName="cars"/>
</p:commandLink>
```

PageOnly

By default dataExporter works on whole dataset, if you'd like export only the data displayed on current page, set pageOnly to true.

```
<p:dataExporter type="pdf" target="tableId" fileName="cars" pageOnly="true"/>
```

Excluding Columns

In case you need one or more columns to be ignored set *exportable* option of column to false.

```
<p:column exportable="false">
    //...
</p:column>
```

Monitor Status

DataExport is a non-ajax process so ajaxStatus component cannot apply. See FileDownload Monitor Status section to find out how monitor export process. Same solution applies to data export as well.

Pre and Post Processors

Processors are handy to customize the exported document (e.g. add logo, caption ...). PreProcessors are executed before the data is exported and PostProcessors are processed after data is included in the document. Processors are simple java methods taking the document as a parameter.

Change Excel Table Header

First example of processors changes the background color of the exported excel's headers.

```
<h:commandButton value="Export as XLS">
    <p:dataExporter type="xls" target="tableId" fileName="cars"
        postProcessor="#{bean.postProcessXLS}"/>
</h:commandButton>
```

```
public void postProcessXLS(Object document) {
    HSSFWorkbook wb = (HSSFWorkbook) document;
    HSSFSheet sheet = wb.getSheetAt(0);
    HSSFRow header = sheet.getRow(0);
    HSSFCellStyle cellStyle = wb.createCellStyle();
    cellStyle.setFillForegroundColor(HSSFColor.GREEN.index);
    cellStyle.setFillPattern(HSSFCellStyle.SOLID_FOREGROUND);

    for(int i=0; i < header.getPhysicalNumberOfCells();i++) {
        header.getCell(i).setCellStyle(cellStyle);
    }
}
```

Add Logo to PDF

This example adds a logo to the PDF before exporting begins.

```
<h:commandButton value="Export as PDF">
    <p:dataExporter type="pdf" target="tableId" fileName="cars"
        preProcessor="#{bean.preProcessPDF}"/>
</h:commandButton>
```

```
public void preProcessPDF(Object document) throws IOException,
    BadElementException, DocumentException {
    Document pdf = (Document) document;
    ServletContext servletContext = (ServletContext)
FacesContext.getCurrentInstance().getExternalContext().getContext();
    String logo = servletContext.getRealPath("") + File.separator + "images" +
File.separator + "prime_logo.png";
    pdf.add(Image.getInstance(logo));
}
```

3.31 DataGrid

DataGrid displays a collection of data in a grid layout.



Info

Tag	dataGrid
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.datagrid.DataGrid
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.DataGrid
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.DataGridRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.datagrid.DataGridRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean

Name	Default	Type	Description
value	null	Object	Data to display.
var	null	String	Name of the request-scoped variable used to refer each data.
rows	null	Integer	Number of rows to display per page.
first	0	Integer	Index of the first row to be displayed
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
columns	3	Integer	Number of columns in grid.
paginator	false	boolean	Enables pagination.
paginatorTemplate	null	String	Template of the paginator.
rowsPerPageTemplate	null	String	Template of the rowsPerPage dropdown.
currentPageReportTemplate	null	String	Template of the currentPageReport UI.
pageLinks	10	Integer	Maximum number of page links to display.
paginatorPosition	both	String	Position of the paginator.
paginatorAlwaysVisible	true	Boolean	Defines if paginator should be hidden if total data count is less than number of rows per page.
style	null	String	Inline style of the datagrid.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the datagrid.
rowIndexVar	null	String	Name of the iterator to refer each row index.
lazy	false	Boolean	Defines if lazy loading is enabled for the data component.
emptyMessage	No records found.	String	Text to display when there is no data to display.
layout	tabular	String	Layout approach to use, valid values are "tabular" and "grid" for responsive grid.

Getting started with the DataGrid

A list of cars will be used throughout the datagrid, datalist and datatable examples.

```
public class Car {
    private String model;
    private int year;
    private String manufacturer;
    private String color;
    ...
}
```

The code for CarBean that would be used to bind the datagrid to the car list.

```
public class CarBean {

    private List<Car> cars;

    public CarBean() {
        cars = new ArrayList<Car>();
        cars.add(new Car("myModel",2005,"ManufacturerX","blue"));
        //add more cars
    }

    public List<Car> getCars() {
        return cars;
    }

}
```

```
<p:dataGrid var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}" columns="3" rows="12">

    <p:column>
        <p:panel header="#{car.model}">
            <h:panelGrid columns="1">
                <p:graphicImage value="/images/cars/#{car.manufacturer}.jpg"/>

                <h:outputText value="#{car.year}" />
            </h:panelGrid>
        </p:panel>
    </p:column>

</p:dataGrid>
```

This datagrid has 3 columns and 12 rows. As datagrid extends from standard UIData, rows correspond to the number of data to display not the number of rows to render so the actual number of rows to render is $\text{rows/columns} = 4$. As a result datagrid is displayed as;



Ajax Pagination

DataGrid has a built-in paginator that is enabled by setting paginator option to true.

```
<p:dataGrid var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}" columns="3" rows="12"
    paginator="true">
    ...
</p:dataGrid>
```

Paginator Template

Paginator is customized using paginatorTemplateOption that accepts various keys of UI controls. Note that this section applies to dataGrid, dataList and dataTable.

- FirstPageLink
- LastPageLink
- PreviousPageLink
- NextPageLink
- PageLinks
- CurrentPageReport
- RowsPerPageDropdown

Note that {RowsPerPageDropdown} has it's own template, options to display is provided via rowsPerPageTemplate attribute (e.g. rowsPerPageTemplate="9,12,15").

Also {CurrentPageReport} has it's own template defined with currentPageReportTemplate option. You can use {currentPage}, {totalPages}, {totalRecords}, {startRecord}, {endRecord} keyword within currentPageReportTemplate. Default is {currentPage} of {totalPages}. Default UI is;



w

which corresponds to the following template.

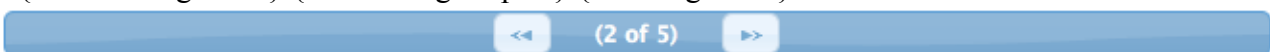
```
"{FirstPageLink} {PreviousPageLink} {PageLinks} {NextPageLink} {LastPageLink}"
```

Here are more examples based on different templates;

```
" {CurrentPageReport} {FirstPageLink} {PreviousPageLink} {PageLinks} {NextPageLink}
{LastPageLink} {RowsPerPageDropdown}"
```



```
" {PreviousPageLink} {CurrentPageReport} {NextPageLink}"
```



Paginator Position

Paginator can be positioned using *paginatorPosition* attribute in three different locations, "top", "bottom" or "both" (default).

Custom Content in Paginator

Custom content can be placed inside a paginator using a facet name matching a token in the template.

```
<p:dataTable paginatorTemplate="{CurrentPageReport} {MyContent} ..." >
    <f:facet name="{MyContent}">
        //Any content here
    </f:facet>
    //...
</p:dataTable>
```

Selecting Data

Selection of data displayed in datagrid is very similar to row selection in datatable, you can access the current data using the var reference. Here is an example to demonstrate how to select data from datagrid and display within a dialog with ajax.

```
<h:form id="carForm">

    <p:dataGrid var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}" columns="3" rows="12">

        <p:panel header="#{car.model}">
            <p:commandLink update=":carForm:display" oncomplete="PF('dlg').show()">
                <f:setPropertyActionListener value="#{car}"
                    target="#{carBean.selectedCar}"
                <h:outputText value="#{car.model}" />
            </p:commandLink>
        </p:panel>

    </p:dataGrid>

    <p:dialog modal="true" widgetVar="dlg">

        <h:panelGrid id="display" columns="2">
            <f:facet name="header">
                <p:graphicImage value="/images/cars/#{car.manufacturer}.jpg"/>
            </f:facet>
            <h:outputText value="Model:" />
            <h:outputText value="#{carBean.selectedCar.year}" />

            //more selectedCar properties
        </h:panelGrid>

    </p:dialog>

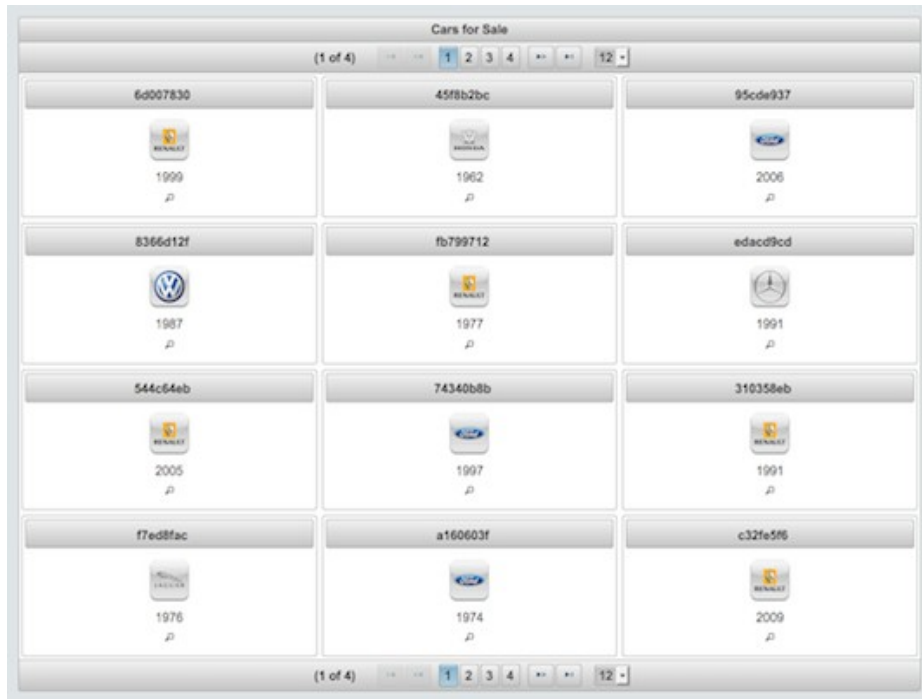
</h:form>
```

```
public class CarBean {

    private List<Car> cars;
    private Car selectedCar;
    //getters and setters
}
```

Layout Modes

DataGrid has two layout modes, "tabular" mode uses a table element and "grid" mode uses PrimeFaces Grid CSS create a responsive ui.



On a smaller screen, grid mode adjusts the content for the optimal view.



Ajax Behavior Events

Event	Listener Parameter	Fired
page	org.primefaces.event.data.PageEvent	On pagination.

```
<p:dataGrid var="car" value="#{carBean.model}">
    <p:ajax event="page" update="anothercomponent" />
    //content
</p:dataGrid>
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.DataGrid*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
getPaginator()	-	Paginator	Returns the paginator widget.

Skinning

DataGrid resides in a main div container which style and styleClass attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Class	Applies
.ui-datagrid	Main container element
.ui-datagrid-content	Content container.
.ui-datagrid-data	Table element containing data
.ui-datagrid-row	A row in grid
.ui-datagrid-column	A column in grid

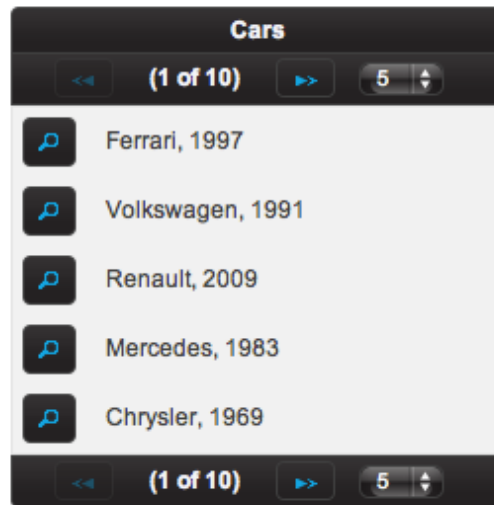
As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

Tips

- DataGrid supports lazy loading data via LazyDataModel, see DataTable lazy loading section.
- DataGrid provides two facets named *header* and *footer* that you can use to provide custom content at these locations.

3.32 DataList

DataList presents a collection of data in list layout with several display types.



Info

Tag	dataList
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.datalist.DataList
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.DataList
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.DataListRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.datalist.DataListRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Data to display.
var	null	String	Name of the request-scoped variable used to refer each data.
rows	null	Integer	Number of rows to display per page.
first	0	Integer	Index of the first row to be displayed

Name	Default	Type	Description
type	unordered	String	Type of the list, valid values are "unordered", "ordered", "definition" and "none".
itemType	null	String	Specifies the list item type.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
paginator	false	boolean	Enables pagination.
paginatorTemplate	null	String	Template of the paginator.
rowsPerPageTemplate	null	String	Template of the rowsPerPage dropdown.
currentPageReportTemplate	null	String	Template of the currentPageReport UI.
pageLinks	10	Integer	Maximum number of page links to display.
paginatorPosition	both	String	Position of the paginator.
paginatorAlwaysVisible	true	Boolean	Defines if paginator should be hidden if total data count is less than number of rows per page.
style	null	String	Inline style of the main container.
styleClass	Null	String	Style class of the main container.
rowIndexVar	null	String	Name of the iterator to refer each row index.
varStatus	null	String	Name of the exported request scoped variable to represent state of the iteration same as in ui:repeat varStatus.
lazy	false	Boolean	Defines if lazy loading is enabled for the data component.
emptyMessage	No records found.	String	Text to display when there is no data to display.
itemStyleClass	null	String	Style class of an item in list.

Getting started with the DataList

Since DataList is a data iteration component, it renders it's children for each data represented with *var* option. See itemType section for more information about the possible values.

```
<p:dataList value="#{carBean.cars}" var="car" itemType="disc">
    #{car.manufacturer}, #{car.year}
</p:dataList>
```

Ordered Lists

DataList displays the data in unordered format by default, if you'd like to use ordered display set *type* option to "ordered".

```
<p:dataList value="#{carBean.cars}" var="car" type="ordered">
    #{car.manufacturer}, #{car.year}
</p:dataList>
```

Item Type

itemType defines the bullet type of each item. For ordered lists, in addition to commonly used *decimal* type, following item types are available;

- A
- a
- i

And for unordered lists, available values are;

- disc
- circle
- square

Definition Lists

Third type of *dataList* is definition lists that display inline description for each item, to use definition list set *type* option to *"definition"*. Detail content is provided with the facet called *"description"*.

```
<p:dataList value="#{carBean.cars}" var="car" type="definition">
    Model: #{car.model}, Year: #{car.year}
    <f:facet name="description">
        <p:graphicImage value="/images/cars/#{car.manufacturer}.jpg"/>
    </f:facet>
</p:dataList>
```



Ajax Pagination

DataList has a built-in paginator that is enabled by setting *paginator* option to *true*.

```
<p:dataList value="#{carBean.cars}" var="car" paginator="true" rows="10">
    #{car.manufacturer}, #{car.year}
</p:dataList>
```

Pagination configuration and usage is same as *dataGrid*, see pagination section in *dataGrid* documentation for more information and examples.

Ajax Behavior Events

Event	Listener Parameter	Fired
page	org.primefaces.event.data.PageEvent	On pagination.

```
<p:dataList var="car" value="#{carBean.model}">
  <p:ajax event="page" update="anothercomponent" />
  //content
</p:dataList>
```

Selecting Data

Data selection can be implemented same as in dataGrid, see selecting data section in dataGrid documentation for more information and an example.

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.DataList*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
getPaginator()	-	Paginator	Returns the paginator widget.

Skinning

DataList resides in a main div container which style and styleClass attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Class	Applies
.ui-datalist	Main container element
.ui-datalist-content	Content container
.ui-datalist-data	Data container
.ui-datalist-item	Each item in list

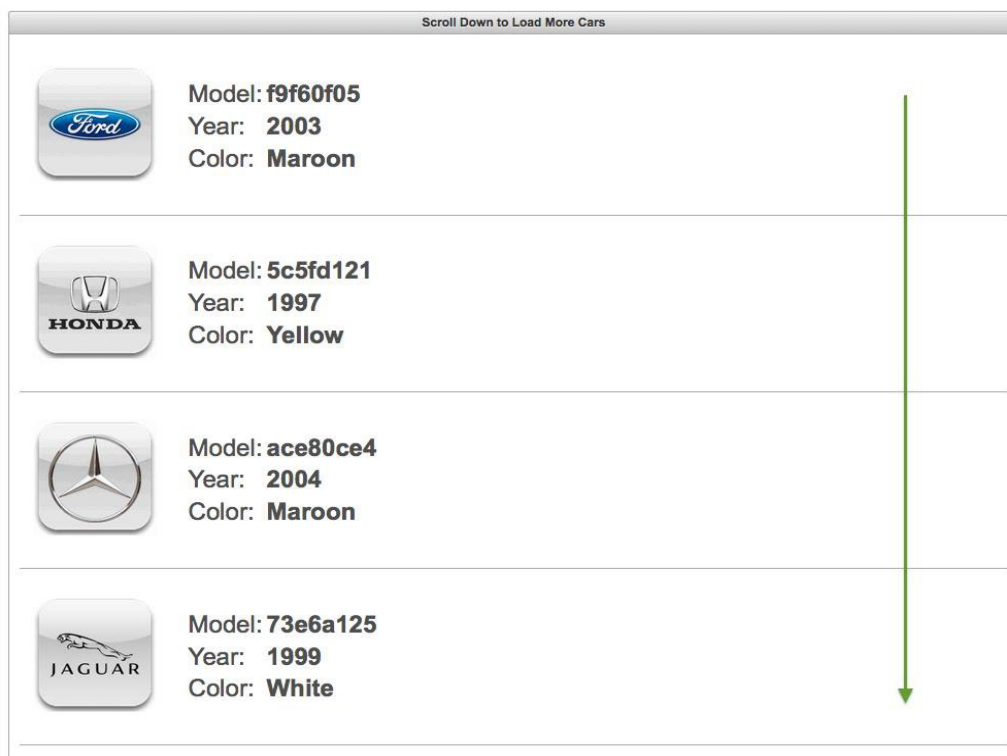
As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

Tips

- DataList supports lazy loading data via LazyDataModel, see DataTable lazy loading section.
- If you need full control over list type markup, set type to "none". With this setting, datalist does not render item tags like li and behaves like ui:repeat.
- DataList provides two facets named *header* and *footer* that you can use to provide custom content at these locations.

3.33 DataScroller

DataScroller displays a collection of data with on demand loading using scrolling.



Info

Tag	dataScroller
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.datascroller.DataScroller
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.DataScroller
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.DataScrollerRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.datascroller.DataScrollerRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean

Name	Default	Type	Description
value	null	Object	Data to display.
var	null	String	Name of the request-scoped variable used to refer each data.
rows	null	Integer	Number of rows to display per page.
first	0	Integer	Index of the first row to be displayed
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
style	null	String	Inline style of the main container.
styleClass	Null	String	Style class of the main container.
chunkSize	0	int	Number of items to fetch in each load.
rowIndexVar	null	String	Name of iterator to refer each row index.
mode	document	String	Defines the target to listen for scroll event, valid values are "document" (default) and "inline".
scrollHeight	null	String	Defines pixel height of the viewport in inline mode.
lazy	false	Boolean	Defines if lazy loading is enabled for the data component.
buffer	10	Integer	Percentage height of the buffer between the bottom of the page and the scroll position to initiate the load for the new chunk. Value is defined in integer and default is 10 meaning load would happen after 90% of the viewport is scrolled down.

Getting started with the DataScroller

DataScroller requires a collection of data to display, when the page is scrolled down, datascroller will do a request with ajax to fetch the new chunk of data and append them at the bottom.

```
<p:dataScroller value="#{carBean.cars}" var="car" chunkSize="10">
    #{car.manufacturer}
    //more content
</p:dataScroller>
```

Scroll Mode

Default element whose scrollbar is monitored is page itself, *mode* option is used to customize the scroll target. Two possible options for the mode attribute are “document” and “inline”. Document mode is default and *inline* mode listens to the scroll event of the datascroller container itself.

```
<p:dataScroller value="#{carBean.cars}" var="car" mode="inline" chunkSize="10">
    #{car.manufacturer}
    //more content
</p:dataScroller>
```

Loader

In case of scrolling, a UI element such as button can be defined as the loader so that new data is loaded when the loader element is clicked. Loader component is defined using "loader" facet.

```
<p:dataScroller value="#{carBean.cars}" var="car" mode="inline" chunkSize="10">
    #{car.manufacturer}
    //more content
    <f:facet name="loader">
        <p:commandButton type="button" value="View More" />
    </f:facet>
</p:dataScroller>
```

Lazy Loading

Lazy loading is enabled by enabling the lazy attribute and providing a LazyDataModel instance as the value. Refer to lazy load example in DataTable for an example about LazyDataModel.

```
<p:dataScroller value="#{carBean.lazyModel}" var="car" lazy="true">
    #{car.manufacturer}
    //more content
</p:dataScroller>
```

Header

Header of the component is defined using header facet.

```
<p:dataScroller value="#{carBean.lazyModel}" var="car">
    <f:facet name="header">Cars</f:facet>
    #{car.manufacturer}
    //more content
</p:dataScroller>
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.DataScroller*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
load()	-	void	Loads the next chunk.

Skinning

DataScroller resides in a main div container which style and styleClass attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Class	Applies
.ui-datascroller	Main container element
.ui-datascroller-inline	Main container element in inline mode
.ui-datalist-header	Header element
.ui-datalist-content	Content element
.ui-datascroller-list	List element container
.ui-datascroller-item	Container of each item in the list
.ui-datascroller-loader	Container of custom loader element.
.ui-datascroller-loading	Built-in load status indicator

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.34 DataTable

DataTable displays data in tabular format.

Model	Year	Manufacturer	Color
fe1c52bb	1968	Volkswagen	Orange
4f95b4f8	1993	BMW	Red
cb9d1d28	2005	Opel	Green
e297b6eb	1980	Volvo	Silver
c67450c1	1971	Volkswagen	Brown
669699ae	2000	Jaguar	Blue
d632787b	1965	Ford	Silver
5d8b24ce	1988	Jaguar	Maroon
814ef317	1970	BMW	Red
d1b57e10	1970	Ford	Red

Info

Tag	dataTable
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.datatable.DataTable
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.DataTable
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.DataTableRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.datatable.DataTableRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	false	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Data to display.
var	null	String	Name of the request-scoped variable used to refer each data.
rows	null	Integer	Number of rows to display per page.
first	0	Integer	Index of the first row to be displayed

Name	Default	Type	Description
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
paginator	false	Boolean	Enables pagination.
paginatorTemplate	null	String	Template of the paginator.
rowsPerPageTemplate	null	String	Template of the rowsPerPage dropdown.
rowsPerPageLabel	null	String	Label for the rowsPerPage dropdown.
currentPageReportTemplate	null	String	Template of the currentPageReport UI.
pageLinks	10	Integer	Maximum number of page links to display.
paginatorPosition	both	String	Position of the paginator.
paginatorAlwaysVisible	true	Boolean	Defines if paginator should be hidden if total data count is less than number of rows per page.
scrollable	false	Boolean	Makes data scrollable with fixed header.
scrollHeight	null	Integer	Scroll viewport height.
scrollWidth	null	Integer	Scroll viewport width.
selectionMode	null	String	Enables row selection, valid values are “single” and “multiple”.
selection	null	Object	Reference to the selection data.
rowIndexVar	null	String	Name of iterator to refer each row index.
emptyMessage	No records found.	String	Text to display when there is no data to display. Alternative is emptyMessage facet.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
dblClickSelect	false	Boolean	Enables row selection on double click.
liveScroll	false	Boolean	Enables live scrolling.
rowStyleClass	null	String	Style class for each row.
onExpandStart	null	String	Client side callback to execute before expansion.
resizableColumns	false	Boolean	Enables column resizing.
sortBy	null	Object	Property to be used for default sorting.
sortOrder	ascending	String	“ascending” or “descending”.
scrollRows	0	Integer	Number of rows to load on live scroll.
rowKey	null	String	Unique identifier of a row.
tableStyle	null	String	Inline style of the table element.

Name	Default	Type	Description
tableStyleClass	null	String	Style class of the table element.
filterEvent	keyup	String	Event to invoke filtering for input filters.
filterDelay	300	Integer	Delay in milliseconds before sending an ajax filter query.
draggableColumns	false	Boolean	Columns can be reordered with dragdrop when enabled.
editable	false	Boolean	Controls incell editing.
lazy	false	Boolean	Controls lazy loading.
filteredValue	null	List	List to keep filtered data.
sortMode	single	String	Defines sorting mode, valid values are <i>single</i> and <i>multiple</i> .
editMode	row	String	Defines edit mode, valid values are <i>row</i> and <i>cell</i> .
editingRow	false	Boolean	Defines if cell editors of row should be displayed as editable or not.
cellSeparator	null	String	Separator text to use in output mode of editable cells with multiple components.
summary	null	String	Summary attribute for WCAG.
frozenRows	null	Object	Collection to display as fixed in scrollable mode.
dir	ltr	String	Defines text direction, valid values are <i>ltr</i> and <i>rtl</i> .
liveResize	false	Boolean	Columns are resized live in this mode without using a resize helper.
stickyHeader	false	Boolean	Sticky header stays in window viewport during scrolling.
expandedRow	false	Boolean	Defines if row should be rendered as expanded by default.
disabledSelection	false	Boolean	Disables row selection when true.
rowSelectMode	new	String	Defines row selection mode for multiple selection. Valid values are "new", "add" and "checkbox".
rowExpandMode	new	String	Defines row expand mode, valid values are "single" and "multiple" (default).
dataLocale	null	Object	Locale to be used in features such as filtering and sorting, defaults to view locale.
nativeElements	false	Boolean	Uses native radio-checkbox elements for row selection.
frozenColumns	0	Integer	Number of columns to freeze from start index 0.

Name	Default	Type	Description
draggableRows	false	Boolean	When enabled, rows can be reordered using dragdrop.
caseSensitiveSort	false	Boolean	Case sensitivity for sorting, insensitive by default.
skipChildren	false	Boolean	Ignores processing of children during lifecycle, improves performance if table only has output components.
disabledTextSelection	true	Boolean	Disables text selection on row click.
sortField	null	String	Name of the field to pass lazy load method for sorting. If not specified, sortBy expression is used to extract the name.
initMode	load	String	Defines when the datatable is initiated at client side, valid values are "load" (default) and "immediate".
nullSortOrder	1	Integer	Defines where the null values are placed in ascending sort order. Default value is "1" meaning null values are placed at the end in ascending mode and at beginning in descending mode. Set to "-1" for the opposite behavior.
tabindex	null	String	Position of the element in the tabbing order.
reflow	false	Boolean	Reflow mode is a responsive mode to display columns as stacked depending on screen size.
liveScrollBuffer	0	Integer	Percentage height of the buffer between the bottom of the page and the scroll position to initiate the load for the new chunk. Value is defined in integer and default is 0.
rowHover	false	Boolean	Adds hover effect to rows, default is false. Hover is always on when selection is enabled.
rowStatePreserved	false	Boolean	Keeps state of its children on a per-row basis. Default is false.
resizeMode	fit	String	Defines the resize behavior, valid values are "fit" (default) and expand.

Getting started with the DataTable

We will be using the same Car and CarBean classes described in DataGrid section.

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}">
  <p:column>
    <f:facet name="header">
      <h:outputText value="Model" />
    </f:facet>
    <h:outputText value="#{car.model}" />
  </p:column>
  //more columns
</p:dataTable>

```

Header and Footer

Both datatable itself and columns can have custom content in their headers and footers using header and footer facets respectively. Alternatively for columns there are headerText and footerText shortcuts to display simple texts.

List of Cars			
Model	Manufacturer	Color	Year
16c9b7c6	Mercedes	Maroon	1979
de0e4475	Volkswagen	Maroon	1994
d17a0cac	Ford	Black	1998
0db0095d	Ford	Red	1983
c09b2d08	Renault	Red	1962
a5e3c203	Volkswagen	Green	2007
196bd9e9	Ford	White	1994
111db4d2	Ford	Silver	1994
73b17bd0	Volvo	Blue	1973
8 digit code			1960-2010
In total there are 9 cars.			

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}">
  <f:facet name="header">
    List of Cars
  </f:facet>
  <p:column>
    <f:facet name="header">
      Model
    </f:facet>
    #{car.model}
    <f:facet name="footer">
      8 digit code
    </f:facet>
  </p:column>
  <p:column headerText="Year" footerText="1960-2010">
    #{car.year}
  </p:column>
  //more columns
  <f:facet name="footer">
    In total there are #{fn:length(carBean.cars)} cars.
  </f:facet>
</p:dataTable>

```

Pagination

DataTable has a built-in ajax based paginator that is enabled by setting paginator option to true, see pagination section in dataGrid documentation for more information about customization options.

```
<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}" paginator="true" rows="10">
    //columns
</p:dataTable>
```

Sorting

Defining *sortBy* attribute enables ajax based sorting on that particular column.

```
<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}">
    <p:column sortBy="#{car.model}" headerText="Model">
        <h:outputText value="#{car.model}" />
    </p:column>
    ...more columns
</p:dataTable>
```

Instead of using the default sorting algorithm which uses a java comparator, you can plug-in your own sort method as well.

```
public int sortByModel(Object car1, Object car2) {
    //return -1, 0 , 1 if car1 is less than, equal to or greater than car2
}
```

```
<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}">
    <p:column sortBy="#{car.model}" sortFunction="#{carBean.sortByModel}"
        headerText="Model">
        <h:outputText value="#{car.model}" />
    </p:column>
    ...more columns
</p:dataTable>
```

Multiple sorting is enabled by setting *sortMode* to *multiple*. In this mode, clicking a sort column while metakey is on adds sort column to the order group.

```
<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}" sortMode="multiple">
    //columns
</p:dataTable>
```

DataTable can display data sorted by default, to implement this use the *sortBy* option of datatable and the optional *sortOrder*. Table below would be initially displayed as sorted by model.

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}" sortBy="#{car.model}">

    <p:column sortBy="#{car.model}" headerText="Model">
        <h:outputText value="#{car.model}" />
    </p:column>

    <p:column sortBy="#{car.year}" headerText="Year">
        <h:outputText value="#{car.year}" />
    </p:column>

    ...more columns
</p:dataTable>

```

Filtering

Ajax based filtering is enabled by setting *filterBy* at column level and providing a list to keep the filtered sublist. It is suggested to use a scope longer than request like *viewscope* to keep the *filteredValue* so that filtered list is still accessible after filtering.

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}"
              filteredValue="#{carBean.filteredCars}">
    <p:column filterBy="#{car.model}" headerText="Model">
        <h:outputText value="#{car.model}" />
    </p:column>
    ...more columns
</p:dataTable>

```

Filtering is triggered with *keyup* event and filter inputs can be styled using *filterStyle*, *filterStyleClass* attributes. If you'd like to use a dropdown instead of an input field to only allow predefined filter values use *filterOptions* attribute and a collection/array of *selectitems* as value. In addition, *filterMatchMode* defines the built-in matcher which is *startsWith* by default.

Following is a basic filtering datatable with these options demonstrated;

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}"
              filteredValue="#{carBean.filteredCars}" widgetVar="carsTable">

    <f:facet name="header">
        <p:outputPanel>
            <h:outputText value="Search all fields:" />
            <h:inputText id="globalFilter" onkeyup="PF('carsTable').filter()" />
        </p:outputPanel>
    </f:facet>

    <p:column filterBy="#{car.model}" headerText="Model" filterMatchMode="contains">
        <h:outputText value="#{car.model}" />
    </p:column>

    <p:column filterBy="#{car.year}" headerText="Year" footerText="startsWith">
        <h:outputText value="#{car.year}" />
    </p:column>

    <p:column filterBy="#{car.manufacturer}" headerText="Manufacturer"
              filterOptions="#{carBean.manufacturerOptions}" filterMatchMode="exact">
        <h:outputText value="#{car.manufacturer}" />
    </p:column>

    <p:column filterBy="#{car.color}" headerText="Color" filterMatchMode="endsWith">
        <h:outputText value="#{car.color}" />
    </p:column>

    <p:column filterBy="#{car.price}" headerText="Price" filterMatchMode="exact">
        <h:outputText value="#{car.price}" />
    </p:column>

</p:dataTable>

```

Filter located at header is a global one applying on all fields, this is implemented by calling client side API method called *filter()*, important part is to specify the id of the input text as *globalFilter* which is a reserved identifier for datatable.

In addition to default filtering with generated elements, custom elements can also be used as a filter facet. Example below uses custom filter components in combination with generated elements. When a custom component is used as a filter facet, filtering needs to be called manually from a preferred event such as `onchange="PF('carsTable').filter()"`. Also defining a converter might be necessary if the value of the filter facet is not defined.

```

<p:dataTable id="dataTable" var="car" value="#{tableBean.carsSmall}"
    widgetVar="carsTable" filteredValue="#{tableBean.filteredCars}">

    <p:column id="modelColumn" filterBy="#{car.model}" headerText="Model"
        footerText="contains" filterMatchMode="contains">
        <h:outputText value="#{car.model}" />
    </p:column>

    <p:column id="yearColumn" filterBy="#{car.year}" headerText="Year"
        footerText="lte" filterMatchMode="lte">
        <f:facet name="filter">
            <p:spinner onChange="PF('carsTable').filter()" min="1960" max="2010">
                <f:converter converterId="javax.faces.Integer" />
            </p:spinner>
        </f:facet>
        <h:outputText value="#{car.year}" />
    </p:column>

    <p:column id="manufacturerColumn" filterBy="#{car.manufacturer}"
headerText="Manufacturer" footerText="exact" filterMatchMode="exact">
        <f:facet name="filter">
            <p:selectOneMenu onChange="PF('carsTable').filter()" >
                <f:selectItems value="#{tableBean.manufacturerOptions}" />
            </p:selectOneMenu>
        </f:facet>
        <h:outputText value="#{car.manufacturer}" />
    </p:column>

    <p:column id="colorColumn" filterBy="#{car.color}" headerText="Color"
        footerText="in" filterMatchMode="in">
        <f:facet name="filter">
            <p:selectCheckboxMenu label="Colors"
onChange="PF('carsTable').filter()">
                <f:selectItems value="#{tableBean.colors}" />
            </p:selectCheckboxMenu>
        </f:facet>
        <h:outputText value="#{car.color}" />
    </p:column>

    <p:column id="soldColumn" filterBy="#{car.sold}" headerText="Status"
footerText="equals" filterMatchMode="equals">
        <f:facet name="filter">
            <p:selectOneButton onChange="PF('carsTable').filter()">
                <f:converter converterId="javax.faces.Boolean" />
                <f:selectItem itemLabel="All" itemValue="" />
                <f:selectItem itemLabel="Sold" itemValue="true" />
                <f:selectItem itemLabel="Sale" itemValue="false" />
            </p:selectOneButton>
        </f:facet>
        <h:outputText value="#{car.sold ? 'Sold': 'Sale'}" />
    </p:column>
</p:dataTable>

```

`filterMatchMode` defines which built-in filtering algorithm would be used per column, valid values for this attribute are;

- **startsWith**: Checks if column value starts with the filter value.
- **endsWith**: Checks if column value ends with the filter value.
- **contains**: Checks if column value contains the filter value.
- **exact**: Checks if string representations of column value and filter value are same.
- **lt**: Checks if column value is less than the filter value.
- **lte**: Checks if column value is less than or equals the filter value.
- **gt**: Checks if column value is greater than the filter value.
- **gte**: Checks if column value is greater than or equals the filter value.
- **equals**: Checks if column value equals the filter value.
- **in**: Checks if column value is in the collection of the filter value.

In case the built-in methods do not suffice, custom filtering can be implemented using `filterFunction` approach.

```
<p:column filterBy="#{car.price}" filterFunction="#{tableBean.filterByPrice}">
    <h:outputText value="#{car.price}">
        <f:convertNumber currencySymbol="$" type="currency"/>
    </h:outputText>
</p:column>
```

filterFunction should be a method with three parameters; column value, filter value and locale. Return value is a boolean, true accepts the value and false rejects it.

```
public boolean filterByPrice(Object value, Object filter, Locale locale) {
    //return true or false
}
```

Locale is provided as optional in case you need to use a locale aware method like *toLowerCase(Locale locale)*. Note that String based filters like *startsWith*, *endsWith* uses *toLowerCase* already and *dataLocale* attribute is used to provide the locale to use when filtering.

Row Selection

There are several ways to select row(s) from datatable. Let's begin by adding a Car reference for single selection and a Car array for multiple selection to the CarBean to hold the selected data.

```
public class CarBean {
    private List<Car> cars;
    private Car selectedCar;
    private Car[] selectedCars;
    public CarBean() {
        cars = new ArrayList<Car>();
        //populate cars
    }
    //getters and setters
}
```

Single Selection with a Command Component

This method is implemented with a command component such as `commandLink` or `commandButton`. Selected row can be set to a server side instance by passing as a parameter if you are using EL 2.2 or using `f:setPropertyActionListener`.

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}">

    <p:column>
        <p:commandButton value="Select">
            <f:setPropertyActionListener value="#{car}"
                target="#{carBean.selectedCar}" />
        </p:commandButton>
    </p:column>

    ...columns

</p:dataTable>

```

Single Selection with Row Click

Previous method works when the button is clicked, if you'd like to enable selection wherever the row is clicked, use *selectionMode* option.

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}" selectionMode="single"
    selection="#{carBean.selectedCar}" rowKey="#{car.id}">
    ...columns
</p:dataTable>

```

Multiple Selection with Row Click

Multiple row selection is similar to single selection but selection should reference an array or a list of the domain object displayed and user needs to use press modifier key (e.g. ctrl) during selection *.

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}" selectionMode="multiple"
    selection="#{carBean.selectedCars}" rowKey="#{car.id}" >
    ...columns
</p:dataTable>

```

Single Selection with RadioButton

Selection a row with a radio button placed on each row is a common case, datatable has built-in support for this method so that you don't need to deal with `h:selectOneRadios` and low level bits. In order to enable this feature, define a column with *selectionMode* set as single.

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}" selection="#{carBean.selectedCar}"
    rowKey="#{car.id}">
    <p:column selectionMode="single"/>
    ...columns
</p:dataTable>

```

Multiple Selection with Checkboxes

Similar to how radio buttons are enabled, define a selection column with a multiple *selectionMode*. DataTable will also provide a selectAll checkbox at column header.

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}" selection="#{carBean.selectedCars}"
    rowKey="#{car.id}" >
    <p:column selectionMode="multiple"/>
    ...columns
</p:dataTable>

```

* Use **rowSelectMode** option to customize the default behavior on row click of a multiple selection enabled datatable. Default value is "new" that clears previous selections, "add" mode keeps previous selections same as selecting a row with mouse click when metakey is on and "checkbox" mode allows row selection with checkboxes only.

RowKey

RowKey should a unique identifier from your data model and used by datatable to find the selected rows. You can either define this key by using the rowKey attribute or by binding a data model which implements *org.primefaces.model.SelectableDataModel*.

Dynamic Columns

Dynamic columns is handy in case you can't know how many columns to render. Columns component is used to define the columns programmatically. It requires a collection as the value, two iterator variables called *var* and *columnIndexVar*.

```
<p:dataTable var="cars" value="#{tableBean.cars}">
  <p:columns value="#{tableBean.columns}" var="column"
    sortBy="#{column.property}" filterBy="#{column.property}">
    <f:facet name="header">
      #{column.header}
    </f:facet>
    <h:outputText value="#{cars[column.property]}" />
  </p:columns>
</p:dataTable>
```

```

public class CarBean {

    private List<ColumnModel> columns = new ArrayList<ColumnModel>();
    private List<Car> cars;

    public CarBean() {
        populateColumns();
        cars = //populate cars;
    }

    public void populateColumns() {
        String[] columnKeys = new String[]{"model","year","color"};

        for(String columnKey : columnKeys) {
            columns.add(new ColumnModel(columnKey.toUpperCase(), columnKey));
        }
    }

    //getters and setters

    static public class ColumnModel implements Serializable {

        private String header;
        private String property;

        public ColumnModel(String header, String property) {
            this.header = header;
            this.property = property;
        }

        public String getHeader() {
            return header;
        }

        public String getProperty() {
            return property;
        }
    }
}

```

Grouping

Grouping is defined by ColumnGroup component used to combine datatable header and footers.

Manufacturer	Sales			
	Sales Count		Profit	
	Last Year	This Year	Last Year	This Year
Mercedes	90%	8%	28031\$	25102\$
BMW	14%	91%	18640\$	28023\$
Volvo	82%	24%	130\$	77724\$
Audi	7%	40%	2272\$	33672\$
Renault	10%	54%	98115\$	40664\$
Opel	63%	28%	10549\$	93746\$
Volkswagen	67%	38%	38242\$	19063\$
Chrysler	40%	63%	10146\$	7697\$
Ferrari	26%	70%	40384\$	62298\$
Ford	14%	94%	96052\$	42233\$
Totals:			342561\$	430222\$

```

<p:dataTable var="sale" value="#{carBean.sales}">
  <p:columnGroup type="header">
    <p:row>
      <p:column rowspan="3" headerText="Manufacturer" />
      <p:column colspan="4" headerText="Sales" />
    </p:row>
    <p:row>
      <p:column colspan="2" headerText="Sales Count" />
      <p:column colspan="2" headerText="Profit" />
    </p:row>
    <p:row>
      <p:column headerText="Last Year" />
      <p:column headerText="This Year" />
      <p:column headerText="Last Year" />
      <p:column headerText="This Year" />
    </p:row>
  </p:columnGroup>
  <p:column>
    #{sale.manufacturer}
  </p:column>
  <p:column>
    #{sale.lastYearProfit}%
  </p:column>
  <p:column>
    #{sale.thisYearProfit}%
  </p:column>
  <p:column>
    #{sale.lastYearSale}$
  </p:column>
  <p:column>
    #{sale.thisYearSale}$
  </p:column>
  <p:columnGroup type="footer">
    <p:row>
      <p:column colspan="3" style="text-align:right" footerText="Totals:" />
      <p:column footerText="#{tableBean.lastYearTotal}$" />
      <p:column footerText="#{tableBean.thisYearTotal}$" />
    </p:row>
  </p:columnGroup>
</p:dataTable>

```

```

public class CarBean {

    private List<Sale> sales;

    public CarBean() {
        sales = //create a list of BrandSale objects
    }

    public List<Sale> getSales() {
        return this.sales;
    }

}

```

For frozen columns, use *frozenHeader*, *frozenFooter*, *scrollableHeader* and *scrollableFooter* types.

Scrolling

Scrolling makes the header-footer of the table fixed and the body part scrollable. *scrollable* attribute must be enabled and depending on the scrolling orientation, *scrollHeight* and/or *scrollWidth* options must be specified.

```
<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{bean.data}" scrollable="true" scrollHeight="150">
    <p:column />
    //columns
</p:dataTable>
```

Model	Year	Manufacturer	Color
069794d7	1991	Volvo	Silver
4aeec6c	1993	Ford	Green
09cbc05c	1983	Chrysler	Maroon
2d374a04	1964	Ferrari	Red
9c09bc54	1987	Volkswagen	Blue
25d45a08	1993	Opel	White
Model	Year	Year	Year

Simple scrolling renders all data to client whereas live scrolling is useful to deal with huge data, in this case data is fetched whenever the scrollbar reaches bottom. Set *liveScroll* to enable this option;

```
<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{bean.data}" scrollable="true" scrollHeight="150"
    liveScroll="true">
    <p:column />
    //columns
</p:dataTable>
```

Scrolling has 3 modes; x, y and x-y scrolling that are defined by *scrollHeight* and *scrollWidth*. These two scroll attributes can be defined using integer values indicating fixed pixels or percentages relative to the container dimensions.

Frozen Rows

Certain rows can be fixed in a scrollable table by using the *frozenRows* attribute that defines the number of rows to freeze from the start.

```
<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{bean.data}" scrollable="true" scrollHeight="150"
    frozenRows="2">
    <p:column />
    //columns
</p:dataTable>
```

Frozen Columns

Specific columns can be fixed while the rest of them remain as scrollable. *frozenColumns* defines the number of columns to freeze from the start.

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{bean.data}" scrollable="true" scrollWidth="200"
    frozenColumns="2">

    <p:column />
    //columns
</p:dataTable>

```

Expandable Rows

RowToggler and *RowExpansion* facets are used to implement expandable rows.

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}">

    <f:facet name="header">
        Expand rows to see detailed information
    </f:facet>

    <p:column>
        <p:rowToggler />
    </p:column>

    //columns

    <p:rowExpansion>
        //Detailed content of a car
    </p:rowExpansion>

</p:dataTable>

```

p:rowToggler component places an expand/collapse icon, clicking on a collapsed row loads expanded content with ajax. If you need to display a row as expanded by default, use *expandedRow* attribute which is evaluated before rendering of each row so value expressions are supported. Additionally, *rowExpandMode* attribute defines if multiple rows can be expanded at the same time or not, valid values are "single" and "multiple" (default).

Expand rows to see detailed information		
	Model	Year
	0b8313c2	1976
	2be34a8c	1995
	08e342c4	2004
	b5d03231	1998
	 Model: b5d03231 Year: 1998 Manufacturer: Mercedes Color: Red	
	b50b6dcc	1974
	db39801c	1995
	f76c474f	1989
	2c9b67a2	2005
	94fb553f	1973

Editing

Incell editing provides an easy way to display editable data. *p:cellEditor* is used to define the cell editor of a particular column. There are two types of editing, *row* and *cell*. Row editing is the default mode and used by adding a *p:rowEditor* component as row controls.

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.cars}" editable="true">

    <f:facet name="header">
        In-Cell Editing
    </f:facet>

    <p:column headerText="Model">
        <p:cellEditor>
            <f:facet name="output">
                <h:outputText value="#{car.model}" />
            </f:facet>
            <f:facet name="input">
                <h:inputText value="#{car.model}" />
            </f:facet>
        </p:cellEditor>
    </p:column>
    //more columns with cell editors

    <p:column>
        <p:rowEditor />
    </p:column>
</p:dataTable>

```

In-Cell Editing				
Model	Year	Manufacturer	Color	Options
824641ad	1976	Volvo	Yellow	
a9bf1625	1961	Volkswagen	Orange	
d859a7ba	1977	Ferrari	Brown	
9379f6f5	1961	Renault	Silver	 
744a8017	1960	Chrysler	Silver	
80feefe5	2000	Opel	Yellow	
9e0c7267	1982	Opel	Red	
33124250	1984	Ford	Red	
0349899f	1977	Renault	Red	

When pencil icon is clicked, row is displayed in editable mode meaning input facets are displayed and output facets are hidden. Clicking tick icon only saves that particular row and cancel icon reverts the changes, both options are implemented with ajax interaction.

Another option for incell editing is cell editing, in this mode a cell switches to edit mode when it is clicked, losing focus triggers an ajax event to save the change value.

Lazy Loading

Lazy Loading is an approach to deal with huge datasets efficiently, regular ajax based pagination works by rendering only a particular page but still requires all data to be loaded into memory. Lazy loading datatable renders a particular page similarly but also only loads the page data into memory not the whole dataset. In order to implement this, you'd need to bind a *org.primefaces.model.LazyDataModel* as the value and implement *load* method and enable *lazy* option. Also it is required to implement *getRowData* and *getRowKey* if you have selection enabled.

```
<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.model}" paginator="true" rows="10"
    lazy="true">
    //columns
</p:dataTable>
```

```
public class CarBean {

    private LazyDataModel model;

    public CarBean() {
        model = new LazyDataModel() {
            @Override
            public void load(int first, int pageSize, String sortField,
                SortOrder sortOrder, Map<String, Object> filters) {
                //load physical data
            }
        };

        int totalRowCount = //logical row count based on a count query
        model.setRowCount(totalRowCount);
    }

    public LazyDataModel getModel() {
        return model;
    }
}
```

DataTable calls your load implementation whenever a paging, sorting or filtering occurs with following parameters;

- first: Offset of first data to start from
- pageSize: Number of data to load
- sortField: Name of sort field
- sortOrder: SortOrder enum.
- filter: Filter map with field name as key (e.g. "model" for filterBy="#{car.model}") and value.

In addition to load method, totalRowCount needs to be provided so that paginator can display itself according to the logical number of rows to display.

It is suggested to use *field* attribute of column component to define the field names passed as sortField and filterFields, otherwise these fields would be tried to get extracted from the value expression which is not possible in cases like composite components.

Sticky Header

Sticky Header feature makes the datatable header visible on page scrolling.

```
<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.model}" stickyHeader="true">
    //columns
</p:dataTable>
```

Model	Year	Manufacturer	Color
d975132e	2006	Volvo	White
9479fe68	2002	Opel	White
1aaad80a	2000	Opel	Orange
6082eb65	1965	Audi	Red
359eeeb6	1967	Mercedes	White
40a6a578	2006	Ferrari	Red
3c96cad6	1983	Volkswagen	Blue



Model	Year	Manufacturer	Color
9479fe68	2002	Opel	White
1aaad80a	2000	Opel	Orange
6082eb65	1965	Audi	Red
359eeeb6	1967	Mercedes	White
40a6a578	2006	Ferrari	Red
3c96cad6	1983	Volkswagen	Blue
2f146e89	2002	Audi	Blue
beaa8f3d	1989	BMW	Blue
90049864	1984	Audi	White
acf9632b	1992	Audi	Yellow
a46a5b9a	1992	Chrysler	White

SummaryRow

Summary is a helper component to display a summary for the grouping which is defined by the sortBy option.

Model	Year	Manufacturer	Color
30d423c1	1995	Volvo	Orange
caa74a90	2005	Volvo	White
2295d17b	1996	Volvo	Blue
d9548573	1990	Volvo	Black
3f2fddb1	1979	Volvo	Blue
c9cb10af	2007	Volvo	Maroon
d69007fb	1998	Volvo	Black
Total:			40272\$
986742ea	1966	Volkswagen	Orange
f5045e9a	2006	Volkswagen	Red
3498c563	1994	Volkswagen	Red
Total:			61413\$

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{tableBean.cars}">

    <p:column headerText="Model">
        #{car.model}
    </p:column>

    <p:column headerText="Year" sortBy="year">
        #{car.year}
    </p:column>

    <p:column headerText="Manufacturer" sortBy="manufacturer">
        #{car.manufacturer}
    </p:column>

    <p:column headerText="Color" sortBy="color">
        #{car.color}
    </p:column>

    <p:summaryRow>
        <p:column colspan="3" style="text-align:right">
            Total:
        </p:column>

        <p:column>
            #{tableBean.randomPrice}$
        </p:column>
    </p:summaryRow>
</p:dataTable>

```

Column Toggler

Visibility of columns can be toggled using the column toggler helper component.

List of Cars			Columns
Model	Color	Year	
7ec4ef00	Yellow	2007	☒ Model
96b9492d	Yellow	1984	☐ Manufacturer
ae9742a4	Orange	1972	☒ Color
e4d0922b	Green	2000	☒ Year
176a7f17	Black	1994	
beb3563	Brown	1977	
b9a045fd	Black	1960	
82cafa95	Silver	1995	
49d09cbd	Silver	1963	

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{tableBean.cars}">

    <f:facet name="header">
        List of Cars

        <p:commandButton id="toggler" type="button" value="Columns"
style="float:right" icon="ui-icon-calculator" />
        <p:columnToggler datasource="cars" trigger="toggler" />
    </f:facet>

    <p:column headerText="Model">
        #{car.model}
    </p:column>

    <p:column headerText="Year" sortBy="year">
        #{car.year}
    </p:column>

    <p:column headerText="Manufacturer" sortBy="manufacturer">
        #{car.manufacturer}
    </p:column>

    <p:column headerText="Color" sortBy="color">
        #{car.color}
    </p:column>

</p:dataTable>

```

On page load, column chooser finds all columns of datatable and generates the ui. If you'd like some of the columns to be ignored, set *toggleable* option of a column as false and for certain ones to be hidden by default, set *visible* as false. Optional *toggle* ajax behavior is provided by *columnChooser* component to listen to toggle events at server side. Listener of this behavior gets an *org.primefaces.event.ToggleEvent* as a parameter that gives the visibility and index of the column being toggled.

Reordering Rows

Rows of the table can be reordered using drag&drop. Set *draggableRows* attribute to true to enable this feature.

Optional *rowReorder* ajax behavior is provided to listen to reorder events at server side. Listener of this behavior gets an *org.primefaces.event.ReorderEvent* as a parameter that gives the past and current index of the row being moved.

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{tableBean.cars}" draggableRows="true">

    <p:ajax event="rowReorder" listener="#{tableBean.onRowReorder}" />

    <p:column headerText="Model">
        #{car.model}
    </p:column>

    //columns

</p:dataTable>

```

```

public class TableBean {

    //...

    public void onRowReorder(ReorderEvent event) {
        //int from = event.getFromIndex();
        //int end = event.getEndIndex();
    }

}

```

Reordering Columns

Columns of the table can be reordered using drag&drop as well. Set `draggableColumns` attribute to `true` to enable this feature. Optional `colReorder` ajax behavior is provided to listen to reorder events at server side.

```

<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{tableBean.cars}" draggableColumns="true">

    <p:column headerText="Model">
        #{car.model}
    </p:column>
    //columns

</p:dataTable>

```

Responsive DataTable

DataTable has two responsive modes; priority and reflow. In priority mode, responsiveness is based on column priorities that vary between 1 and 6. Lower value means higher priority. On the other hand in reflow mode that is enabled by setting `reflow` to `true`, all columns will be visible but displayed as stacked.

Ajax Behavior Events

Event	Listener Parameter	Fired
page	org.primefaces.event.data.PageEvent	On pagination.
sort	org.primefaces.event.data.SortEvent	When a column is sorted.
filter	org.primefaces.event.data.FilterEvent	On filtering.
rowSelect	org.primefaces.event.SelectEvent	When a row is being selected.
rowUnselect	org.primefaces.event.UnselectEvent	When a row is being unselected.
rowEdit	org.primefaces.event.RowEditEvent	When a row is edited.
rowEditInit	org.primefaces.event.RowEditEvent	When a row switches to edit mode
rowEditCancel	org.primefaces.event.RowEditEvent	When row edit is cancelled.
colResize	org.primefaces.event.ColumnResizeEvent	When a column is being selected.

Event	Listener Parameter	Fired
toggleSelect	org.primefaces.event.ToggleSelectEvent	When header checkbox is toggled.
colReorder	-	When columns are reordered.
rowSelectRadio	org.primefaces.event.SelectEvent	Row selection with radio.
rowSelectCheckbox	org.primefaces.event.SelectEvent	Row selection with checkbox.
rowUnselectCheckbox	org.primefaces.event.UnselectEvent	Row unselection with checkbox.
rowDblselect	org.primefaces.event.SelectEvent	Row selection with double click.
rowToggle	org.primefaces.event.ToggleEvent	Row expand or collapse.
contextMenu	org.primefaces.event.SelectEvent	ContextMenu display.
cellEdit	org.primefaces.event.CellEditEvent	When a cell is edited.
rowReorder	org.primefaces.event.ReorderEvent	On row reorder.

For example, datatable below makes an ajax request when a row is selected with a click on row.

```
<p:dataTable var="car" value="#{carBean.model}">
    <p:ajax event="rowSelect" update="another_component" />
    //columns
</p:dataTable>
```

Moreover *org.primefaces.event.data.PostSortEvent*, *org.primefaces.event.data.PostFilterEvent* and *org.primefaces.event.data.PostPageEvent*, are provided as component system events that can used via *f:event* tag.

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.DataTable*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
getPaginator()	-	Paginator	Returns the paginator instance.
clearFilters()	-	void	Clears all column filters
getSelectedRowsCount()		Number	Returns number of selected rows.
selectRow(r, silent)	<i>r</i> : number or tr element as jQuery object, <i>silent</i> : flag to fire row select ajax behavior	void	Selects the given row.
unselectRow(r, silent)	<i>r</i> : number or tr element as jQuery object, <i>silent</i> : flag to fire row select ajax behavior	void	Unselects the given row.
unselectAllRows()	-	void	Unselects all rows.

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
toggleCheckAll()	-	void	Toggles header checkbox state.
filter()	-	Void	Filters the data.
selectAllRows()	-	void	Select all rows.
selectAllRowsOnPage()	-	void	Select all rows on current page.
unselectAllRowsOnPage()	-	void	Unselect all rows on current page.

Skinning

DataTable resides in a main container element which *style* and *styleClass* options apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Class	Applies
.ui-datatable	Main container element
.ui-datatable-data	Table body
.ui-datatable-empty-message	Empty message row
.ui-datatable-header	Table header
.ui-datatable-footer	Table footer
.ui-sortable-column	Sortable columns
.ui-sortable-column-icon	Icon of a sortable icon
.ui-expanded-row-content	Content of an expanded row
.ui-row-toggler	Row toggler for row expansion
.ui-editable-column	Columns with a cell editor
.ui-cell-editor	Container of input and output controls of an editable cell
.ui-cell-editor-input	Container of input control of an editable cell
.ui-cell-editor-output	Container of output control of an editable cell
.ui-datatable-even	Even numbered rows
.ui-datatable-odd	Odd numbered rows
.ui-datatable-scrollable	Main container element of a scrollable table.
.ui-datatable-scrollable-header	Header wrapper of a scrollable table.
.ui-datatable-scrollable-header-box	Header container of a scrollable table.
.ui-datatable-scrollable-body	Body container of a scrollable table.
.ui-datatable-scrollable-footer	Footer wrapper of a scrollable table.

Class	Applies
.ui-datatable-scrollable-footer-box	Footer container of a scrollable table.
.ui-datatable-resizable	Main container element of a resizable table.
.ui-datatable-frozencolumn	Frozen columns.

3.35 DefaultCommand

Which command to submit the form with when enter key is pressed a common problem in web apps not just specific to JSF. Browsers tend to behave differently as there doesn't seem to be a standard and even if a standard exists, IE probably will not care about it. There are some ugly workarounds like placing a hidden button and writing javascript for every form in your app. DefaultCommand solves this problem by normalizing the command(e.g. button or link) to submit the form with on enter key press.

Info

Tag	defaultCommand
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.defaultcommand.DefaultCommand
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.DefaultCommand
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.DefaultCommandRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.defaultcommand.DefaultCommandRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget
target	null	String	Identifier of the default command component.
scope	null	String	Identifier of the ancestor component to enable multiple default commands in a form.

Getting Started with the DefaultCommand

DefaultCommand must be nested inside a form requires *target* option to reference a clickable command. Example below triggers *btn2* when enter key is pressed. Note that an input must have focused due to browser nature.

```
<h:form id="form">

    <h:panelGrid columns="3" cellpadding="5">
        <h:outputLabel for="name" value="Name:" style="font-weight:bold"/>
        <p:inputText id="name" value="#{defaultCommandBean.text}" />
        <h:outputText value="#{defaultCommandBean.text}" id="display" />
    </h:panelGrid>

    <p:commandButton value="Button1" id="btn1" actionListener="#{bean.submit1}"
        ajax="false"/>
    <p:commandButton value="Button2" id="btn2" actionListener="#{bean.submit2}" />

    <h:commandButton value="Button3" id="btn3" actionListener="#{bean.submit3}" />

    <p:defaultCommand target="bt2" />

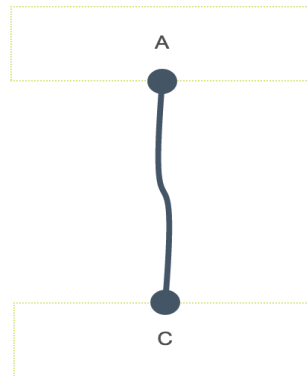
</h:form>
```

Scope

If you need multiple default commands on same page use scope attribute that refers to the ancestor component of the target input.

3.36 Diagram

Diagram is generic component to create visual elements and connect them on a web page. SVG is used on modern browsers and VML on IE 8 and below. Component is highly flexible in terms of api, events and theming.



Info

Tag	diagram
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.diagram.Diagram
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Diagram
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.DiagramRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.diagram.DiagramRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget
value	null	String	Model of the diagram.
converter	null	Converter /String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id.

Name	Default	Type	Description
style	null	String	Inline style of the diagram.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the diagram.

Getting started with the Diagram

Diagram requires a backend model to display.

```
<p:diagram value="#{diagramBasicView.model}" style="height:400px" />
```

There are various concepts in diagram model;

- Element: Main type to be connected.
- EndPoint: Ports of elements to be used in connection.
- Connector: Connector to join elements.
- Overlay: Decorators over connectors and endpoints.

```
public class BasicView {

    private DefaultDiagramModel model;

    @PostConstruct
    public void init() {
        model = new DefaultDiagramModel();
        model.setMaxConnections(-1);

        Element elementA = new Element("A", "20em", "6em");
        elementA.addEndPoint(new DotEndPoint(EndPointAnchor.BOTTOM));

        Element elementB = new Element("B", "10em", "18em");
        elementB.addEndPoint(new DotEndPoint(EndPointAnchor.TOP));

        Element elementC = new Element("C", "40em", "18em");
        elementC.addEndPoint(new DotEndPoint(EndPointAnchor.TOP));

        model.addElement(elementA);
        model.addElement(elementB);
        model.addElement(elementC);

        model.connect(new Connection(elementA.getEndpoints().get(0),
        elementB.getEndpoints().get(0)));
        model.connect(new Connection(elementA.getEndpoints().get(0),
        elementC.getEndpoints().get(0)));
    }

    public DiagramModel getModel() {
        return model;
    }
}
```

In diagram above, there are 3 elements each having endpoints of dot type. After adding them to the model, 2 connections are made, first one being A to B and second one from A to C.

Elements

Elements are the main part of diagram. Styling is done with css and positioning can be done using model. An element should have at least width and height defined to be displayed on page. They can be styled globally using `.ui-diagram-element` style class or individually using the `styleClass` property on `DiagramElement` class.

Endpoints

Endpoints are the ports available on an element that can be used for connections. An endpoint has a location defined by `EndPointAnchor`. Anchors can be static like "TopLeft" or dynamic like "AutoDefault". There are 4 types of EndPoints differentiated by their shapes;

- BlankEndPoint
- DotEndPoint
- RectangleEndPoint
- ImageEndPoint

An endpoint is added to an element using `addEndPoint` api;

```
element.addEndPoint(new DotEndPoint(EndPointAnchor.TOP));
```

Connections

A connection requires two endpoints, connector and optional decorators like overlays. There are four connector types;

- Bezier
- FlowChart
- Straight
- StateMachine

Default is bezier and it can be customized using default connector method globally in model or at connection level.

Global

```
DiagramModel model = new DefaultDiagramModel();

FlowChartConnector connector = new FlowChartConnector();
connector.setPaintStyle("{strokeStyle: '#C7B097', lineWidth: 3}");
model.setDefaultConnector(connector);
```

Per Connection

```
model.connect(new Connection(elementA.getEndpoints().get(0),
    elementB.getEndpoints().get(0), new FlowChartConnector()));
```

Overlays

Overlays are decorators for connectors and endpoints. Available ones are;

- ArrowOverlay
- DiamondOverlay
- LabelOverlay

Example below adds label and arrow for the connector;

```
Connection conn = new Connection(from, to);
conn.getOverlays().add(new ArrowOverlay(20, 20, 1, 1));
conn.getOverlays().add(new LabelOverlay(label, "flow-label", 0.5));
```



Dynamic Diagrams

A diagram can be edited after being initialized, to create new connections an element should be set as source and to receive new connections it should be a target. Ajax event callbacks such as "connect", "disconnect" and "connectionChange" are available.

```
ElementA.setSource(true);
ElementB.setTarget(true);
```

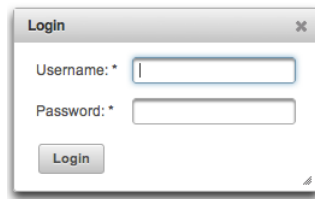
Ajax Behavior Events

Diagram provides ajax behavior event callbacks invoked by interactive diagrams.

Event	Listener Parameter	Fired
connect	org.primefaces.event.diagram.ConnectEvent	On new connection.
disconnect	org.primefaces.event.diagram.DisconnectEvent	When a connection is removed.
connectionChange	org.primefaces.event.diagram.ConnectionChange	When a connection has changed.

3.37 Dialog

Dialog is a panel component that can overlay other elements on page.



Info

Tag	dialog
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.dialog.Dialog
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Dialog
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.DialogRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.dialog.DialogRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget
header	null	String	Text of the header
draggable	true	Boolean	Specifies draggable
resizable	true	Boolean	Specifies resizable
modal	false	Boolean	Enables modality.
visible	false	Boolean	When enabled, dialog is visible by default.
width	auto	Integer	Width of the dialog
height	auto	Integer	Height of the dialog
minWidth	150	Integer	Minimum width of a resizable dialog.

Name	Default	Type	Description
minHeight	0	Integer	Minimum height of a resizable dialog.
style	null	String	Inline style of the dialog.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the dialog
showEffect	null	String	Effect to use when showing the dialog
hideEffect	null	String	Effect to use when hiding the dialog
position	null	String	Defines where the dialog should be displayed
closable	true	Boolean	Defines if close icon should be displayed or not
onShow	null	String	Client side callback to execute when dialog is displayed.
onHide	null	String	Client side callback to execute when dialog is hidden.
appendTo	null	String	Appends the dialog to the element defined by the given search expression.
showHeader	true	Boolean	Defines visibility of the header content.
footer	null	String	Text of the footer.
dynamic	false	Boolean	Enables lazy loading of the content with ajax.
minimizable	false	Boolean	Whether a dialog is minimizable or not.
maximizable	false	Boolean	Whether a dialog is maximizable or not.
closeOnEscape	false	Boolean	Defines if dialog should close on escape key.
dir	ltr	String	Defines text direction, valid values are <i>ltr</i> and <i>rtl</i> .
focus	null	String	Defines which component to apply focus.
fitViewport	false	Boolean	Dialog size might exceed viewport if content is bigger than viewport in terms of height. <code>fitViewport</code> option automatically adjusts height to fit dialog within the viewport.
positionType	fixed	String	Defines whether dialog will be kept in viewport on scroll (fixed) or keep its position (absolute).
responsive	false	Boolean	In responsive mode, dialog adjusts itself based on screen width.

Getting started with the Dialog

Dialog is a panel component containing other components, note that by default dialog is not visible.

```
<p:dialog>
    <h:outputText value="Resistance to PrimeFaces is Futile!" />
    //Other content
</p:dialog>
```

Show and Hide

Showing and hiding the dialog is easy using the client side api.

```
<p:dialog header="Header Text" widgetVar="dlg">Content</p:dialog>
<p:commandButton value="Show" type="button" onclick="PF('dlg').show()" />
<p:commandButton value="Hide" type="button" onclick="PF('dlg').hide()" />
```

Effects

There are various effect options to be used when displaying and closing the dialog. Use *showEffect* and *hideEffect* options to apply these effects; blind, bounce, clip, drop, explode, fade, fold, highlight, puff, pulsate, scale, shake, size, slide and transfer.

```
<p:dialog showEffect="fade" hideEffect="explode" ...>
    //...
</p:dialog>
```

Position

By default dialog is positioned at center of the viewport and *position* option is used to change the location of the dialog. Possible values are;

- Single string value like *'center', 'left', 'right', 'top', 'bottom'* representing the position within viewport.
- Comma separated x and y coordinate values like *200, 500*
- Comma separated position values like *'top', 'right'*. (Use single quotes when using a combination)

Some examples are described below;

```
<p:dialog position="top" ...>
```

```
<p:dialog position="left,top" ...>
```

```
<p:dialog position="200,50" ...>
```

Focus

Dialog applies focus on first visible input on show by default which is useful for user friendliness however in some cases this is not desirable. Assume the first input is a popup calendar and opening the dialog shows a popup calendar. To customize default focus behavior, use focus attribute.

Ajax Behavior Events

close event is one of the ajax behavior events provided by dialog that is fired when the dialog is hidden. If there is a listener defined it'll be executed by passing an instance of *org.primefaces.event.CloseEvent*.

Example below adds a FacesMessage when dialog is closed and updates the messages component to display the added message.

```
<p:dialog>
    <p:ajax event="close" listener="#{dialogBean.handleClose}" update="msg" />
    //Content
</p:dialog>

<p:messages id="msg" />
```

```
public class DialogBean {

    public void handleClose(CloseEvent event) {
        //Add facesmessage
    }
}
```

Other provided ajax behavior events are **maximize**, **minimize**, **move**, **restoreMinimize** and **restoreMaximize**.

Client Side Callbacks

Similar to close listener, onShow and onHide are handy callbacks for client side in case you need to execute custom javascript.

```
<p:dialog onShow="alert('Visible')" onHide="alert('Hidden')">
    //Content
</p:dialog>
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.Dialog*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
show()	-	void	Displays dialog.
hide()	-	void	Closes dialog.
isVisible()	-	void	Returns visibility as a boolean.

Skinning

Dialog resides in a main container element which *styleClass* option apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-dialog	Container element of dialog
.ui-dialog-titlebar	Title bar
.ui-dialog-title-dialog	Header text
.ui-dialog-titlebar-close	Close icon
.ui-dialog-content	Dialog body

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

Tips

- Use `appendTo` with care as the page definition and html dom would be different, for example if dialog is inside an `h:form` component and `appendToBody` is enabled, on the browser dialog would be outside of form and may cause unexpected results. In this case, nest a form inside a dialog.
- Do not place dialog inside tables, containers likes divs with relative positioning or with non-visible overflow defined, in cases like these functionality might be broken. This is not a limitation but a result of DOM model. For example dialog inside a layout unit, tabview, accordion are a couple of examples. Same applies to `confirmDialog` as well.

3.38 Drag&Drop

Drag&Drop utilities of PrimeFaces consists of two components; Draggable and Droppable.

3.38.1 Draggable

Info

Tag	draggable
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.dnd.Draggable
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Draggable
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.DraggableRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.dnd.DraggableRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget
proxy	false	Boolean	Displays a proxy element instead of actual element.
dragOnly	false	Boolean	Specifies a draggable that can't be dropped.
for	null	String	Id of the component to add draggable behavior
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables draggable behavior when true.
axis	null	String	Specifies drag axis, valid values are 'x' and 'y'.
containment	null	String	Constraints dragging within the boundaries of containment element
helper	null	String	Helper element to display when dragging
revert	false	Boolean	Reverts draggable to it's original position when not dropped onto a valid droppable
snap	false	Boolean	Draggable will snap to edge of near elements
snapMode	null	String	Specifies the snap mode. Valid values are 'both', 'inner' and 'outer'.

Name	Default	Type	Description
snapTolerance	20	Integer	Distance from the snap element in pixels to trigger snap.
zindex	null	Integer	ZIndex to apply during dragging.
handle	null	String	Specifies a handle for dragging.
opacity	1	Double	Defines the opacity of the helper during dragging.
stack	null	String	In stack mode, draggable overlap is controlled automatically using the provided selector, dragged item always overlays other draggables.
grid	null	String	Dragging happens in every x and y pixels.
scope	null	String	Scope key to match draggables and droppables.
cursor	crosshair	String	CSS cursor to display in dragging.
dashboard	null	String	Id of the dashboard to connect with.
appendTo	null	String	A search expression to define which element to append the draggable helper to.

Getting started with Draggable

Any component can be enhanced with draggable behavior, basically this is achieved by defining the id of component using the *for* attribute of draggable.

```
<p:panel id="pnl" header="Draggable Panel">
    <h:outputText value="This is actually a regular panel" />
</p:panel>

<p:draggable for="pnl"/>
```

If you omit the *for* attribute, parent component will be selected as the draggable target.

```
<h:graphicImage id="campnou" value="/images/campnou.jpg">
    <p:draggable />
</h:graphicImage>
```

Handle

By default any point in dragged component can be used as handle, if you need a specific handle, you can define it with *handle* option. Following panel is dragged using it's header only.

```
<p:panel id="pnl" header="Draggable Panel">
    <h:outputText value="I can only be dragged using my header" />
</p:panel>
<p:draggable for="pnl" handle="div.ui-panel-titlebar"/>
```

Drag Axis

Dragging can be limited to either horizontally or vertically.

```
<p:panel id="pnl" header="Draggable Panel">
    <h:outputText value="I am dragged on an axis only" />
</p:panel>

<p:draggable for="pnl" axis="x or y"/>
```

Clone

By default, actual component is used as the drag indicator, if you need to keep the component at it's original location, use a clone helper.

```
<p:panel id="pnl" header="Draggable Panel">
    <h:outputText value="I am cloned" />
</p:panel>

<p:draggable for="pnl" helper="clone"/>
```

Revert

When a draggable is not dropped onto a matching droppable, revert option enables the component to move back to it's original position with an animation.

```
<p:panel id="pnl" header="Draggable Panel">
    <h:outputText value="I will be reverted back to my original position" />
</p:panel>

<p:draggable for="pnl" revert="true"/>
```

Opacity

During dragging, opacity option can be used to give visual feedback, helper of following panel's opacity is reduced in dragging.

```
<p:panel id="pnl" header="Draggable Panel">
    <h:outputText value="My opacity is lower during dragging" />
</p:panel>

<p:draggable for="pnl" opacity="0.5"/>
```

Grid

Defining a grid enables dragging in specific pixels. This value takes a comma separated dimensions in x,y format.

```
<p:panel id="pnl" header="Draggable Panel">
    <h:outputText value="I am dragged in grid mode" />
</p:panel>

<p:draggable for="pnl" grid="20,40"/>
```

Containment

A draggable can be restricted to a certain section on page, following draggable cannot go outside of it's parent.

```
<p:outputPanel layout="block" style="width:400px;height:200px;">
    <p:panel id="conpnl" header="Restricted">
        <h:outputText value="I am restricted to my parent's boundaries" />
    </p:panel>
</p:outputPanel>

<p:draggable for="conpnl" containment="parent" />
```

3.38.2 Droppable

Info

Tag	droppable
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.dnd.Droppable
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Droppable
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.DroppableRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.dnd.DroppableRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Variable name of the client side widget
for	null	String	Id of the component to add droppable behavior
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables or enables droppable behavior
hoverStyleClass	null	String	Style class to apply when an acceptable draggable is dragged over.
activeStyleClass	null	String	Style class to apply when an acceptable draggable is being dragged.
onDrop	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a draggable is dropped.
accept	null	String	Selector to define the accepted draggables.
scope	null	String	Scope key to match draggables and droppables.
tolerance	null	String	Specifies the intersection mode to accept a draggable.
datasource	null	String	Id of a UIData component to connect with.

Getting Started with Droppable

Usage of droppable is very similar to draggable, droppable behavior can be added to any component specified with the `for` attribute.

```
<p:outputPanel id="slot" styleClass="slot" />

<p:droppable for="slot" />
```

`slot styleClass` represents a small rectangle.

```
<style type="text/css">
    .slot {
        background:#FF9900;
        width:64px;
        height:96px;
        display:block;
    }
</style>
```

If `for` attribute is omitted, parent component becomes droppable.

```
<p:outputPanel id="slot" styleClass="slot">
    <p:droppable />
</p:outputPanel>
```

Ajax Behavior Events

drop is the only and default ajax behavior event provided by droppable that is processed when a valid draggable is dropped. In case you define a listener it'll be executed by passing an *org.primefaces.event.DragDrop* event instance parameter holding information about the dragged and dropped components.

Following example shows how to enable draggable images to be dropped on droppables.

```
<p:graphicImage id="messi" value="barca/messi_thumb.jpg" />
<p:draggable for="messi"/>

<p:outputPanel id="zone" styleClass="slot" />
<p:droppable for="zone">
    <p:ajax listener="#{ddController.onDrop}" />
</p:droppable>
```

```
public void onDrop(DragDropEvent ddEvent) {
    String draggedId = ddEvent.getDragId();           //Client id of dragged component
    String droppedId = ddEvent.getDropId();           //Client id of dropped component
    Object data = ddEvent.getData();                  //Model object of a datasource
}
```

onDrop

onDrop is a client side callback that is invoked when a draggable is dropped, it gets two parameters event and ui object holding information about the drag drop event.

```
<p:outputPanel id="zone" styleClass="slot" />
<p:droppable for="zone" onDrop="handleDrop"/>
```

```
function handleDrop(event, ui) {
    var draggable = ui.draggable,    //draggable element, a jQuery object
        helper = ui.helper,         //helper element of draggable, a jQuery object
        position = ui.position,      //position of draggable helper
        offset = ui.offset;          //absolute position of draggable helper
}
```

DataSource

Droppable has special care for data elements that extend from UIData(e.g. datatable, datagrid), in order to connect a droppable to accept data from a data component define datasource option as the id of the data component. Example below show how to drag data from datagrid and drop onto a droppable to implement a dragdrop based selection. Dropped cars are displayed with a datatable.

```
public class TableBean {

    private List<Car> availableCars;
    private List<Car> droppedCars;

    public TableBean() {
        availableCars = //populate data
    }

    //getters and setters

    public void onCarDrop(DragDropEvent event) {
        Car car = ((Car) ddEvent.getData());
        droppedCars.add(car);
        availableCars.remove(car);
    }
}
```

```

<h:form id="carForm">
  <p:fieldset legend="AvailableCars">
    <p:dataGrid id="availableCars" var="car"
      value="#{tableBean.availableCars}" columns="3">
      <p:column>
        <p:panel id="pnl" header="#{car.model}" style="text-align:center">
          <p:graphicImage value="/images/cars/#{car.manufacturer}.jpg" />
        </p:panel>
        <p:draggable for="pnl" revert="true" handle=".ui-panel-titlebar"
          stack=".ui-panel"/>
      </p:column>
    </p:dataGrid>
  </p:fieldset>

  <p:fieldset id="selectedCars" legend="Selected Cars" style="margin-top:20px">
    <p:outputPanel id="dropArea">

      <h:outputText value="!!!Drop here!!!"
        rendered="#{empty tableBean.droppedCars}" style="font-size:24px;" />

      <p:dataTable var="car" value="#{tableBean.droppedCars}"
        rendered="#{not empty tableBean.droppedCars}">
        <p:column headerText="Model">
          <h:outputText value="#{car.model}" />
        </p:column>
        <p:column headerText="Year">
          <h:outputText value="#{car.year}" />
        </p:column>
        <p:column headerText="Manufacturer">
          <h:outputText value="#{car.manufacturer}" />
        </p:column>
        <p:column headerText="Color">
          <h:outputText value="#{car.color}" />
        </p:column>
      </p:dataTable>
    </p:outputPanel>
  </p:fieldset>

  <p:droppable for="selectedCars" tolerance="touch"
    activeStyleClass="ui-state-highlight" datasource="availableCars"
    onDrop="handleDrop"/>
  <p:ajax listener="#{tableBean.onCarDrop}" update="dropArea availableCars" />
</p:droppable>

</h:form>

<script type="text/javascript">
  function handleDrop(event, ui) {
    ui.draggable.fadeOut('fast');          //fade out the dropped item
  }
</script>

```

Tolerance

There are four different tolerance modes that define the way of accepting a draggable.

Mode	Description
fit	draggable should overlap the droppable entirely
intersect	draggable should overlap the droppable at least 50%
pointer	pointer of mouse should overlap the droppable
touch	draggable should overlap the droppable at any amount

Acceptance

You can limit which draggables can be dropped onto droppables using scope attribute which a draggable also has. Following example has two images, only first image can be accepted by droppable.

```
<p:graphicImage id="messi" value="barca/messi_thumb.jpg" />
<p:draggable for="messi" scope="forward"/>

<p:graphicImage id="xavi" value="barca/xavi_thumb.jpg" />
<p:draggable for="xavi" scope="midfield"/>

<p:outputPanel id="forwardonly" styleClass="slot" scope="forward" />
<p:droppable for="forwardonly" />
```

Skinning

hoverStyleClass and *activeStyleClass* attributes are used to change the style of the droppable when interacting with a draggable.

3.39 Dock

Dock component mimics the well known dock interface of Mac OS X.



Info

Tag	dock
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.dock.Dock
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Dock
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.DockRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.dock.DockRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
model	null	MenuModel	MenuModel instance to create menus programmatically
position	bottom	String	Position of the dock, <i>bottom</i> or <i>top</i> .
itemWidth	40	Integer	Initial width of items.
maxWidth	50	Integer	Maximum width of items.
proximity	90	Integer	Distance to enlarge.
halign	center	String	Horizontal alignment,
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.

Getting started with the Dock

A dock is composed of menuitems.

```
<p:dock>
  <p:menuitem value="Home" icon="/images/dock/home.png" url="#" />
  <p:menuitem value="Music" icon="/images/dock/music.png" url="#" />
  <p:menuitem value="Video" icon="/images/dock/video.png" url="#" />
  <p:menuitem value="Email" icon="/images/dock/email.png" url="#" />
  <p:menuitem value="Link" icon="/images/dock/link.png" url="#" />
  <p:menuitem value="RSS" icon="/images/dock/rss.png" url="#" />
  <p:menuitem value="History" icon="/images/dock/history.png" url="#" />
</p:dock>
```

Position

Dock can be located in two locations, *top* or *bottom* (default). For a dock positioned at top set position to top.

Dock Effect

When mouse is over the dock items, icons are zoomed in. The configuration of this effect is done via the `maxWidth` and `proximity` attributes.

Dynamic Menus

Menus can be created programmatically as well, see the dynamic menus part in menu component section for more information and an example.

Skinning

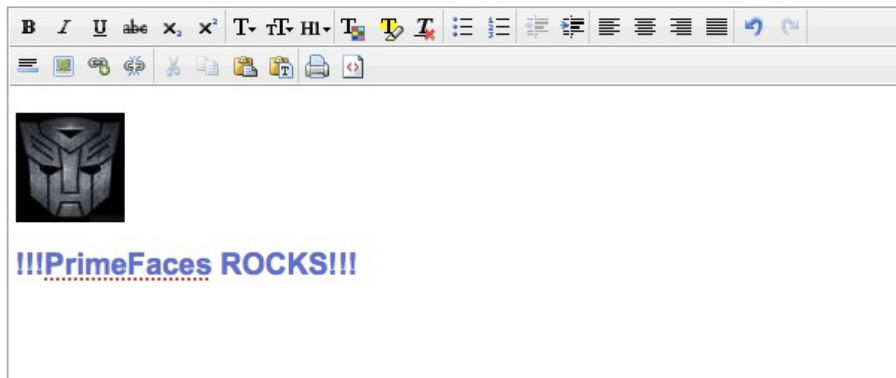
Following is the list of structural style classes, `{position}` can be *top* or *bottom*.

Style Class	Applies
<code>.ui-dock-{position}</code>	Main container.
<code>.ui-dock-container-{position}</code>	Menu item container.
<code>.ui-dock-item-{position}</code>	Each menu item.

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.40 Editor

Editor is an input component with rich text editing capabilities.



Info

Tag	editor
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.editor.Editor
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Editor
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.EditorRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.editor.EditorRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text.
converter	null	Converter/ String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id.
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required.

Name	Default	Type	Description
validator	null	Method Expr	A method expression that refers to a method validationg the input.
valueChangeListener	null	Method Expr	A method expression that refers to a method for handling a valuchangeevent.
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fails.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
controls	null	String	List of controls to customize toolbar.
height	null	Integer	Height of the editor.
width	null	Integer	Width of the editor.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables editor.
style	null	String	Inline style of the editor container.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the editor container.
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute when editor data changes.
maxlength	null	Integer	Maximum length of the raw input.

Getting started with the Editor

Rich Text entered using the Editor is passed to the server using *value* expression.

```
public class Bean {
    private String text;

    //getter and setter
}
```

```
<p:editor value="#{bean.text}" />
```

Custom Toolbar

Toolbar of editor is easy to customize using *controls* option;

```
<p:editor value="#{bean.text}" controls="bold italic underline strikethrough" />
```



Here is the full list of all available controls;

• bold • italic • underline • strikethrough • subscript • superscript • font • size • style • color • highlight • bullets • numbering • alignleft • center • alignright	• justify • undo • redo • rule • image • link • unlink • cut • copy • paste • pastetext • print • source • outdent • indent • removeFormat
--	---

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.Editor*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
init()	-	void	Initializes a lazy editor, subsequent calls do not reinit the editor.
saveHTML()	-	void	Saves html text in iframe back to the textarea.
clear()	-	void	Clears the text in editor.
enable()	-	void	Enables editing.
disable()	-	void	Disables editing.
focus()	-	void	Adds cursor focus to edit area.
selectAll()	-	void	Selects all text in editor.
getSelectedHTML()	-	String	Returns selected text as HTML.
getSelectedText()	-	String	Returns selected text in plain format.

Skinning

Following is the list of structural style classes.

Style Class	Applies
.ui-editor	Main container.
.ui-editor-toolbar	Toolbar of editor.
.ui-editor-group	Button groups.
.ui-editor-button	Each button.
.ui-editor-divider	Divider to separate buttons.
.ui-editor-disabled	Disabled editor controls.
.ui-editor-list	Dropdown lists.
.ui-editor-color	Color picker.
.ui-editor-popup	Popup overlays.
.ui-editor-prompt	Overlays to provide input.
.ui-editor-message	Overlays displaying a message.

Editor is not integrated with ThemeRoller as there is only one icon set for the controls.

3.41 Effect

Effect component is based on the jQuery UI effects library.

Info

Tag	effect
Tag Class	org.primefaces.component.effect.EffectTag
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.effect.Effect
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Effect
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.EffectRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.effect.EffectRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	1	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
effect	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
event	null	String	Dom event to attach the event that executes the animation
type	null	String	Specifies the name of the animation
for	null	String	Component that is animated
speed	1000	Integer	Speed of the animation in ms
delay	null	Integer	Time to wait until running the effect.

Getting started with Effect

Effect component needs a trigger and target which is effect's parent by default. In example below clicking outputText (trigger) will run the pulsate effect on outputText(target) itself.

```
<h:outputText value="#{bean.value}">
  <p:effect type="pulsate" event="click" />
</h:outputText>
```

Effect Target

There may be cases where you want to display an effect on another target on the same page while keeping the parent as the trigger. Use *for* option to specify a target.

```
<h:outputLink id="lnk" value="#">
  <h:outputText value="Show the Barca Temple" />
  <p:effect type="appear" event="click" for="img" />
</h:outputLink>

<p:graphicImage id="img" value="/ui/barca/campnou.jpg" style="display:none"/>
```

With this setting, outputLink becomes the trigger for the effect on graphicImage. When the link is clicked, initially hidden graphicImage comes up with a fade effect.

Note: It's important for components that have the effect component as a child to have an assigned id because some components do not render their clientId's if you don't give them an id explicitly.

List of Effects

Following is the list of effects;

- blind
- clip
- drop
- explode
- fold
- puff
- slide
- scale
- bounce
- highlight
- pulsate
- shake
- size
- transfer

Effect Configuration

Each effect has different parameters for animation like colors, duration and more. In order to change the configuration of the animation, provide these parameters with the `f:param` tag.

```
<h:outputText value="#{bean.value}">
  <p:effect type="scale" event="mouseover">
    <f:param name="percent" value="90"/>
  </p:effect>
</h:outputText>
```

It's important to provide string options with single quotes.

```
<h:outputText value="#{bean.value}">
  <p:effect type="blind" event="click">
    <f:param name="direction" value="'horizontal'" />
  </p:effect>
</h:outputText>
```

For the full list of configuration parameters for each effect, please see the jquery documentation;

<http://docs.jquery.com/UI/Effects>

Effect on Load

Effects can also be applied to any JSF component when page is loaded for the first time or after an ajax request is completed by using *load* as the event name. Following example animates messages with pulsate effect after ajax request completes.

```
<p:messages id="messages">
  <p:effect type="pulsate" event="load" delay="500">
    <f:param name="mode" value="'show'" />
  </p:effect>
</p:messages>

<p:commandButton value="Save" actionListener="#{bean.action}" update="messages"/>
```

3.42 FeedReader

FeedReader is used to display content from a feed.

Info

Tag	feedReader
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.feedreader.FeedReader
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.FeedReader
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.FeedReaderRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.feedreader.FeedReaderRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	String	URL of the feed.
var	null	String	Iterator to refer each item in feed.
size	Unlimited	Integer	Number of items to display.

Getting started with FeedReader

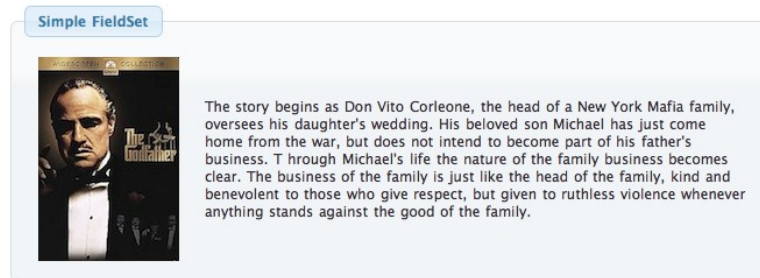
FeedReader requires a feed url to display and renders its content for each feed item.

```
<p:feedReader value="http://rss.news.yahoo.com/rss/sports" var="feed">
  <h:outputText value="#{feed.title}" style="font-weight: bold"/>
  <h:outputText value="#{feed.description.value}" escape="false"/>
  <p:separator />
  <f:facet name="error">
    Something went wrong.
  </f:facet>
</p:feedReader>
```

Note that you need the ROME library in your classpath to make feedreader work.

3.43 Fieldset

Fieldset is a grouping component as an extension to html fieldset.



Info

Tag	fieldset
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.fieldset.Fieldset
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Fieldset
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.FieldsetRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.fieldset.FieldsetRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
legend	null	String	Title text.
style	null	String	Inline style of the fieldset.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the fieldset.
toggleable	false	Boolean	Makes content toggleable with animation.
toggleSpeed	500	Integer	Toggle duration in milliseconds.
collapsed	false	Boolean	Defines initial visibility state of content.

Getting started with Fieldset

Fieldset is used as a container component for its children.

```
<p:fieldset legend="Simple Fieldset">
    <h:panelGrid column="2">
        <p:graphicImage value="/images/godfather/1.jpg" />
        <h:outputText value="The story begins as Don Vito Corleone ..." />
    </h:panelGrid>
</p:fieldset>
```

Legend

Legend can be defined in two ways, with legend attribute as in example above or using legend facet. Use facet way if you need to place custom html other than simple text.

```
<p:fieldset>
    <f:facet name="legend">
    </f:facet>

    //content
</p:fieldset>
```

When both legend attribute and legend facet are present, facet is chosen.

Toggleable Content

Clicking on fieldset legend can toggle contents, this is handy to use space efficiently in a layout. Set toggleable to true to enable this feature.

```
<p:fieldset legend="Toggleable Fieldset" toggleable="true">
    <h:panelGrid column="2">
        <p:graphicImage value="/images/godfather/2.jpg" />
        <h:outputText value="Francis Ford Coppola's legendary ..." />
    </h:panelGrid>
</p:fieldset>
```



Ajax Behavior Events

toggle is the default and only ajax behavior event provided by fieldset that is processed when the content is toggled. In case you have a listener defined, it will be invoked by passing an instance of *org.primefaces.event.ToggleEvent*.

Here is an example that adds a `facesmessage` and updates growl component when fieldset is toggled.

```
<p:growl id="messages" />

<p:fieldset legend="Toggleable Fieldset" toggleable="true"
    <p:ajax listener="#{bean.onToggle}" update="messages">

        //content

    </p:fieldset>
```

```
public void onToggle(ToggleEvent event) {
    Visibility visibility = event.getVisibility();
    FacesMessage msg = new FacesMessage();
    msg.setSummary("Fieldset " + event.getId() + " toggled");
    msg.setDetail("Visibility: " + visibility);

    FacesContext.getCurrentInstance().addMessage(null, msg);
}
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.Fieldset*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
toggle()	-	void	Toggles fieldset content.

Skinning

style and *styleClass* options apply to the fieldset. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-fieldset	Main container
.ui-fieldset-toggleable	Main container when fieldset is toggleable
.ui-fieldset .ui-fieldset-legend	Legend of fieldset
.ui-fieldset-toggleable .ui-fieldset-legend	Legend of fieldset when fieldset is toggleable
.ui-fieldset .ui-fieldset-toggler	Toggle icon on fieldset

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

Tips

- A collapsed fieldset will remain collapsed after a postback since fieldset keeps its toggle state internally, you don't need to manage this using `toggleListener` and `collapsed` option.

3.44 FileDownload

The legacy way to present dynamic binary data to the client is to write a servlet or a filter and stream the binary data. FileDownload presents an easier way to do the same.

Info

Tag	fileDownload
ActionListener Class	org.primefaces.component.filedownload.FileDownloadActionListener

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
value	null	StreamedContent	A streamed content instance
contextDisposition	attachment	String	Specifies display mode.

Getting started with FileDownload

A user command action is required to trigger the filedownload process. FileDownload can be attached to any command component like a `commandButton` or `commandLink`. The value of the FileDownload must be an *org.primefaces.model.StreamedContent* instance. We suggest using the built-in *DefaultStreamedContent* implementation. First parameter of the constructor is the binary stream, second is the mimeType and the third parameter is the name of the file.

```
public class FileBean {

    private StreamedContent file;

    public FileDownloadController() {
        InputStream stream = this.getClass().getResourceAsStream("yourfile.pdf");
        file = new DefaultStreamedContent(stream, "application/pdf",
            "downloaded_file.pdf");
    }

    public StreamedContent getFile() {
        return this.file;
    }

}
```

This streamed content should be bound to the value of the fileDownload.

```
<h:commandButton value="Download">
    <p:fileDownload value="#{fileBean.file}" />
</h:commandButton>
```

Similarly a more graphical presentation would be to use a `commandLink` with an image.

```
<h:commandLink value="Download">
    <p:fileDownload value="#{fileBean.file}"/>
    <h:graphicImage value="pdficon.gif" />
</h:commandLink>
```

If you'd like to use PrimeFaces `commandButton` and `commandLink`, disable ajax option as `fileDownload` requires a full page refresh to present the file.

```
<p:commandButton value="Download" ajax="false">
    <p:fileDownload value="#{fileBean.file}" />
</p:commandButton>
```

```
<p:commandLink value="Download" ajax="false">
    <p:fileDownload value="#{fileBean.file}"/>
    <h:graphicImage value="pdficon.gif" />
</p:commandLink>
```

ContentDisposition

By default, content is displayed as an *attachment* with a download dialog box, another alternative is the *inline* mode, in this case browser will try to open the file internally without a prompt. Note that content disposition is not part of the http standard although it is widely implemented.

Monitor Status

As `fileDownload` process is non-ajax, `ajaxStatus` cannot apply. Still PrimeFaces provides a feature to monitor file downloads via client side *monitorDownload(startFunction, endFunction)* method. Example below displays a modal dialog when download begins and hides it on complete.

```
<script type="text/javascript">
    function showStatus() {
        PF('statusDialog').show();
    }

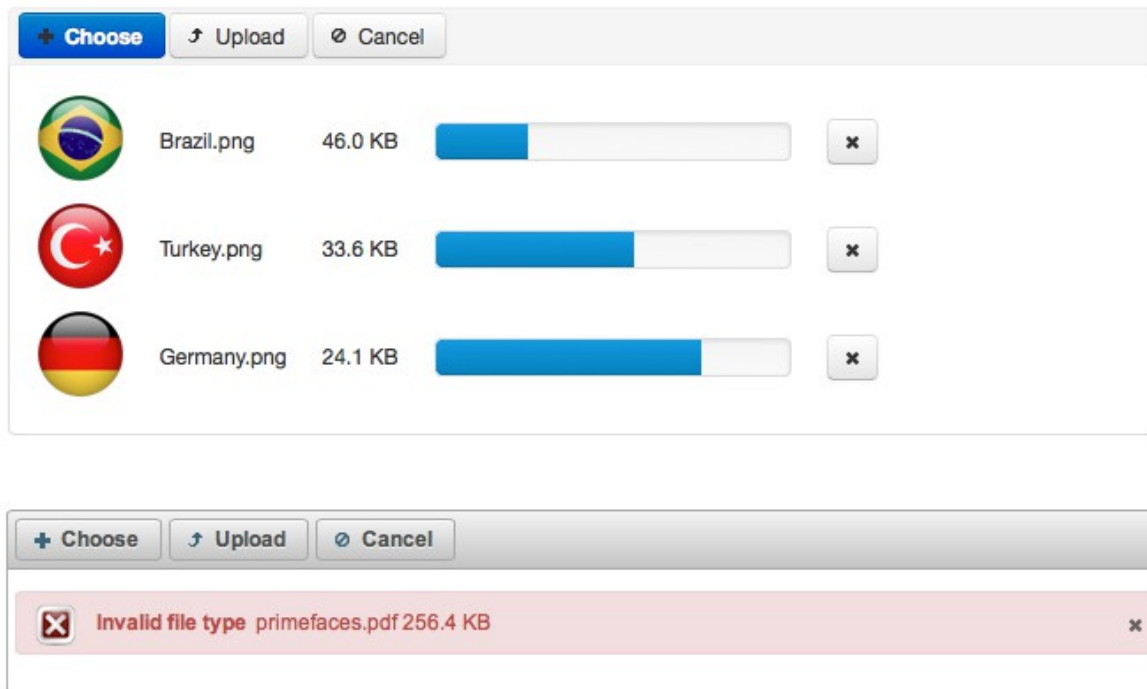
    function hideStatus() {
        PF('statusDialog').hide();
    }
</script>
```

```
<h:form>
    <p:dialog modal="true" widgetVar="statusDialog" header="Status" draggable="false"
        closable="false">
        <p:graphicImage value="/design/ajaxloadingbar.gif" />
    </p:dialog>
    <p:commandButton value="Download" ajax="false"
        onclick="PrimeFaces.monitorDownload(showStatus, hideStatus)">
        <p:fileDownload value="#{fileDownloadController.file}"/>
    </p:commandButton>
</h:form>
```

Cookies must be enabled for monitoring.

3.45 FileUpload

FileUpload goes beyond the browser input type="file" functionality and features an HTML5 powered rich solution with graceful degradation for legacy browsers.



Info

Tag	fileUpload
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.fileupload.FileUpload
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.FileUpload
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.FileUploadRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.fileupload.FileUploadRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default		Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.

Name	Default		Description
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text.
converter	null	Converter /String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id.
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required.
validator	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method validationg the input.
valueChangeListener	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method for handling a valuchangeevent.
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fails.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
update	null	String	Component(s) to update after fileupload completes.
process	null	String	Component(s) to process in fileupload request.
fileUploadListener	null	MethodExpr	Method to invoke when a file is uploaded.
multiple	false	Boolean	Allows choosing of multi file uploads from native file browse dialog
auto	false	Boolean	When set to true, selecting a file starts the upload process implicitly.
label	Choose	String	Label of the browse button.
allowTypes	null	String	Regular expression for accepted file types, e.g. /(\\.\\)(gif jpe?g png)\$/
sizeLimit	null	Integer	Individual file size limit in bytes.
fileLimit	null	Integer	Maximum number of files allowed to upload.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
mode	advanced	String	Mode of the fileupload, can be <i>simple</i> or <i>advanced</i> .
uploadLabel	Upload	String	Label of the upload button.
cancelLabel	Cancel	String	Label of the cancel button.

Name	Default		Description
invalidSizeMessage	null	String	Message to display when size limit exceeds.
invalidFileMessage	null	String	Message to display when file is not accepted.
fileLimitMessage	null	String	Message to display when file limit exceeds.
dragDropSupport	true	Boolean	Specifies dragdrop based file selection from filesystem, default is true and works only on supported browsers.
onstart	null	String	Client side callback to execute when upload begins.
onerror	null	String	Callback to execute if fileupload request fails.
oncomplete	null	String	Client side callback to execute when upload ends.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables component when set true.
messageTemplate	{name} {size}	String	Message template to use when displaying file validation errors.
previewWidth	80	Integer	Width for image previews in pixels.
skinSimple	false	Boolean	Applies theming to simple uploader.
accept	null	String	Filters files in native file browser dialog.
sequential	false	Boolean	Uploads are concurrent by default, set this option to true for sequential uploads.

Getting started with FileUpload

FileUpload engine on the server side can either be servlet 3.0 or commons fileupload. PrimeFaces selects the most appropriate uploader engine by detection and it is possible to force one or the other using an **optional** configuration param.

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>primefaces.UPLOADER</param-name>
  <param-value>auto|native|commons</param-value>
</context-param>
```

auto: This is the default mode and PrimeFaces tries to detect the best method by checking the runtime environment, if JSF runtime is at least 2.2 native uploader is selected, otherwise commons.

native: Native mode uses servlet 3.x Part API to upload the files and if JSF runtime is less than 2.2 and exception is being thrown.

commons: This option chooses commons fileupload regardless of the environment, advantage of this option is that it works even on a Servlet 2.5 environment.

If you have decided to choose commons fileupload, it requires the following filter configuration in your web deployment descriptor.

```

<filter>
    <filter-name>PrimeFaces FileUpload Filter</filter-name>
    <filter-class>
        org.primefaces.webapp.filter.FileUploadFilter
    </filter-class>
</filter>
<filter-mapping>
    <filter-name>PrimeFaces FileUpload Filter</filter-name>
    <servlet-name>Faces Servlet</servlet-name>
</filter-mapping>

```

Note that the servlet-name should match the configured name of the JSF servlet which is Faces Servlet in this case. Alternatively you can do a configuration based on url-pattern as well.

Simple File Upload

Simple file upload mode works in legacy mode with a file input whose value should be an UploadedFile instance. Ajax uploads are not supported in simple upload.

```

<h:form enctype="multipart/form-data">
    <p:fileUpload value="#{fileBean.file}" mode="simple" />
    <p:commandButton value="Submit" ajax="false"/>
</h:form>

```

```

import org.primefaces.model.UploadedFile;

public class FileBean {

    private UploadedFile file;

    //getter-setter

}

```

Enable skinSimple option to style the simple uploader to have a themed look that works the same across different environments.

Advanced File Upload

FileUploadListener is the way to access the uploaded files in this mode, when a file is uploaded defined fileUploadListener is processed with a FileUploadEvent as the parameter.

```

<p:fileUpload fileUploadListener="#{fileBean.handleFileUpload}" />

```

```

public class FileBean {

    public void handleFileUpload(FileUploadEvent event) {
        UploadedFile file = event.getFile();
        //application code
    }

}

```

Multiple Uploads

Multiple uploads can be enabled using the `multiple` attribute so that multiple files can be selected from browser dialog. Multiple uploads are not supported in legacy browsers. Note that multiple mode is for selection only, it does not send all files in one request. FileUpload component always uses a new request for each file.

```
<p:fileUpload fileUploadListener="#{fileBean.handleFileUpload}" multiple="true" />
```

Auto Upload

Default behavior requires users to trigger the upload process, you can change this way by setting `auto` to `true`. Auto uploads are triggered as soon as files are selected from the dialog.

```
<p:fileUpload fileUploadListener="#{fileBean.handleFileUpload}" auto="true" />
```

Partial Page Update

After the fileUpload process completes you can use the PrimeFaces PPR to update any component on the page. FileUpload is equipped with the `update` attribute for this purpose. Following example displays a "File Uploaded" message using the growl component after file upload.

```
<p:fileUpload fileUploadListener="#{fileBean.handleFileUpload}" update="msg" />

<p:growl id="msg" />
```

```
public class FileBean {

    public void handleFileUpload(FileUploadEvent event) {
        //add facesmessage to display with growl
        //application code
    }
}
```

File Filters

Users can be restricted to only select the file types you've configured, example below demonstrates how to accept images only.

```
<p:fileUpload fileUploadListener="#{fileBean.handleFileUpload}"
    allowTypes="/(\\.|\\\/)(gif|jpe?g|png)$/" />
```

Size Limit

Most of the time you might need to restrict the file upload size for a file, this is as simple as setting the `sizeLimit` configuration. Following fileUpload limits the size to 1000 bytes for each file.

```
<p:fileUpload fileUploadListener="#{fileBean.handleFileUpload}" sizeLimit="1000" />
```

File Limit

FileLimit restricts the number of maximum files that can be uploaded.

```
<p:fileUpload fileUploadListener="#{fileBean.handleFileUpload}" fileLimit="3" />
```

Validation Messages

invalidFileMessage, *invalidSizeMessage* and *fileLimitMessage* options are provided to display validation messages to the users. Similar to the FacesMessage message API, these message define the summary part, the detail part is retrieved from the *messageTemplate* option where default value is "{name} {size}".

Skinning

FileUpload resides in a container element which *style* and *styleClass* options apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes

Class	Applies
.ui-fileupload	Main container element
.fileupload-buttonbar	Button bar.
.fileinput-button	Browse button.
.ui-fileupload start	Upload button.
.ui-fileupload cancel	Cancel button.
fileupload-content	Content container.

Browser Compatibility

Advanced uploader is implemented with HTML5 and provides far more features compared to single version. For legacy browsers that do not support HTML5 features like canvas or file api, fileupload uses graceful degradation so that iframe is used for transport, detailed file information is not shown and a gif animation is displayed instead of progress bar. It is suggested to offer simple uploader as a fallback.

Filter Configuration

Filter configuration is required if you are using commons uploader only. Two configuration options exist, threshold size and temporary file upload location.

Parameter Name	Description
thresholdSize	Maximum file size in bytes to keep uploaded files in memory. If a file exceeds this limit, it'll be temporarily written to disk.

Parameter Name	Description
uploadDirectory	Disk repository path to keep temporary files that exceeds the threshold size. By default it is <code>System.getProperty("java.io.tmpdir")</code>

An example configuration below defined `thresholdSize` to be 50kb and uploads to users temporary folder.

```
<filter>
  <filter-name>PrimeFaces FileUpload Filter</filter-name>
  <filter-class>
    org.primefaces.webapp.filter.FileUploadFilter
  </filter-class>
  <init-param>
    <param-name>thresholdSize</param-name>
    <param-value>51200</param-value>
  </init-param>
  <init-param>
    <param-name>uploadDirectory</param-name>
    <param-value>/Users/primefaces/temp</param-value>
  </init-param>
</filter>
```

Note that `uploadDirectory` is used internally, you always need to implement the logic to save the file contents yourself in your backing bean.

3.46 Focus

Focus is a utility component that makes it easy to manage the element focus on a JSF page.

Info

Tag	focus
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.focus.Focus
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Focus.FocusTag
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.FocusRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.focus.FocusRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
for	null	String	Specifies the exact component to set focus
context	null	String	The root component to start first input search.
minSeverity	error	String	Minimum severity level to be used when finding the first invalid component

Getting started with Focus

By default focus will find the *first enabled and visible input component* on page and apply focus. Input component can be any element such as input, textarea and select.

```
<p:focus />

<p:inputText ... />
<h:inputText ... />
<h:selectOneMenu ... />
```

Following is a simple example;

```

<h:form>
  <p:panel id="panel" header="Register">

    <p:focus />

    <p:messages />

    <h:panelGrid columns="3">
      <h:outputLabel for="firstname" value="Firstname: *" />
      <h:inputText id="firstname" value="#{pprBean.firstname}"
required="true" label="Firstname" />
      <p:message for="firstname" />

      <h:outputLabel for="surname" value="Surname: *" />
      <h:inputText id="surname" value="#{pprBean.surname}"
required="true" label="Surname"/>
      <p:message for="surname" />
    </h:panelGrid>

    <p:commandButton value="Submit" update="panel"
      actionListener="#{pprBean.savePerson}" />
  </p:panel>
</h:form>

```

When this page initially opens up, input text with id "firstname" will receive focus as it is the first input component.

Validation Aware

Another useful feature of focus is that when validations fail, *first invalid component* will receive a focus. So in previous example if firstname field is valid but surname field has no input, a validation error will be raised for surname, in this case focus will be set on surname field implicitly. Note that for this feature to work on ajax requests, you need to update p:focus component as well.

Explicit Focus

Additionally, using for attribute focus can be set explicitly on an input component which is useful when using a dialog.

```

<p:focus for="text"/>

<h:inputText id="text" value="{bean.value}" />

```

3.47 Fragment

Fragment component is used to define automatically partially process and update sections whenever ajax request is triggered by a descendant component.

Info

Tag	fragment
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.fragment.Fragment
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Fragment
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.FragmentRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.fragment.FragmentRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
autoUpdate	false	Boolean	Updates the fragment automatically.

Getting started with Fragment

In the following case, required input field outside the fragment is ignored and only the contents of the fragment are processed-updated automatically on button click since button is inside the fragment. Fragment makes it easy to define partial ajax process and update without explicitly defining component identifiers.

Required: *

Name:

```

<h:form>

    <h:panelGrid columns="2">
        <p:outputLabel for="ign" value="Required:" />
        <p:inputText id="ign" required="true" />
    </h:panelGrid>

    <p:fragment autoUpdate="true">
        <h:panelGrid columns="4" cellpadding="5">
            <h:outputLabel for="name" value="Name:" />
            <p:inputText id="name" value="#{pprBean.firstname}" />
            <p:commandButton value="Submit"/>
            <h:outputText value="#{pprBean.firstname}" />
        </h:panelGrid>
    </p:fragment>

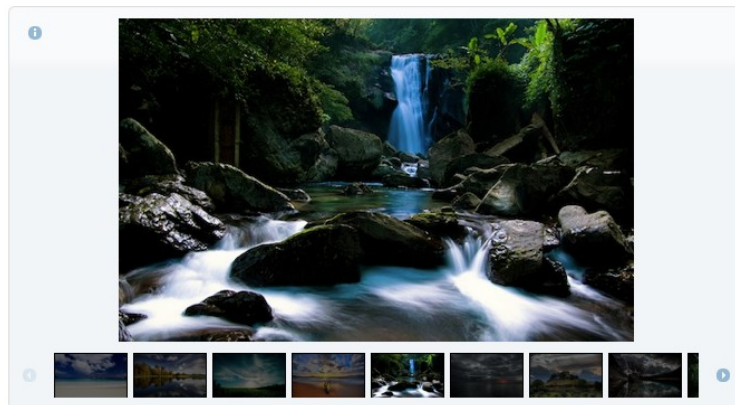
</h:form>

```

AutoUpdate has different notion compared to autoUpdate of message, growl and outputPanel. The fragment is updated automatically after an ajax request if the source is a descendant. In other mentioned components, there is no such restriction as they are updated for every ajax request regardless of the source.

3.48 Galleria

Galleria is used to display a set of images.



Info

Tag	galleria
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.galleria.Galleria
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Galleria
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.GalleriaRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.galleria.GalleriaRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
value	null	Collection	Collection of data to display.
var	null	String	Name of variable to access an item in collection.
style	null	String	Inline style of the container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container element.
effect	fade	String	Name of animation to use.

Name	Default	Type	Description
effectSpeed	700	Integer	Duration of animation in milliseconds.
panelWidth	600	Integer	Width of the viewport.
panelHeight	400	Integer	Height of the viewport.
frameWidth	60	Integer	Width of the frames.
frameHeight	40	Integer	Height of the frames.
showFilmstrip	true	Boolean	Defines visibility of filmstrip.
showCaption	false	Boolean	Defines visibility of captions.
transitionInterval	4000	Integer	Defines interval of slideshow.
autoPlay	true	Boolean	Images are displayed in a slideshow in autoPlay.

Getting Started with Galleria

Images to displayed are defined as children of galleria;

```
<p:galleria effect="slide" effectDuration="1000">
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/image1.jpg" title="image1" alt="image1 desc" />
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/image2.jpg" title="image1" alt=" image2 desc" />
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/image3.jpg" title="image1" alt=" image3 desc" />
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/image4.jpg" title="image1" alt=" image4 desc" />
</p:galleria>
```

Galleria displays the details of an image using an overlay which is displayed by clicking the information icon. Title of this popup is retrieved from the image *title* attribute and description from *alt* attribute so it is suggested to provide these attributes as well.

Dynamic Collection

Most of the time, you would need to display a dynamic set of images rather than defining each image declaratively. For this you can use built-in data iteration feature.

```
<p:galleria value="#{galleriaBean.images}" var="image" >
  <p:graphicImage value="#{image.path}"
    title="#{image.title}" alt="#{image.description}" />
</p:galleria>
```

Effects

There are various effect options to be used in transitions; blind, bounce, clip, drop, explode, fade, fold, highlight, puff, pulsate, scale, shake, size, slide and transfer.

By default animation takes 500 milliseconds, use *effectSpeed* option to tune this.

```
<p:galleria effect="slide" effectSpeed="1000">
    //images
</p:galleria>
```

Skinning

Galleria resides in a main container element which *style* and *styleClass* options apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes

Style Class	Applies
.ui-galleria	Container element for galleria.
.ui-galleria-panel-wrapper	Container of panels.
.ui-galleria-panel	Container of each image.
.ui-galleria-caption	Caption element.
.ui-galleria-nav-prev, .ui-galleria-nav-next	Navigators of filmstrip.
.ui-galleria-filmstrip-wrapper	Container of filmstrip.
.ui-galleria-filmstrip	Filmstrip element.
.ui-galleria-frame	Frame element in a filmstrip.
.ui-galleria-frame-content	Content of a frame.
.ui-galleria-frame-image	Thumbnail image.

3.49 GMap

GMap is a map component integrated with Google Maps API V3.



Info

Tag	gmap
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.gmap.GMap
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Gmap
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.GmapRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.gmap.GmapRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
model	null	MapModel	An org.primefaces.model.MapModel instance.

Name	Default	Type	Description
style	null	String	Inline style of the map container.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the map container.
type	null	String	Type of the map.
center	null	String	Center point of the map.
zoom	8	Integer	Defines the initial zoom level.
streetView	false	Boolean	Controls street view support.
disableDefaultUI	false	Boolean	Disables default UI controls
navigationControl	true	Boolean	Defines visibility of navigation control.
mapTypeControl	true	Boolean	Defines visibility of map type control.
draggable	true	Boolean	Defines draggability of map.
disabledDoubleClickZoom	false	Boolean	Disables zooming on mouse double click.
onPointClick	null	String	Javascript callback to execute when a point on map is clicked.
fitBounds	true	Boolean	Defines if center and zoom should be calculated automatically to contain all markers on the map.
scrollWheel	false	Boolean	Controls scrollwheel zooming on the map.

Getting started with GMap

First thing to do is placing V3 of the Google Maps API that the GMap is based on. Ideal location is the head section of your page.

```
<script src="http://maps.google.com/maps/api/js?sensor=true|false"
  type="text/javascript"></script>
```

As Google Maps api states, mandatory sensor parameter is used to specify if your application requires a sensor like GPS locator. Four options are required to place a gmap on a page, these are center, zoom, type and style.

```
<p:gmap center="41.381542, 2.122893" zoom="15" type="hybrid"
  style="width:600px;height:400px" />
```

center: Center of the map in lat, lng format

zoom: Zoom level of the map

type: Type of map, valid values are, "hybrid", "satellite", "hybrid" and "terrain".

style: Dimensions of the map.

MapModel

GMap is backed by an *org.primefaces.model.map.MapModel* instance, PrimeFaces provides *org.primefaces.model.map.DefaultMapModel* as the default implementation. API Docs of all GMap related model classes are available at the end of GMap section and also at javadocs of PrimeFaces.

Markers

A marker is represented by *org.primefaces.model.map.Marker*.

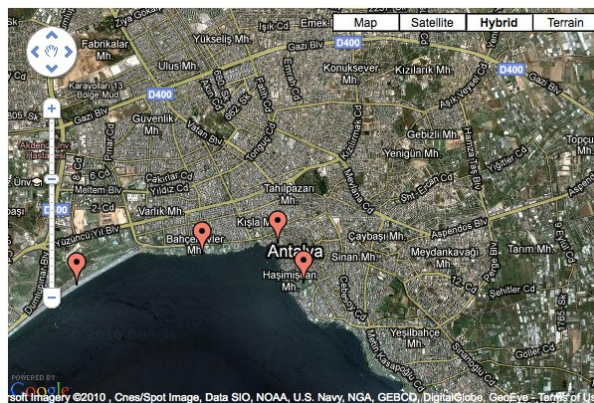
```
<p:gmap center="41.381542, 2.122893" zoom="15" type="hybrid"
        style="width:600px;height:400px" model="#{mapBean.model}"/>
```

```
public class MapBean {

    private MapModel model = new DefaultMapModel();

    public MapBean() {
        model.addOverlay(new Marker(new LatLng(36.879466, 30.667648), "M1"));
        //more overlays
    }

    public MapModel getModel() { return this.model; }
}
```



Polylines

A polyline is represented by *org.primefaces.model.map.Polyline*.

```
<p:gmap center="41.381542, 2.122893" zoom="15" type="hybrid"
        style="width:600px;height:400px" model="#{mapBean.model}"/>
```

```

public class MapBean {

    private MapModel model;

    public MapBean() {
        model = new DefaultMapModel();

        Polyline polyline = new Polyline();
        polyline.getPaths().add(new LatLng(36.879466, 30.667648));
        polyline.getPaths().add(new LatLng(36.883707, 30.689216));
        polyline.getPaths().add(new LatLng(36.879703, 30.706707));
        polyline.getPaths().add(new LatLng(36.885233, 37.702323));

        model.addOverlay(polyline);
    }

    public MapModel getModel() { return this.model; }
}

```

Polygons

A polygon is represented by *org.primefaces.model.map.Polygon*.

```

<p:gmap center="41.381542, 2.122893" zoom="15" type="hybrid"
        style="width:600px;height:400px" model="#{mapBean.model}"/>

```

```

public class MapBean {

    private MapModel model;

    public MapBean() {
        model = new DefaultMapModel();

        Polygon polygon = new Polygon();
        polyline.getPaths().add(new LatLng(36.879466, 30.667648));
        polyline.getPaths().add(new LatLng(36.883707, 30.689216));
        polyline.getPaths().add(new LatLng(36.879703, 30.706707));

        model.addOverlay(polygon);
    }

    public MapModel getModel() { return this.model; }
}

```

Circles

A circle is represented by *org.primefaces.model.map.Circle*.

```

<p:gmap center="41.381542, 2.122893" zoom="15" type="hybrid"
        style="width:600px;height:400px" model="#{mapBean.model}"/>

```

```
public class MapBean {

    private MapModel model;

    public MapBean() {
        model = new DefaultMapModel();
        Circle circle = new Circle(new LatLng(36.879466, 30.667648), 500);
        model.addOverlay(circle);
    }

    public MapModel getModel() { return this.model; }
}
```

Rectangles

A circle is represented by *org.primefaces.model.map.Rectangle*.

```
<p:gmap center="41.381542, 2.122893" zoom="15" type="hybrid"
        style="width:600px;height:400px" model="#{mapBean.model}"/>
```

```
public class MapBean {

    private MapModel model;

    public MapBean() {
        model = new DefaultMapModel();
        LatLng coord1 = new LatLng(36.879466, 30.667648);
        LatLng coord2 = new LatLng(36.883707, 30.689216);

        Rectangle rectangle = new Rectangle(coord1, coord2);

        model.addOverlay(circle);
    }

    public MapModel getModel() { return this.model; }
}
```

GeoCoding

Geocoding support is provided by client side api. Results are then passed to the backing bean using *GeocodeEvent* and *ReverseGeocodeEvent* instances via ajax behavior callbacks.

```
<p:gmap widgetVar="pmap">
    <p:ajax event="geocode" listener="#{bean.onGeocode}" />
</p:gmap>
<script>
    PF('pmap').geocode('Barcelona');
</script>
```

```
public void onGeocode(GeocodeEvent event) {
    List<GeocodeResult> results = event.getResults();
}
```

Ajax Behavior Events

GMap provides many custom ajax behavior events for you to hook-in to various features.

Event	Listener Parameter	Fired
overlaySelect	org.primefaces.event.map.OverlaySelectEvent	When an overlay is selected.
stateChange	org.primefaces.event.map.StateChangeEvent	When map state changes.
pointSelect	org.primefaces.event.map.PointSelectEvent	When an empty point is selected.
markerDrag	org.primefaces.event.map.MarkerDragEvent	When a marker is dragged.

Following example displays a FacesMessage about the selected marker with growl component.

```
<h:form>
  <p:growl id="growl" />

  <p:gmap center="41.381542, 2.122893" zoom="15" type="hybrid"
    style="width:600px;height:400px" model="#{mapBean.model}">
    <p:ajax event="overlaySelect" listener="#{mapBean.onMarkerSelect}"
      update="growl" />
  </p:gmap>
</h:form>
```

```
public class MapBean {

    private MapModel model;

    public MapBean() {
        model = new DefaultMapModel();
        //add markers
    }

    public MapModel getModel() {
        return model
    }

    public void onMarkerSelect(OverlaySelectEvent event) {
        Marker selectedMarker = (Marker) event.getOverlay();
        //add facesmessage
    }
}
```

InfoWindow

A common use case is displaying an info window when a marker is selected. *gmapInfoWindow* is used to implement this special use case. Following example, displays an info window that contains an image of the selected marker data.

```

<h:form>

    <p:gmap center="41.381542, 2.122893" zoom="15" type="hybrid"
        style="width:600px;height:400px" model="#{mapBean.model}">

        <p:ajax event="overlaySelect" listener="#{mapBean.onMarkerSelect}" />

        <p:gmapInfoWindow>
            <p:graphicImage value="/images/#{mapBean.marker.data.image}" />
            <h:outputText value="#{mapBean.marker.data.title}" />
        </p:gmapInfoWindow>
    </p:gmap>

</h:form>

```

```

public class MapBean {

    private MapModel model;

    private Marker marker;

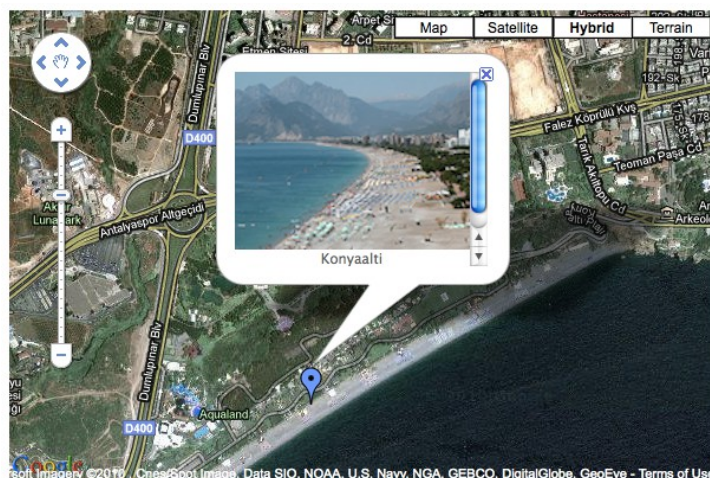
    public MapBean() {
        model = new DefaultMapModel();
        //add markers
    }

    public MapModel getModel() { return model; }

    public Marker getMarker() { return marker; }

    public void onMarkerSelect(OverlaySelectEvent event) {
        this.marker = (Marker) event.getOverlay();
    }
}

```



Street View

StreetView is enabled simply by setting *streetView* option to true.

```
<p:gmap center="41.381542, 2.122893" zoom="15" type="hybrid"
        style="width:600px;height:400px" streetView="true" />
```



Map Controls

Controls on map can be customized via attributes like *navigationControl* and *mapTypeControl*. Alternatively setting *disableDefaultUI* to true will remove all controls at once.

```
<p:gmap center="41.381542, 2.122893" zoom="15" type="terrain"
        style="width:600px;height:400px"
        mapTypeControl="false" navigationControl="false" />
```



Native Google Maps API

In case you need to access native google maps api with javascript, use provided *getMap()* method.

```
var gmap = PF('yourWidgetVar').getMap();
//gmap is a google.maps.Map instance
```

Full map api is provided at;

<http://code.google.com/apis/maps/documentation/javascript/reference.html>

GMap API

org.primefaces.model.map.MapModel (*org.primefaces.model.map.DefaultMapModel* is the default implementation)

Method	Description
<code>addOverlay(Overlay overlay)</code>	Adds an overlay to map
<code>List<Marker> getMarkers()</code>	Returns the list of markers
<code>List<Polyline> getPolylines()</code>	Returns the list of polylines
<code>List<Polygon> getPolygons()</code>	Returns the list of polygons
<code>List<Circle> getCircles()</code>	Returns the list of circles
<code>List<Rectangle> getRectangles()</code>	Returns the list of rectangles.
<code>Overlay findOverlay(String id)</code>	Finds an overlay by it's unique id

org.primefaces.model.map.Overlay

Property	Default	Type	Description
<code>id</code>	null	String	Id of the overlay, generated and used internally
<code>data</code>	null	Object	Data represented in marker
<code>zindex</code>	null	Integer	Z-Index of the overlay

org.primefaces.model.map.Marker extends *org.primefaces.model.map.Overlay*

Property	Default	Type	Description
<code>title</code>	null	String	Text to display on rollover
<code>latlng</code>	null	LatLng	Location of the marker
<code>icon</code>	null	String	Icon of the foreground
<code>shadow</code>	null	String	Shadow image of the marker
<code>cursor</code>	pointer	String	Cursor to display on rollover
<code>draggable</code>	0	Boolean	Defines if marker can be dragged
<code>clickable</code>	1	Boolean	Defines if marker can be dragged
<code>flat</code>	0	Boolean	If enabled, shadow image is not displayed
<code>visible</code>	1	Boolean	Defines visibility of the marker

org.primefaces.model.map.Polyline extends *org.primefaces.model.map.Overlay*

Property	Default	Type	Description
paths	null	List	List of coordinates
strokeColor	null	String	Color of a line
strokeOpacity	1	Double	Opacity of a line
strokeWeight	1	Integer	Width of a line

org.primefaces.model.map.Polygon extends *org.primefaces.model.map.Overlay*

Property	Default	Type	Description
paths	null	List	List of coordinates
strokeColor	null	String	Color of a line
strokeOpacity	1	Double	Opacity of a line
strokeWeight	1	Integer	Weight of a line
fillColor	null	String	Background color of the polygon
fillOpacity	1	Double	Opacity of the polygon

org.primefaces.model.map.Circle extends *org.primefaces.model.map.Overlay*

Property	Default	Type	Description
center	null	LatLng	Center of the circle
radius	null	Double	Radius of the circle.
strokeColor	null	String	Stroke color of the circle.
strokeOpacity	1	Double	Stroke opacity of circle.
strokeWeight	1	Integer	Stroke weight of the circle.
fillColor	null	String	Background color of the circle.
fillOpacity	1	Double	Opacity of the circle.

org.primefaces.model.map.Rectangle extends *org.primefaces.model.map.Overlay*

Property	Default	Type	Description
bounds	null	LatLngBounds	Boundaries of the rectangle.
strokeColor	null	String	Stroke color of the rectangle.
strokeOpacity	1	Double	Stroke opacity of rectangle.

Property	Default	Type	Description
strokeWeight	1	Integer	Stroke weight of the rectangle.
fillColor	null	String	Background color of the rectangle.
fillOpacity	1	Double	Opacity of the rectangle.

org.primefaces.model.map.LatLng

Property	Default	Type	Description
lat	null	double	Latitude of the coordinate
lng	null	double	Longitude of the coordinate

org.primefaces.model.map.LatLngBounds

Property	Default	Type	Description
center	null	LatLng	Center coordinate of the boundary
northEast	null	LatLng	NorthEast coordinate of the boundary
southWest	null	LatLng	SouthWest coordinate of the boundary

org.primefaces.model.map.GeocodeResult

Property	Default	Type	Description
address	null	String	String representation of the address.
latLng	null	LatLng	Coordinates of the address.

GMap Event API

All classes in event api extends from *javax.faces.event.FacesEvent*.

org.primefaces.event.map.MarkerDragEvent

Property	Default	Type	Description
marker	null	Marker	Dragged marker instance

org.primefaces.event.map.OverlaySelectEvent

Property	Default	Type	Description
overlay	null	Overlay	Selected overlay instance

org.primefaces.event.map.PointSelectEvent

Property	Default	Type	Description
latLng	null	LatLng	Coordinates of the selected point

org.primefaces.event.map.StateChangeEvent

Property	Default	Type	Description
bounds	null	LatLngBounds	Boundaries of the map
zoomLevel	0	Integer	Zoom level of the map

org.primefaces.event.map.GeocodeEvent

Property	Default	Type	Description
query	null	String	Query of the geocode search.
results	null	List<GeocodeResult>	List of results represented as GeocodeResult.

org.primefaces.event.map.ReverseGeocodeEvent

Property	Default	Type	Description
latLng	null	LatLng	Coordinates of the reverse geocode query.
addresses	null	List<String>	List of results represented as strings.

3.50 GMapInfoWindow

GMapInfoWindow is used with GMap component to open a window on map when an overlay is selected.



Info

Tag	gmapInfoWindow
Tag Class	org.primefaces.component.gmap.GMapInfoWindowTag
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.gmap.GMapInfoWindow
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.GMapInfoWindow
Component Family	org.primefaces.component

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
maxWidth	null	Integer	Maximum width of the info window

Getting started with GMapInfoWindow

See GMap section for more information about how gmapInfoWindow is used.

3.51 GraphicImage

GraphicImage extends standard JSF graphic image component with the ability of displaying binary data like an inputstream. Main use cases of GraphicImage is to make displaying images stored in database or on-the-fly images easier. Legacy way to do this is to come up with a Servlet that does the streaming, GraphicImage does all the hard work without the need of a Servlet.

Info

Tag	graphicImage
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.graphicimage.GraphicImage
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.GraphicImage
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.GraphicImageRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.graphicimage.GraphicImageRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Binary data to stream or context relative path.
alt	null	String	Alternate text for the image
url	null	String	Alias to value attribute
width	null	String	Width of the image
height	null	String	Height of the image
title	null	String	Title of the image
dir	null	String	Direction of the text displayed
lang	null	String	Language code
ismap	false	Boolean	Specifies to use a server-side image map
usemap	null	String	Name of the client side map
style	null	String	Style of the image
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the image

Name	Default	Type	Description
onclick	null	String	onclick dom event handler
ondblclick	null	String	ondblclick dom event handler
onkeydown	null	String	onkeydown dom event handler
onkeypress	null	String	onkeypress dom event handler
onkeyup	null	String	onkeyup dom event handler
onmousedown	null	String	onmousedown dom event handler
onmousemove	null	String	onmousemove dom event handler
onmouseout	null	String	onmouseout dom event handler
onmouseover	null	String	onmouseover dom event handler
onmouseup	null	String	onmouseup dom event handler
cache	true	String	Enables/Disables browser from caching the image
name	null	String	Name of the image.
library	null	String	Library name of the image.

Getting started with GraphicImage

GraphicImage requires an *org.primefaces.model.StreamedContent* content as it's value for dynamic images. StreamedContent is an interface and PrimeFaces provides a built-in implementation called *DefaultStreamedContent*. Following examples loads an image from the classpath.

```
<p:graphicImage value="#{imageBean.image}" />
```

```
public class ImageBean {
    private StreamedContent image;

    public DynamicImageController() {
        InputStream stream = this.getClass().getResourceAsStream("barcalogo.jpg");
        image = new DefaultStreamedContent(stream, "image/jpeg");
    }

    public StreamedContent getImage() {
        return this.image;
    }
}
```

DefaultStreamedContent gets an inputstream as the first parameter and mime type as the second. In a real life application, you can create the inputstream after reading the image from the database. For example *java.sql.ResultSet* API has the *getBinaryStream()* method to read blob files stored in database.

Displaying Charts with JFreeChart

See static images section at chart component for a sample usage of `graphicImage` with `jFreeChart`.

Displaying a Barcode

Similar to the chart example, a barcode can be generated as well. This sample uses `barbecue` project for the barcode API.

```
<p:graphicImage value="#{backingBean.barcode}" />
```

```
public class BarcodeBean {

    private StreamedContent barcode;

    public BarcodeBean() {
        try {
            File barcodeFile = new File("dynamicbarcode");
            BarcodeImageHandler.saveJPEG(
                BarcodeFactory.createCode128("PRIMEFACES"), barcodeFile);
            barcode = new DefaultStreamedContent(
                new FileInputStream(barcodeFile), "image/jpeg");
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }

    public BarcodeBean getBarcode() {
        return this.barcode;
    }
}
```



Displaying Regular Images

As `GraphicImage` extends standard `graphicImage` component, it can also display regular non dynamic images just like standard `graphicImage` component using name and optional library.

```
<p:graphicImage name="barcalogo.jpg" library="yourapp" />
```

How It Works

Dynamic image display works as follows;

- Dynamic image encrypts its value expression string to generate a key.
- This key is appended to the image url that points to JSF resource handler.
- Custom PrimeFaces ResourceHandler gets the key from the url, decrypts the expression string to something like `#{bean.streamedContentValue}`, evaluates it to get the instance of `StreamedContent` from bean and streams contents to client.

As a result there will be 2 requests to display an image, first browser will make a request to load the page and then another one to the dynamic image url that points to JSF resource handler. Please note that you cannot use viewscope beans as they are not available in resource loading request.

Passing Parameters and Data Iteration

You can pass request parameters to the `graphicImage` via `f:param` tags, as a result the actual request rendering the image can have access to these values. This is extremely handy to display dynamic images if your image is in a data iteration component like `datatable` or `ui:repeat`.

StreamedContent

There are two `StreamedContent` implementations out of the box; `DefaultStreamedContent` is not uses an `InputStream` and not serializable whereas the serializable `ByteArrayContent` uses a byte array.

3.52 Grid CSS

Grid CSS is a lightweight responsive layout utility optimized for mobile devices, tablets and desktops. Up to 12 columns are supported based on fluid and fixed modes.



 PFThemes
  PFMobile
  PFPush
  PFExtensions
  PFMockOSX

Grid CSS

Grid CSS is a responsive layout utility optimized for mobile devices, tablets and desktops.

1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2		2		2		2		2		2	
3			3			3			3		
4				4				4			
6						6					
12											
4				8							
3			9								
2		5					5				
4				2		2		3			1

Getting Started with Grid

There are special components as usage is simple using divs. A 3 column layout can be defined as;

```
<div class="ui-grid">
  <div class="ui-grid-row">
    <div class="ui-grid-col-4">Col1</div>
    <div class="ui-grid-col-4">Col2</div>
    <div class="ui-grid-col-4">Col2</div>
  </div>
</div>
```

Custom Layout

As long as the sum of columns are 12, various combinations are supported.

```
<div class="ui-grid">
  <div class="ui-grid-row">
    <div class="ui-grid-col-4">4</div>
    <div class="ui-grid-col-8">8</div>
  </div>
</div>
```

Multi Line

Multiple rows are enabled using more than one .ui-grid-row elements.

```
<div class="ui-grid">
  <div class="ui-grid-row">
    <div class="ui-grid-col-4">4</div>
    <div class="ui-grid-col-4">4</div>
    <div class="ui-grid-col-4">4</div>
  </div>
  <div class="ui-grid-row">
    <div class="ui-grid-col-4">4</div>
    <div class="ui-grid-col-4">4</div>
    <div class="ui-grid-col-4">4</div>
  </div>
  <div class="ui-grid-row">
    <div class="ui-grid-col-4">4</div>
    <div class="ui-grid-col-4">4</div>
    <div class="ui-grid-col-4">4</div>
  </div>
</div>
```

Responsive

Adding .ui-grid-responsive to the container makes the content responsive to screen sizes.

```
<div class="ui-grid ui-grid-responsive">
  <div class="ui-grid-row">
    <div class="ui-grid-col-4">4</div>
    <div class="ui-grid-col-8">8</div>
  </div>
</div>
```

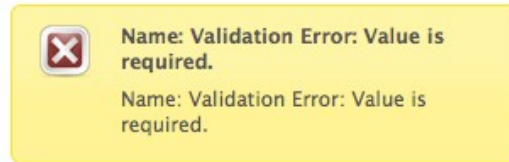
Fixed

.ui-grid-fixed enables fixed width for the content.

```
<div class="ui-grid ui-grid-fixed">
  <div class="ui-grid-row">
    <div class="ui-grid-col-4">4</div>
    <div class="ui-grid-col-8">8</div>
  </div>
</div>
```

3.53 Growl

Growl is based on the Mac's growl notification widget and used to display FacesMessages in an overlay.



Info

Tag	growl
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.growl.Growl
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Growl
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.GrowlRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.growl.GrowlRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
sticky	false	Boolean	Specifies if the message should stay instead of hidden automatically.
showSummary	true	Boolean	Specifies if the summary of message should be displayed.
showDetail	false	Boolean	Specifies if the detail of message should be displayed.
globalOnly	false	Boolean	When true, only facesmessages without clientids are displayed.
life	6000	Integer	Duration in milliseconds to display non-sticky messages.

Name	Default	Type	Description
autoUpdate	false	Boolean	Specifies auto update mode.
redisplay	true	Boolean	Defines if already rendered messaged should be displayed.
for	null	String	Name of associated key, takes precedence when used with globalOnly.
escape	true	Boolean	Defines whether html would be escaped or not.
severity	null	String	Comma separated list of severities to display only.

Getting Started with Growl

Growl usage is similar to standard h:messages component. Simply place growl anywhere on your page, since messages are displayed as an overlay, the location of growl in JSF page does not matter.

```
<p:growl />
```

Lifetime of messages

By default each message will be displayed for 6000 ms and then hidden. A message can be made sticky meaning it'll never be hidden automatically.

```
<p:growl sticky="true" />
```

If growl is not working in sticky mode, it's also possible to tune the duration of displaying messages. Following growl will display the messages for 5 seconds and then fade-out.

```
<p:growl life="5000" />
```

Growl with Ajax Updates

If you need to display messages with growl after an ajax request you just need to update it. Note that if you enable autoUpdate, growl will be updated automatically with each ajax request anyway.

```
<p:growl id="messages"/>
<p:commandButton value="Submit" update="messages" />
```

Positioning

Growl is positioned at top right corner by default, position can be controlled with a CSS selector called *ui-growl*. With the below setting growl will be located at top left corner.

```
.ui-growl {
    left:20px;
}
```

Targetable Messages

There may be times where you need to target one or more messages to a specific message component, for example suppose you have growl and messages on same page and you need to display some messages on growl and some on messages. Use for attribute to associate messages with specific components.

```
<p:messages for="somekey" />
<p:growl for="anotherkey" />
```

```
FacesContext context = FacesContext.getCurrentInstance();

context.addMessage("somekey", facesMessage1);
context.addMessage("somekey", facesMessage2);

context.addMessage("anotherkey", facesMessage3);
```

In sample above, messages will display first and second message and growl will only display the 3rd message.

Severity Levels

Using severity attribute, you can define which severities can be displayed by the component. For instance, you can configure growl to only display infos and warnings.

```
<p:growl severity="info,warn" />
```

Escaping

Growl escapes html content in messages, in case you need to display html via growl set escape option to false.

```
<p:growl escape="false" />
```

Skinning

Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-growl	Main container element of growl
.ui-growl-item-container	Container of messages
.ui-growl-item	Container of a message
.ui-growl-message	Text message container
.ui-growl-title	Summary of the message
.ui-growl-message p	Detail of the message
.ui-growl-image	Severity icon

Style Class	Applies
.ui-growl-image-info	Info severity icon
.ui-growl-image-warn	Warning severity icon
.ui-growl-image-error	Error severity icon
.ui-growl-image-fatal	Fatal severity icon

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.54 HotKey

HotKey is a generic key binding component that can bind any formation of keys to javascript event handlers or ajax calls.

Info

Tag	hotkey
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.hotkey.HotKey
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.HotKey
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.HotKeyRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.hotkey.HotKeyRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
bind	null	String	The Key binding.
handler	null	String	Javascript event handler to be executed when the key binding is pressed.
action	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that'd be processed in the partial request caused by uiajax.
actionListener	null	MethodExpr	An actionlistener that'd be processed in the partial request caused by uiajax.
immediate	false	Boolean	Boolean value that determines the phaseId, when true actions are processed at apply_request_values, when false at invoke_application phase.
async	false	Boolean	When set to true, ajax requests are not queued.
process	null	String	Component id(s) to process partially instead of whole view.
update	null	String	Client side id of the component(s) to be updated after async partial submit request.
onstart	null	String	Javascript handler to execute before ajax request is

Name	Default	Type	Description
			begins.
oncomplete	null	String	Javascript handler to execute when ajax request is completed.
onsuccess	null	String	Javascript handler to execute when ajax request succeeds.
onerror	null	String	Javascript handler to execute when ajax request fails.
global	true	Boolean	Global ajax requests are listened by ajaxStatus component, setting global to false will not trigger ajaxStatus.
delay	null	String	If less than <i>delay</i> milliseconds elapses between calls to <i>request()</i> only the most recent one is sent and all other requests are discarded. If this option is not specified, or if the value of <i>delay</i> is the literal string 'none' without the quotes, no delay is used.
partialSubmit	false	Boolean	Enables serialization of values belonging to the partially processed components only.
partialSubmitFilter	null	String	Selector to use when partial submit is on, default is ":input" to select all descendant inputs of a partially processed components.
resetValues	false	Boolean	If true, local values of input components to be updated within the ajax request would be reset.
ignoreAutoUpdate	false	Boolean	If true, components which autoUpdate="true" will not be updated for this request. If not specified, or the value is false, no such indication is made.
timeout	0	Integer	Timeout for the ajax request in milliseconds.
form	null	String	Form to serialize for an ajax request. Default is the enclosing form.

Getting Started with HotKey

HotKey is used in two ways, either on client side with the event handler or with ajax support. Simplest example would be;

```
<p:hotkey bind="a" handler="alert('Pressed a');" />
```

When this hotkey is on page, pressing the a key will alert the 'Pressed key a' text.

Key combinations

Most of the time you'd need key combinations rather than a single key.

```
<p:hotkey bind="ctrl+s" handler="alert('Pressed ctrl+s');" />
<p:hotkey bind="ctrl+shift+s" handler="alert('Pressed ctrl+shift+s');" />
```

Integration

Here's an example demonstrating how to integrate hotkeys with a client side api. Using left and right keys will switch the images displayed via the p:imageSwitch component.

```
<p:hotkey bind="left" handler="PF('switcher').previous();" />
<p:hotkey bind="right" handler="PF('switcher').next();" />

<p:imageSwitch widgetVar="switcher">
    //content
</p:imageSwitch>
```

Ajax Support

Ajax is a built-in feature of hotKeys meaning you can do ajax calls with key combinations. Following form can be submitted with the *ctrl+shift+s* combination.

```
<h:form>

    <p:hotkey bind="ctrl+shift+s" update="display" />

    <h:panelGrid columns="2">
        <h:outputLabel for="name" value="Name:" />
        <h:inputText id="name" value="#{bean.name}" />
    </h:panelGrid>

    <h:outputText id="display" value="Hello: #{bean.firstname}" />

</h:form>
```

Note that hotkey will not be triggered if there is a focused input on page.

3.55 IdleMonitor

IdleMonitor watches user actions on a page and notify callbacks in case they go idle or active again.

Info

Tag	idleMonitor
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.idlemonitor.IdleMonitor
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.IdleMonitor
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.IdleMonitorRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.idlemonitor.IdleMonitor

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
timeout	300000	Integer	Time to wait in milliseconds until deciding if the user is idle. Default is 5 minutes.
onidle	null	String	Client side callback to execute when user goes idle.
onactive	null	String	Client side callback to execute when user goes idle.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.

Getting Started with IdleMonitor

To begin with, you can hook-in to client side events that are called when a user goes idle or becomes active again. Example below toggles visibility of a dialog to respond these events.

```
<p:idleMonitor onidle="PF('idleDialog').show();"
               onactive="PF('idleDialog').hide();" />

<p:dialog header="What's happening?" widgetVar="idleDialog" modal="true">
  <h:outputText value="Dude, are you there?" />
</p:dialog>
```

Controlling Timeout

By default, `idleMonitor` waits for 5 minutes (300000 ms) until triggering the `onidle` event. You can customize this duration with the `timeout` attribute.

Ajax Behavior Events

`IdleMonitor` provides two ajax behavior events which are *idle* and *active* that are fired according to user status changes. Example below displays messages for each event;

```
<p:idleMonitor timeout="5000" update="messages">
  <p:ajax event="idle" listener="#{bean.idleListener}" update="msg" />
  <p:ajax event="active" listener="#{bean.activeListener}" update="msg" />
</p:idleMonitor>

<p:growl id="msg" />
```

```
public class Bean {

    public void idleListener() {
        //Add facesmessage
    }

    public void idle() {
        //Add facesmessage
    }

}
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.IdleMonitor*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
<code>pause()</code>	-	void	Pauses the monitor.
<code>resume()</code>	-	void	Resumes monitoring
<code>reset()</code>	-	void	Resets the timer of monitor.

3.56 ImageCompare

ImageCompare provides a user interface to compare two images.



Info

Tag	imageCompare
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.imagecompare.ImageCompare
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.ImageCompare
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.ImageCompareRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.imagecompare.ImageCompareRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.

Name	Default	Type	Description
leftImage	null	String	Source of the image placed on the left side
rightImage	null	String	Source of the image placed on the right side
width	null	String	Width of the images
height	null	String	Height of the images
style	null	String	Inline style of the container element
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container element

Getting started with ImageCompare

ImageCompare is created with two images with same height and width. It is required to set width and height of the images as well.

```
<p:imageCompare leftImage="xbox.png" rightImage="ps3.png"
width="438" height="246"/>
```

Skinning

Both images are placed inside a div container element, *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply to this element.

3.57 ImageCropper

ImageCropper allows cropping a certain region of an image. A new image is created containing the cropped area and assigned to a CroppedImage instance on the server side.



Info

Tag	imageCropper
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.imagecropper.ImageCropper
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.ImageCropper
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.ImageCropperRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.imagecropper.ImageCropperRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text
converter	null	Converter /String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required

Name	Default	Type	Description
validator	null	Method Expr	A method binding expression that refers to a method validationg the input
valueChangeListener	null	Method Expr	A method binding expression that refers to a method for handling a valuchangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
image	null	String	Context relative path to the image.
alt	null	String	Alternate text of the image.
aspectRatio	null	Double	Aspect ratio of the cropper area.
minSize	null	String	Minimum size of the cropper area.
maxSize	null	String	Maximum size of the cropper area.
backgroundColor	null	String	Background color of the container.
backgroundOpacity	0,6	Double	Background opacity of the container
initialCoords	null	String	Initial coordinates of the cropper area.
boxWidth	0	Integer	Maximum box width of the cropping area.
boxHeight	0	Integer	Maximum box height of the cropping area.

Getting started with the ImageCropper

ImageCropper is an input component and image to be cropped is provided via the *image* attribute. The cropped area of the original image is used to create a new image, this new image can be accessed on the backing bean by setting the value attribute of the image cropper. Assuming the image is at %WEBAPP_ROOT%/campnou.jpg

```
<p:imageCropper value="#{cropper.croppedImage}" image="/campnou.jpg" />
```

```
public class Cropper {
    private CroppedImage croppedImage;

    //getter and setter
}
```

org.primefaces.model.CroppedImage belongs a PrimeFaces API and contains handy information about the crop process. Following table describes CroppedImage properties.

Property	Type	Description
originalFileName	String	Name of the original file that's cropped
bytes	byte[]	Contents of the cropped area as a byte array
left	int	Left coordinate
right	int	Right coordinate
width	int	Width of the cropped image
height	int	Height of the cropped image

External Images

ImageCropper has the ability to crop external images as well.

```
<p:imageCropper value="#{cropper.croppedImage}"
    image="http://primefaces.prime.com.tr/en/images/schema.png">
</p:imageCropper>
```

Context Relative Path

For local images, ImageCropper always requires the image path to be context relative. So to accomplish this simply just add slash ("/path/to/image.png") and imagecropper will recognize it at %WEBAPP_ROOT%/path/to/image.png. Action url relative local images are not supported.

Initial Coordinates

By default, user action is necessary to initiate the cropper area on an image, you can specify an initial area to display on page load using *initialCoords* option in *x,y,w,h* format.

```
<p:imageCropper value="#{cropper.croppedImage}" image="/campnou.jpg"
    initialCoords="225,75,300,125"/>
```

Boundaries

minSize and maxSize attributes are control to limit the size of the area to crop.

```
<p:imageCropper value="#{cropper.croppedImage}" image="/campnou.jpg"
    minSize="50,100" maxSize="150,200"/>
```

Saving Images

Below is an example to save the cropped image to file system.

```
<p:imageCropper value="#{cropper.croppedImage}" image="/campnou.jpg" />

<p:commandButton value="Crop" actionListener="#{myBean.crop}" />
```

```

public class Cropper {

    private CroppedImage croppedImage;

    //getter and setter

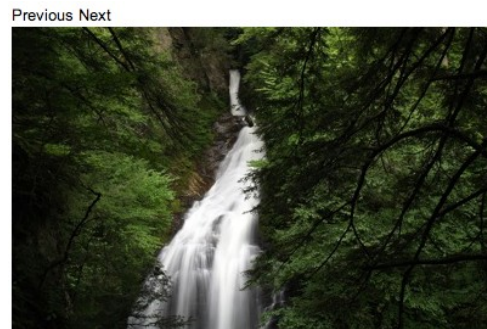
    public String crop() {
        ServletContext servletContext = (ServletContext)
FacesContext.getCurrentInstance().getExternalContext().getContext();
        String newFileName = servletContext.getRealPath("/") + File.separator +
"ui" + File.separator + "barca" + File.separator+ croppedImage.getOriginalFileName()
+ "cropped.jpg";

        FileOutputStream imageOutput;
        try {
            imageOutput = new FileOutputStream(new File(newFileName));
            imageOutput.write(croppedImage.getBytes(), 0,
croppedImage.getBytes().length);
            imageOutput.close();
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
        return null;
    }
}

```

3.58 ImageSwitch

Imageswitch component is a simple image gallery component.



Info

Tag	imageSwitch
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.imageswitch.ImageSwitch
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.ImageSwitch
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.ImageSwitchRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.imageswitch.ImageSwitchRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
effect	null	String	Name of the effect for transition.
speed	500	Integer	Speed of the effect in milliseconds.
slideshowSpeed	3000	Integer	Slideshow speed in milliseconds.
slideshowAuto	true	Boolean	Starts slideshow automatically on page load.
style	null	String	Style of the main container.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the main container.
activeIndex	0	Integer	Index of the first image.

Getting Started with ImageSwitch

ImageSwitch component needs a set of images to display. Provide the image collection as a set of children components.

```
<p:imageSwitch effect="FlyIn">
    <p:graphicImage value="/images/nature1.jpg" />
    <p:graphicImage value="/images/nature2.jpg" />
    <p:graphicImage value="/images/nature3.jpg" />
    <p:graphicImage value="/images/nature4.jpg" />
</p:imageSwitch>
```

Most of the time, images could be dynamic, ui:repeat is supported to implement this case.

```
<p:imageSwitch>
    <ui:repeat value="#{bean.images}" var="image">
        <p:graphicImage value="#{image}" />
    </ui:repeat>
</p:imageSwitch>
```

Slideshow or Manual

ImageSwitch is in slideShow mode by default, if you'd like manual transitions disable slideshow and use client side api to create controls.

```
<p:imageSwitch effect="FlyIn" widgetVar="imageswitch">
    //images
</p:imageSwitch>

<span onclick="PF('imageswitch').previous();">Previous</span>
<span onclick="PF('imageswitch').next();">Next</span>
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.ImageSwitch*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
resumelideshow()	-	void	Starts slideshow mode.
stopSlideshow()	-	void	Stops slideshow mode.
toggleSlideshow()	-	void	Toggles slideshow mode.
pauseSlideshow()	-	void	Pauses slideshow mode.
next()	-	void	Switches to next image.
previous()	-	void	Switches to previous image.
switchTo(index)	index	void	Displays image with given index.

Effect Speed

The speed is considered in terms of milliseconds and specified via the speed attribute.

```
<p:imageSwitch effect="FlipOut" speed="150">  
    //set of images  
</p:imageSwitch>
```

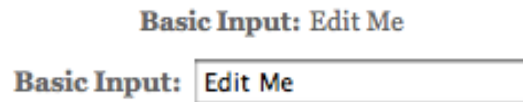
List of Effects

ImageSwitch supports a wide range of transition effects. Following is the full list, note that values are case sensitive.

- blindX
- blindY
- blindZ
- cover
- curtainX
- curtainY
- fade
- fadeZoom
- growX
- growY
- none
- scrollUp
- scrollDown
- scrollLeft
- scrollRight
- scrollVert
- shuffle
- slideX
- slideY
- toss
- turnUp
- turnDown
- turnLeft
- turnRight
- uncover
- wipe
- zoom

3.59 Inplace

Inplace provides easy inplace editing and inline content display. Inplace consists of two members, display element is the initial clickable label and inline element is the hidden content that is displayed when display element is toggled.



Info

Tag	inplace
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.inplace.Inplace
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Inplace
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.InplaceRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.inplace.InplaceRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
label	null	String	Label to be shown in display mode.
emptyLabel	null	String	Label to be shown in display mode when value is empty.
effect	fade	String	Effect to be used when toggling.
effectSpeed	normal	String	Speed of the effect.
disabled	false	Boolean	Prevents hidden content to be shown.
style	null	String	Inline style of the main container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the main container element.
editor	false	Boolean	Specifies the editor mode.
saveLabel	Save	String	Tooltip text of save button in editor mode.

Name	Default	Type	Description
cancelLabel	Cancel	String	Tooltip text of cancel button in editor mode.
event	click	String	Name of the client side event to display inline content.
toggleable	true	Boolean	Defines if inplace is toggleable or not.

Getting Started with Inplace

The inline component needs to be a child of inplace.

```
<p:inplace>
  <h:inputText value="Edit me" />
</p:inplace>
```

Custom Labels

By default inplace displays its first child's value as the label, you can customize it via the label attribute.

```
<h:outputText value="Select One:" />

<p:inplace label="Cities">
  <h:selectOneMenu>
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="Istanbul" itemValue="Istanbul" />
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="Ankara" itemValue="Ankara" />
  </h:selectOneMenu>
</p:inplace>
```

Select One: Cities

Select One:

Facets

For advanced customization, *output* and *input* facets are provided.

```
<p:inplace id="checkboxInplace">
  <f:facet name="output">
    Yes or No
  </f:facet>
  <f:facet name="input">
    <h:selectBooleanCheckbox />
  </f:facet>
</p:inplace>
```

Effects

Default effect is *fade* and other possible effect is *slide*, also effect speed can be tuned with values *slow*, *normal* and *fast*.

```
<p:inplace label="Show Image" effect="slide" effectSpeed="fast">
    <p:graphicImage value="/images/nature1.jpg" />
</p:inplace>
```

Editor

Inplace editing is enabled via the *editor* option.

```
public class InplaceBean {
    private String text;

    //getter-setter
}
```

```
<p:inplace editor="true">
    <h:inputText value="#{inplaceBean.text}" />
</p:inplace>
```



save and *cancel* are two provided ajax behaviors events you can use to hook-in the editing process.

```
public class InplaceBean {
    private String text;

    public void handleSave() {
        //add faces message with update text value
    }

    //getter-setter
}
```

```
<p:inplace editor="true">
    <p:ajax event="save" listener="#{inplaceBean.handleSave}" update="msgs" />
    <h:inputText value="#{inplaceBean.text}" />
</p:inplace>

<p:growl id="msgs" />
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.Inplace*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
show()	-	void	Shows content and hides display element.
hide()	-	void	Shows display element and hides content.
toggle()	-	void	Toggles visibility of between content and display element.
save()	-	void	Triggers an ajax request to process inplace input.
cancel()	-	void	Triggers an ajax request to revert inplace input.

Skinning

Inplace resides in a main container element which *style* and *styleClass* options apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-inplace	Main container element.
.ui-inplace-disabled	Main container element when disabled.
.ui-inplace-display	Display element.
.ui-inplace-content	Inline content.
.ui-inplace-editor	Editor controls container.
.ui-inplace-save	Save button.
.ui-inplace-cancel	Cancel button.

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.60 InputMask

InputMask forces an input to fit in a defined mask template.

Date:	11/12/2010
Phone:	(523) 453-4253
Phone with Ext:	(234) 532-4524 x35254
taxId:	52-3434234
SSN:	234-52-3452
Product Key:	__-__-__

Info

Tag	inputMask
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.inputmask.InputMask
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.InputMask
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.InputMaskRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.inputmask.InputMaskRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
mask	null	String	Mask template
placeholder	null	String	Placeholder in mask template. (deprecated)
slotChar	null	String	Placeholder in mask template.
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text

Name	Default	Type	Description
converter	null	Converter/String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	MethodExpr	A method binding expression that refers to a method validating the input
valueChangeListener	null	MethodExpr	A method binding expression that refers to a method for handling a valuchangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
accesskey	null	String	Access key that when pressed transfers focus to the input element.
alt	null	String	Alternate textual description of the input field.
autocomplete	null	String	Controls browser autocomplete behavior.
dir	null	String	Direction indication for text that does not inherit directionality. Valid values are LTR and RTL.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables input field
label	null	String	A localized user presentable name.
lang	null	String	Code describing the language used in the generated markup for this component.
maxlength	null	Integer	Maximum number of characters that may be entered in this field.
onblur	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element loses focus.
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element loses focus and its value has been modified since gaining focus.
onclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element is clicked.
ondblclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element is double clicked.

Name	Default	Type	Description
onfocus	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element receives focus.
onkeydown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed down over input element.
onkeypress	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed and released over input element.
onkeyup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is released over input element.
onmousedown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is pressed down over input element
onmousemove	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved within input element.
onmouseout	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved away from input element.
onmouseover	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved onto input element.
onmouseup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is released over input element.
onselect	null	String	Client side callback to execute when text within input element is selected by user.
placeholder	null	String	Specifies a short hint.
readonly	false	Boolean	Flag indicating that this component will prevent changes by the user.
size	null	Integer	Number of characters used to determine the width of the input element.
style	null	String	Inline style of the input element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the input element.
tabindex	null	Integer	Position of the input element in the tabbing order.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip informaton.

Getting Started with InputMask

InputMask below enforces input to be in 99/99/9999 date format.

```
<p:inputMask value="#{bean.field}" mask="99/99/9999" />
```

Mask Samples

Here are more samples based on different masks;

```
<h:outputText value="Phone: " />
<p:inputMask value="#{bean.phone}" mask="(999) 999-9999"/>

<h:outputText value="Phone with Ext: " />
<p:inputMask value="#{bean.phoneExt}" mask="(999) 999-9999? x99999"/>

<h:outputText value="SSN: " />
<p:inputMask value="#{bean.ssn}" mask="999-99-9999"/>

<h:outputText value="Product Key: " />
<p:inputMask value="#{bean.productKey}" mask="a*-999-a999"/>
```

Skinning

style and *styleClass* options apply to the displayed input element. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.61 InputSwitch

InputSwitch is used to select a boolean value.



Info

Tag	inputSwitch
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.inputswitch.InputSwitch
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.InputSwitch
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.InputSwitchRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.inputswitch.InputSwitchRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text
converter	null	Converter /String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	MethodExpr	A method binding expression that refers to a method validating the input

Name	Default	Type	Description
valueChangeListener	null	MethodExpr	A method binding expression that refers to a method for handling a valuchangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
onLabel	on	String	Label for on state.
offLabel	off	String	Label for off state.
label	null	String	User presentable name.
disabled	null	String	Disables or enables the switch.
onchange	false	Boolean	Client side callback to execute on value change event.
style	null	String	Inline style of the main container.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the main container.
tabindex	null	Integer	The tabindex attribute specifies the tab order of an element when the "tab" button is used for navigating.
showLabels	null	String	Controls the visibility of the labels, defaults to true.

Getting started with InputSwitch

InputSwitch requires a boolean reference as the value.

```
<p:inputSwitch value="#{bean.propertyName}" />
```

```
public class Bean {
    private boolean propertyName;

    //getter and setter
}
```

Labels

Labels are customized using onLabel and offLabel options. Setting showLabels as false, turns off labels altogether.

```
<p:inputSwitch value="#{bean.propertyName}" onLabel="yes" offLabel="no"/>
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.InputSwitch*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
toggle()	-	void	Toggles the state.
check()	-	void	Switches to on state.
uncheck()	-	void	Switches to off state.

Skinning

InputSwitch resides in a main container element which *style* and *styleClass* options apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-inputswitch	Main container element.
.ui-inputswitch-off	Off state element.
.ui-inputswitch-on	On state element.
.ui-inputswitch-handle	Switch handle.

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.62 InputText

InputText is an extension to standard inputText with skinning capabilities.



Info

Tag	inputText
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.inputtext.InputText
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.InputText
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.InputTextRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.inputtext.InputTextRender

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text
converter	null	Converter /String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	Method Expr	A method binding expression that refers to a method validating the input
valueChangeListener	null	Method Expr	A method binding expression that refers to a method for handling a valuchangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed after failed validation.

Name	Default	Type	Description
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
accesskey	null	String	Access key that when pressed transfers focus to the input element.
alt	null	String	Alternate textual description of the input field.
autocomplete	null	String	Controls browser autocomplete behavior.
dir	null	String	Direction indication for text that does not inherit directionality. Valid values are LTR and RTL.
disabled	0	Boolean	Disables input field
label	null	String	A localized user presentable name.
lang	null	String	Code describing the language used in the generated markup for this component.
maxlength	null	Integer	Maximum number of characters that may be entered in this field.
onblur	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element loses focus.
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element loses focus and its value has been modified since gaining focus.
onclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element is clicked.
ondblclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element is double clicked.
onfocus	null	String	Client side callback to execute on input element focus.
onkeydown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed down over input element.
onkeypress	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed and released over input element.
onkeyup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is released over input element.
onmousedown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is pressed down over input element
onmousemove	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved within input element.
onmouseout	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved away from input element.

Name	Default	Type	Description
onmouseover	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved onto input element.
onmouseup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is released over input element.
onselect	null	String	Client side callback to execute when text within input element is selected by user.
placeholder	null	String	Specifies a short hint.
readonly	0	Boolean	Flag indicating that this component will prevent changes by the user.
size	null	Integer	Number of characters used to determine the width of the input element.
style	null	String	Inline style of the input element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the input element.
tabindex	null	Integer	Position of the input element in the tabbing order.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip informaton.
type	text	String	Input field type.

Getting Started with InputText

InputText usage is same as standard inputText;

```
<p:inputText value="#{bean.propertyName}" />
```

```
public class Bean {
    private String propertyName;

    //getter and setter
}
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.InputText*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
enable()	-	void	Enables the input field.
disable()	-	void	Disables the input field.

3.63 InputTextarea

InputTextarea is an extension to standard inputTextarea with autoComplete, autoResize, remaining characters counter and theming features.



Info

Tag	inputTextarea
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.inputtextarea.InputTextarea
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.InputTextarea
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.InputTextareaRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.inputtextarea.InputTextareaRender

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text
converter	null	Converter/ String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required

Name	Default	Type	Description
validator	null	Method Expr	A method binding expression that refers to a method validationg the input
valueChangeListener	null	Method Expr	A method binding expression that refers to a method for handling a valuchangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
accesskey	null	String	Access key that when pressed transfers focus to the input element.
alt	null	String	Alternate textual description of the input field.
autocomplete	null	String	Controls browser autocomplete behavior.
dir	null	String	Direction indication for text that does not inherit directionality. Valid values are LTR and RTL.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables input field
label	null	String	A localized user presentable name.
lang	null	String	Code describing the language used in the generated markup for this component.
onblur	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element loses focus.
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element loses focus and its value has been modified since gaining focus.
onclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element is clicked.
ondblclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element is double clicked.
onfocus	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element receives focus.
onkeydown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed down over input element.
onkeypress	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed and released over input element.
onkeyup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is released over input element.
onmousedown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is

Name	Default	Type	Description
			pressed down over input element
onmousemove	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved within input element.
onmouseout	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved away from input element.
onmouseover	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved onto input element.
onmouseup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is released over input element.
onselect	null	String	Client side callback to execute when text within input element is selected by user.
readonly	false	Boolean	Flag indicating that this component will prevent changes by the user.
size	null	Integer	Number of characters used to determine the width of the input element.
style	null	String	Inline style of the input element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the input element.
tabindex	null	Integer	Position of the input element in the tabbing order.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip informaton.
autoResize	true	Boolean	Specifies auto growing when being typed.
maxlength	null	Integer	Maximum number of characters that may be entered in this field.
counter	null	String	Id of the output component to display remaining chars.
counterTemplate	{0}	String	Template text to display in counter.
completeMethod	null	Method Expr	Method to provide suggestions.
minQueryLength	3	Integer	Number of characters to be typed to run a query.
queryDelay	700	Integer	Delay in ms before sending each query.
scrollHeight	null	Integer	Height of the viewport for autocomplete suggestions.

Getting Started with InputTextarea

InputTextarea usage is same as standard inputTextarea;

```
<p:inputTextarea value="#{bean.propertyName}" />
```

AutoResize

While textarea is being typed, if content height exceeds the allocated space, textarea can grow automatically. Use autoResize option to turn on/off this feature.

```
<p:inputTextarea value="#{bean.propertyName}" autoResize="true|false"/>
```

Remaining Characters

InputTextarea can limit the maximum allowed characters with maxLength option and display the remaining characters count as well.

```
<p:inputTextarea value="#{bean.propertyName}" counter="display"
    maxLength="20" counterTemplate="{0} characters remaining" />

<h:outputText id="display" />
```

AutoComplete

InputTextarea supports ajax autocomplete functionality as well. You need to provide a completeMethod to provide the suggestions to use this feature. In sample below, completeArea method will be invoked with the query being the four characters before the caret.

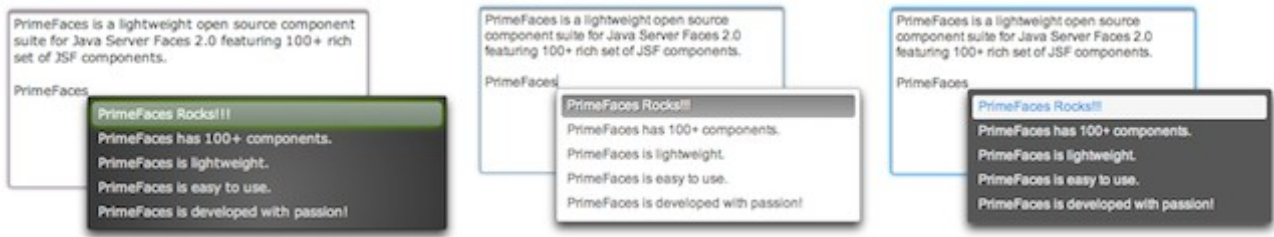
```
public class AutoCompleteBean {

    public List<String> completeArea(String query) {
        List<String> results = new ArrayList<String>();

        if(query.equals("PrimeFaces")) {
            results.add("PrimeFaces Rocks!!!");
            results.add("PrimeFaces has 100+ components.");
            results.add("PrimeFaces is lightweight.");
            results.add("PrimeFaces is easy to use.");
            results.add("PrimeFaces is developed with passion!");
        }
        else {
            for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
                results.add(query + i);
            }
        }

        return results;
    }
}
```

```
<p:inputTextarea rows="10" cols="50" minQueryLength="4"
    completeMethod="#{autoCompleteBean.completeArea}" />
```



Skinning

InputTextarea renders a textarea element which *style* and *styleClass* options apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
ui-inputtext	Text input element.
ui-inputfield	Text input element.
.ui-autocomplete-panel	Overlay for suggestions.
.ui-autocomplete-items	Suggestions container.
.ui-autocomplete-item	Each suggestion.

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.64 Keyboard

Keyboard is an input component that uses a virtual keyboard to provide the input. Notable features are the customizable layouts and skinning capabilities.



Info

Tag	keyboard
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.keyboard.Keyboard
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Keyboard
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.KeyboardRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.keyboard.KeyboardRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text
converter	null	Converter/String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required

Name	Default	Type	Description
validator	null	MethodExpr	A method binding expression that refers to a method validating the input
valueChangeListener	null	MethodExpr	A method binding expression that refers to a method for handling a <code>valueChangeEvent</code>
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fails.
password	false	Boolean	Makes the input a password field.
showMode	focus	String	Specifies the showMode, 'focus', 'button', 'both'
buttonImage	null	String	Image for the button.
buttonImageOnly	false	boolean	When set to true only image of the button would be displayed.
effect	fadeIn	String	Effect of the display animation.
effectDuration	null	String	Length of the display animation.
layout	qwerty	String	Built-in layout of the keyboard.
layoutTemplate	null	String	Template of the custom layout.
keypadOnly	focus	Boolean	Specifies displaying a keypad instead of a keyboard.
promptLabel	null	String	Label of the prompt text.
closeLabel	null	String	Label of the close key.
clearLabel	null	String	Label of the clear key.
backspaceLabel	null	String	Label of the backspace key.
accesskey	null	String	Access key that when pressed transfers focus to the input element.
alt	null	String	Alternate textual description of the input field.
autocomplete	null	String	Controls browser autocomplete behavior.
dir	null	String	Direction indication for text that does not inherit directionality. Valid values are LTR and RTL.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables input field
label	null	String	A localized user presentable name.
lang	null	String	Code describing the language used in the generated markup for this component.
maxlength	null	Integer	Maximum number of characters that may be entered in this field.

Name	Default	Type	Description
onblur	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element loses focus.
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element loses focus and its value has been modified since gaining focus.
onclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element is clicked.
ondblclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element is double clicked.
onfocus	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element receives focus.
onkeydown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed down over input element.
onkeypress	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed and released over input element.
onkeyup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is released over input element.
onmousedown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is pressed down over input element
onmousemove	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved within input element.
onmouseout	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved away from input element.
onmouseover	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved onto input element.
onmouseup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is released over input element.
onselect	null	String	Client side callback to execute when text within input element is selected by user.
placeholder	null	String	Specifies a short hint.
readonly	false	Boolean	Flag indicating that this component will prevent changes by the user.
size	null	Integer	Number of characters used to determine the width of the input element.
style	null	String	Inline style of the input element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the input element.
tabindex	null	Integer	Position of the input element in the tabbing order.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip informaton.

Name	Default	Type	Description
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.

Getting Started with Keyboard

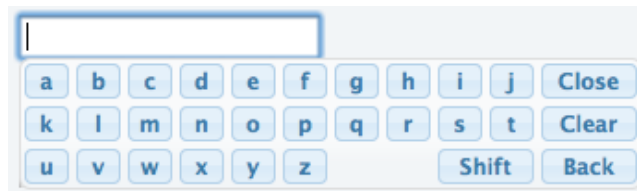
Keyboard is used just like a simple `inputText`, by default when the input gets the focus a keyboard is displayed.

```
<p:keyboard value="#{bean.value}" />
```

Built-in Layouts

There're a couple of built-in keyboard layouts these are 'qwerty', 'qwertyBasic' and 'alphabetic'. For example keyboard below has the alphabetic layout.

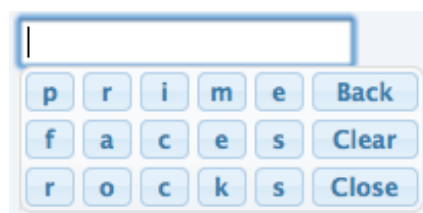
```
<p:keyboard value="#{bean.value}" layout="alphabetic"/>
```



Custom Layouts

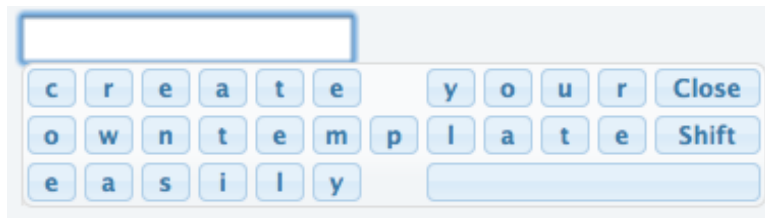
Keyboard has a very flexible layout mechanism allowing you to come up with your own layout.

```
<p:keyboard value="#{bean.value}"
    layout="custom"
    layoutTemplate="prime-back,faces-clear,rocks-close"/>
```



Another example;

```
<p:keyboard value="#{bean.value}"
    layout="custom"
    layoutTemplate="create-space-your-close,owntemplate-shift,easily-space-
spacebar"/>
```



A layout template basically consists of built-in keys and your own keys. Following is the list of all built-in keys.

- back
- clear
- close
- shift
- spacebar
- space
- halfspace

All other text in a layout is realized as separate keys so "prime" would create 5 keys as "p" "r" "i" "m" "e". Use dash to separate each member in layout and use commas to create a new row.

Keypad

By default keyboard displays whole keys, if you only need the numbers use the keypad mode.

```
<p:keyboard value="#{bean.value}" keypadOnly="true"/>
```

ShowMode

There're a couple of different ways to display the keyboard, by default keyboard is shown once input field receives the focus. This is customized using the showMode feature which accept values 'focus', 'button', 'both'. Keyboard below displays a button next to the input field, when the button is clicked the keyboard is shown.

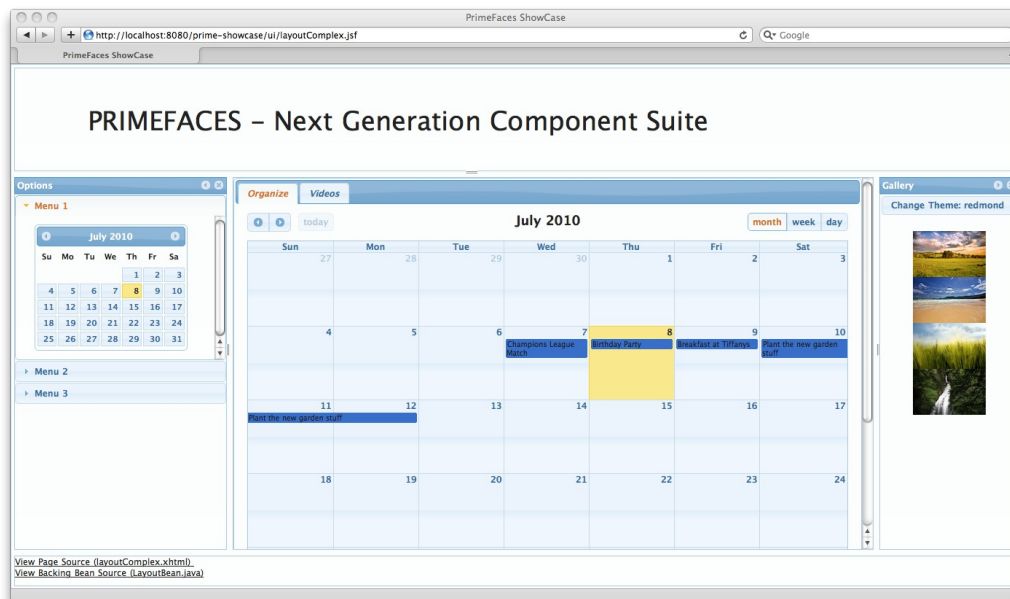
```
<p:keyboard value="#{bean.value}" showMode="button"/>
```



Button can also be customized using the *buttonImage* and *buttonImageOnly* attributes.

3.65 Layout

Layout component features a highly customizable borderLayout model making it very easy to create complex layouts even if you're not familiar with web design.



Info

Tag	layout
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.layout.Layout
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Layout
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.LayoutRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.layout.LayoutRenderer

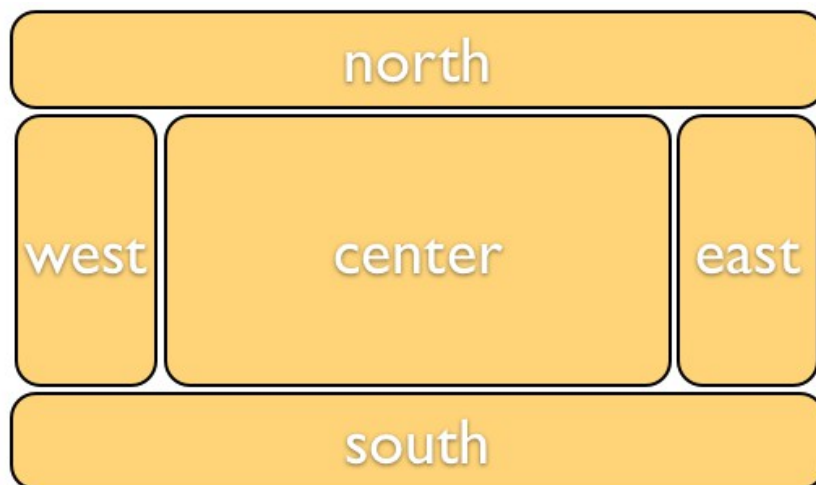
Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
fullPage	false	Boolean	Specifies whether layout should span all page or not.

Name	Default	Type	Description
style	null	String	Style to apply to container element, this is only applicable to element based layouts.
styleClass	null	String	Style class to apply to container element, this is only applicable to element based layouts.
onResize	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a layout unit is resized.
onClose	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a layout unit is closed.
onToggle	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a layout unit is toggled.
resizeTitle	null	String	Title label of the resize button.
collapseTitle	null	String	Title label of the collapse button.
expandTitle	null	String	Title label of the expand button.
closeTitle	null	String	Title label of the close button.

Getting started with Layout

Layout is based on a BorderLayout model that consists of 5 different layout units which are top, left, center, right and bottom. This model is visualized in the schema below;



Full Page Layout

Layout has two modes, you can either use it for a full page layout or for a specific region in your page. This setting is controlled with the `fullPage` attribute which is false by default.

The regions in a layout are defined by `layoutUnits`, following is a simple full page layout with all possible units. Note that you can place any content in each layout unit.

```

<p:layout fullPage="true">
  <p:layoutUnit position="north" size="50">
    <h:outputText value="Top content." />
  </p:layoutUnit>
  <p:layoutUnit position="south" size="100">
    <h:outputText value="Bottom content." />
  </p:layoutUnit>
  <p:layoutUnit position="west" size="300">
    <h:outputText value="Left content" />
  </p:layoutUnit>
  <p:layoutUnit position="east" size="200">
    <h:outputText value="Right Content" />
  </p:layoutUnit>
  <p:layoutUnit position="center">
    <h:outputText value="Center Content" />
  </p:layoutUnit>
</p:layout>

```

Forms in Full Page Layout

When working with forms and full page layout, avoid using a form that contains layoutunits as generated dom may not be the same. So following is **invalid**.

```

<p:layout fullPage="true">
  <h:form>
    <p:layoutUnit position="west" size="100">
      <h:outputText value="Left Pane" />
    </p:layoutUnit>
    <p:layoutUnit position="center">
      <h:outputText value="Right Pane" />
    </p:layoutUnit>
  </h:form>
</p:layout>

```

A layout unit must have it's own form instead, also avoid trying to update layout units because of same reason, update it's content instead.

Dimensions

Except center layoutUnit, other layout units **must** have dimensions defined via *size* option.

Element based layout

Another use case of layout is the element based layout. This is the default case actually so just ignore fullPage attribute or set it to false. Layout example below demonstrates creating a split panel implementation.

```

<p:layout style="width:400px;height:200px">

    <p:layoutUnit position="west" size="100">
        <h:outputText value="Left Pane" />
    </p:layoutUnit>

    <p:layoutUnit position="center">
        <h:outputText value="Right Pane" />
    </p:layoutUnit>

    //more layout units

</p:layout>

```

Ajax Behavior Events

Layout provides custom ajax behavior events for each layout state change.

Event	Listener Parameter	Fired
toggle	org.primefaces.event.ToggleEvent	When a unit is expanded or collapsed.
close	org.primefaces.event.CloseEvent	When a unit is closed.
resize	org.primefaces.event.ResizeEvent	When a unit is resized.

Stateful Layout

Making layout stateful would be easy, once you create your data to store the user preference, you can update this data using ajax event listeners provided by layout. For example if a layout unit is collapsed, you can save and persist this information. By binding this persisted information to the collapsed attribute of the layout unit layout will be rendered as the user left it last time.

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.Layout*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
toggle(position)	position	void	Toggles layout unit.
show(position)	position	void	Shows layout unit.
hide(unit)	position	void	Hides layout unit.

Skinning

Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-layout	Main wrapper container element
.ui-layout-doc	Layout container
.ui-layout-unit	Each layout unit container
.ui-layout-{position}	Position based layout unit
.ui-layout-unit-header	Layout unit header
.ui-layout-unit-content	Layout unit body

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.66 LayoutUnit

LayoutUnit represents a region in the border layout model of the Layout component.

Info

Tag	layoutUnit
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.layout.LayoutUnit
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.LayoutUnit
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.LayoutUnitRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.layout.LayoutUnitRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
position	null	String	Position of the unit.
size	null	String	Size of the unit.
resizable	false	Boolean	Makes the unit resizable.
closable	false	Boolean	Makes the unit closable.
collapsible	false	Boolean	Makes the unit collapsible.
header	null	String	Text of header.
footer	null	String	Text of footer.
minSize	null	Integer	Minimum dimension for resize.
maxSize	null	Integer	Maximum dimension for resize.
gutter	4px	String	Gutter size of layout unit.
visible	true	Boolean	Specifies default visibility
collapsed	false	Boolean	Specifies toggle status of unit
collapseSize	null	Integer	Size of the unit when collapsed

Name	Default	Type	Description
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
effect	null	String	Effect name of the layout transition.
effectSpeed	null	String	Effect speed of the layout transition.

Getting started with LayoutUnit

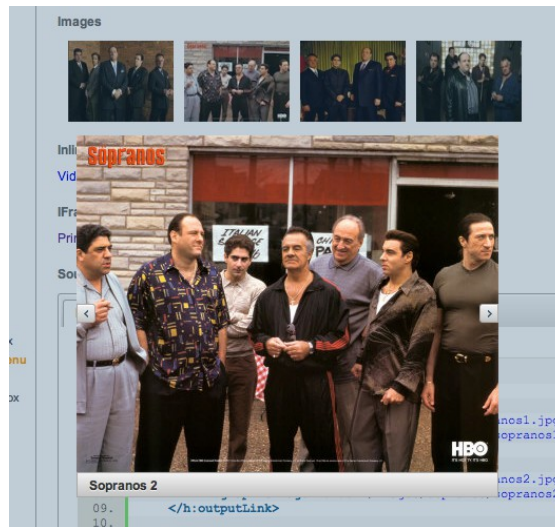
See layout component documentation for more information regarding the usage of layoutUnits.

Facets

In addition to *header* and *footer* attributes to display text at these locations, facets are also provided with the same name to display custom content.

3.67 LightBox

Lightbox is a powerful overlay that can display images, multimedia content, custom content and external urls.



Info

Tag	lightbox
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.lightbox.LightBox
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.LightBox
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.LightBoxRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.lightbox.LightBoxRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
style	null	String	Style of the container element not the overlay element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container element not the overlay element.
width	null	String	Width of the overlay in iframe mode.

Name	Default	Type	Description
height	null	String	Height of the overlay in iframe mode.
iframe	false	Boolean	Specifies an iframe to display an external url in overlay.
iframeTitle	null	String	Title of the iframe element.
visible	false	Boolean	Displays lightbox without requiring any user interaction by default.
onHide	null	String	Client side callback to execute when lightbox is displayed.
onShow	null	String	Client side callback to execute when lightbox is hidden.

Images

The images displayed in the lightBox need to be nested as child outputLink components. Following lightBox is displayed when any of the links are clicked.

```
<p:lightBox>
  <h:outputLink value="sopranos/sopranos1.jpg" title="Sopranos 1">
    <h:graphicImage value="sopranos/sopranos1_small.jpg"/>
  </h:outputLink>

  <h:outputLink value="sopranos/sopranos2.jpg" title="Sopranos 2">
    <h:graphicImage value="sopranos/sopranos2_small.jpg"/>
  </h:outputLink>

  <h:outputLink value="sopranos/sopranos3.jpg" title="Sopranos 3">
    <h:graphicImage value="sopranos/sopranos3_small.jpg"/>
  </h:outputLink>

  //more
</p:lightBox>
```

IFrame Mode

LightBox also has the ability to display iframes inside the page overlay, following lightbox displays the PrimeFaces homepage when the link inside is clicked.

```
<p:lightBox iframe="true">
  <h:outputLink value="http://www.primefaces.org" title="PrimeFaces HomePage">
    <h:outputText value="PrimeFaces HomePage"/>
  </h:outputLink>
</p:lightBox>
```

Clicking the outputLink will display PrimeFaces homepage within an iframe.

Inline Mode

Inline mode acts like a modal dialog, you can display other JSF content on the page using the lightbox overlay. Simply place your overlay content in the "inline" facet. Clicking the link in the example below will display the panelGrid contents in overlay.

```

<p:lightBox>
    <h:outputLink value="#" title="Leo Messi" >
        <h:outputText value="The Messiah"/>
    </h:outputLink>
    <f:facet name="inline">
        //content here
    </f:facet>
</p:lightBox>

```

Lightbox inline mode doesn't support advanced content like complex widgets. Use a dialog instead for advanced cases involving custom content.

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.LightBox*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
show()	-	void	Displays lightbox.
hide()	-	void	Hides lightbox.
showURL(opt)	opt	void	Displays a URL in a iframe. opt parameter has three variables. width and height for iframe dimensions and src for the page url.

Skinning

Lightbox resides in a main container element which *style* and *styleClass* options apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-lightbox	Main container element.
.ui-lightbox-content-wrapper	Content wrapper element.
.ui-lightbox-content	Content container.
.ui-lightbox-nav-right	Next image navigator.
.ui-lightbox-nav-left	Previous image navigator.
.ui-lightbox-loading	Loading image.
.ui-lightbox-caption	Caption element.

3.68 Link

Link is an extension to standard h:link component.

Info

Tag	link
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.link.Link
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Link
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.LinkRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.link.LinkRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text.
outcome	null	String	Used to resolve a navigation case.
includeViewParams	false	Boolean	Whether to include page parameters in target URI
fragment	null	String	Identifier of the target page which should be scrolled to.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables button.
disableClientWindow	false	Boolean	Disable appending the ClientWindow on the rendering of this element.
accesskey	null	String	Access key that when pressed transfers focus to button.
charset	null	String	Character encoding of the resource designated by this hyperlink.
coords	null	String	Position and shape of the hot spot on the screen for client use in image maps.
dir	null	String	Direction indication for text that does not inherit directionality. Valid values are LTR and RTL.
hreflang	null	String	Language code of the resource designated by the link.

Name	Default	Type	Description
rel	null	String	Relationship from the current document to the anchor specified by the link, values are provided by a space-separated list of link types.
rev	null	String	A reverse link from the anchor specified by this link to the current document, values are provided by a space-separated list of link types.
shape	null	String	Shape of hot spot on the screen, valid values are default, rect, circle and poly.
tabindex	null	String	Position of the element in the tabbing order.
target	null	String	Name of a frame where the resource targeted by this link will be displayed.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip informaton.
type	null	String	Type of resource referenced by the link.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
onblur	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button loses focus.
onclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button is clicked.
ondblclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button is double clicked.
onfocus	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button receives focus.
onkeydown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed down over button.
onkeypress	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed and released over button.
onkeyup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is released over button.
onmousedown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is pressed down over button.
onmousemove	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved within button
onmouseout	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved away from button.
onmouseover	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved onto button.
onmouseup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is released over button.
href	null	String	Inline style of the button.

Name	Default	Type	Description
escape	true	Boolean	Defines if label of the component is escaped or not.

Getting Started with Link

p:link usage is same as standard h:link, an outcome is necessary to navigate using GET requests. Assume you are at source.xhtml and need to navigate target.xhtml.

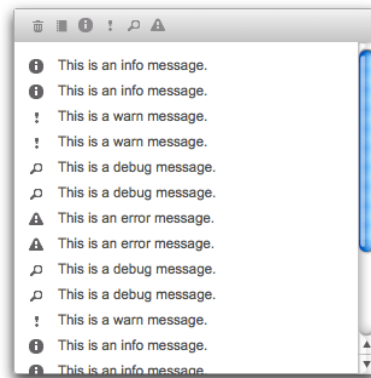
```
<p:link outcome="target" value="Navigate"/>
```

To navigate without outcome based approach, use href attribute.

```
<p:link href="http://www.primefaces.org" value="Navigate"/>
```

3.69 Log

Log component is a visual console to display logs on JSF pages.



Info

Tag	log
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.log.Log
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Log
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.LogRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.log.LogRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean

Getting started with Log

Log component is used simply as adding the component to the page.

```
<p:log />
```

Log API

PrimeFaces uses client side log apis internally, for example you can use log component to see details of an ajax request. Log API is also available via global PrimeFaces object in case you'd like to use the log component to display your logs.

```
<script type="text/javascript">
    PrimeFaces.info('Info message');
    PrimeFaces.debug('Debug message');
    PrimeFaces.warn('Warning message');
    PrimeFaces.error('Error message');
</script>
```

If project stage is development, log messages are also available at browser console.

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.Log*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
show()	-	void	Show the container element.
hide()	-	void	Hides the container element.

3.70 Media

Media component is used for embedding multimedia content.

Info

Tag	media
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.media.Media
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Media
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.MediaRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.media.MediaRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
value	null	String	Media source to play.
player	null	String	Type of the player, possible values are "quicktime", "windows", "flash", "real" and "pdf".
width	null	String	Width of the player.
height	null	String	Height of the player.
style	null	String	Style of the player.
styleClass	null	String	StyleClass of the player.
cache	true	Boolean	Controls browser caching mode of the resource.

Getting started with Media

In its simplest form media component requires a source to play;

```
<p:media value="/media/ria_with_primefaces.mov" />
```

Player Types

By default, players are identified using the value extension so for instance mov files will be played by quicktime player. You can customize which player to use with the player attribute.

```
<p:media value="http://www.youtube.com/v/ABCDEFGH" player="flash"/>
```

Following is the supported players and file types.

Player	Types
windows	asx, asf, avi, wma, wmv
quicktime	aif, aiff, aac, au, bmp, gsm, mov, mid, midi, mpg, mpeg, mp4, m4a, psd, qt, qtif, qif, qti, snd, tif, tiff, wav, 3g2, 3pg
flash	flv, mp3, swf
real	ra, ram, rm, rpm, rv, smi, smil
pdf	pdf

Parameters

Different proprietary players might have different configuration parameters, these can be specified using f:param tags.

```
<p:media value="/media/ria_with_primefaces.mov">
  <f:param name="param1" value="value1" />
</p:media>
```

StreamedContent Support

Media component can also play binary media content, example for this use case is storing media files in database using binary format. In order to implement this, bind a StreamedContent.

```
<p:media value="#{mediaBean.media}" width="250" height="225" player="quicktime"/>
```

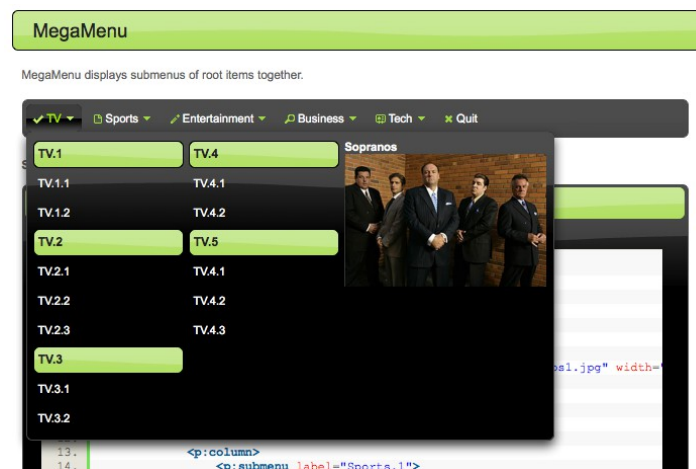
```
public class MediaBean {

    private StreamedContent media;

    public MediaController() {
        InputStream stream = //Create binary stream from database
        media = new DefaultStreamedContent(stream, "video/quicktime");
    }
    public StreamedContent getMedia() { return media; }
}
```

3.71 MegaMenu

MegaMenu is a horizontal navigation component that displays submenus together.



Info

Tag	megaMenu
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.megamenu.MegaMenu
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.MegaMenu
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.MegaMenuRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.megamenu.MegaMenuRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget
model	null	MenuModel	MenuModel instance to create menus programmatically
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.

Name	Default	Type	Description
autoDisplay	true	Boolean	Defines whether submenus will be displayed on mouseover or not. When set to false, click event is required to display.
activeIndex	null	Integer	Index of the active root menu to display as highlighted. By default no root is highlighted.
orientation	horizontal	String	Defines the orientation of the root menuitems, valid values are "horizontal" and "vertical".

Getting Started with MegaMenu

Layout of MegaMenu is grid based and root items require columns as children.

```

<p:megaMenu>
  <p:submenu label="TV" icon="ui-icon-check">
    <p:column>
      <p:submenu label="TV.1">
        <p:menuitem value="TV.1.1" url="#" />
        <p:menuitem value="TV.1.2" url="#" />
      </p:submenu>
      <p:submenu label="TV.2">
        <p:menuitem value="TV.2.1" url="#" />
        <p:menuitem value="TV.2.2" url="#" />
        <p:menuitem value="TV.2.3" url="#" />
      </p:submenu>
      <p:submenu label="TV.3">
        <p:menuitem value="TV.3.1" url="#" />
        <p:menuitem value="TV.3.2" url="#" />
      </p:submenu>
    </p:column>

    <p:column>
      <p:submenu label="TV.4">
        <p:menuitem value="TV.4.1" url="#" />
        <p:menuitem value="TV.4.2" url="#" />
      </p:submenu>
      <p:submenu label="TV.5">
        <p:menuitem value="TV.5.1" url="#" />
        <p:menuitem value="TV.5.2" url="#" />
        <p:menuitem value="TV.5.3" url="#" />
      </p:submenu>
      <p:submenu label="TV.6">
        <p:menuitem value="TV.6.1" url="#" />
        <p:menuitem value="TV.6.2" url="#" />
        <p:menuitem value="TV.6.3" url="#" />
      </p:submenu>
    </p:column>

  </p:submenu>

  //more root items
</p:megaMenu>

```

Custom Content

Any content can be placed inside columns.

```
<p:column>
    <strong>Sopranos</strong>
    <p:graphicImage value="/images/sopranos/sopranos1.jpg" width="200"/>
</p:column>
```

Root MenuItem

MegaMenu supports menuItem as root menu options as well. Following example allows a root menubar item to execute an action to logout the user.

```
<p:megaMenu>
    //submenus
    <p:menuItem label="Logout" action="#{bean.logout}"/>
</p:megaMenu>
```

Dynamic Menus

Menus can be created programmatically as well, see the dynamic menus part in menu component section for more information and an example.

Skinning

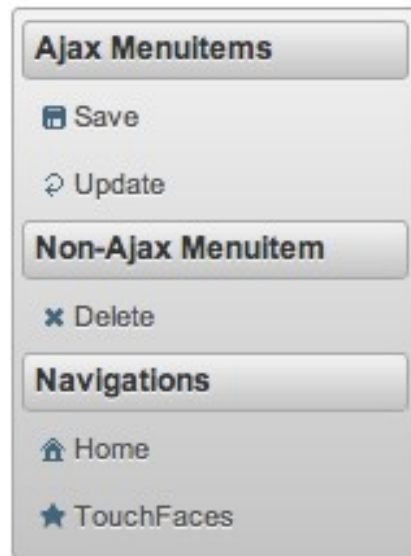
MegaMenu resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-megamenu	Container element of menubar.
.ui-menu-list	List container
.ui-menuitem	Each menu item
.ui-menuitem-link	Anchor element in a link item
.ui-menuitem-text	Text element in an item

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.72 Menu

Menu is a navigation component with submenus and menuitems.



Info

Tag	menu
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.menu.Menu
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Menu
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.MenuRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.menu.MenuRenderer

Attributes

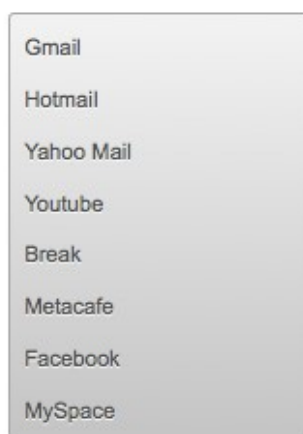
Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
model	null	MenuModel	A menu model instance to create menu programmatically.
trigger	null	String	Target component to attach the overlay menu.

Name	Default	Type	Description
my	null	String	Corner of menu to align with trigger element.
at	null	String	Corner of trigger to align with menu element.
overlay	false	Boolean	Defines positioning type of menu, either static or overlay.
style	null	String	Inline style of the main container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the main container element.
triggerEvent	click	String	Event to show the dynamic positioned menu.
tabindex	0	String	Position of the element in the tabbing order. Default is 0.
toggleable	false	Boolean	Defines whether clicking the header of a submenu toggles the visibility of children menuitems.

Getting started with the Menu

A menu is composed of submenus and menuitems.

```
<p:menu>
  <p:menuitem value="Gmail" url="http://www.google.com" />
  <p:menuitem value="Hotmail" url="http://www.hotmail.com" />
  <p:menuitem value="Yahoo Mail" url="http://mail.yahoo.com" />
  <p:menuitem value="Youtube" url="http://www.youtube.com" />
  <p:menuitem value="Break" url="http://www.break.com" />
  <p:menuitem value="Metacafe" url="http://www.metacafe.com" />
  <p:menuitem value="Facebook" url="http://www.facebook.com" />
  <p:menuitem value="MySpace" url="http://www.myspace.com" />
</p:menu>
```

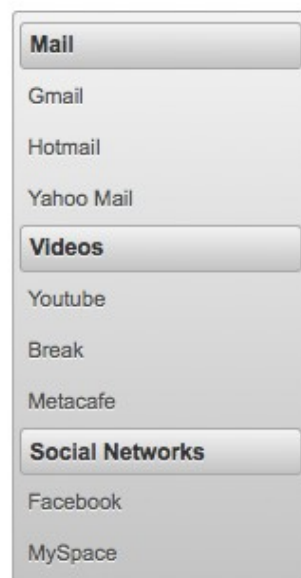


Submenus are used to group menuitems;

```
<p:menu>
  <p:submenu label="Mail">
    <p:menuitem value="Gmail" url="http://www.google.com" />
    <p:menuitem value="Hotmail" url="http://www.hotmail.com" />
    <p:menuitem value="Yahoo Mail" url="http://mail.yahoo.com" />
  </p:submenu>

  <p:submenu label="Videos">
    <p:menuitem value="Youtube" url="http://www.youtube.com" />
    <p:menuitem value="Break" url="http://www.break.com" />
    <p:menuitem value="Metacafe" url="http://www.metacafe.com" />
  </p:submenu>

  <p:submenu label="Social Networks">
    <p:menuitem value="Facebook" url="http://www.facebook.com" />
    <p:menuitem value="MySpace" url="http://www.myspace.com" />
  </p:submenu>
</p:menu>
```



Overlay Menu

Menu can be positioned on a page in two ways; "static" and "dynamic". By default it's static meaning the menu is in normal page flow. In contrast dynamic menus is not on the normal flow of the page allowing them to overlay other elements.

A dynamic menu is created by setting *overlay* option to true and defining a trigger to show the menu. Location of menu on page will be relative to the trigger and defined by my and at options that take combination of four values;

- left
- right
- bottom
- top

For example, clicking the button below will display the menu whose top left corner is aligned with bottom left corner of button.

```
<p:menu overlay="true" trigger="btn" my="left top" at="bottom left">
    ...submenus and menuitems
</p:menu>

<p:commandButton id="btn" value="Show Menu" type="button"/>
```

Ajax and Non-Ajax Actions

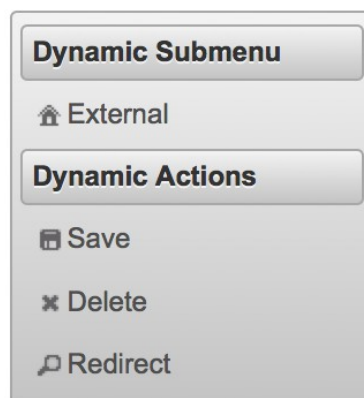
As menu uses menuitems, it is easy to invoke actions with or without ajax as well as navigation. See menuitem documentation for more information about the capabilities.

```
<p:menu>
  <p:submenu label="Options">
    <p:menuitem value="Save" actionListener="#{bean.save}" update="comp"/>
    <p:menuitem value="Update" actionListener="#{bean.update}" ajax="false"/>
    <p:menuitem value="Navigate" url="http://www.primefaces.org"/>
  </p:submenu>
</p:menu>
```

Dynamic Menus

Menus can be created programmatically as well, this is more flexible compared to the declarative approach. Menu metadata is defined using an *org.primefaces.model.MenuModel* instance, PrimeFaces provides the built-in *org.primefaces.model.DefaultMenuModel* implementation.

For further customization you can also create and bind your own MenuModel implementation. (e.g. One with JPA @Entity annotation to be able to persist to a database).



```
<p:menu model="#{menuBean.model}" />
```

```

public class MenuBean {

    private MenuModel model;

    public MenuBean() {
        model = new DefaultMenuModel();

        //First submenu
        DefaultSubMenu firstSubMenu = new DefaultSubMenu("Dynamic Submenu");

        DefaultMenuItem item = new DefaultMenuItem("External");
        item.setUrl("http://www.primefaces.org");
        item.setIcon("ui-icon-home");
        firstSubMenu.addElement(item);

        model.addElement(firstSubMenu);

        //Second submenu
        DefaultSubMenu secondSubMenu = new DefaultSubMenu("Dynamic Actions");

        item = new DefaultMenuItem("Save");
        item.setIcon("ui-icon-disk");
        item.setCommand("#{menuBean.save}");
        item.setUpdate("messages");
        secondSubMenu.addElement(item);

        item = new DefaultMenuItem("Delete");
        item.setIcon("ui-icon-close");
        item.setCommand("#{menuBean.delete}");
        item.setAjax(false);
        secondSubMenu.addElement(item);

        item = new DefaultMenuItem("Redirect");
        item.setIcon("ui-icon-search");
        item.setCommand("#{menuBean.redirect}");
        secondSubMenu.addElement(item);

        model.addElement(secondSubMenu);
    }

    public MenuModel getModel() { return model; }
}

```

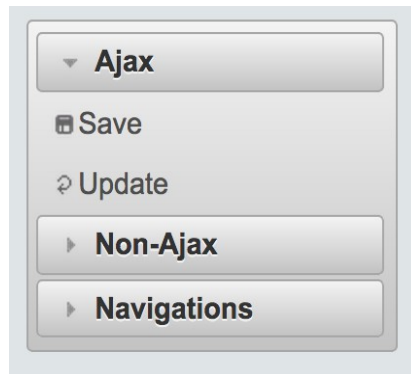
For all UI component counterpart such as p:menumenuitem, p:submenu, p:separator a corresponding interface with a default implementation exists in MenuModel API. Regarding actions, if you need to pass parameters in ajax or non-ajax commands, use setParam(key, value) method.

MenuModel API is supported by all menu components that have model attribute.

Toggleable

Enabling toggleable option makes the header of submenus clickable to expand and collapse their content.

```
<p:menu toggleable="true">
```



Skinning

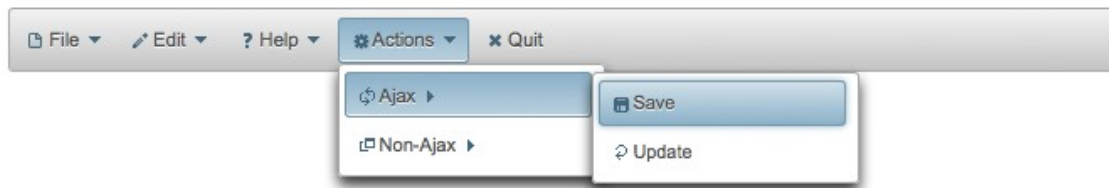
Menu resides in a main container element which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-menu	Container element of menu
.ui-menu-list	List container
.ui-menuitem	Each menu item
.ui-menuitem-link	Anchor element in a link item
.ui-menuitem-text	Text element in an item
.ui-menu-sliding	Container of ipod like sliding menu

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.73 Menubar

Menubar is a horizontal navigation component.



Info

Tag	menubar
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.menubar.Menubar
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Menubar
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.MenubarRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.menubar.MenubarRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget
model	null	MenuModel	MenuModel instance to create menus programmatically
style	null	String	Inline style of menubar
styleClass	null	String	Style class of menubar
autoDisplay	false	Boolean	Defines whether the first level of submenus will be displayed on mouseover or not. When set to false, click event is required to display.
tabindex	0	String	Position of the element in the tabbing order.

Name	Default	Type	Description
toggleEvent	hover	String	Event to toggle the submenus, valid values are "hover" and "click".

Getting started with Menubar

Submenus and menuitems as child components are required to compose the menubar.

```
<p:menubar>
  <p:submenu label="Mail">
    <p:menuitem value="Gmail" url="http://www.google.com" />
    <p:menuitem value="Hotmail" url="http://www.hotmail.com" />
    <p:menuitem value="Yahoo Mail" url="http://mail.yahoo.com" />
  </p:submenu>
  <p:submenu label="Videos">
    <p:menuitem value="Youtube" url="http://www.youtube.com" />
    <p:menuitem value="Break" url="http://www.break.com" />
  </p:submenu>
</p:menubar>
```

Nested Menus

To create a menubar with a higher depth, nest submenus in parent submenus.

```
<p:menubar>
  <p:submenu label="File">
    <p:submenu label="New">
      <p:menuitem value="Project" url="#" />
      <p:menuitem value="Other" url="#" />
    </p:submenu>
    <p:menuitem value="Open" url="#"></p:menuitem>
    <p:menuitem value="Quit" url="#"></p:menuitem>
  </p:submenu>
  <p:submenu label="Edit">
    <p:menuitem value="Undo" url="#"></p:menuitem>
    <p:menuitem value="Redo" url="#"></p:menuitem>
  </p:submenu>
  <p:submenu label="Help">
    <p:menuitem label="Contents" url="#" />
    <p:submenu label="Search">
      <p:submenu label="Text">
        <p:menuitem value="Workspace" url="#" />
      </p:submenu>
      <p:menuitem value="File" url="#" />
    </p:submenu>
  </p:submenu>
</p:menubar>
```

Root MenuItem

Menubar supports menuItem as root menu options as well;

```
<p:menubar>
  <p:menuItem label="Logout" action="#{bean.logout}"/>
</p:menubar>
```

Ajax and Non-Ajax Actions

As menu uses menuitems, it is easy to invoke actions with or without ajax as well as navigation. See menuItem documentation for more information about the capabilities.

```
<p:menubar>
  <p:submenu label="Options">
    <p:menuItem value="Save" actionListener="#{bean.save}" update="comp"/>
    <p:menuItem value="Update" actionListener="#{bean.update}" ajax="false"/>
    <p:menuItem value="Navigate" url="http://www.primefaces.org"/>
  </p:submenu>
</p:menubar>
```

Dynamic Menus

Menus can be created programmatically as well, see the dynamic menus part in menu component section for more information and an example.

Skinning

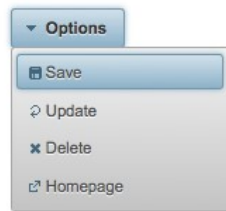
Menubar resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-menubar	Container element of menubar.
.ui-menu-list	List container
.ui-menuitem	Each menu item
.ui-menuitem-link	Anchor element in a link item
.ui-menuitem-text	Text element in an item

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.74 MenuButton

MenuButton displays different commands in a popup menu.



Info

Tag	menuButton
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.menubutton.MenuButton
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.MenuButton
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.MenuButtonRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.menubutton.MenuButtonRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
value	null	String	Label of the button
style	null	String	Style of the main container element
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the main container element
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget
model	null	MenuModel	MenuModel instance to create menus programmatically
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables or enables the button.
iconPos	left	String	Position of the icon, valid values are left and right.
appendTo	null	String	Appends the overlay to the element defined by search expression. Defaults to document body.

Name	Default	Type	Description
menuStyleClass	null	String	Style class of the overlay menu element.

Getting started with the MenuButton

MenuButton consists of one or more menuitems. Following menubutton example has three menuitems, first one is used triggers an action with ajax, second one does the similar but without ajax and third one is used for redirect purposes.

```
<p:menuButton value="Options">
    <p:menuitem value="Save" actionListener="#{bean.save}" update="comp" />
    <p:menuitem value="Update" actionListener="#{bean.update}" ajax="false" />
    <p:menuitem value="Go Home" url="/home.jsf" />
</p:menuButton>
```

Dynamic Menus

Menus can be created programmatically as well, see the dynamic menus part in menu component section for more information and an example.

Skinning

MenuButton resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-menu	Container element of menu.
.ui-menu-list	List container
.ui-menuitem	Each menu item
.ui-menuitem-link	Anchor element in a link item
.ui-menuitem-text	Text element in an item
.ui-button	Button element
.ui-button-text	Label of button

3.75 MenuItem

MenuItem is used by various menu components.

Info

Tag	menuItem
Tag Class	org.primefaces.component.menuitem.MenuItemTag
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.menuitem.MenuItem
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.MenuItem
Component Family	org.primefaces.component

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
value	null	String	Label of the menuitem
actionListener	null	Method Expr	Action listener to be invoked when menuitem is clicked.
action	null	Method Expr	Action to be invoked when menuitem is clicked.
immediate	false	Boolean	When true, action of this menuitem is processed after apply request phase.
url	null	String	Url to be navigated when menuitem is clicked
target	null	String	Target type of url navigation
style	null	String	Style of the menuitem label
styleClass	null	String	StyleClass of the menuitem label
onclick	null	String	Javascript event handler for click event
async	false	Boolean	When set to true, ajax requests are not queued.
process	null	String	Components to process partially instead of whole view.
update	null	String	Components to update after ajax request.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables the menuitem.

Name	Default	Type	Description
onstart	null	String	Javascript handler to execute before ajax request is begins.
oncomplete	null	String	Javascript handler to execute when ajax request is completed.
onsuccess	null	String	Javascript handler to execute when ajax request succeeds.
onerror	null	String	Javascript handler to execute when ajax request fails.
global	true	Boolean	Global ajax requests are listened by ajaxStatus component, setting global to false will not trigger ajaxStatus.
delay	null	String	If less than <i>delay</i> milliseconds elapses between calls to <i>request()</i> only the most recent one is sent and all other requests are discarded. If this option is not specified, or if the value of <i>delay</i> is the literal string 'none' without the quotes, no delay is used.
partialSubmit	false	Boolean	Enables serialization of values belonging to the partially processed components only.
partialSubmitFilter	null	String	Selector to use when partial submit is on, default is ":input" to select all descendant inputs of a partially processed components.
resetValues	false	Boolean	If true, local values of input components to be updated within the ajax request would be reset.
ignoreAutoUpdate	false	Boolean	If true, components which autoUpdate="true" will not be updated for this request. If not specified, or the value is false, no such indication is made.
timeout	0	Integer	Timeout for the ajax request in milliseconds.
ajax	true	Boolean	Specifies submit mode.
icon	null	String	Path of the menuitem image.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip information.
outcome	null	String	Navigation case outcome.
includeViewParams	false	Boolean	Defines if page parameters should be in target URI.
fragment	null	String	Identifier of the target page element to scroll to.
disableClientWindow	false	Boolean	Disable appending the ClientWindow on the rendering of this element.
containerStyle	null	String	Inline style of the menuitem container.
containerStyleClass	null	String	Style class of the menuitem container.
form	null	String	Form to serialize for an ajax request. Default is the enclosing form.

Getting started with MenuItem

MenuItem is a generic component used by the following components.

- Menu
- MenuBar
- MegaMenu
- Breadcrumb
- Dock
- Stack
- MenuButton
- SplitButton
- PanelMenu
- TabMenu
- SlideMenu
- TieredMenu

Note that some attributes of menuitem might not be supported by these menu components. Refer to the specific component documentation for more information.

Navigation vs Action

MenuItem has two use cases, directly navigating to a url with GET or doing a POST to execute an action. This is decided by url or outcome attributes, if either one is present menuitem does a GET request, if not parent form is posted with or without ajax decided by *ajax* attribute.

Icons

There are two ways to specify an icon of a menuitem, you can either use bundled icons within PrimeFaces or provide your own via css.

ThemeRoller Icons

```
<p:menuitem icon="ui-icon-disk" ... />
```

Custom Icons

```
<p:menuitem icon="barca" ... />
```

```
.barca {  
    background: url(barca_logo.png) no-repeat;  
    height:16px;  
    width:16px;  
}
```

3.76 Message

Message is a pre-skinned extended version of the standard JSF message component.

Text: * text: Validation Error: Value is required.

Info

Tag	message
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.message.Message
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Message
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.MessageRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.message.MessageRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
showSummary	false	Boolean	Specifies if the summary of the FacesMessage should be displayed.
showDetail	true	Boolean	Specifies if the detail of the FacesMessage should be displayed.
for	null	String	Id of the component whose messages to display.
redisplay	true	Boolean	Defines if already rendered messages should be displayed
display	both	String	Defines the display mode.
escape	true	Boolean	Defines whether html would be escaped or not.
severity	null	String	Comma separated list of severities to display only.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.

Getting started with Message

Message usage is exactly same as standard message.

```
<h:inputText id="txt" value="#{bean.text}" />
<p:message for="txt" />
```

Display Mode

Message component has three different display modes;

- text : Only message text is displayed.
- icon : Only message severity is displayed and message text is visible as a tooltip.
- both (default) : Both icon and text are displayed.

Severity Levels

Using severity attribute, you can define which severities can be displayed by the component. For instance, you can configure messages to only display infos and warnings.

```
<p:message severity="info,warn" for="txt"/>
```

Escaping

Component escapes html content in messages by default, in case you need to display html, disable escape option.

```
<p:message escape="false" for="txt" />
```

Skinning

Full list of CSS selectors of message is as follows;

Style Class	Applies
ui-message-{severity}	Container element of the message
ui-message-{severity}-summary	Summary text
ui-message-{severity}-detail	Detail text

{severity} can be 'info', 'error', 'warn' and error.

3.77 Messages

Messages is a pre-skinned extended version of the standard JSF messages component.



Info

Tag	messages
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.messages.Messages
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Messages
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.MessagesRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.messages.MessagesRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
showSummary	true	Boolean	Specifies if the summary of the FacesMessages should be displayed.
showDetail	false	Boolean	Specifies if the detail of the FacesMessages should be displayed.
globalOnly	false	String	When true, only facesmessages with no clientIds are displayed.
redisplay	true	Boolean	Defines if already rendered messages should be displayed
autoUpdate	false	Boolean	Enables auto update mode if set true.
for	null	String	Name of associated key, takes precedence when used with globalOnly.
escape	true	Boolean	Defines whether html would be escaped or not.

Name	Default	Type	Description
severity	null	String	Comma separated list of severities to display only.
closable	false	Boolean	Adds a close icon to hide the messages.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
showIcon	true	Boolean	Defines if severity icons would be displayed.

Getting started with Messages

Message usage is exactly same as standard messages.

```
<p:messages />
```

AutoUpdate

When auto update is enabled, messages component is updated with each ajax request automatically.

Targetable Messages

There may be times where you need to target one or more messages to a specific message component, for example suppose you have growl and messages on same page and you need to display some messages on growl and some on messages. Use for attribute to associate messages with specific components.

```
<p:messages for="somekey" />
<p:growl for="anotherkey" />
```

```
FacesContext context = FacesContext.getCurrentInstance();

context.addMessage("somekey", facesMessage1);
context.addMessage("somekey", facesMessage2);

context.addMessage("anotherkey", facesMessage3);
```

In sample above, messages will display first and second message and growl will only display the 3rd message.

Severity Levels

Using severity attribute, you can define which severities can be displayed by the component. For instance, you can configure messages to only display infos and warnings.

```
<p:messages severity="info,warn" />
```

Escaping

Messages escapes html content in messages, disable escape option to display content as html.

```
<p:messages escape="false" />
```

Skinning

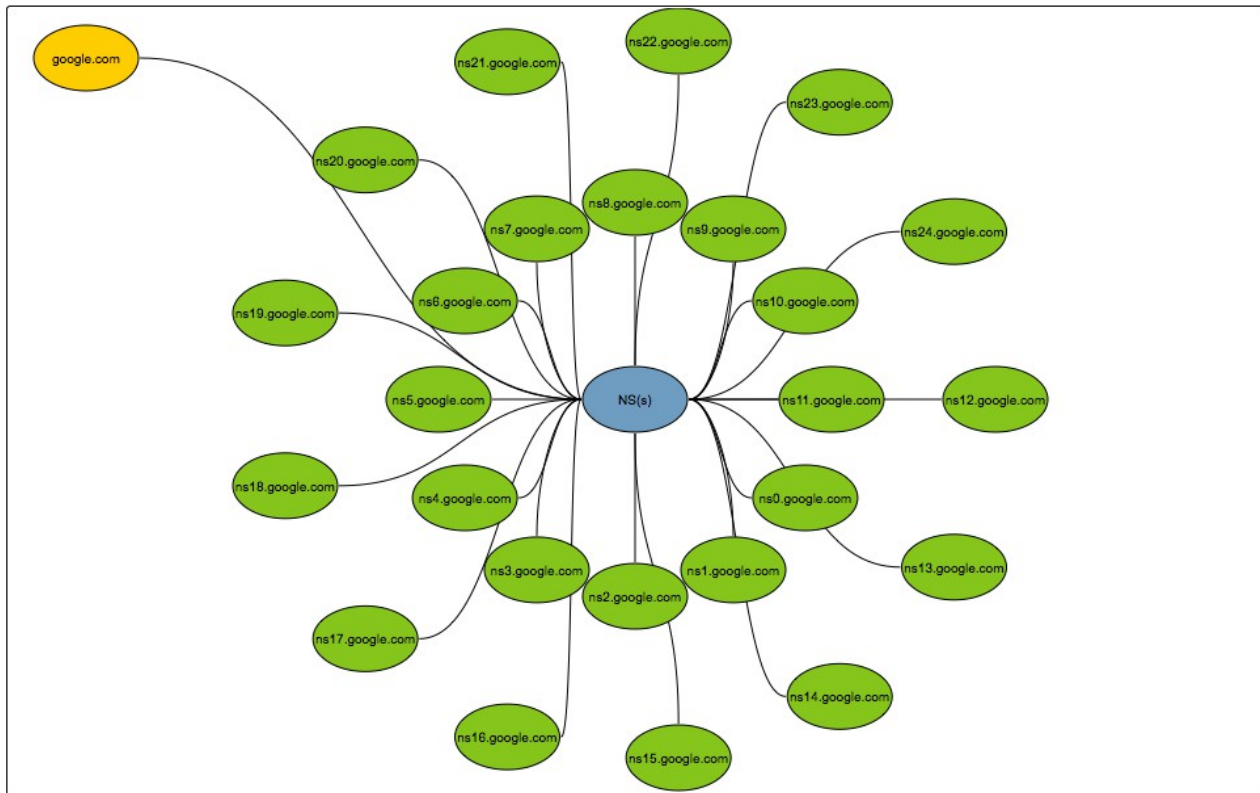
Full list of CSS selectors of message is as follows;

Style Class	Applies
ui-messages-{severity}	Container element of the message
ui-messages-{severity}-summary	Summary text
ui-messages-{severity}-detail	Detail text
ui-messages-{severity}-icon	Icon of the message.

{severity} can be 'info', 'error', 'warn' and error.

3.78 Mindmap

Mindmap is an interactive tool to visualize mindmap data featuring lazy loading, callbacks, animations and more.



Info

Tag	mindmap
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.mindmap.Mindmap
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Mindmap
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.MindmapRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.mindmap.MindmapRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.

Name	Default	Type	Description
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	MindmapNode	MenuModel instance to build menu dynamically.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
effectSpeed	300	Integer	Speed of the animations in milliseconds.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.

Getting started with Mindmap

Mindmap requires an instance of *org.primefaces.model.mindmap.MindmapNode* as the root. Due to it's lazy nature, a select ajax behavior must be provided to load children of selected node on the fly with ajax.

```
public class MindmapBean {

    private MindmapNode root;

    public MindmapBean() {
        root = new DefaultMindmapNode("google.com", "Google", "FFCC00", false);

        MindmapNode ips = new DefaultMindmapNode("IPs", "IP Nos", "6e9ebf", true);
        MindmapNode ns = new DefaultMindmapNode("NS(s)", "Names", "6e9ebf", true);
        MindmapNode mw = new DefaultMindmapNode("Mw", "Malicious ", "6e9ebf", true);

        root.addNode(ips);
        root.addNode(ns);
        root.addNode(malware);
    }

    public MindmapNode getRoot() {
        return root;
    }

    public void onNodeSelect(SelectEvent event) {
        MindmapNode node = (MindmapNode) event.getObject();
        //load children of select node and add via node.addNode(childNode);
    }
}
```

```
<p:mindmap value="#{mindmapBean.root}" style="width:100%;height:600px">
    <p:ajax event="select" listener="#{mindmapBean.onNodeSelect}" />
</p:mindmap>
```

DoubleClick Behavior

Selecting a node with single click is used to load subnodes, double click behavior is also provided for further customization. Following sample, displays the details of the subnode in a dialog.

```
<p:mindmap value="#{mindmapBean.root}" style="width:100%;height:600px;">
    <p:ajax event="select" listener="#{mindmapBean.onNodeSelect}" />
    <p:ajax event="dblselect" listener="#{mindmapBean.onNodeDbselect}"
        update="output" oncomplete="PF('details').show()"/>
</p:mindmap>

<p:dialog widgetVar="details" header="Node Details" resizable="false" modal="true"
    showEffect="fade" hideEffect="fade">
    <h:outputText id="output" value="#{mindmapBean.selectedNode.data}" />
</p:dialog>
```

```
public void onNodeDbselect(SelectEvent event) {
    this.selectedNode = (MindmapNode) event.getObject();
}
```

MindmapNode API

org.primefaces.model.mindmap.MindmapNode

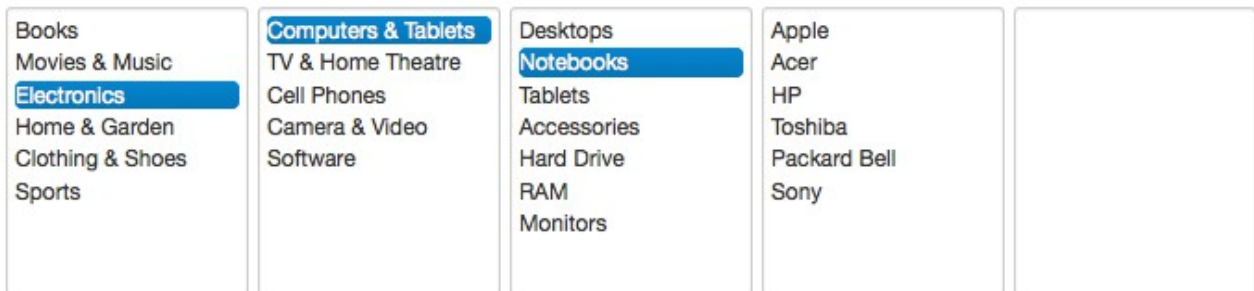
Property	Default	Type	Description
label	null	String	Label of the node.
data	null	Object	Optional data associated with the node.
fill	null	String	Color code of the node.
selectable	1	Boolean	Flag to define if node is clickable.
parent	null	MindmapNode	Parent node instance.

Tips

- IE 7 and IE 8 are not supported due to technical limitations, IE 9 is supported.

3.79 MultiSelectListbox

MultiSelectListbox is used to select an item from a collection of listboxes that are in parent-child relationship.



Info

Tag	multiSelectListbox
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.multiselectlistbox.MultiSelectListbox
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.MultiSelectListbox
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.MultiSelectListboxRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.multiselectlistbox.MultiSelectListboxRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
disabled	false	Boolean	If true, disables the component.
effect	null	String	Effect to use when showing a group of items.
showHeaders	false	Boolean	Displays label of a group at header section of the children items.
header	null	String	Label of the root group items.

Getting started with MultiSelectListbox

MultiSelectListbox needs a collection of SelectItemGroups.

```
public class MultiSelectListboxBean {

    private List<SelectItem> categories;
    private String selection;

    @PostConstruct
    public void init() {
        categories = new ArrayList<SelectItem>();
        SelectItemGroup group1 = new SelectItemGroup("Group 1");
        SelectItemGroup group2 = new SelectItemGroup("Group 2");
        SelectItemGroup group3 = new SelectItemGroup("Group 3");
        SelectItemGroup group4 = new SelectItemGroup("Group 4");

        SelectItemGroup group11 = new SelectItemGroup("Group 1.1");
        SelectItemGroup group12 = new SelectItemGroup("Group 1.2");

        SelectItemGroup group21 = new SelectItemGroup("Group 2.1");

        SelectItem option31 = new SelectItem("Option 3.1", "Option 3.1");
        SelectItem option32 = new SelectItem("Option 3.2", "Option 3.2");
        SelectItem option33 = new SelectItem("Option 3.3", "Option 3.3");
        SelectItem option34 = new SelectItem("Option 3.4", "Option 3.4");

        SelectItem option41 = new SelectItem("Option 4.1", "Option 4.1");

        SelectItem option111 = new SelectItem("Option 1.1.1");
        SelectItem option112 = new SelectItem("Option 1.1.2");
        group11.setSelectItems(new SelectItem[]{option111, option112});

        SelectItem option121 = new SelectItem("Option 1.2.1", "Option 1.2.1");
        SelectItem option122 = new SelectItem("Option 1.2.2", "Option 1.2.2");
        SelectItem option123 = new SelectItem("Option 1.2.3", "Option 1.2.3");
        group12.setSelectItems(new SelectItem[]{option121, option122, option123});

        SelectItem option211 = new SelectItem("Option 2.1.1", "Option 2.1.1");
        group21.setSelectItems(new SelectItem[]{option211});

        group1.setSelectItems(new SelectItem[]{group11, group12});
        group2.setSelectItems(new SelectItem[]{group21});
        group3.setSelectItems(new SelectItem[]{option31, option32, option33,
                                                option34});
        group4.setSelectItems(new SelectItem[]{option41});

        categories.add(group1);
        categories.add(group2);
        categories.add(group3);
        categories.add(group4);
    }

    //getters-setters of categories and selection
}
```

```
<p:multiSelectListbox value="#{multiSelectListboxBean.selection}">
  <f:selectItems value="#{multiSelectListboxBean.categories}" />
</p:multiSelectListbox>
```

Note that SelectItemGroups are not selectable, only values of SelectItems can be passed to the bean.

Effects

An animation is executed during toggling of a group, following options are available for *effect* attribute; blind, bounce, clip, drop, explode, fold, highlight, puff, pulsate, scale, shake, size, slide (suggested).

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.MultiSelectListbox*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
enable()	-	void	Enables the component.
disable()	-	void	Disables the component.
showItemGroup(item)	li element as jQuery object	void	Shows subcategories of a given item.

Skinning

MultiSelectListbox resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-multiselectlistbox	Main container element.
.ui-multiselectlistbox-list	List container.
.ui-multiselectlistbox-item	Each item in a list.

3.80 NotificationBar

NotificationBar displays a multipurpose fixed positioned panel for notification.

Info

Tag	notificationBar
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.notificationbar.NotificationBar
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.NotificationBar
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.NotificationBarRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.notificationbar.NotificationBarRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
style	null	String	Style of the container element
styleClass	null	String	StyleClass of the container element
position	top	String	Position of the bar, "top" or "bottom".
effect	fade	String	Name of the effect, "fade", "slide" or "none".
effectSpeed	normal	String	Speed of the effect, "slow", "normal" or "fast".
autoDisplay	false	Boolean	When true, panel is displayed on page load.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.

Getting started with NotificationBar

As notificationBar is a panel component, any content can be placed inside.

```
<p:notificationBar>
    //Content
</p:notificationBar>
```

Showing and Hiding

To show and hide the content, notificationBar provides an easy to use client side api that can be accessed through the widgetVar. *show()* displays the bar and *hide()* hides it. *isVisible()* and *toggle()* are additional client side api methods.

```
<p:notificationBar widgetVar="nv">
    //Content
</p:notificationBar>

<h:outputLink value="#" onclick="PF('nv').show()">Show</h:outputLink>
<h:outputLink value="#" onclick="PF('nv').hide()">Hide</h:outputLink>
```

Note that notificationBar has a default built-in close icon to hide the content.

Effects

Default effect to be used when displaying and hiding the bar is "fade", another possible effect is "slide".

```
<p:notificationBar effect="slide">
    //Content
</p:notificationBar>
```

If you'd like to turn off animation, set effect name to "none". In addition duration of the animation is controlled via effectSpeed attribute that can take "normal", "slow" or "fast" as it's value.

Position

Default position of bar is "top", other possibility is placing the bar at the bottom of the page. Note that bar positioning is fixed so even page is scrolled, bar will not scroll.

```
<p:notificationBar position="bottom">
    //Content
</p:notificationBar>
```

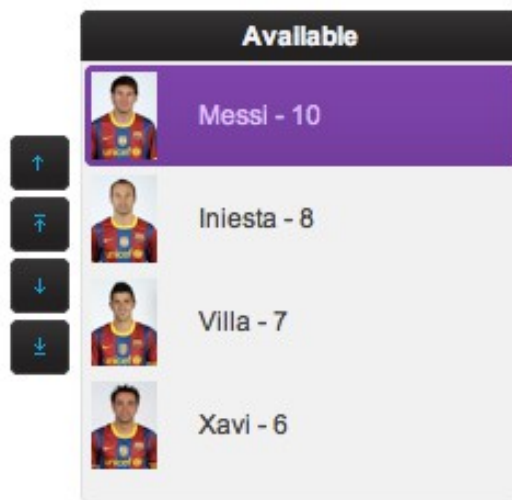
Skinning

style and styleClass attributes apply to the main container element. Additionally there are two pre-defined css selectors used to customize the look and feel.

Selector	Applies
.ui-notificationbar	Main container element

3.81 OrderList

OrderList is used to sort a collection featuring drag&drop based reordering, transition effects and pojo support.



Info

Tag	orderList
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.orderlist.OrderList
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.OrderList
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.OrderListRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.orderlist.OrderListRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	True	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component referring to a List.
converter	null	Converter /String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id

Name	Default	Type	Description
immediate	0	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	0	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	Method Expr	A method expression that refers to a method validationg the input
valueChangeListener	null	Method Expr	A method expression that refers to a method for handling a valuechangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
var	null	String	Name of the iterator.
itemLabel	null	String	Label of an item.
itemValue	null	String	Value of an item.
style	null	String	Inline style of container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of container element.
disabled	0	Boolean	Disables the component.
effect	fade	String	Name of animation to display.
moveUpLabel	Move Up	String	Label of move up button.
moveTopLabel	Move Top	String	Label of move top button.
moveDownLabel	Move Down	String	Label of move down button.
moveBottomLabel	Move Bottom	String	Label of move bottom button.
controlsLocation	left	String	Location of the reorder buttons, valid values are “left”, “right” and “none”.
responsive	false	Boolean	In responsive mode, orderList adjusts itself based on screen width.

Getting started with OrderList

A list is required to use OrderList component.

```
public class OrderListBean {
    private List<String> cities;

    public OrderListBean() {
        cities = new ArrayList<String>();

        cities.add("Istanbul");
        cities.add("Ankara");
        cities.add("Izmir");
        cities.add("Antalya");
        cities.add("Bursa");
    }

    //getter&setter for cities
}
```

```
<p:orderList value="#{orderListBean.cities}" var="city"
             itemLabel="#{city}" itemValue="#{city}"/>
```

Advanced OrderList

OrderList supports displaying custom content instead of simple labels by using columns. In addition, pojos are supported if a converter is defined.

```
public class OrderListBean {
    private List<Player> players;

    public OrderListBean() {
        players = new ArrayList<Player>();

        players.add(new Player("Messi", 10, "messi.jpg"));
        players.add(new Player("Iniesta", 8, "iniesta.jpg"));
        players.add(new Player("Villa", 7, "villa.jpg"));
        players.add(new Player("Xavi", 6, "xavi.jpg"));
    }

    //getter&setter for players
}
```

```

<p:orderList value="#{orderListBean.players}" var="player" itemValue="#{player}"
    converter="player">
    <p:column style="width:25%">
        <p:graphicImage value="/images/barca/#{player.photo}" />
    </p:column>
    <p:column style="width:75%;">
        #{player.name} - #{player.number}
    </p:column>
</p:orderList>

```

Ajax Behavior Events

Event	Listener Parameter	Fired
select	org.primefaces.event.SelectEvent	When an item selected.
unselect	org.primefaces.event.UnselectEvent	When an item unselected.
reorder	javax.faces.event.AjaxBehaviorEvent	When list is reordered.

Header

A facet called “caption” is provided to display a header content for the orderlist.

Effects

An animation is executed during reordering, default effect is fade and following options are available for *effect* attribute; blind, bounce, clip, drop, explode, fold, highlight, puff, pulsate, scale, shake, size and slide.

Skinning

OrderList resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-orderlist	Main container element.
.ui-orderlist-list	Container of items.
.ui-orderlist-item	Each item in the list.
.ui-orderlist-caption	Caption of the list.

3.82 OutputLabel

OutputLabel is an extension to the standard outputLabel component.

Info

Tag	outputLabel
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.outputlabel.OutputLabel
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.OutputLabel
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.OutputLabelRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.outputlabel.OutputLabelRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	String	Label to display.
accesskey	null	String	The accesskey attribute is a standard HTML attribute that sets the access key that transfers focus to this element when pressed.
dir	null	String	Direction indication for text that does not inherit directionality. Valid values are LTR and RTL.
escape	true	Boolean	Defines if value should be escaped or not.
for	null	String	Component to attach the label to.

Name	Default	Type	Description
tabindex	null	String	Position in tabbing order.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip information.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
onblur	null	String	Client side callback to execute when component loses focus.
onclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when component is clicked.
ondblclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when component is double clicked.
onfocus	null	String	Client side callback to execute when component receives focus.
onkeydown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed down over component.
onkeypress	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed and released over component.
onkeyup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is released over component.
onmousedown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer is pressed down over component.
onmouseout	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer is moved away from component.
onmouseover	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer is moved onto component.
onmouseup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer is released over component.
isRequired	true	Boolean	Displays * symbol if the input is required.

Getting Started with OutputLabel

Usage is same as standard outputLabel, an input component is associated with for attribute.

```
<p:outputLabel for="input" value="Label" />
<p:inputText id="input" value="#{bean.text}" />
```

Auto Label

OutputLabel sets its value as the label of the target component to be displayed in validation errors so the target component does not need to define the label attribute again.

```
<h:outputLabel for="input" value="Field" />
<p:inputText id="input" value="#{bean.text}" label="Field"/>
```

can be rewritten as;

```
<p:outputLabel for="input" value="Field" />
<p:inputText id="input" value="#{bean.text}" />
```

Support for Advanced Components

Some PrimeFaces input components like spinner, autocomplete does not render just basic inputs so standard outputLabel component cannot apply focus to these, however PrimeFaces outputLabel can.

```
<h:outputLabel for="input" value="Can't apply focus" />
<p:outputLabel for="input" value="Can apply focus" />

<p:spinner id="input" value="#{bean.text}" />
```

Validations

When the target input is required, outputLabel displays * symbol next to the value. In case any validation fails on target input, label will also be displayed with theme aware error styles.

Skinning

Label renders a label element that *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-outputlabel	Label element
.ui-state-error	Label element when input is invalid
.ui-outputlabel-rfi	Required field indicator.

3.83 OutputPanel

OutputPanel is a panel component with the ability to auto update.

Info

Tag	outputPanel
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.outputpanel.OutputPanel
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.OutputPanel
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.OutputPanelRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.output.OutputPanelRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
style	null	String	Style of the html container element
styleClass	null	String	StyleClass of the html container element
layout	block	String	Shortcut for the css display property, valid values are block (default) and inline.
autoUpdate	false	Boolean	Enables auto update mode if set true.
deferred	false	Boolean	Deferred mode loads the contents after page load to speed up page load.
deferredMode	load	String	Defines deferred loading mode, valid values are "load" (after page load) and "visible" (once the panel is visible on scroll).
global	false	Boolean	Global ajax requests are listened by ajaxStatus component, setting global to false will not trigger ajaxStatus on deferred loading.
delay	none	String	Delay in milliseconds to wait before initiating a deferred loading, default value is "none".

Placeholder

When a JSF component is not rendered, no markup is rendered so for components with conditional rendering, regular update mechanism may not work since the markup to update on page does not exist. `OutputPanel` is useful in this case to be used as a placeholder.

Suppose the rendered condition on bean is false when page is loaded initially and search method on bean sets the condition to be true meaning datatable will be rendered after a page submit. The problem is although partial output is generated, the markup on page cannot be updated since it doesn't exist.

```
<p:dataTable id="tbl" rendered="#{bean.condition}" ...>
    //columns
</p:dataTable>

<p:commandButton update="tbl" actionListener="#{bean.search}" />
```

Solution is to use the `outputPanel` as a placeholder.

```
<p:outputPanel id="out">
    <p:dataTable id="tbl" rendered="#{bean.condition}" ...>
        //columns
    </p:dataTable>
</p:outputPanel>

<p:commandButton update="out" actionListener="#{bean.list}" />
```

Note that you won't need an `outputPanel` if `commandButton` has no update attribute specified, in this case parent form will be updated partially implicitly making an `outputPanel` use obsolete.

Deferred Loading

When this feature option is enabled, content of panel is not loaded along with the page but loaded after the page on demand. Initially panel displays a loading animation after page load to indicate more content is coming up and displays content with ajax update. Using *deferredMode* option, it is possible to load contents not just after page load (default mode) but when it becomes visible on page scroll as well. This feature is very useful to increase page load performance, assume you have one part of the page that has components dealing with backend and taking time, with deferred mode on, rest of the page is loaded instantly and time taking process is loaded afterwards with ajax.

Layout

`OutputPanel` has two layout modes;

- block (default): Renders a div
- inline: Renders a span

AutoUpdate

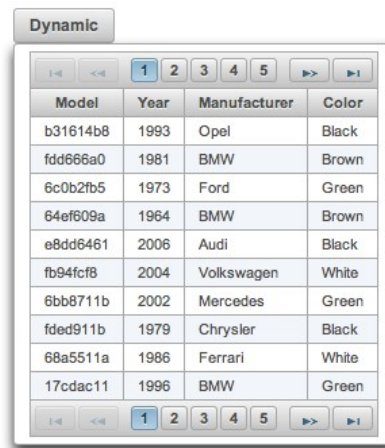
When auto update is enabled, `outputPanel` component is updated with each ajax request automatically.

Skinning

style and *styleClass* attributes are used to style the `outputPanel`, by default *.ui-outputpanel* css class is added to element and *.ui-outputpanel-loading* when content is loading in deferred loading case.

3.84 OverlayPanel

OverlayPanel is a generic panel component that can be displayed on top of other content.



Info

Tag	overlayPanel
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.overlaypanel.OverlayPanelRenderer
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.OverlayPanel
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.OverlayPanelRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.overlaypanel.OverlayPanelRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
style	null	String	Inline style of the panel.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the panel.
for	null	String	Target component to display panel next to.
showEvent	click	String	Event on target to show the panel.

Name	Default	Type	Description
hideEvent	click	String	Event on target to hide the panel.
showEffect	null	String	Animation to display when showing the panel.
hideEffect	null	String	Animation to display when hiding the panel.
appendToBody	0	Boolean	When true, panel is appended to document body.
onShow	null	String	Client side callback to execute when panel is shown.
onHide	null	String	Client side callback to execute when panel is hidden.
my	left top	String	Position of the panel relative to the target.
at	left bottom	String	Position of the target relative to the panel.
dynamic	false	Boolean	Defines content loading mode.
dismissable	true	Boolean	When set true, clicking outside of the panel hides the overlay.
showCloseIcon	false	Boolean	Displays a close icon to hide the overlay, default is false.

Getting started with OverlayPanel

OverlayPanel needs a component as a target in addition to the content to display. Example below demonstrates an overlayPanel attached to a button to show a chart in a popup.

```
<p:commandButton id="chartBtn" value="Basic" type="button" />

<p:overlayPanel for="chartBtn">
    <p:pieChart value="#{chartBean.pieModel}" legendPosition="w"
        title="Sample Pie Chart" style="width:400px;height:300px" />
</p:overlayPanel>
```

Events

Default event on target to show and hide the panel is mousedown. These are customized using *showEvent* and *hideEvent* options.

```
<p:commandButton id="chartBtn" value="Basic" type="button" />

<p:overlayPanel showEvent="mouseover" hideEvent="mousedown">
    //content
</p:overlayPanel>
```

Effects

blind, bounce, clip, drop, explode, fold, highlight, puff, pulsate, scale, shake, size, slide are available values for *showEffect* and *hideEffect* options if you'd like display animations.

Positioning

By default, left top corner of panel is aligned to left bottom corner of the target if there is enough space in window viewport, if not the position is flipped on the fly to find the best location to display. In order to customize the position use *my* and *at* options that takes combinations of left, right, bottom and top e.g. “right bottom”.

Dynamic Mode

Dynamic mode enables lazy loading of the content, in this mode content of the panel is not rendered on page load and loaded just before panel is shown. Also content is cached so consecutive displays do not load the content again. This feature is useful to reduce the page size and reduce page load time.

Standalone

OverlayPanel is positioned relative to its target based on a one-to-one relationship, this causes limitations when used inside a data iteration because every row needs an overlaypanel which is far from ideal, requires client side memory and slows down page performance. Instead a single overlayPanel can be used by calling show passing the client id of the component to be relatively positioned. See [overlayPanel demo](#) in showcase for an example.

Skinning

Panel resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-overlaypanel	Main container element of panel

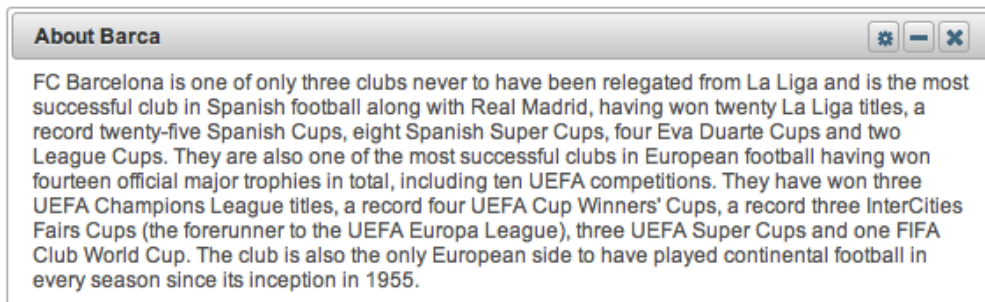
As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

Tips

- Enable `appendToBody` when overlayPanel is in other panel components like layout, dialog ...
- If there is a component with a popup like calendar, autocomplete placed inside the overlay panel, popup part might exceed the boundaries of panel and clicking the outside hides the panel. This is undesirable so in cases like this use overlayPanel with *dismissable* false and optional *showCloseIcon* settings.

3.85 Panel

Panel is a grouping component with content toggle, close and menu integration.



Info

Tag	panel
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.panel.Panel
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Panel
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.PanelRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.panel.PanelRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
header	null	String	Header text
footer	null	String	Footer text
toggleable	false	Boolean	Makes panel toggleable.
toggleSpeed	1000	Integer	Speed of toggling in milliseconds
collapsed	false	Boolean	Renders a toggleable panel as collapsed.
style	null	String	Style of the panel
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the panel

Name	Default	Type	Description
closable	false	Boolean	Make panel closable.
closeSpeed	1000	Integer	Speed of closing effect in milliseconds
visible	true	Boolean	Renders panel as visible.
closeTitle	null	String	Tooltip for the close button.
toggleTitle	null	String	Tooltip for the toggle button.
menuTitle	null	String	Tooltip for the menu button.
toggleOrientation	vertical	String	Defines the orientation of the toggling, valid values are vertical and horizontal.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget

Getting started with Panel

Panel encapsulates other components.

```
<p:panel>
    //Child components here...
</p:panel>
```

Header and Footer

Header and Footer texts can be provided by *header* and *footer* attributes or the corresponding facets. When same attribute and facet name are used, facet will be used.

```
<p:panel header="Header Text">
    <f:facet name="footer">
        <h:outputText value="Footer Text" />
    </f:facet>

    //Child components here...
</p:panel>
```

Ajax Behavior Events

Panel provides custom ajax behavior events for toggling and closing features.

Event	Listener Parameter	Fired
toggle	org.primefaces.event.ToggleEvent	When panel is expanded or collapsed.
close	org.primefaces.event.CloseEvent	When panel is closed.

Popup Menu

Panel has built-in support to display a fully customizable popup menu, an icon to display the menu is placed at top-right corner. This feature is enabled by defining a menu component and defining it as the options facet.

```
<p:panel closable="true">
    //Child components here...

    <f:facet name="options">
        <p:menu>
            //Menuitems
        </p:menu>
    </f:facet>
</p:panel>
```

Custom Action

If you'd like to add custom actions to panel titlebar, use actions facet with icon markup;

```
<p:panel>
    <f:facet name="actions">
        <h:commandLink styleClass="ui-panel-titlebar-icon
            ui-corner-all ui-state-default">
            <h:outputText styleClass="ui-icon ui-icon-help" />
        </h:commandLink>
    </f:facet>
    //content
</p:panel>
```

Skinning Panel

Panel resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-panel	Main container element of panel
.ui-panel-titlebar	Header container
.ui-panel-title	Header text
.ui-panel-titlebar-icon	Option icon in header
.ui-panel-content	Panel content
.ui-panel-footer	Panel footer

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.86 PanelGrid

PanelGrid is an extension to the standard panelGrid component with additional features such as theming and colspan-rowspan.

1995-96 NBA Playoffs						
Conf. Semifinals		Conf. Finals		NBA Finals		Champion
Seattle	4	Seattle	4	Seattle	2	Chicago
Houston	0					
Utah	4	Utah	3			
San Antonio	2					
Chicago	4	Chicago	4	Chicago	4	
New York	1					
Atlanta	1	Orlando	0			
Orlando	4					
Finals MVP				Michael Jordan (Chicago)		
Season MVP						
Top Scorer						

Info

Tag	panelGrid
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.panelgrid.PanelGridRenderer
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.PanelGrid
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.PanelGridRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.panelgrid.PanelGridRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
columns	false	Integer	Number of columns in grid.

Name	Default	Type	Description
style	null	String	Inline style of the panel.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the panel.
columnClasses	null	String	Comma separated list of column style classes.
layout	tabular	String	Displays data in a 'table' layout or 'grid' layout. The grid layout is a responsive layout.

Getting started with PanelGrid

Basic usage of panelGrid is same as the standard one.

```
<p:panelGrid columns="2">
    <h:outputLabel for="firstname" value="Firstname:" />
    <p:inputText id="firstname" value="#{bean.firstname}" label="Firstname" />

    <h:outputLabel for="surname" value="Surname:" />
    <p:inputText id="surname" value="#{bean.surname}" label="Surname"/>
</p:panelGrid>
```

Header and Footer

PanelGrid provides facets for header and footer content.

```
<p:panelGrid columns="2">
    <f:facet name="header">
        Basic PanelGrid
    </f:facet>

    <h:outputLabel for="firstname" value="Firstname: *" />
    <p:inputText id="firstname" value="#{bean.firstname}" label="Firstname" />

    <h:outputLabel for="surname" value="Surname: *" />
    <p:inputText id="surname" value="#{bean.surname}" label="Surname"/>

    <f:facet name="footer">
        <p:commandButton type="button" value="Save" icon="ui-icon-check" />
    </f:facet>
</p:panelGrid>
```

Rowspan and Colspan

PanelGrid supports rowspan and colspan options as well, in this case row and column markup should be defined manually.

```
<p:panelGrid>
  <p:row>
    <p:column rowspan="3">AAA</p:column>
    <p:column colspan="4">BBB</p:column>
  </p:row>

  <p:row>
    <p:column colspan="2">CCC</p:column>
    <p:column colspan="2">DDD</p:column>
  </p:row>

  <p:row>
    <p:column>EEE</p:column>
    <p:column>FFF</p:column>
    <p:column>GGG</p:column>
    <p:column>HHH</p:column>
  </p:row>
</p:panelGrid>
```

* Note that this approach does not support grid layout.

Blank Mode

To remove borders add ui-noborder style class to the component using styleClass attribute and to remove borders plus background color, apply ui-panelgrid-blank style.

Skinning

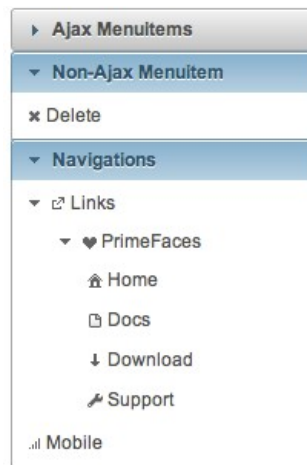
PanelGrid resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-panelgrid	Main container element of panelGrid.
.ui-panelgrid-header	Header.
.ui-panelgrid-footer	Footer.
.ui-panelgrid-even	Even numbered rows.
.ui-panelgrid-odd	Odd numbered rows.

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.87 PanelMenu

PanelMenu is a hybrid component of accordionPanel and tree components.



Info

Tag	panelMenu
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.panelmenu.PanelMenu
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.PanelMenu
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.PanelMenuRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.panelmenu.PanelMenuRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
model	null	MenuModel	MenuModel instance to build menu dynamically.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
stateful	true	Boolean	Menu state is saved in a cookie

Getting started with PanelMenu

PanelMenu consists of submenus and menuitems. First level of submenus are rendered as accordion panels and descendant submenus are rendered as tree nodes. Just like in any other menu component, menuitems can be utilized to do ajax requests, non-ajax requests and simple GET navigations.

```
<p:panelMenu style="width:200px">
  <p:submenu label="Ajax Menuitems">
    <p:menuitem value="Save" actionListener="#{buttonBean.save}" />
    <p:menuitem value="Update" actionListener="#{buttonBean.update}" />
  </p:submenu>

  <p:submenu label="Non-Ajax Menuitem">
    <p:menuitem value="Delete" actionListener="#{buttonBean.delete}"
      ajax="false"/>
  </p:submenu>

  <p:submenu label="Navigations" >
    <p:submenu label="Links" icon="ui-icon-extlink">
      <p:submenu label="PrimeFaces" icon="ui-icon-heart">
        <p:menuitem value="Home" url="http://www.primefaces.org" />
        <p:menuitem value="Docs" url="http://www.primefaces.org/..." />
        <p:menuitem value="Support" url="http://www.primefaces.org/..." />
      </p:submenu>
    </p:submenu>
    <p:menuitem value="Mobile" outcome="/mobile/index" />
  </p:submenu>
</p:panelMenu>
```

Default State

By default, all submenus are collapsed, set expanded on a submenu to true to initially display a submenu as expanded.

Skinning

PanelMenu resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-panelmenu	Main container element.
.ui-panelmenu-header	Header of a panel.
.ui-panelmenu-content	Footer of a panel.
.ui-panelmenu .ui-menu-list	Tree container.
.ui-panelmenu .ui-menuitem	A menuitem in tree.

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.88 Password

Password component is an extended version of standard `inputSecret` component with theme integration and strength indicator.

Info

Tag	password
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.password.Password
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Password
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.PasswordRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.password.PasswordRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side <code>UIComponent</code> instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text
converter	null	Converter /String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	Method Expr	A method expression that refers to a method validationg the input.

Name	Default	Type	Description
valueChangeListener	null	Method Expr	A method binding expression that refers to a method for handling a valuechangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
feedback	false	Boolean	Enables strength indicator.
inline	false	boolean	Displays feedback inline rather than using a popup.
promptLabel	Please enter a password	String	Label of prompt.
weakLabel	Weak	String	Label of weak password.
goodLabel	Good	String	Label of good password.
strongLabel	Strong	String	Label of strong password.
redisplay	false	Boolean	Whether or not to display previous value.
match	null	String	Id of another password component to match value against.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
accesskey	null	String	Access key that when pressed transfers focus to the input element.
alt	null	String	Alternate textual description of the input field.
autocomplete	null	String	Controls browser autocomplete behavior.
dir	null	String	Direction indication for text that does not inherit directionality. Valid values are LTR and RTL.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables input field
label	null	String	A localized user presentable name.
lang	null	String	Code describing the language used in the generated markup for this component.
maxlength	null	Integer	Maximum number of characters that may be entered in this field.
onblur	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element loses focus.
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element loses focus and its value has been modified since gaining focus.
onclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element is clicked.

Name	Default	Type	Description
ondblclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element is double clicked.
onfocus	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element receives focus.
onkeydown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed down over input element.
onkeypress	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed and released over input element.
onkeyup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is released over input element.
onmousedown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is pressed down over input element
onmousemove	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved within input element.
onmouseout	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved away from input element.
onmouseover	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved onto input element.
onmouseup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is released over input element.
onselect	null	String	Client side callback to execute when text within input element is selected by user.
placeholder	null	String	Specifies a short hint.
readonly	false	Boolean	Flag indicating that this component will prevent changes by the user.
size	null	Integer	Number of characters used to determine the width of the input element.
style	null	String	Inline style of the input element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the input element.
tabindex	null	Integer	Position of the input element in the tabbing order.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip informaton.

Getting Started with Password

Password is an input component and used just like a standard input text. When *feedback* option is enabled a password strength indicator is displayed.

```
<p:password value="#{bean.password}" feedback="true|false" />
```

```
public class Bean {

    private String password;

    public String getPassword() { return password; }
    public void setPassword(String password) { this.password = password;}

}
```

I18N

Although all labels are in English by default, you can provide custom labels as well. Following password gives feedback in Turkish.

```
<p:password value="#{bean.password}" promptLabel="Lütfen şifre giriniz"
weakLabel="Zayıf" goodLabel="Orta seviye" strongLabel="Güçlü" feedback= "true"/>
```

Inline Strength Indicator

By default strength indicator is shown in an overlay, if you prefer an inline indicator just enable inline mode.

```
<p:password value="#{mybean.password}" inline="true" feedback= "true"/>
```

Confirmation

Password confirmation is a common case and password provides an easy way to implement. The other password component's id should be used to define the *match* option.

```
<p:password id="pwd1" value="#{passwordBean.password6}" feedback="false"
    match="pwd2" label="Password 1" required="true"/>

<p:password id="pwd2" value="#{passwordBean.password6}" feedback="false"
    label="Password 2" required="true"/>
```

Skinning

Structural selectors for password are;

Name	Applies
.ui-password	Input element.
.ui-password-panel	Overlay panel of strength indicator.
.ui-password-meter	Strength meter.
.ui-password-info	Strength label.

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.89 PhotoCam

PhotoCam is used to take photos with webcam and send them to the JSF backend model.

Info

Tag	photoCam
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.photocam.PhotoCam
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.PhotoCam
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.PhotoCamRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.photocam.PhotoCamRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	false	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text
converter	null	Converter/ String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	0	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	0	boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	Method Expr	A method binding expression that refers to a method validating the input
valueChangeListener	null	Method Expr	A method binding expression that refers to a method for handling a valuechangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.

Name	Default	Type	Description
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
process	null	String	Identifiers of components to process during capture.
update	null	String	Identifiers of components to update during capture.
listener	null	Method Expr	Method expression to listen to capture events.
width	320	Integer	Width of the camera viewport.
height	240	Integer	Height of the camera viewport.
photoWidth	320	Integer	Width of the captured photo, defaults to width.
photoHeight	240	Integer	Height of the captured photo, defaults to height.
format	jpeg	Boolean	Format of the image, valid values are "jpeg" default and png.
jpegQuality	90	Integer	Quality of the image between 0 and 100 when the format is jpeg, default value is 90.
forceFlash	false	Boolean	Enables always using flash fallback even in an HTML5 environment.

Getting started with PhotoCam

Capture is triggered via client side api's *capture* method. Also a method expression is necessary to invoke when an image is captured. Sample below captures an image and saves it to a directory.

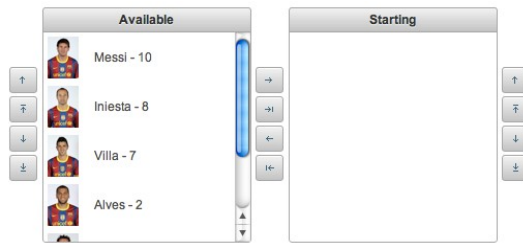
```
<h:form>
  <p:photoCam widgetVar="pc" listener="#{photoCamBean.oncapture}" update="photos"/>

  <p:commandButton type="button" value="Capture" onclick="PF('pc').capture()"/>
</h:form>
```

```
public class PhotoCamBean {  
  
    public void oncapture(CaptureEvent captureEvent) {  
        byte[] data = captureEvent.getData();  
  
        ServletContext servletContext = (ServletContext)  
FacesContext.getCurrentInstance().getExternalContext().getContext();  
        String newFileName = servletContext.getRealPath("/") + File.separator +  
"photocam" + File.separator + "captured.png";  
  
        FileOutputStream imageOutput;  
        try {  
            imageOutput = new FileOutputStream(new File(newFileName));  
            imageOutput.write(data, 0, data.length);  
            imageOutput.close();  
        }  
        catch(Exception e) {  
            throw new FacesException("Error in writing captured image.");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

3.90 PickList

PickList is used for transferring data between two different collections.



Info

Tag	pickList
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.picklist.Panel
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.PickList
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.PickListRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.picklist.PickListRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text
converter	null	Converter/ String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	Method Expr	A method binding expression that refers to a method validationg the input

Name	Default	Type	Description
valueChangeListener	null	Method Expr	A method binding expression that refers to a method for handling a valuchangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
var	null	String	Name of the iterator.
itemLabel	null	String	Label of an item.
itemValue	null	Object	Value of an item.
style	null	String	Style of the main container.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the main container.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables the component.
effect	null	String	Name of the animation to display.
effectSpeed	null	String	Speed of the animation.
addLabel	Add	String	Title of add button.
addAllLabel	Add All	String	Title of add all button.
removeLabel	Remove	String	Title of remove button.
removeAllLabel	Remove All	String	Title of remove all button.
moveUpLabel	Move Up	String	Title of move up button.
moveTopLabel	Move Top	String	Title of move top button.
moveDownLabel	Move Down	String	Title of move down button.
moveButtomLabel	Move Buttom	String	Title of move bottom button.
showSourceControls	false	String	Specifies visibility of reorder buttons of source list.
showTargetControls	false	String	Specifies visibility of reorder buttons of target list.
onTransfer	null	String	Client side callback to execute when an item is transferred from one list to another.
label	null	String	A localized user presentable name.
itemDisabled	false	Boolean	Specified if an item can be picked or not.
showSourceFilter	false	Boolean	Displays and input filter for source list.
showTargetFilter	false	Boolean	Displays and input filter for target list.

Name	Default	Type	Description
filterMatchMode	startsWith	String	Match mode for filtering, valid values are startsWith, contains, endsWith and custom.
filterFunction	null	String	Name of the javascript function for custom filtering.
showCheckbox	false	Boolean	When true, a checkbox is displayed next to each item.
labelDisplay	tooltip	String	Defines how the button labels displayed, valid values are "tooltip" (default) and "inline".
orientation	horizontal	String	Defines layout orientation, valid values are "vertical" and "horizontal".
responsive	false	Boolean	In responsive mode, picklist adjusts itself based on screen width.

Getting started with PickList

You need to create custom model called *org.primefaces.model.DualListModel* to use PickList. As the name suggests it consists of two lists, one is the source list and the other is the target. As the first example we'll create a DualListModel that contains basic Strings.

```
public class PickListBean {

    private DualListModel<String> cities;

    public PickListBean() {
        List<String> source = new ArrayList<String>();
        List<String> target = new ArrayList<String>();

        citiesSource.add("Istanbul");
        citiesSource.add("Ankara");
        citiesSource.add("Izmir");
        citiesSource.add("Antalya");
        citiesSource.add("Bursa");

        //more cities

        cities = new DualListModel<String>(citiesSource, citiesTarget);
    }

    public DualListModel<String> getCities() {
        return cities;
    }

    public void setCities(DualListModel<String> cities) {
        this.cities = cities;
    }
}
```

And bind the cities dual list to the picklist;

```
<p:pickList value="#{pickListBean.cities}" var="city"
            itemLabel="#{city}" itemValue="#{city}">
```

When the enclosed form is submitted, the dual list reference is populated with the new values and you can access these values with `DualListModel.getSource()` and `DualListModel.getTarget()` api.

POJOs

Most of the time you would deal with complex pojos rather than simple types like String. This use case is no different except the addition of a converter. Following pickList displays a list of players(name, age ...).

```
<p:pickList value="#{pickListBean.players}" var="player"
            itemLabel="#{player.name}" itemValue="#{player}" converter="player">
```

PlayerConverter in this case should implement `javax.faces.convert.Converter` contract and implement `getAsString`, `getAsObject` methods. Note that a converter is always necessary for primitive types like long, integer, boolean as well.

In addition custom content instead of simple strings can be displayed by using columns.

```
<p:pickList value="#{pickListBean.players}"
            var="player" iconOnly="true" effect="bounce"
            itemValue="#{player}" converter="player"
            showSourceControls="true" showTargetControls="true">
    <p:column style="width:25%">
        <p:graphicImage value="/images/barca/#{player.photo}"/>
    </p:column>
    <p:column style="width:75%">
        #{player.name} - #{player.number}
    </p:column>
</p:pickList>
```

Reordering

PickList support reordering of source and target lists, these are enabled by `showSourceControls` and `showTargetControls` options.

Effects

An animation is displayed when transferring when item to another or reordering a list, default effect is fade and following options are available to be applied using `effect` attribute; blind, bounce, clip, drop, explode, fold, highlight, puff, pulsate, scale, shake, size and slide. `effectSpeed` attribute is used to customize the animation speed, valid values are *slow*, *normal* and *fast*.

Captions

Caption texts for lists are defined with facets named `sourceCaption` and `targetCaption`;

```
<p:pickList value="#{pickListBean.cities}" var="city"
            itemLabel="#{city}" itemValue="#{city}" onTransfer="handleTransfer(e)">
    <f:facet name="sourceCaption">Available</f:facet>
    <f:facet name="targetCaption">Selected</f:facet>
</p:pickList>
```

Filtering

PickList provides built-in client side filtering. Filtering is enabled by setting the corresponding filtering attribute of a list. For source list this is *showSourceFilter* and for target list it is *showTargetFilter*. Default match mode is *startsWith* and *contains*, *endsWith* are also available options.

When you need to a custom match mode set *filterMatchMode* to *custom* and write a javascript function that takes *itemLabel* and *filterValue* as parameters. Return *false* to hide an item and *true* to display.

```
<p:pickList value="#{pickListBean.cities}" var="city"
            itemLabel="#{city}" itemValue="#{city}"
            showSourceFilter="true" showTargetFilter="true"
            filterMatchMode="custom" filterFunction="myfilter">
</p:pickList>
```

```
function myfilter(itemLabel, filterValue) {
    //return true or false
}
```

onTransfer

If you'd like to execute custom javascript when an item is transferred, bind your javascript function to *onTransfer* attribute.

```
<p:pickList value="#{pickListBean.cities}" var="city"
            itemLabel="#{city}" itemValue="#{city}" onTransfer="handleTransfer(e)">
```

```
<script type="text/javascript">
    function handleTransfer(e) {
        //item = e.item
        //fromList = e.from
        //toList = e.toList
        //type = e.type (type of transfer; command, dblclick or dragdrop)
    }
</script>
```

Ajax Behavior Events

Event	Listener Parameter	Fired
select	org.primefaces.event.SelectEvent	When an item selected.
unselect	org.primefaces.event.UnselectEvent	When an item unselected.

Event	Listener Parameter	Fired
reorder	javax.faces.event.AjaxBehaviorEvent	When list is reordered.
transfer	Org.primefaces.event.TransferEvent	When an item is moved to another list.

```
<p:pickList value="#{pickListBean.cities}" var="city"
            itemLabel="#{city}" itemValue="#{city}">
    <p:ajax event="transfer" listener="#{pickListBean.handleTransfer}" />
</p:pickList>
```

```
public class PickListBean {

    //DualListModel code

    public void handleTransfer(TransferEvent event) {
        //event.getItems() : List of items transferred
        //event.isAdd() : Is transfer from source to target
        //event.isRemove() : Is transfer from target to source
    }
}
```

Skinning

PickList resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-picklist	Main container element(table) of picklist
.ui-picklist-list	Lists of a picklist
.ui-picklist-list-source	Source list
.ui-picklist-list-target	Target list
.ui-picklist-source-controls	Container element of source list reordering controls
.ui-picklist-target-controls	Container element of target list reordering controls
.ui-picklist-button	Buttons of a picklist
.ui-picklist-button-move-up	Move up button
.ui-picklist-button-move-top	Move top button
.ui-picklist-button-move-down	Move down button
.ui-picklist-button-move-bottom	Move bottom button
.ui-picklist-button-add	Add button
.ui-picklist-button-add-all	Add all button

Style Class	Applies
.ui-picklist-button-remove-all	Remove all button
.ui-picklist-button-add	Add button
.ui-picklist-vertical	Container element of a vertical picklist

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.91 Poll

Poll is an ajax component that has the ability to send periodical ajax requests.

Info

Tag	poll
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.poll.Poll
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Poll
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.PollRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.poll.PollRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
interval	2	Integer	Interval in seconds to do periodic ajax requests.
update	null	String	Component(s) to be updated with ajax.
listener	null	MethodExpr	A method expression to invoke by polling.
immediate	false	Boolean	Boolean value that determines the phaseId, when true actions are processed at apply_request_values, when false at invoke_application phase.
async	false	Boolean	When set to true, ajax requests are not queued.
process	null	String	Component id(s) to process partially instead of whole view.
onstart	null	String	Javascript handler to execute before ajax request is begins.
oncomplete	null	String	Javascript handler to execute when ajax request is completed.
onsuccess	null	String	Javascript handler to execute when ajax request succeeds.
onerror	null	String	Javascript handler to execute when ajax request fails.

Name	Default	Type	Description
global	true	Boolean	Global ajax requests are listened by ajaxStatus component, setting global to false will not trigger ajaxStatus.
delay	null	String	If less than <i>delay</i> milliseconds elapses between calls to <i>request()</i> only the most recent one is sent and all other requests are discarded. If this option is not specified, or if the value of <i>delay</i> is the literal string 'none' without the quotes, no delay is used.
partialSubmit	false	Boolean	Enables serialization of values belonging to the partially processed components only.
partialSubmitFilter	null	String	Selector to use when partial submit is on, default is ":input" to select all descendant inputs of a partially processed components.
autoStart	true	Boolean	In autoStart mode, polling starts automatically on page load, to start polling on demand set to false.
stop	false	Boolean	Stops polling when true.
resetValues	false	Boolean	If true, local values of input components to be updated within the ajax request would be reset.
ignoreAutoUpdate	false	Boolean	If true, components which autoUpdate="true" will not be updated for this request. If not specified, or the value is false, no such indication is made.
timeout	0	Integer	Timeout for the ajax request in milliseconds.
form	null	String	Form to serialize for an ajax request. Default is the enclosing form.

Getting started with Poll

Poll below invokes increment method on CounterBean every 2 seconds and *txt_count* is updated with the new value of the count variable. Note that poll must be nested inside a form.

```
<h:outputText id="txt_count" value="#{counterBean.count}" />
<p:poll listener="#{counterBean.increment}" update="txt_count" />
```

```

public class CounterBean {

    private int count;

    public void increment() {
        count++;
    }

    public int getCount() {
        return this.count;
    }

    public void setCount(int count) {
        this.count = count;
    }
}

```

Tuning timing

By default the periodic interval is 2 seconds, this is changed with the interval attribute. Following poll works every 5 seconds.

```

<h:outputText id="txt_count" value="#{counterBean.count}" />

<p:poll listener="#{counterBean.increment}" update="txt_count" interval="5" />

```

Start and Stop

Poll can be started and stopped using client side api;

```

<h:form>

    <h:outputText id="txt_count" value="#{counterBean.count}" />

    <p:poll interval="5" actionListener="#{counterBean.increment}"
        update="txt_count" widgetVar="myPoll" autoStart="false" />

    <a href="#" onclick="PF('myPoll').start();">Start</a>
    <a href="#" onclick="PF('myPoll').stop();">Stop</a>

</h:form>

```

Or bind a boolean variable to the *stop* attribute and set it to false at any arbitrary time.

3.92 Printer

Printer allows sending a specific JSF component to the printer, not the whole page.

Info

Tag	printer
Behavior Class	org.primefaces.component.behavior.Printer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
target	null	String	Target component to print.

Getting started with the Printer

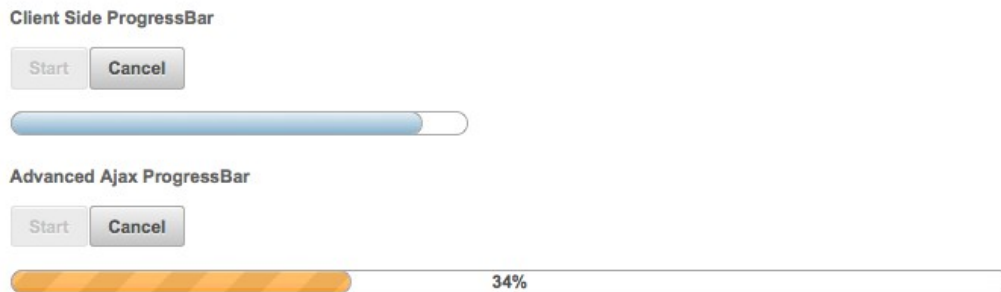
Printer is attached to any command component like a button or a link. Examples below demonstrates how to print a simple output text or a particular image on page;

```
<h:commandButton id="btn" value="Print">
    <p:printer target="output" />
</h:commandButton>
<h:outputText id="output" value="PrimeFaces Rocks!" />

<h:outputLink id="lnk" value="#">
    <p:printer target="image" />
    <h:outputText value="Print Image" />
</h:outputLink>
<p:graphicImage id="image" value="/images/nature1.jpg" />
```

3.93 ProgressBar

ProgressBar is a process status indicator that can either work purely on client side or interact with server side using ajax.



Info

Tag	propressBar
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.progressBar.ProgressBar
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.ProgressBar
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.ProgressBarRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.progressBar.ProgressBarRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget
value	0	Integer	Value of the progress bar
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables or enables the progressbar
ajax	false	Boolean	Specifies the mode of progressBar, in ajax mode progress value is retrieved from a backing bean.
interval	3000	Integer	Interval in seconds to do periodic requests in ajax mode.

Name	Default	Type	Description
style	null	String	Inline style of the main container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the main container element.
labelTemplate	{value}	String	Template of the progress label.
displayOnly	false	Boolean	Enables static display mode.
global	true	Boolean	Global ajax requests are listened by ajaxStatus component, setting global to false will not trigger ajaxStatus.

Getting started with the ProgressBar

ProgressBar has two modes, "client"(default) or "ajax". Following is a pure client side progressBar.

```
<p:progressBar widgetVar="pb" />

<p:commandButton value="Start" type="button" onclick="start()" />
<p:commandButton value="Cancel" type="button" onclick="cancel()" />

<script type="text/javascript">
    function start() {
        this.progressInterval = setInterval(function(){
            PF('pb').setValve(PF('pb').getValue() + 10);
        }, 2000);
    }

    function cancel() {
        clearInterval(this.progressInterval);
        PF('pb').setValve(0);
    }
</script>
```

Ajax Progress

Ajax mode is enabled by setting ajax attribute to true, in this case the value defined on a managed bean is retrieved periodically and used to update the progress.

```
<p:progressBar ajax="true" value="#{progressBean.progress}" />
```

```
public class ProgressBean {
    private int progress;

    //getter-setter
}
```

Interval

ProgressBar is based on polling and 3000 milliseconds is the default interval for ajax progress bar meaning every 3 seconds progress value will be recalculated. In order to set a different value, use the interval attribute.

```
<p:progressBar interval="5000" />
```

Ajax Behavior Events

ProgressBar provides *complete* as the default and only ajax behavior event that is fired when the progress is completed. Example below demonstrates how to use this event.

```
public class ProgressBean {
    private int progress;

    public void handleComplete() {
        //Add a faces message
    }

    public int getProgress() {
        return progress;
    }

    public void setProgress(int progress) {
        this.progress = progress;
    }
}
```

```
<p:progressBar value="#{progressBean.progress}" ajax="true">
    <p:ajax event="complete" listener="#{progressBean.handleComplete}"
        update="messages" />
</p:progressBar>

<p:growl id="messages" />
```

Display Only

Assume you have a process like a ticket purchase that spans various pages where each page has different use cases such as customer info, seat selection, billing, payment and more. In order to display static value of the process on each page, you can use a static progressBar.

```
<p:progressBar value="50" displayOnly="true" />
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.ProgressBar*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
getValue()	-	Number	Returns current value

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
setValue(value)	value: Value to display	void	Sets current value
start()	-	void	Starts ajax progress bar
cancel()	-	void	Stops ajax progress bar

Skinning

ProgressBar resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-progressbar	Main container.
.ui-progressbar-value	Value of the progressbar
.ui-progressbar-label	Progress label.

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.94 RadioButton

RadioButton is a helper component of SelectOneRadio to implement custom layouts.

Info

Tag	radioButton
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.radiobutton.RadioButton
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.RadioButton
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.RadioButtonRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.radiobutton.RadioButtonRenderer

Attributes

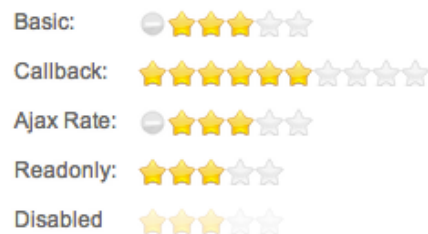
Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
disabled	false	Boolean	Disabled the component.
itemIndex	null	Integer	Index of the selectItem of selectOneRadio.
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute on state change.
for	null	String	Id of the selectOneRadio to attach to.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container.
tabindex	null	String	Specifies the tab order of element in tab navigation.

Getting started with RadioButton

See custom layout part in SelectOneRadio section for more information.

3.95 Rating

Rating component features a star based rating system.



Info

Tag	rating
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.rating.Rating
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Rating
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.RatingRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.rating.RatingRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text
converter	null	Converter/ String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	0	Boolean	Boolean value that specifies the lifecycle phase the valueChangeEvents should be processed, when true the events will be fired at "apply request values", if immediate is set to false, valueChange Events are fired in "process validations" phase

Name	Default	Type	Description
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	MethodExpr	A method binding expression that refers to a method validationg the input
valueChangeListener	null	MethodExpr	A method binding expression that refers to a method for handling a valuchangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
stars	5	Integer	Number of stars to display
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables user interaction
readonly	false	Boolean	Disables user interaction without disabled visuals.
onRate	null	String	Client side callback to execute when rate happens.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
cancel	true	Boolean	When enabled, displays a cancel icon to reset.

Getting Started with Rating

Rating is an input component that takes an integer variable as its value.

```
public class RatingBean {
    private Integer rating;

    //getter-setter
}
```

```
<p:rating value="#{ratingBean.rating}" />
```

Number of Stars

Default number of stars is 5, if you need less or more stars use the stars attribute. Following rating consists of 10 stars.

```
<p:rating value="#{ratingBean.rating}" stars="10"/>
```

Display Value Only

In cases where you only want to use the rating component to display the rating value and disallow user interaction, set *readonly* to true. Using *disabled* attribute does the same but adds disabled visual styles.

Ajax Behavior Events

Rating provides *rate* and *cancel* as ajax behavior events. A defined listener for rate event will be executed by passing an *org.primefaces.event.RateEvent* as a parameter and cancel event will be invoked with no parameter.

```
<p:rating value="#{ratingBean.rating}">
    <p:ajax event="rate" listener="#{ratingBean.handleRate}" update="msgs" />
    <p:ajax event="cancel" listener="#{ratingBean.handleCancel}" update="msgs" />
</p:rating>
<p:messages id="msgs" />
```

```
public class RatingBean {

    private Integer rating;

    public void handleRate(RateEvent rateEvent) {
        Integer rate = (Integer) rateEvent.getRating();
        //Add facesmessage
    }

    public void handleCancel() {
        //Add facesmessage
    }

    //getter-setter
}
```

Client Side Callbacks

onRate is called when a star is selected with *value* as the only parameter.

```
<p:rating value="#{ratingBean.rating}" onRate="alert('You rated: ' + value)" />
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.Rating*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
getValue()	-	Number	Returns the current value
setValue(value)	value: Value to set	void	Updates rating value with provided one.
disable()	-	void	Disables component.
enable()	-	void	Enables component.
reset()	-	void	Clears the rating.

Skinning

Rating resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-rating	Main container element.
.ui-rating-cancel	Cancel icon
.ui-rating	Default star
.ui-rating-on	Active star

3.96 RemoteCommand

RemoteCommand provides a way to execute backing bean methods directly from javascript.

Info

Tag	remoteCommand
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.remotecommand.RemoteCommand
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.RemoteCommand
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.RemoteCommandRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.remotecommand.RemoteCommandRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
action	null	Method Expr	A method expression that'd be processed in the partial request caused by uiajax.
actionListener	null	Method Expr	An actionlistener that'd be processed in the partial request caused by uiajax.
immediate	false	Boolean	Boolean value that determines the phaseId, when true actions are processed at apply_request_values, when false at invoke_application phase.
name	null	String	Name of the command
async	false	Boolean	When set to true, ajax requests are not queued.
process	null	String	Component(s) to process partially instead of whole view.
update	null	String	Component(s) to update with ajax.
onstart	null	String	Javascript handler to execute before ajax request is begins.
oncomplete	null	String	Javascript handler to execute when ajax request is completed.
onsuccess	null	String	Javascript handler to execute when ajax request succeeds.
onerror	null	String	Javascript handler to execute when ajax request fails.

Name	Default	Type	Description
global	true	Boolean	Global ajax requests are listened by ajaxStatus component, setting global to false will not trigger ajaxStatus.
delay	null	String	If less than <i>delay</i> milliseconds elapses between calls to <i>request()</i> only the most recent one is sent and all other requests are discarded. If this option is not specified, or if the value of <i>delay</i> is the literal string 'none' without the quotes, no delay is used.
partialSubmit	false	Boolean	Enables serialization of values belonging to the partially processed components only.
partialSubmitFilter	null	String	Selector to use when partial submit is on, default is ":input" to select all descendant inputs of a partially processed components.
autoRun	false	Boolean	When enabled command is executed on page load.
resetValues	false	Boolean	If true, local values of input components to be updated within the ajax request would be reset.
ignoreAutoUpdate	false	Boolean	If true, components which autoUpdate="true" will not be updated for this request. If not specified, or the value is false, no such indication is made.
timeout	0	Integer	Timeout for the ajax request in milliseconds.
form	null	String	Form to serialize for an ajax request. Default is the enclosing form.

Getting started with RemoteCommand

RemoteCommand is used by invoking the command from your javascript code.

```
<p:remoteCommand name="increment" actionListener="#{counter.increment}"
    out="count" />

<h:outputText id="count" value="#{counter.count}" />
```

```
<script type="text/javascript">
    function customfunction() {
        //your custom code

        increment();      //makes a remote call
    }
</script>
```

That's it whenever you execute your custom javascript function(eg customfunction()), a remote call will be made, actionListener is processed and output text is updated. Note that remoteCommand must be nested inside a form.

Passing Parameters

Remote command can send dynamic parameters in the following way;

```
increment([{name:'x', value:10}, {name:'y', value:20}]);
```

3.97 ResetInput

Input components keep their local values at state when validation fails. ResetInput is used to clear the cached values from state so that components retrieve their values from the backing bean model instead.

Info

Tag	resetInput
ActionListener Class	org.primefaces.component.resetinput.ResetInputActionListener

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
target	null	String	Comma or white space separated list of component identifiers.

Getting started with ResetInput

ResetInput is attached to action source components like `commandButton` and `commandLink`.

```
<h:form id="form">
  <p:panel id="panel" header="New User" style="margin-bottom:10px;">
    <p:messages id="messages" />
    <h:panelGrid columns="2">
      <h:outputLabel for="firstname" value="Firstname: *" />
      <p:inputText id="firstname" value="#{pprBean.firstname}"
        required="true" label="Firstname">
        <f:validateLength minimum="2" />
      </p:inputText>

      <h:outputLabel for="surname" value="Surname: *" />
      <p:inputText id="surname" value="#{pprBean.surname}"
        required="true" label="Surname"/>
    </h:panelGrid>
  </p:panel>

  <p:commandButton value="Submit" update="panel"
    actionListener="#{pprBean.savePerson}" />
  <p:commandButton value="Reset Tag" update="panel" process="@this">
    <p:resetInput target="panel" />
  </p:commandButton>
  <p:commandButton value="Reset Non-Ajax"
    actionListener="#{pprBean.reset}" immediate="true" ajax="false">
    <p:resetInput target="panel" />
  </p:commandButton>
</h:form>
```

ResetInput supports both ajax and non-ajax actions, for non-ajax actions set `immediate` true on the source component so lifecycle jumps to render response after resetting. To reset multiple

components at once, provide a list of ids or just provide an ancestor component like the panel in sample above.

Reset Programmatically

ResetInput tag is the declarative way to reset input components, another way is resetting programmatically. This is also handy if inputs should get reset based on a condition. Following sample demonstrates how to use RequestContext to do the reset within an ajaxbehavior listener. Parameter of the reset method can be a single clientId or a collection of clientIds.

```
<p:inputText value="#{bean.value}">
  <p:ajax event="blur" listener="#{bean.listener}" />
</p:inputText>
```

```
public void listener() {
    RequestContext context = RequestContext.getCurrentInstance();
    context.reset("form:panel");
}
```

Tip

p:ajax has built-in *resetValues* attribute to reset values of processed components during a request.

3.98 Resizable

Resizable component is used to make another JSF component resizable.

Info

Tag	resizable
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.resizable.Resizable
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Resizable
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.ResizableRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.resizable.ResizableRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
for	null	String	Identifier of the target component to make resizable.
aspectRatio	false	Boolean	Defines if aspectRatio should be kept or not.
proxy	false	Boolean	Displays proxy element instead of actual element.
handles	null	String	Specifies the resize handles.
ghost	false	Boolean	In ghost mode, resize helper is displayed as the original element with less opacity.
animate	false	Boolean	Enables animation.
effect	swing	String	Effect to use in animation.
effectDuration	normal	String	Effect duration of animation.
maxWidth	null	Integer	Maximum width boundary in pixels.
maxHeight	null	Integer	Maximum height boundary in pixels.
minWidth	10	Integer	Minimum width boundary in pixels.
minHeight	10	Integer	Maximum height boundary in pixels.

Name	Default	Type	Description
containment	false	Boolean	Sets resizable boundaries as the parents size.
grid	1	Integer	Snaps resizing to grid structure.
onStart	null	String	Client side callback to execute when resizing begins.
onResize	null	String	Client side callback to execute during resizing.
onStop	null	String	Client side callback to execute after resizing end.

Getting started with Resizable

Resizable is used by setting *for* option as the identifier of the target.

```
<p:graphicImage id="img" value="campnou.jpg" />
<p:resizable for="img" />
```

Another example is the input fields, if users need more space for a textarea, make it resizable by;

```
<h:inputTextarea id="area" value="Resize me if you need more space" />
<p:resizable for="area" />
```

Boundaries

To prevent overlapping with other elements on page, boundaries need to be specified. There're 4 attributes for this *minWidth*, *maxWidth*, *minHeight* and *maxHeight*. The valid values for these attributes are numbers in terms of pixels.

```
<h:inputTextarea id="area" value="Resize me if you need more space" />
<p:resizable for="area" minWidth="20" minHeight="40" maxWidth="50" maxHeight="100"/>
```

Handles

Resize handles to display are customize using *handles* attribute with a combination of *n*, *e*, *s*, *w*, *ne*, *se*, *sw* and *nw* as the value. Default value is "*e, s, se*".

```
<h:inputTextarea id="area" value="Resize me if you need more space" />
<p:resizable for="area" handles="e,w,n,se,sw,ne,nw"/>
```

Visual Feedback

Resize helper is the element used to provide visual feedback during resizing. By default actual element itself is the helper and two options are available to customize the way feedback is provided. Enabling *ghost* option displays the element itself with a lower opacity, in addition enabling *proxy* option adds a css class called *.ui-resizable-proxy* which you can override to customize.

```
<h:inputTextarea id="area" value="Resize me if you need more space" />

<p:resizable for="area" proxy="true" />
```

```
.ui-resizable-proxy {
    border: 2px dotted #00F;
}
```

Effects

Resizing can be animated using *animate* option and setting an *effect* name. Animation speed is customized using *effectDuration* option "*slow*", "*normal*" and "*fast*" as valid values.

```
<h:inputTextarea id="area" value="Resize me if you need more space" />

<p:resizable for="area" animate="true" effect="swing" effectDuration="normal" />
```

Following is the list of available effect names;

• swing • easeInQuad • easeOutQuad • easeInOutQuad • easeInCubic • easeOutCubic • easeInOutCubic	• easeInQuart • easeOutQuart • easeInOutQuart • easeInQuint • easeOutQuint • easeInOutQuint • easeInSine	• easeOutSine • easeInExpo • easeOutExpo • easeInOutExpo • easeInCirc • easeOutCirc • easeInOutCirc	• easeInElastic • easeOutElastic • easeInOutElastic • easeInBack • easeOutBack • easeInOutBack	• easeInBounce • easeOutBounce • easeInOutBounce
--	--	---	---	--

Ajax Behavior Events

Resizable provides default and only *resize* event that is called on resize end. In case you have a listener defined, it will be called by passing an *org.primefaces.event.ResizeEvent* instance as a parameter.

```
<h:inputTextarea id="area" value="Resize me if you need more space" />

<p:resizable for="area">
    <p:ajax listener="#{resizeBean.handleResize}">
</p:resizable>
```

```
public class ResizeBean {

    public void handleResize(ResizeEvent event) {
        int width = event.getWidth();
        int height = event.getHeight();
    }
}
```

Client Side Callbacks

Resizable has three client side callbacks you can use to hook-in your javascript; *onStart*, *onResize* and *onStop*. All of these callbacks receive two parameters that provide various information about resize event.

```
<h:inputTextarea id="area" value="Resize me if you need more space" />
<p:resizable for="area" onStop="handleStop(event, ui)" />
```

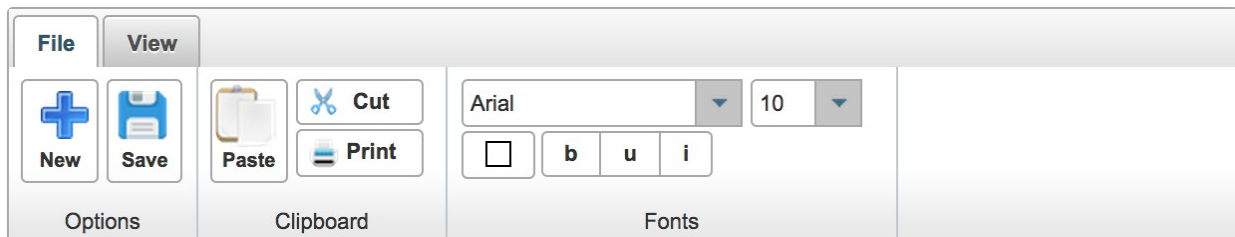
```
function handleStop(event, ui) {
    //ui.helper = helper element as a jQuery object
    //ui.originalPosition = top, left position before resizing
    //ui.originalSize = width, height before resizing
    //ui.position = top, left after resizing
    //ui.size = width height of current size
}
```

Skinning

Style Class	Applies
.ui-resizable	Element that is resizable
.ui-resizable-handle	Handle element
.ui-resizable-handle-{handlekey}	Particular handle element identified by handlekey like e, s, ne
.ui-resizable-proxy	Proxy helper element for visual feedback

3.99 Ribbon

Ribbon is container component to group different sets of controls in a tabbed layout. Special styling is applied to inner components for a unified look.



Info

Tag	ribbon
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.ribbon.Ribbon
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Ribbon
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.RibbonRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.ribbon.RibbonRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
style	null	String	Inline style of the container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container element.
activeIndex	0	Integer	Index of the active tab.

Getting started with Ribbon

Tab and RibbonGroup components are used when building the Ribbon.

```

<p:ribbon>
    <p:tab title="File">
        <p:ribbonGroup label="Options">
            <p:commandButton value="New" icon="ui-ribbonicon-new"
styleClass="ui-ribbon-bigbutton" type="button"/>
            <p:commandButton value="Save" icon="ui-ribbonicon-save"
styleClass="ui-ribbon-bigbutton" type="button"/>
        </p:ribbonGroup>

        <p:ribbonGroup label="Clipboard" style="width:120px">
            <p:selectManyButton>
                <p:commandButton value="Paste" icon="ui-ribbonicon-paste"
styleClass="ui-ribbon-bigbutton" type="button"/>
                <p:commandButton value="Cut" icon="ui-ribbonicon-cut"
style="width:64px" type="button"/>
                <p:commandButton value="Print" icon="ui-ribbonicon-print"
style="width:64px" type="button"/>
            </p:selectManyButton>
        </p:ribbonGroup>

        <p:ribbonGroup label="Fonts" style="width:220px">
            <p:selectOneMenu appendTo="@this">
                <f:selectItem itemLabel="Arial" itemValue="0" />
                <f:selectItem itemLabel="Comis Sans" itemValue="1" />
                <f:selectItem itemLabel="Helvetica" itemValue="2" />
                <f:selectItem itemLabel="Times New Roman" itemValue="3" />
                <f:selectItem itemLabel="Verdana" itemValue="4" />
            </p:selectOneMenu>

            <p:colorPicker />
        </p:ribbonGroup>
    </p:tab>

    <p:tab title="View">
        <p:ribbonGroup label="Zoom">
            <p:commandButton value="In" icon="ui-ribbonicon-zoomin"
styleClass="ui-ribbon-bigbutton" type="button" />
            <p:commandButton value="Out" icon="ui-ribbonicon-zoomout"
styleClass="ui-ribbon-bigbutton" type="button"/>
        </p:ribbonGroup>
    </p:tab>
</p:ribbon>

```

Styling

Following components have special styling applied inside ribbon;

- Button
- CommandButton
- SelectOneButton
- SelectManyButton
- SelectOneMenu
- InputText

Default PrimeFaces icons are 16px, in case you need bigger icons add ui-ribbon-bigbutton style class to the button.

Skinning

Ribbon resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes.

Style Class	Applies
.ui-ribbon	Main container element.
.ui-ribbon-groups	Container of ribbon groups in a tab.
.ui-ribbon-group	Ribbon group element.
.ui-ribbon-group-content	Content of a group.
.ui-ribbon-group-label	Label of a group.

Ribbon shares the same structure with TabView for the tabbing functionality, refer to TabView for the styles of the Tabs.

3.100 RibbonGroup

RibbonGroup is a helper component for Ribbon to define groups in a tab.

Info

Tag	ribbonGroup
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.ribbon.RibbonGroup
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.RibbonGroup
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.RibbonGroupRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.ribbon.RibbonGroupRenderer

Attributes

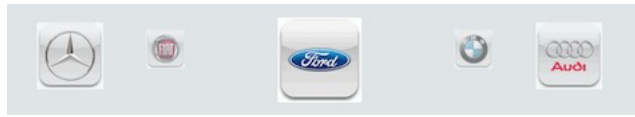
Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
style	null	String	Inline style of the container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container element.
label	null	String	Label of the group.

Getting started with RibbonGroup

Refer to Ribbon component documentation for more information.

3.101 Ring

Ring is a data display component with a circular animation.



Info

Tag	ring
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.ring.Ring
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Ring
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.RingRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.ring.RingRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
value	null	Object	Collection to display.
var	null	String	Name of the data iterator.
style	null	String	Inline style of the container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container element.
easing	swing	String	Type of easing to use in animation.
autoplay	false	Boolean	When true, Ring will automatically advance the moving elements to the next child at a regular interval.
autoplayDuration	1000	Integer	Time in milliseconds between animation triggers when a Ring's autoplay is playing.
autoplayPauseOnHover	false	Boolean	When true, Ring will pause autoPlay when the user

Name	Default	Type	Description
			mouseover the Ring container.
autoplayInitialDelay	0	Integer	Time in milliseconds to delay the start of Ring's configured autoplay option.

Getting started with Ring

A collection is required to use the Ring component.

```
<p:ring value="#{ringBean.players}" var="player">
    <p:graphicImage value="/images/barca/#{player.photo}"/>
</p:ring>
```

```
public class RingBean {
    private List<Player> players;

    public RingBean() {
        players = new ArrayList<Player>();

        players.add(new Player("Messi", 10, "messi.jpg", "CF"));
        players.add(new Player("Iniesta", 8, "iniesta.jpg", "CM"));
        //more players
    }

    //getter&setter for players
}
```

Item Selection

A column is required to process item selection from ring properly.

```
<p:ring value="#{ringBean.players}" var="player">
    <p:column>
        //UI to select an item e.g. commandLink
    </p:column>
</p:ring>
```

Easing

Following is the list of available options for easing animation.

• swing • easeInQuad • easeOutQuad • easeInOutQuad • easeInCubic • easeOutCubic • easeInOutCubic	• easeInQuart • easeOutQuart • easeInOutQuart • easeInQuint • easeOutQuint • easeInOutQuint • easeInSine	• easeOutSine • easeInExpo • easeOutExpo • easeInOutExpo • easeInCirc • easeOutCirc • easeInOutCirc	• easeInElastic • easeOutElastic • easeInOutElastic • easeInBack • easeOutBack • easeInOutBack	• easeInBounce • easeOutBounce • easeInOutBounce
--	--	---	---	--

Skinning

Ring resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes.

Style Class	Applies
.ui-ring	Main container element.
.ui-ring-item	Each item in the list.

3.102 Row

Row is a helper component for datatable.

Info

Tag	row
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.row.Row
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Row
Component Family	org.primefaces.component

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClas	null	String	Style class of the component.

Getting Started with Row

See datatable grouping section for more information about how row is used.

3.103 RowEditor

RowEditor is a helper component for datatable.

Info

Tag	rowEditor
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.roweditor.RowEditor
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.RowEditor
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.RowEditorRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.roweditor.RowEditorRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
editTitle	null	String	Title attribute for edit icon.
cancelTitle	null	String	Title attribute for cancel icon.
saveTitle	null	String	Title attribute for save icon.

Getting Started with RowEditor

See inline editing section in datatable documentation for more information about usage.

3.104 RowExpansion

RowExpansion is a helper component of datatable used to implement expandable rows.

Info

Tag	rowExpansion
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.rowexpansion.RowExpansion
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.RowExpansion
Component Family	org.primefaces.component

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.

Getting Started with RowExpansion

See datatable expandable rows section for more information about how rowExpansion is used.

3.105 RowToggler

RowToggler is a helper component for datatable.

Info

Tag	rowToggler
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.rowtoggler.RowToggler
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.RowToggler
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.RowTogglerRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.rowtoggler.RowTogglerRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean

Getting Started with Row

See expandable rows section in datatable documentation for more information about usage.

3.106 Schedule

Schedule provides an Outlook Calendar, iCal like JSF component to manage events.



Info

Tag	schedule
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.schedule.Schedule
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Schedule
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.ScheduleRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.schedule.ScheduleRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean

Name	Default	Type	Description
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
value	null	Object	An org.primefaces.model.ScheduleModel instance representing the backed model
locale	null	Object	Locale for localization, can be String or a java.util.Locale instance
aspectRatio	null	Float	Ratio of calendar width to height, higher the value shorter the height is
view	month	String	The view type to use, possible values are 'month', 'agendaDay', 'agendaWeek', 'basicWeek', 'basicDay'
initialDate	null	Object	The initial date that is used when schedule loads. If omitted, the schedule starts on the current date
showWeekends	true	Boolean	Specifies inclusion Saturday/Sunday columns in any of the views
style	null	String	Style of the main container element of schedule
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the main container element of schedule
draggable	true	Boolean	When true, events are draggable.
resizable	true	Boolean	When true, events are resizable.
showHeader	true	Boolean	Specifies visibility of header content.
leftHeaderTemplate	prev, next today	String	Content of left side of header.
centerHeaderTemplate	title	String	Content of center of header.
rightHeaderTemplate	month, agendaWeek, agendaDay	String	Content of right side of header.
allDaySlot	true	Boolean	Determines if all-day slot will be displayed in agendaWeek or agendaDay views
slotMinutes	30	Integer	Interval in minutes in an hour to create a slot.
firstHour	6	Integer	First hour to display in day view.
minTime	null	String	Minimum time to display in a day view.
maxTime	null	String	Maximum time to display in a day view.
axisFormat	null	String	Determines the time-text that will be displayed on the vertical axis of the agenda views.

Name	Default	Type	Description
timeFormat	null	String	Determines the time-text that will be displayed on each event.
columnFormat	null	String	Format for column headers.
timeZone	null	Object	String or a java.util.TimeZone instance to specify the timezone used for date conversion.
ignoreTimezone	true	Boolean	When parsing dates, whether UTC offsets should be ignored while processing event data.
tooltip	false	Boolean	Displays description of events on a tooltip.
clientTimeZone	null	String	Timezone to define how to interpret the dates at browser. Valid values are "false", "local", "UTC" and ids like "America/Chicago".
showWeekNumbers	false	Boolean	Display week numbers in schedule.
extender	null	String	Name of javascript function to extend the options of the underlying fullcalendar plugin.
displayEventEnd	null	String	Whether or not to display an event's end time text when it is rendered on the calendar. Value can be a boolean to globally configure for all views or a comma separated list such as "month:false,basicWeek:true" to configure per view.

Getting started with Schedule

Schedule needs to be backed by an *org.primefaces.model.ScheduleModel* instance, a schedule model consists of *org.primefaces.model.ScheduleEvent* instances.

```
public class ScheduleBean {

    private ScheduleModel model;

    public ScheduleBean() {
        eventModel = new ScheduleModel<ScheduleEvent>();
        eventModel.addEvent(new DefaultScheduleEvent("title", new Date(),
            new Date()));
    }

    public ScheduleModel getModel() {
        return model;
    }

}
```

```
<p:schedule value="#{scheduleBean.model}" />
```

DefaultScheduleEvent is the default implementation of ScheduleEvent interface. Mandatory properties required to create a new event are the title, start date and end date. Other properties such as allDay get sensible default values.

Table below describes each property in detail.

Property	Description
id	Used internally by PrimeFaces, auto generated.
title	Title of the event.
startDate	Start date of type java.util.Date.
endDate	End date of type java.util.Date.
allDay	Flag indicating event is all day.
styleClass	Visual style class to enable multi resource display.
data	Optional data you can set to be represented by Event.
editable	Whether the event is editable or not.
description	Tooltip text to display on mouseover of an event.

Ajax Behavior Events

Schedule provides various ajax behavior events to respond user actions.

Event	Listener Parameter	Fired
dateSelect	org.primefaces.event.SelectEvent	When a date is selected.
eventSelect	org.primefaces.event.SelectEvent	When an event is selected.
eventMove	org.primefaces.event.ScheduleEntryMoveEvent	When an event is moved.
eventResize	org.primefaces.event.ScheduleEntryResizeEvent	When an event is resized.
viewChange	org.primefaces.event.SelectEvent	When a view is changed.

Ajax Updates

Schedule has a quite complex UI which is generated on-the-fly by the client side PrimeFaces.widget.Schedule widget to save bandwidth and increase page load performance. As a result when you try to update schedule like with a regular PrimeFaces PPR, you may notice a UI lag as the DOM will be regenerated and replaced. Instead, Schedule provides a simple client side api and the *update* method.

Whenever you call update, schedule will query its server side ScheduleModel instance to check for updates, transport method used to load events dynamically is JSON, as a result this approach is

much more effective than updating with regular PPR. An example of this is demonstrated at [editable schedule example](#), save button is calling `PF('widgetvar').update()` at oncomplete event handler.

TimeZone

By default, timezone offsets are ignored. Set `ignoreTimezone` to `false` so that schedule takes care of timezone differences by calculating the client browser timezone and the event date so that events are displayed at the client's local time.

Editable Schedule

Let's put it altogether to come up with a fully editable and complex schedule.

```
<h:form>
  <p:schedule value="#{bean.eventModel}" editable="true" widgetVar="myschedule">
    <p:ajax event="dateSelect" listener="#{bean.onDateSelect}"
      update="eventDetails" oncomplete="eventDialog.show()" />
    <p:ajax event="eventSelect" listener="#{bean.onEventSelect}" />
  </p:schedule>

  <p:dialog widgetVar="eventDialog" header="Event Details">
    <h:panelGrid id="eventDetails" columns="2">
      <h:outputLabel for="title" value="Title:" />
      <h:inputText id="title" value="#{bean.event.title}" required="true"/>

      <h:outputLabel for="from" value="From:" />
      <p:inputMask id="from" value="#{bean.event.startDate}" mask="99/99/9999">
        <f:convertDateTime pattern="dd/MM/yyyy" />
      </p:inputMask>

      <h:outputLabel for="to" value="To:" />
      <p:inputMask id="to" value="#{bean.event.endDate}" mask="99/99/9999">
        <f:convertDateTime pattern="dd/MM/yyyy" />
      </p:inputMask>

      <h:outputLabel for="allDay" value="All Day:" />
      <h:selectBooleanCheckbox id="allDay" value="#{bean.event.allDay}" />

      <p:commandButton type="reset" value="Reset" />
      <p:commandButton value="Save" actionListener="#{bean.addEvent}"
        oncomplete="PF('myschedule').update();PF('eventDialog').hide();" />
    </h:panelGrid>
  </p:dialog>
</h:form>
```

```

public class ScheduleBean {

    private ScheduleModel<ScheduleEvent> model;
    private ScheduleEventImpl event = new DefaultScheduleEvent();

    public ScheduleBean() {
        eventModel = new ScheduleModel<ScheduleEvent>();
    }

    public ScheduleModel<ScheduleEvent> getModel() { return model; }

    public ScheduleEventImpl getEvent() { return event; }
    public void setEvent(ScheduleEventImpl event) { this.event = event; }

    public void addEvent() {
        if(event.getId() == null)
            eventModel.addEvent(event);
        else
            eventModel.updateEvent(event);

        event = new DefaultScheduleEvent();    //reset dialog form
    }

    public void onEventSelect(SelectEvent e) {
        event = (ScheduleEvent) e.getObject();
    }

    public void onDateSelect(SelectEvent e) {
        Date date = (Date) e.getObject();
        event = new DefaultScheduleEvent("", date, date);
    }
}

```

Lazy Loading

Schedule assumes whole set of events are eagerly provided in ScheduleModel, if you have a huge data set of events, lazy loading features would help to improve performance. In lazy loading mode, only the events that belong to the displayed time frame are fetched whereas in default eager more all events need to be loaded.

```
<p:schedule value="#{scheduleBean.lazyModel}" />
```

To enable lazy loading of Schedule events, you just need to provide an instance of *org.primefaces.model.LazyScheduleModel* and implement the *loadEvents* methods. *loadEvents* method is called with new boundaries every time displayed timeframe is changed.

```

public class ScheduleBean {

    private ScheduleModel lazyModel;

    public ScheduleBean() {

        lazyModel = new LazyScheduleModel() {

            @Override
            public void loadEvents(Date start, Date end) {
                //addEvent(...);
                //addEvent(...);
            }

        };

    }

    public ScheduleModel getLazyModel() {
        return lazyModel;
    }

}

```

Customizing Header

Header controls of Schedule can be customized based on templates, valid values of template options are;

- title: Text of current month/week/day information
- prev: Button to move calendar back one month/week/day.
- next: Button to move calendar forward one month/week/day.
- prevYear: Button to move calendar back one year
- nextYear: Button to move calendar forward one year
- today: Button to move calendar to current month/week/day.
- *viewName*: Button to change the view type based on the view type.

These controls can be placed at three locations on header which are defined with *leftHeaderTemplate*, *rightHeaderTemplate* and *centerTemplate* attributes.

```

<p:schedule value="#{scheduleBean.model}"
    leftHeaderTemplate="today"
    rightHeaderTemplate="prev,next"
    centerTemplate="month, agendaWeek, agendaDay"
</p:schedule>

```

today

month

week

day

◀

▶

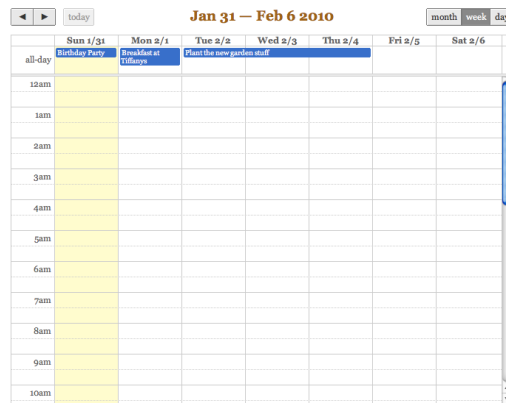
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
28	29	30	31	1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Views

5 different views are supported, these are "month", "agendaWeek", "agendaDay", "basicWeek" and "basicDay".

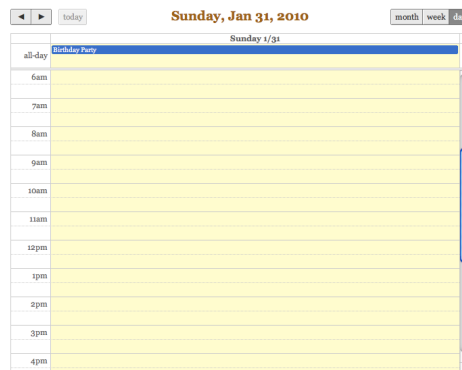
agendaWeek

```
<p:schedule value="#{scheduleBean.model}" view="agendaWeek"/>
```



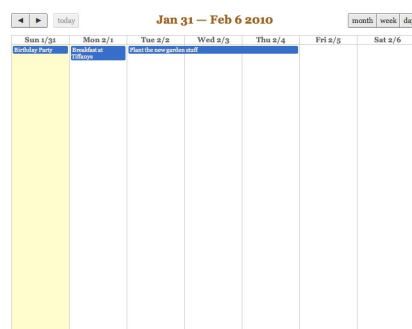
agendaDay

```
<p:schedule value="#{scheduleBean.model}" view="agendaDay"/>
```



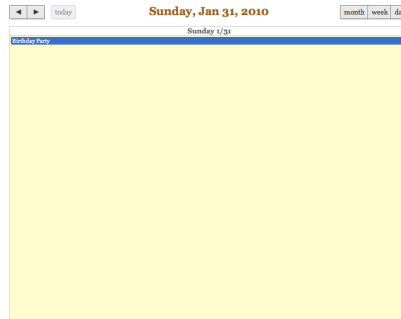
basicWeek

```
<p:schedule value="#{scheduleBean.model}" view="basicWeek"/>
```



basicDay

```
<p:schedule value="#{scheduleBean.model}" view="basicDay"/>
```



Locale Support

By default locale information is retrieved from the view's locale and can be overridden by the locale attribute. Locale attribute can take a locale key as a String or a `java.util.Locale` instance. Default language of labels are English and you need to add the necessary translations to your page manually as PrimeFaces does not include language translations. PrimeFaces Wiki Page for PrimeFacesLocales is a community driven page where you may find the translations you need. Please contribute to this wiki with your own translations.

<http://wiki.primefaces.org/display/Components/PrimeFaces+Locales>

Translation is a simple javascript object, we suggest adding the code to a javascript file and include in your application. Following is a Turkish calendar.

```
<p:schedule value="#{scheduleBean.model}" locale="tr"/>
```

Event Limit

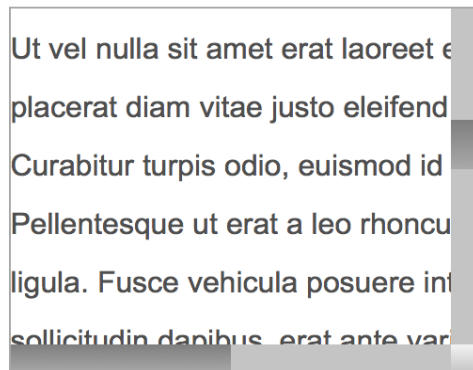
To display a link when there are too many events on a slot, use `setEventLimit(true)` on model.

Skinning

Schedule resides in a main container which `style` and `styleClass` attributes apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.107 ScrollPanel

ScrollPanel is used to display scrollable content with theme aware scrollbars instead of native browser scrollbars.



Info

Tag	scrollPanel
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.scrollpanel.ScrollPanel
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.ScrollPanel
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.ScrollPanelRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.scrollpanel.ScrollPanelRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
style	null	String	Inline style of the container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container element.
mode	default	String	Scrollbar display mode, valid values are default and native.

Getting started with ScrollPanel

In order to get scrollable content, width and/or height should be defined.

```
<p:scrollPanel style="width:250px;height:200px">
    //any content
</p:scrollPanel>
```

Native ScrollBars

By default, scrollPanel displays theme aware scrollbars, setting mode option to native displays browser scrollbars.

```
<p:scrollPanel style="width:250px;height:200px" mode="native">
    //any content
</p:scrollPanel>
```

Skinning

ScrollPanel resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-scrollpanel	Main container element.
.ui-scrollpanel-container	Overflow container.
.ui-scrollpanel-content	Content element.
.ui-scrollpanel-hbar	Horizontal scrollbar container.
.ui-scrollpanel-vbar	Vertical scrollbar container.
.ui-scrollpanel-track	Track element.
.ui-scrollbar-drag	Drag element.

3.108 SelectBooleanButton

SelectBooleanButton is used to select a binary decision with a toggle button.

I accept terms and conditions:

Subscribe me to newsletter:

Info

Tag	selectBooleanButton
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.selectbooleanbutton.SelectBooleanButton
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectBooleanButton
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectBooleanButtonRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.selectbooleanbutton.SelectBooleanButtonRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component referring to a List.
converter	null	Converter/ String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	Method Expr	A method expression that refers to a method validating the input
valueChangeListener	null	Method Expr	A method expression that refers to a method for handling a valuechangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.

Name	Default	Type	Description
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables the component.
label	null	String	User presentable name.
onchange	null	String	Callback to execute on value change.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container.
onLabel	null	String	Label to display when button is selected.
offLabel	null	String	Label to display when button is unselected.
onIcon	null	String	Icon to display when button is selected.
offIcon	null	String	Icon to display when button is unselected.
tabindex	0	String	Position of the element in the tabbing order.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip information.
onfocus	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button receives focus.
onblur	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button loses focus.

Getting started with SelectBooleanButton

SelectBooleanButton usage is similar to selectBooleanCheckbox.

```
<p:selectBooleanButton id="value2" value="#{bean.value}" onLabel="Yes"
    offLabel="No" onIcon="ui-icon-check" offIcon="ui-icon-close" />
```

```
public class Bean {
    private boolean value;
    //getter and setter
}
```

Skinning

SelectBooleanButton resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-selectbooleanbutton	Main container element.

3.109 SelectBooleanCheckbox

SelectBooleanCheckbox is an extended version of the standard checkbox with theme integration.



Info

Tag	selectBooleanCheckbox
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.selectbooleancheckbox.SelectBooleanCheckbox
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectBooleanCheckbox
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectBooleanCheckboxRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.selectbooleancheckbox.SelectBooleanCheckboxRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component referring to a List.
converter	null	Converter/String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	Method Expr	A method expression that refers to a method validating the input
valueChangeListener	null	Method Expr	A method expression that refers to a method for handling a valuechange event
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.

Name	Default	Type	Description
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables the component.
label	null	String	User presentable name.
onchange	null	String	Callback to execute on value change.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container.
itemLabel	null	String	Label displayed next to checkbox.
tabindex	null	String	Specifies tab order for tab key navigation.
onfocus	null	String	Client side callback to execute when checkbox receives focus.
onblur	null	String	Client side callback to execute when checkbox loses focus.

Getting started with SelectBooleanCheckbox

SelectBooleanCheckbox usage is same as the standard one.

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.SelectBooleanCheckbox*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
check()	-	void	Checks the checkbox.
uncheck()	-	void	Unchecks the checkbox.
toggle()	-	void	Toggles check state.

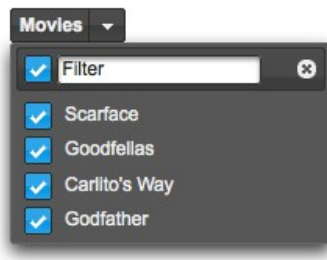
Skinning

SelectBooleanCheckbox resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-chkbox	Main container element.
.ui-chkbox-box	Container of checkbox icon.
.ui-chkbox-icon	Checkbox icon.
.ui-chkbox-label	Checkbox label.

3.110 SelectCheckboxMenu

SelectCheckboxMenu is a multi select component that displays options in an overlay.



Info

Tag	selectCheckboxMenu
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.selectcheckboxmenu.SelectCheckboxMenu
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectCheckboxMenu
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectCheckboxMenuRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.selectcheckboxmenu.SelectCheckboxMenuRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component referring to a List.
converter	null	Converter/ String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method validationg the input
valueChangeListener	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method for

Name	Default	Type	Description
			handling a valuechangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables the component.
label	null	String	User presentable name.
onchange	null	String	Callback to execute on value change.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container.
scrollHeight	null	Integer	Height of the overlay.
onShow	null	String	Client side callback to execute when overlay is displayed.
onHide	null	String	Client side callback to execute when overlay is hidden.
filter	false	Boolean	Renders an input field as a filter.
filterMatchMode	startsWith	String	Match mode for filtering, valid values are startsWith, contains, endsWith and custom.
filterFunction	null	String	Client side function to use in custom filtering.
caseSensitive	false	Boolean	Defines if filtering would be case sensitive.
panelStyle	null	String	Inline style of the overlay.
panelStyleClass	null	String	Style class of the overlay.
appendTo	null	String	Appends the overlay to the element defined by search expression. Defaults to document body.
tabindex	null	String	Position of the element in the tabbing order.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip information.
showHeader	true	Boolean	When enabled, the header of panel is displayed.

Getting started with SelectCheckboxMenu

SelectCheckboxMenu usage is same as the standard selectManyCheckbox or PrimeFaces selectManyCheckbox components.

```
<p:selectCheckboxMenu value="#{bean.selectedOptions}" label="Movies">
    <f:selectItems value="#{bean.options}" />
</p:selectCheckboxMenu>
```

Filtering

When filtering is enabled with setting *filter* on, an input field is rendered at overlay header and on keyup event filtering is executed on client side using *filterMatchMode*. Default modes of filterMatchMode are startsWith, contains, endsWith and custom. Custom mode requires a javascript function to do the filtering.

```
<p:selectCheckboxMenu value="#{bean.selectedOptions}" label="Movies"
    filterMatchMode="custom" filterFunction="customFilter" filter="on">
    <f:selectItems value="#{bean.options}" />
</p:selectCheckboxMenu>
```

```
function customFilter(itemLabel, filterValue) {
    //return true to accept and false to reject
}
```

Ajax Behavior Events

In addition to common dom events like change, selectCheckboxMenu provides *toggleSelect* event.

Event	Listener Parameter	Fired
toggleSelect	org.primefaces.event.ToggleSelectEvent	When toggle all checkbox changes.

Skinning

SelectCheckboxMenu resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-selectcheckboxmenu	Main container element.
.ui-selectcheckboxmenu-label-container	Label container.
.ui-selectcheckboxmenu-label	Label.
.ui-selectcheckboxmenu-trigger	Dropdown icon.
.ui-selectcheckboxmenu-panel	Overlay panel.

Style Class	Applies
.ui-selectcheckboxmenu-items	Option list container.
.ui-selectcheckboxmenu-item	Each options in the collection.
.ui-chkbox	Container of a checkbox.
.ui-chkbox-box	Container of checkbox icon.
.ui-chkbox-icon	Checkbox icon.

3.111 SelectManyButton

SelectManyButton is a multi select component using button UI.



Info

Tag	selectManyButton
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.selectmanybutton.SelectManyButton
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectManyButton
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectManyButton
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.selectmanybutton.SelectManyButton

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component referring to a List.
converter	null	Converter/ String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method validationg the input
valueChangeListener	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method for handling a valuechangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.

Name	Default	Type	Description
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables the component.
label	null	String	User presentable name.
onchange	null	String	Callback to execute on value change.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container.

Getting started with SelectManyButton

SelectManyButton usage is same as selectManyCheckbox, buttons just replace checkboxes.

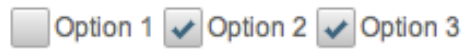
Skinning

SelectManyButton resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-selectmanybutton	Main container element.

3.112 SelectManyCheckbox

SelectManyCheckbox is an extended version of the standard SelectManyCheckbox.



Info

Tag	selectManyCheckbox
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.selectmanycheckbox.SelectManyCheckbox
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectManyCheckbox
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectManyCheckboxRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.selectmanycheckbox.SelectManyCheckboxRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component referring to a List.
converter	null	Converter/String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method validationg the input
valueChangeListener	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method for handling a valuechangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field

Name	Default	Type	Description
			validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables the component.
label	null	String	User presentable name.
layout	lineDirection	String	Layout of the checkboxes, valid values are <i>lineDirection</i> , <i>pageDirection</i> , <i>grid</i> , <i>responsive</i> and <i>custom</i> .
columns	0	Integer	Number of columns in grid layout.
onchange	null	String	Callback to execute on value change.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container.

Getting started with SelectManyCheckbox

SelectManyCheckbox usage is same as the standard one.

Layouts

There are five layouts options for the checkboxes;

- *lineDirection*: Checkboxes are displayed horizontally
- *pageDirection*: Checkboxes are displayed vertically
- *grid*: Checkboxes are displayed in grid with given columns value.
- *responsive*: This is same as grid except, checkboxes are displayed vertically after a certain screen breakpoint.
- *custom*: In this mode, selectManyCheckbox leaves the layout to you using p:checkbox components. Next section provides more detail about this mode.

Custom Layout

Custom layout is defined using the standalone checkbox components that match the selectItems of the selectManyCheckbox by their itemIndex option. Note that in this mode selectManyCheckbox does not render anything visible.

Following example uses customizable Grid CSS layout.

```

<p:selectManyCheckbox id="custom" value="#{checkboxView.selectedConsoles2}"
layout="custom">
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="Xbox One" itemValue="Xbox One" />
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="PS4" itemValue="PS4" />
</p:selectManyCheckbox>

<div class="ui-grid ui-grid-responsive">
    <div class="ui-grid-row">
        <div class="ui-grid-col-6">
            <p:outputLabel for="opt1" value="Xbox One" style="display:block"/>
            <p:checkbox id="opt1" for="custom" itemIndex="0" />
        </div>
        <div class="ui-grid-col-6">
            <p:outputLabel for="opt2" value="PS4" style="display:block"/>
            <p:checkbox id="opt2" for="custom" itemIndex="1" />
        </div>
    </div>
</div>

```

Skinning

SelectManyCheckbox resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-selectmanycheckbox	Main container element.
.ui-chkbox	Container of a checkbox.
.ui-chkbox-box	Container of checkbox icon.
.ui-chkbox-icon	Checkbox icon.

3.113 SelectManyMenu

SelectManyMenu is an extended version of the standard SelectManyMenu.



Info

Tag	selectManyMenu
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.selectmanymenu.SelectManyMenu
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectManyMenu
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectManyMenuRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.selectmanymenu.SelectManyMenuRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component referring to a List.
converter	null	Converter/ String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method validationg the input
valueChangeListener	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method for

Name	Default	Type	Description
			handling a valuechangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables the component.
label	null	String	User presentable name.
onchange	null	String	Callback to execute on value change.
onclick	null	String	Callback for click event.
ondblclick	null	String	Callback for dblclick event.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container.
tabindex	null	String	Position of the input element in the tabbing order.
var	null	String	Name of iterator to be used in custom content display.
showCheckbox	false	Boolean	When true, a checkbox is displayed next to each item.
filter	false	Boolean	Displays an input filter for the list.
filterMatchMode	null	String	Match mode for filtering, valid values are startsWith (default), contains, endsWith and custom.
filterFunction	null	String	Client side function to use in custom filterMatchMode.
caseSensitive	false	Boolean	Defines if filtering would be case sensitive.
scrollHeight	null	Integer	Defines the height of the scrollable area

Getting started with SelectManyMenu

SelectManyMenu usage is same as the standard one.

Custom Content

Custom content can be displayed for each item using column components.

```

<p:selectManyMenu value="#{bean.selectedPlayers}" converter="player" var="p">
    <f:selectItems value="#{bean.players}" var="player"
        itemLabel="#{player.name}" itemValue="#{player}" />
    <p:column>
        <p:graphicImage value="/images/barca/#{p.photo}" width="40"/>
    </p:column>
    <p:column>
        #{p.name} - #{p.number}
    </p:column>
</p:selectManyMenu>

```



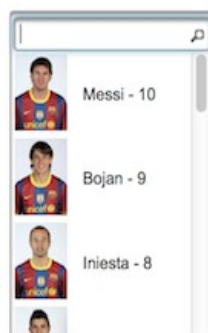
Filtering

Filtering is enabled by setting filter attribute to true. There are four filter modes; *startsWith*, *contains*, *endsWith* and *custom*. In custom mode, *filterFunction* must be defined as the name of the javascript function that takes the item value and filter as parameters to return a boolean to accept or reject a value. To add a filter to previous example;

```

<p:selectManyMenu value="#{menuBean.selectedPlayer}" converter="player" var="p"
    filter="true" filterMatchMode="contains">
    ...
</p:selectManyMenu>

```



Checkbox

SelectManyMenu has built-in support for checkbox based multiple selection, when enabled by *showCheckbox* option, checkboxes are displayed next to each column.

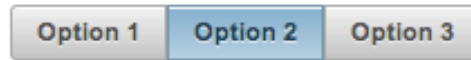
Skinning

SelectManyMenu resides in a container that *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-selectmanymenu	Main container element.
.ui-selectlistbox-item	Each item in list.

3.114 SelectOneButton

SelectOneButton is an input component to do a single select.



Info

Tag	selectOneButton
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.selectonebutton.SelectOneButton
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectOneButton
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectOneButtonRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.selectonebutton.SelectOneButtonRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component referring to a List.
converter	null	Converter/String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method validationg the input
valueChangeListener	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method for handling a valuechangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field

Name	Default	Type	Description
			validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables the component.
label	null	String	User presentable name.
onchange	null	String	Callback to execute on value change.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container.

Getting started with SelectOneButton

SelectOneButton usage is same as selectOneRadio component, buttons just replace the radios.

Skinning

SelectOneButton resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-selectonebutton	Main container element.

3.115 SelectOneListbox

SelectOneListbox is an extended version of the standard selectOneListbox component.



Info

Tag	selectOneListbox
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.selectonelistbox.SelectOneListbox
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectOneListbox
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectOneListboxRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.selectonelistbox.SelectOneListBoxRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component referring to a List.
converter	null	Converter/ String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method validationg the input
valueChangeListener	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method for

Name	Default	Type	Description
			handling a valuechangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables the component.
label	null	String	User presentable name.
onchange	null	String	Callback to execute on value change.
onclick	null	String	Callback for click event.
ondblclick	null	String	Callback for dblclick event.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container.
tabindex	null	String	Position of the input element in the tabbing order.
value	null	String	Name of iterator to be used in custom content display.
var	null	String	Name of iterator to be used in custom content display.
filter	false	Boolean	Displays an input filter for the list.
filterMatchMode	null	String	Match mode for filtering, valid values are startsWith (default), contains, endsWith and custom.
filterFunction	null	String	Client side function to use in custom filterMatchMode.
caseSensitive	false	Boolean	Defines if filtering would be case sensitive.
scrollHeight	null	Integer	Defines the height of the scrollable area.

Getting started with SelectOneListbox

SelectOneListbox usage is same as the standard one.

Custom Content

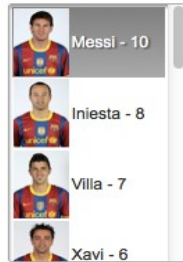
Custom content can be displayed for each item using column components.

```

<p:selectOneListbox value="#{bean.player}" converter="player" var="p">
    <f:selectItems value="#{bean.players}" var="player"
        itemLabel="#{player.name}" itemValue="#{player}" />

    <p:column>
        <p:graphicImage value="/images/barca/#{p.photo}" width="40"/>
    </p:column>
    <p:column>
        #{p.name} - #{p.number}
    </p:column>
</p:selectOneListbox>

```



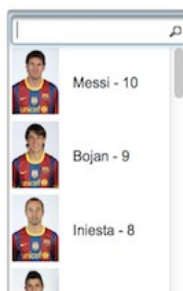
Filtering

Filtering is enabled by setting filter attribute to true. There are four filter modes; *startsWith*, *contains*, *endsWith* and *custom*. In custom mode, *filterFunction* must be defined as the name of the javascript function that takes the item value and filter as parameters to return a boolean to accept or reject a value. To add a filter to previous example;

```

<p:selectOneListbox value="#{menuBean.selectedPlayer}" converter="player" var="p"
    filter="true" filterMatchMode="contains">
    ...
</p:selectOneListbox>

```



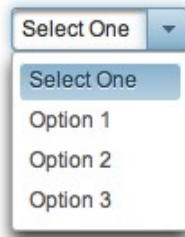
Skinning

SelectOneListbox resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-selectonelistbox	Main container element.
.ui-selectlistbox-item	Each item in list.

3.116 SelectOneMenu

SelectOneMenu is an extended version of the standard SelectOneMenu.



Info

Tag	selectOneMenu
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.selectonemenu.SelectOneMenu
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectOneMenu
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectOneMenuRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.selectonemenu.SelectOneMenuRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component.
converter	null	Converter/ String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	0	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	0	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method validating the input

Name	Default	Type	Description
valueChangeListener	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method for handling a valuechangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
effect	blind	String	Name of the toggle animation.
effectSpeed	normal	String	Duration of toggle animation, valid values are "slow", "normal" and "fast".
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables the component.
label	null	String	User presentable name.
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute on value change.
onkeyup	null	String	Client side callback to execute on keyup.
onkeydown	null	String	Client side callback to execute on keydown.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container.
var	null	String	Name of the item iterator.
height	auto	Integer	Height of the overlay.
tabindex	null	String	Tabindex of the input.
editable	false	Boolean	When true, input becomes editable.
filter	false	Boolean	Renders an input field as a filter.
filterMatchMode	starts With	String	Match mode for filtering, valid values are startsWith, contains, endsWith and custom.
filterFunction	null	String	Client side function to use in custom filtering.
caseSensitive	false	Boolean	Defines if filtering would be case sensitive.
maxlength	null	Integer	Number of maximum characters allowed in editable selectOneMenu.
appendTo	null	String	Appends the overlay to the element defined by search expression. Defaults to document body.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip information.
syncTooltip	false	Boolean	Updates the title of the component with the description of the selected item.

Name	Default	Type	Description
labelTemplate	null	String	Displays label of the element in a custom template. Valid placeholder is {0}.

Getting started with SelectOneMenu

Basic SelectOneMenu usage is same as the standard one.

Custom Content

SelectOneMenu can display custom content in overlay panel by using column component and the var option to refer to each item.

```
public class MenuBean {
    private List<Player> players;
    private Player selectedPlayer;

    public OrderListBean() {
        players = new ArrayList<Player>();

        players.add(new Player("Messi", 10, "messi.jpg"));
        //more players
    }

    //getters and setters
}
```

```
<p:selectOneMenu value="#{menuBean.selectedPlayer}" converter="player" var="p">
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="Select One" itemValue="" />
    <f:selectItems value="#{menuBean.players}" var="player"
        itemLabel="#{player.name}" itemValue="#{player}" />
    <p:column>
        <p:graphicImage value="/images/barca/#{p.photo}" width="40" height="50"/>
    </p:column>

    <p:column>
        #{p.name} - #{p.number}
    </p:column>
</p:selectOneMenu>
```



Effects

An animation is executed to show and hide the overlay menu, default effect is fade and following options are available for *effect* attribute; blind, bounce, clip, drop, explode, fold, highlight, puff, pulsate, scale, shake, size, slide and none.

Editable

Editable SelectOneMenu provides a UI to either choose from the predefined options or enter a manual input. Set editable option to true to use this feature.

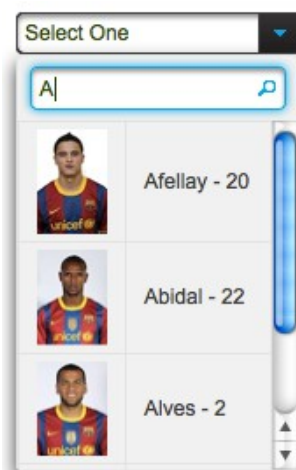


Filtering

When filtering is enabled with setting *filter* on, an input field is rendered at overlay header and on keyup event filtering is executed on client side using *filterMatchMode*. Default modes of *filterMatchMode* are startsWith, contains, endsWith and custom. Custom mode requires a javascript function to do the filtering.

```
<p:selectOneMenu value="#{bean.selectedOptions}"
    filterMatchMode="custom" filterFunction="customFilter">
    <f:selectItems value="#{bean.options}" />
</p:selectOneMenu>
```

```
function customFilter(itemLabel, filterValue) {
    //return true to accept and false to reject
}
```



Ajax Behavior Events

In addition to the standard events like "change", custom "itemSelect" event is also available to invoke when an item is selected from dropdown.

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.SelectOneMenu*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
show()	-	void	Shows overlay menu.
hide()	-	void	Hides overlay menu.
blur()	-	void	Invokes blur event.
focus()	-	void	Invokes focus event.
enable()	-	void	Enables component.
disable()	-	void	Disabled component.
selectValue()	value: itemValue	void	Selects given value.
getSelectedValue()	-	Object	Returns value of selected item.
getSelectedLabel()		String	Returns label of selected item.

Skinning

SelectOneMenu resides in a container element that *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-selectonemenu	Main container.
.ui-selectonemenu-label	Label of the component.
.ui-selectonemenu-trigger	Container of dropdown icon.
.ui-selectonemenu-items	Items list.
.ui-selectonemenu-items	Each item in the list.

3.117 SelectOneRadio

SelectOneRadio is an extended version of the standard SelectOneRadio with theme integration.



Info

Tag	selectOneRadio
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.selectoneradio.SelectOneRadio
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectOneRadio
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SelectOneRadioRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.selectoneradio.SelectOneRadioRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component referring to a List.
converter	null	Converter/ String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	0	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	0	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method validating the input
valueChangeListener	null	MethodExpr	A method expression that refers to a method for handling a valuechangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.

Name	Default	Type	Description
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables the component.
label	null	String	User presentable name.
layout	line Direction	String	Layout of the radiobuttons, valid values are <i>lineDirection</i> , <i>pageDirection</i> , <i>custom</i> , <i>responsive</i> and <i>grid</i> .
columns	0	Integer	Number of columns in grid layout.
onchange	null	String	Callback to execute on value change.
onclick	null	String	Callback to execute on click of a radio.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container.
tabindex	null	String	Specifies the tab order of element in tab navigation.
plain	false	Boolean	Plain mode displays radiobuttons using native browser rendering instead of themes.

Getting started with SelectOneRadio

SelectOneRadio usage is same as the standard one.

Custom Layout

Standard selectOneRadio component only supports horizontal and vertical rendering of the radio buttons with a strict table markup. PrimeFaces SelectOneRadio on the other hand provides a flexible layout option so that radio buttons can be located anywhere on the page. This is implemented by setting layout option to custom and with standalone radioButton components. Note that in custom mode, selectOneRadio itself does not render any output.

```
<p:selectOneRadio id="customRadio" value="#{formBean.option}" layout="custom">
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="Option 1" itemValue="1" />
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="Option 2" itemValue="2" />
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="Option 3" itemValue="3" />
</p:selectOneRadio>
```

```

<h:panelGrid columns="3">
  <p:radioButton id="opt1" for="customRadio" itemIndex="0"/>
  <h:outputLabel for="opt1" value="Option 1" />
  <p:spinner />

  <p:radioButton id="opt2" for="customRadio" itemIndex="1"/>
  <h:outputLabel for="opt2" value="Option 2" />
  <p:inputText />

  <p:radioButton id="opt3" for="customRadio" itemIndex="2"/>
  <h:outputLabel for="opt3" value="Option 3" />
  <p:calendar />
</h:panelGrid>

```

RadioButton's `for` attribute should refer to a `selectOneRadio` component and `itemIndex` points to the index of the `selectItem`. When using custom layout option, `selectOneRadio` component should be placed above any `radioButton` that points to the `selectOneRadio`.

Skinning

`SelectOneRadio` resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
<code>.ui-selectoneradio</code>	Main container element.
<code>.ui-radiobutton</code>	Container of a radio button.
<code>.ui-radiobutton-box</code>	Container of radio button icon.
<code>.ui-radiobutton-icon</code>	Radio button icon.

3.118 Separator

Separator displays a horizontal line to separate content.

Info

Tag	separator
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.separator.Separator
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Separator
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SeparatorRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.separator.SeparatorRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip informaton.
style	null	String	Inline style of the separator.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the separator.

Getting started with Separator

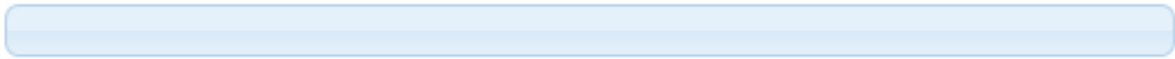
In its simplest form, separator is used as;

```
//content
<p:separator />
//content
```

Dimensions

Separator renders a `<hr />` tag which style and styleClass options apply.

```
<p:separator style="width:500px;height:20px" />
```



Special Separators

Separator can be used inside other components such as menu when supported.

```
<p:menu>
    //submenu or menuitem
    <p:separator />
    //submenu or menuitem
</p:menu>
```

Skinning

As mentioned in dimensions section, style and styleClass options can be used to style the separator. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Class	Applies
.ui-separator	Separator element

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.119 Signature

Signature is used to draw a signature as an input. Various options such as background color, foreground color, thickness are available for customization. Signature also supports touch enabled devices and legacy browsers without canvas support.



Info

Tag	signature
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.signature.Signature
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Signature
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SignatureRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.signature.SignatureRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text
converter	null	Converter/ String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id

Name	Default	Type	Description
immediate	false	Boolean	Boolean value that specifies the lifecycle phase the valueChangeEvents should be processed, when true the events will be fired at "apply request values", if immediate is set to false, valueChange Events are fired in "process validations" phase
required	False	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	Method Expr	A method binding expression that refers to a method validationg the input
valueChangeListener	null	Method Expr	A method binding expression that refers to a method for handling a valuchangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget
backgroundColor	#ffffff	String	Background color as hex value
color	#000000	String	Foreground color as hex value
thickness	2	Integer	Thickness of the lines
style	null	String	Inline style of the component
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
readonly	false	Boolean	When enabled, signature is used for display purposes only.
guideline	false	Boolean	Adds a guideline when enabled
guidelineColor	#a0a0a0	String	Color of the guideline
guidelineOffset	25	String	Offset of guideline from bottom
guidelineIndent	10	Boolean	Guide line indent from the edges
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute when signature changes.

Getting started with Signature

Value is interpreted as JSON so at backing bean should be a string value.

```
<p:signature style="width:400px;height:200px" value="#{signatureView.value}" />
```

```

public class SignatureView {

    private String value;

    public String getValue() {
        return value;
    }

    public void setValue(String value) {
        this.value = value;
    }
}

```

Guideline

Guideline adds a horizontal line to indicate the area to sign, attributes such as `guidelineColor`, `guidelineOffset` and `guidelineIndent` can be used to customize this area.

Convert to Binary

Signature value is represented as a JSON array at client side and this value is also passed as a java string to backend bean, however if you need to convert this to a `byte[]` or write it to an `OutputStream` following helper class can be used.

```

import java.awt.BasicStroke;
import java.awt.Color;
import java.awt.Graphics2D;
import java.awt.RenderingHints;
import java.awt.image.BufferedImage;
import java.io.ByteArrayOutputStream;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.OutputStream;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.regex.Matcher;
import java.util.regex.Pattern;

import javax.imageio.ImageIO;

public class SigGen {

    private static final String IMAGE_FORMAT = "png";
    private static final int SIGNATURE_HEIGHT = 200;
    private static final int SIGNATURE_WIDTH = 400;

    /**
     * A point along a line within a signature.
     */
    private static class Point {

        private int x;
        private int y;

        public Point(float x, float y) {
            this.x = Math.round(x);
            this.y = Math.round(y);
        }
    }
}

```

```

/**
 * Extract a signature from its JSON encoding and redraw it as an image.
 *
 * @param jsonEncoding the JSON representation of the signature
 * @param output the destination stream for the image
 * @throws IOException if a problem writing the signature
 */
public static void generateSignature(String jsonEncoding, OutputStream output)
    throws IOException {
    output.write(redrawSignature(extractSignature(jsonEncoding)));
    output.close();
}

/**
 * Extract the signature lines and points from the JSON encoding.
 *
 * @param jsonEncoding the JSON representation of the signature
 * @return the retrieved lines and points
 */
private static List<List<Point>> extractSignature(String jsonEncoding) {
    List<List<Point>> lines = new ArrayList<List<Point>>();
    Matcher lineMatcher =
        Pattern.compile("\\[[?:,?\\[?\\d\\.]+,-?\\d\\.]+\\]\\]").
        matcher(jsonEncoding);
    while (lineMatcher.find()) {
        Matcher pointMatcher =
            Pattern.compile("\\[(-?\\d\\.+),(-?\\d\\.+)]\\]").
            matcher(lineMatcher.group(1));
        List<Point> line = new ArrayList<Point>();
        lines.add(line);
        while (pointMatcher.find()) {
            line.add(new Point(Float.parseFloat(pointMatcher.group(1)),
                Float.parseFloat(pointMatcher.group(2))));
        }
    }
    return lines;
}

/**
 * Redraw the signature from its lines definition.
 *
 * @param lines the individual lines in the signature
 * @return the corresponding signature image
 * @throws IOException if a problem generating the signature
 */
private static byte[] redrawSignature(List<List<Point>> lines) throws IOException {
    BufferedImage signature = new BufferedImage(
        SIGNATURE_WIDTH, SIGNATURE_HEIGHT, BufferedImage.TYPE_BYTE_GRAY);
    Graphics2D g = (Graphics2D)signature.getGraphics();
    g.setColor(Color.WHITE);
    g.fillRect(0, 0, signature.getWidth(), signature.getHeight());
    g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
    g.setStroke(new BasicStroke(2, BasicStroke.CAP_ROUND, BasicStroke.JOIN_ROUND));
    g.setRenderingHint(
        RenderingHints.KEY_ANTIALIASING, RenderingHints.VALUE_ANTIALIAS_ON);
    Point lastPoint = null;
    for (List<Point> line : lines) {
        for (Point point : line) {
            if (lastPoint != null) {
                g.drawLine(lastPoint.x, lastPoint.y, point.x, point.y);
            }
            lastPoint = point;
        }
        lastPoint = null;
    }
    ByteArrayOutputStream output = new ByteArrayOutputStream();
    ImageIO.write(signature, IMAGE_FORMAT, output);
    ImageIO.write(signature, IMAGE_FORMAT, output);
    return output.toByteArray();
}

return output.toByteArray();

```

3.120 SlideMenu

SlideMenu is used to display nested submenus with sliding animation.



Info

Tag	slideMenu
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.slidemenu.SlideMenu
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.SlideMenu
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SlideMenuRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.slidemenu.SlideMenuRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
model	null	MenuModel	MenuModel instance for programmatic menu.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
backLabel	Back	String	Text for back link.
trigger	null	String	Id of the component whose triggerEvent will show the dynamic positioned menu.
my	null	String	Corner of menu to align with trigger element.

Name	Default	Type	Description
at	null	String	Corner of trigger to align with menu element.
overlay	false	Boolean	Defines positioning, when enabled menu is displayed with absolute position relative to the trigger. Default is false, meaning static positioning.
triggerEvent	click	String	Event name of trigger that will show the dynamic positioned menu.

Getting started with the SlideMenu

SlideMenu consists of submenus and menuitems, submenus can be nested and each nested submenu will be displayed with a slide animation.

```
<p:slideMenu>
  <p:submenu label="Ajax Menuitems" icon="ui-icon-refresh">
    <p:menuitem value="Save" actionListener="#{buttonBean.save}"
      update="messages" icon="ui-icon-disk" />
    <p:menuitem value="Update" actionListener="#{buttonBean.update}"
      update="messages" icon="ui-icon-arrowrefresh-1-w" />
  </p:submenu>

  <p:submenu label="Non-Ajax Menuitem" icon="ui-icon-newwin">
    <p:menuitem value="Delete" actionListener="#{buttonBean.delete}"
      update="messages" ajax="false" icon="ui-icon-close"/>
  </p:submenu>

  <p:separator />

  <p:submenu label="Navigations" icon="ui-icon-extlink">
    <p:submenu label="Prime Links">
      <p:menuitem value="Prime" url="http://www.prime.com.tr" />
      <p:menuitem value="PrimeFaces" url="http://www.primefaces.org" />
    </p:submenu>
    <p:menuitem value="Mobile" url="/mobile" />
  </p:submenu>
</p:slideMenu>
```

Overlay

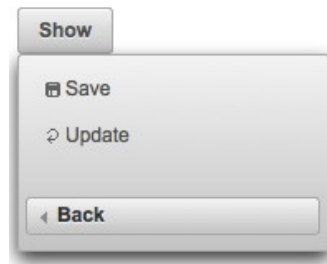
SlideMenu can be positioned relative to a trigger component, following sample attaches a slideMenu to the button so that whenever the button is clicked menu will be displayed in an overlay itself.

```
<p:commandButton type="button" value="Show" id="btn" />

<p:slideMenu trigger="btn" my="left top" at="left bottom">

  //content

</p:slideMenu>
```



Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.SlideMenu*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
show()	-	void	Shows overlay menu.
hide()	-	void	Hides overlay menu.
align()	-	void	Aligns overlay menu with trigger.

Skinning

SlideMenu resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-menu .ui-slidemenu	Container element of menu.
.ui-slidemenu-wrapper	Wrapper element for content.
.ui-slidemenu-content	Content container.
.ui-slidemenu-backward	Back navigator.
.ui-menu-list	List container
.ui-menuitem	Each menu item
.ui-menuitem-link	Anchor element in a link item
.ui-menuitem-text	Text element in an item

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.121 Slider

Slider is used to provide input with various customization options like orientation, display modes and skinning.



Info

Tag	slider
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.slider.Slider
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Slider
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SliderRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.slider.SliderRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
for	null	String	Id of the input text that the slider will be used for
display	null	String	Id of the component to display the slider value.
minValue	0	Integer	Minimum value of the slider
maxValue	100	Integer	Maximum value of the slider
style	null	String	Inline style of the container element
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container element
animate	true	Boolean	Boolean value to enable/disable the animated move when background of slider is clicked
type	horizontal	String	Sets the type of the slider, "horizontal" or "vertical".
step	1	Integer	Fixed pixel increments that the slider move in
disabled	0	Boolean	Disables or enables the slider.
onSlideStart	null	String	Client side callback to execute when slide begins.

Name	Default	Type	Description
onSlide	null	String	Client side callback to execute during sliding.
onSlideEnd	null	String	Client side callback to execute when slide ends.
range	false	Boolean	When enabled, two handles are provided for selection a range.
displayTemplate	null	String	String template to use when updating the display. Valid placeholders are {value}, {min} and {max}.

Getting started with Slider

Slider requires an input component to work with, *for* attribute is used to set the id of the input component whose input will be provided by the slider.

```
public class SliderBean {
    private int number;

    public int getNumber() {
        return number;
    }

    public void setNumber(int number) {
        this.number = number;
    }
}
```

```
<h:inputText id="number" value="#{sliderBean.number}" />
<p:slider for="number" />
```

Display Value

Using *display* feature, you can present a readonly display value and still use slider to provide input, in this case *for* should refer to a hidden input to bind the value.

```
<h:inputHidden id="number" value="#{sliderBean.number}" />
<h:outputText value="Set ratio to %" />
<h:outputText id="output" value="#{sliderBean.number}" />
<p:slider for="number" display="output" />
```

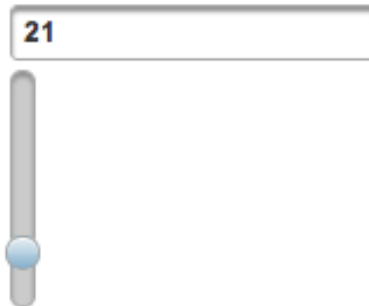
Set ratio to %21



Vertical Slider

By default slider's orientation is horizontal, vertical sliding is also supported and can be set using the *type* attribute.

```
<h:inputText id="number" value="#{sliderController.number}" />
<p:slider for="number" type="vertical" minValue="0" maxValue="200"/>
```



Step

Step factor defines the interval between each point during sliding. Default value is one and it is customized using *step* option.

```
<h:inputText id="number" value="#{sliderBean.number}" />
<p:slider for="number" step="10" />
```

Animation

Sliding is animated by default, if you want to turn it off animate attribute set the *animate* option to false.

Boundaries

Maximum and minimum boundaries for the sliding is defined using *minValue* and *maxValue* attributes. Following slider can slide between -100 and +100.

```
<h:inputText id="number" value="#{sliderBean.number}" />
<p:slider for="number" minValue="-100" maxValue="100"/>
```

Range Slider

Selecting a range with min-max values are supported by slider. To enable this feature, set *range* attribute to true and provide a comma separate pair of input fields to attach min-max values. Following sample demonstrates a range slider along with the display template feature for feedback;

```

<h:outputText id="displayRange"
    value="Between #{sliderBean.number6} and #{sliderBean.number7}"/>

<p:slider for="txt6,txt7" display="displayRange" style="width:400px" range="true"
    displayTemplate="Between {min} and {max}"/>

<h:inputHidden id="min" value="#{sliderBean.min}" />
<h:inputHidden id="max" value="#{sliderBean.max}" />

```

Client Side Callbacks

Slider provides three callbacks to hook-in your custom javascript, `onSlideStart`, `onSlide` and `onSlideEnd`. All of these callbacks receive two parameters; slide event and the ui object containing information about the event.

```

<h:inputText id="number" value="#{sliderBean.number}" />

<p:slider for="number" onSlideEnd="handleSlideEnd(event, ui)"/>

```

```

function handleSlideEnd(event, ui) {
    //ui.helper = Handle element of slider
    //ui.value = Current value of slider
}

```

Ajax Behavior Events

Slider provides one ajax behavior event called *slideEnd* that is fired when the slide completes. If you have a listener defined, it will be called by passing *org.primefaces.event.SlideEndEvent* instance. Example below adds a message and displays it using growl component when slide ends.

```

<h:inputText id="number" value="#{sliderBean.number}" />

<p:slider for="number">
    <p:ajax event="slideEnd" listener="#{sliderBean.onSlideEnd}" update="msgs" />
</p:slider>

<p:messages id="msgs" />

```

```

public class SliderBean {

    private int number;

    public int getNumber() {
        return number;
    }

    public void setNumber(int number) {
        this.number = number;
    }

    public void onSlideEnd(SlideEndEvent event) {
        int value = event.getValue();
        //add faces message
    }
}

```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.Slider*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
getValue()	-	Number	Returns the current value
setValue(value)	value: Value to set	void	Updates slider value with provided one.
disable()	index: Index of tab to disable	void	Disables slider.
enable()	index: Index of tab to enable	void	Enables slider.

Skinning

Slider resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. These attributes are handy to specify the dimensions of the slider. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Class	Applies
.ui-slider	Main container element
.ui-slider-horizontal	Main container element of horizontal slider
.ui-slider-vertical	Main container element of vertical slider
.ui-slider-handle	Slider handle

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.122 Spotlight

Spotlight highlights a certain component on page.

Info

Tag	spotlight
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.spotlight.Spotlight
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Spotlight
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SpotlightRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.spotlight.SpotlightRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	false	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
target	null	String	Component to highlight.
active	false	Boolean	When true, spotlight is activated initially.

Getting started with Spotlight

Spotlight is accessed using client side api. Clicking the button highlights the panel below;

```
<p:panel id="pnl" header="Panel">
    //content
</p:panel>

<p:commandButton value="Highlight" onclick="PF('spot').show()" />

<p:spotlight target="pnl" widgetVar="spot" />
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.Spotlight*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
show()	-	void	Highlights target.
hide()	-	void	Removes highlight.

Skinning

Slider resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. These attributes are handy to specify the dimensions of the slider. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Class	Applies
.ui-spotlight	Mask element, common to all regions.
.ui-spotlight-top	Top mask element.
.ui-spotlight-bottom	Bottom mask element.
.ui-spotlight-left	Left mask element.
.ui-spotlight-right	Right mask element.

3.123 Socket

Socket component is an agent that creates a push channel between the server and the client.

Info

Tag	socket
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.socket.Socket
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Socket
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SocketRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.socket.SocketRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
channel	null	Object	Channel name of the connection.
transport	websocket	String	Desired protocol to be used valid values are websocket (default), sse, streaming, long-polling, jsonp.
fallbackTransport	long-polling	String	Fallback protocol to be used when desired transport is not supported in environment, valid values are websocket, sse, streaming, long-polling (default), jsonp.
onMessage	null	String	Javascript event handler that is processed when server publishes data.
onError	null	String	Javascript event handler that is processed when there is an error.
onClose	null	String	Javascript event handler for onClose callback of atmosphere.
onOpen	null	String	Javascript event handler for onOpen callback of atmosphere.
onReconnect	null	String	Javascript event handler for onReconnect callback of atmosphere.

Name	Default	Type	Description
onMessagePublished	null	String	Javascript event handler for onMessagePublished callback of atmosphere.
onTransportFailure	null	String	Javascript event handler for onTransportFailure callback of atmosphere.
onLocalMessage	null	String	Javascript event handler for onLocalMessage callback of atmosphere.
autoConnect	true	Boolean	Connects to channel on page load when enabled.

Getting Started with the Socket

See chapter 5, "PrimeFaces Push" for detailed information.

3.124 Spacer

Spacer is used to put spaces between elements.

Info

Tag	spacer
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.spacer.Spacer
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Spacer
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SpacerRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.spacer.SpacerRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip informaton.
style	null	String	Inline style of the spacer.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the spacer.
width	null	String	Width of the space.
height	null	String	Height of the space.

Getting started with Spacer

Spacer is used by either specifying width or height of the space.

Spacer in this example separates this text `<p:spacer width="100" height="10">` and `<p:spacer width="100" height="10">` this text.

Spacer in this example separates this text

and

this text.

3.125 Spinner

Spinner is an input component to provide a numerical input via increment and decrement buttons.



Info

Tag	spinner
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.spinner.Spinner
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Spinner
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SpinnerRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.spinner.SpinnerRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text
converter	null	Converter/ String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
immediate	false	Boolean	Boolean value that specifies the lifecycle phase the valueChangeEvents should be processed, when true the events will be fired at "apply request values", if immediate is set to false, valueChange Events are fired in "process validations" phase
required	False	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	Method Expr	A method binding expression that refers to a method validationg the input
valueChangeListener	null	Method	A method binding expression that refers to a

Name	Default	Type	Description
		Expr	method for handling a valuchangeevent
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
stepFactor	1	Double	Stepping factor for each increment and decrement
min	null	Double	Minimum boundary value
max	null	Double	Maximum boundary value
prefix	null	String	Prefix of the input
suffix	null	String	Suffix of the input
accesskey	null	String	Access key that when pressed transfers focus to the input element.
alt	null	String	Alternate textual description of the input field.
autocomplete	null	String	Controls browser autocomplete behavior.
dir	null	String	Direction indication for text that does not inherit directionality. Valid values are LTR and RTL.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables input field
label	null	String	A localized user presentable name.
lang	null	String	Code describing the language used in the generated markup for this component.
maxlength	null	Integer	Maximum number of characters that may be entered in this field.
onblur	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element loses focus.
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element loses focus and its value has been modified since gaining focus.
onclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element is clicked.
ondblclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element is double clicked.
onfocus	null	String	Client side callback to execute when input element receives focus.
onkeydown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed down over input element.

Name	Default	Type	Description
onkeypress	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed and released over input element.
onkeyup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is released over input element.
onmousedown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is pressed down over input element
onmousemove	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved within input element.
onmouseout	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved away from input element.
onmouseover	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved onto input element.
onmouseup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is released over input element.
onselect	null	String	Client side callback to execute when text within input element is selected by user.
placeholder	null	String	Specifies a short hint.
readonly	false	Boolean	Flag indicating that this component will prevent changes by the user.
size	null	Integer	Number of characters used to determine the width of the input element.
style	null	String	Inline style of the input element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the input element.
tabindex	null	Integer	Position of the input element in the tabbing order.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip informaton.

Getting Started with Spinner

Spinner is an input component and used just like a standard input text.

```
public class SpinnerBean {
    private int number;
    //getter and setter
}
```

```
<p:spinner value="#{spinnerBean.number}" />
```

Step Factor

Other than integers, spinner also support decimals so the fractional part can be controller with spinner as well. For decimals use the `stepFactor` attribute to specify stepping amount. Following example uses a `stepFactor` 0.25.

```
<p:spinner value="#{spinnerBean.number}" stepFactor="0.25"/>
```

```
public class SpinnerBean {
    private double number;

    //getter and setter
}
```

Output of this spinner would be;



After an increment happens a couple of times.



Prefix and Suffix

Prefix and Suffix options enable placing fixed strings on input field. Note that you would need to use a converter to avoid conversion errors since prefix/suffix will also be posted.

```
<p:spinner value="#{spinnerBean.number}" prefix="$" />
```



Boundaries

In order to restrict the boundary values, use *min* and *max* options.

```
<p:spinner value="#{spinnerBean.number}" min="0" max="100"/>
```

Ajax Spinner

Spinner can be ajaxified using client behaviors like `f:ajax` or `p:ajax`. In example below, an ajax request is done to update the `outputtext` with new value whenever a spinner button is clicked.

```
<p:spinner value="#{spinnerBean.number}">
    <p:ajax update="display" />
</p:spinner>

<h:outputText id="display" value="#{spinnerBean.number}" />
```

Skinning

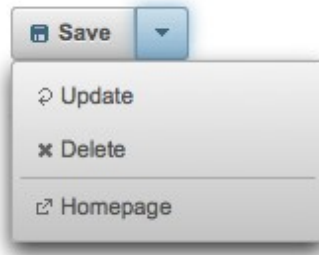
Spinner resides in a container element that using *style* and *styleClass* applies. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Class	Applies
.ui-spinner	Main container element of spinner
.ui-spinner-input	Input field
.ui-spinner-button	Spinner buttons
.ui-spinner-button-up	Increment button
.ui-spinner-button-down	Decrement button

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.126 SplitButton

SplitButton displays a command by default and additional ones in an overlay.



Info

Tag	splitButton
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.splitbutton.SplitButton
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.SplitButton
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SplitButtonRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.splitbutton.SplitButtonRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	String	Label for the button
action	null	MethodExpression/String	A method expression or a String outcome that'd be processed when button is clicked.
actionListener	null	MethodExpression	An actionlistener that'd be processed when button is clicked.
immediate	false	Boolean	Boolean value that determines the phaseId, when true actions are processed at apply_request_values, when false at invoke_application phase.
type	submit	String	Sets the behavior of the button.
ajax	true	Boolean	Specifies the submit mode, when set to true(default), submit would be made with Ajax.

Name	Default	Type	Description
async	false	Boolean	When set to true, ajax requests are not queued.
process	null	String	Component(s) to process partially instead of whole view.
update	null	String	Component(s) to be updated with ajax.
onstart	null	String	Client side callback to execute before ajax request is begins.
oncomplete	null	String	Client side callback to execute when ajax request is completed.
onsuccess	null	String	Client side callback to execute when ajax request succeeds.
onerror	null	String	Client side callback to execute when ajax request fails.
global	true	Boolean	Defines whether to trigger ajaxStatus or not.
delay	null	String	If less than <i>delay</i> milliseconds elapses between calls to <i>request()</i> only the most recent one is sent and all other requests are discarded. If this option is not specified, or if the value of <i>delay</i> is the literal string 'none' without the quotes, no delay is used.
partialSubmit	false	Boolean	Enables serialization of values belonging to the partially processed components only.
partialSubmitFilter	null	String	Selector to use when partial submit is on, default is ":input" to select all descendant inputs of a partially processed components.
resetValues	false	Boolean	If true, local values of input components to be updated within the ajax request would be reset.
ignoreAutoUpdate	false	Boolean	If true, components which autoUpdate="true" will not be updated for this request. If not specified, or the value is false, no such indication is made.
timeout	0	Integer	Timeout for the ajax request in milliseconds.
style	null	String	Inline style of the button element.
styleClass	null	String	StyleClass of the button element.
onblur	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button loses focus.
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button loses focus and its value has been modified since gaining focus.
onclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button is clicked.
ondblclick	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button is double clicked.
onfocus	null	String	Client side callback to execute when button receives focus.
onkeydown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed down over button.

Name	Default	Type	Description
onkeypress	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is pressed and released over button.
onkeyup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a key is released over button.
onmousedown	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is pressed down over button.
onmousemove	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved within button.
onmouseout	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved away from button.
onmouseover	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is moved onto button.
onmouseup	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a pointer button is released over button.
onselect	null	String	Client side callback to execute when text within button is selected by user.
accesskey	null	String	Access key that when pressed transfers focus to the button.
alt	null	String	Alternate textual description of the button.
dir	null	String	Direction indication for text that does not inherit directionality. Valid values are LTR and RTL.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables the button.
image	null	String	Style class for the button icon. (deprecated: use icon)
label	null	String	A localized user presentable name.
lang	null	String	Code describing the language used in the generated markup for this component.
tabindex	null	Integer	Position of the button element in the tabbing order.
title	null	String	Advisory tooltip information.
readonly	false	Boolean	Flag indicating that this component will prevent changes by the user.
icon	null	String	Icon of the button as a css class.
iconPos	left	String	Position of the icon.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
appendTo	null	String	Appends the overlay to the element defined by search expression. Defaults to document body.
form	null	String	Form to serialize for an ajax request. Default is the enclosing form.

Name	Default	Type	Description
menuStyleClass	null	String	Style class of the overlay menu element.

Getting started with SplitButton

SplitButton usage is similar to a regular commandButton. Additional commands are placed inside the component and displayed in an overlay. In example below, clicking the save button invokes save method of the bean and updates messages. Nested options defined as menuitems do ajax, non-ajax requests as well as regular navigation to an external url.

```
<p:splitButton value="Save" actionListener="#{buttonBean.save}" update="messages"
    icon="ui-icon-disk">
    <p:menuitem value="Update" actionListener="#{buttonBean.update}"
        update="messages" icon="ui-icon-arrowrefresh-1-w"/>
    <p:menuitem value="Delete" actionListener="#{buttonBean.delete}" ajax="false"
        icon="ui-icon-close"/>
    <p:separator />
    <p:menuitem value="Homepage" url="http://www.primefaces.org"
        icon="ui-icon-extlink"/>
</p:splitButton>
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.SplitButton*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
show()	-	void	Displays overlay.
hide()	-	void	Hides overlay.

Skinning

SplitButton renders a container element which *style* and *styleClass* applies. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-splitbutton	Container element.
.ui-button	Button element
.ui-splitbutton-menubutton	Dropdown button
.ui-button-text-only	Button element when icon is not used
.ui-button-text	Label of button
.ui-menu	Container element of menu
.ui-menu-list	List container
.ui-menuitem	Each menu item
.ui-menuitem-link	Anchor element in a link item

Style Class	Applies
.ui-menuitem-text	Text element in an item

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.127 Submenu

Submenu is nested in menu components and represents a sub menu items.

Info

Tag	submenu
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.submenu.Submenu
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Submenu
Component Family	org.primefaces.component

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
label	null	String	Label of the submenu header.
icon	null	String	Icon of a submenu, see menuitem to see how it is used
style	null	String	Inline style of the submenu.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the submenu.
expanded	false	Boolean	Defines the state of submenu.

Getting started with Submenu

Please see Menu or Menubar section to find out how submenu is used with the menus.

3.128 Stack

Stack is a navigation component that mimics the stacks feature in Mac OS X.



Info

Tag	stack
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.stack.Stack
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Stack
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.StackRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.stack.StackRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
icon	null	String	An optional image to contain stacked items.
openSpeed	300	String	Speed of the animation when opening the stack.
closeSpeed	300	Integer	Speed of the animation when opening the stack.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
model	null	MenuModel	MenuModel instance to create menus programmatically
expanded	false	Boolean	Whether to display stack as expanded or not.

Getting started with Stack

Each item in the stack is represented with menuitems. Stack below has five items with different icons and labels.

```
<p:stack icon="/images/stack/stack.png">
  <p:menuitem value="Aperture" icon="/images/stack/aperture.png" url="#" />
  <p:menuitem value="Photoshop" icon="/images/stack/photoshop.png" url="#" />
  //...
</p:stack>
```

Initially stack will be rendered in collapsed mode;



Location

Stack is a fixed positioned element and location can be change via css. There's one important css selector for stack called *.ui-stack*. Override this style to change the location of stack.

```
.ui-stack {
    bottom: 28px;
    right: 40px;
}
```

Dynamic Menus

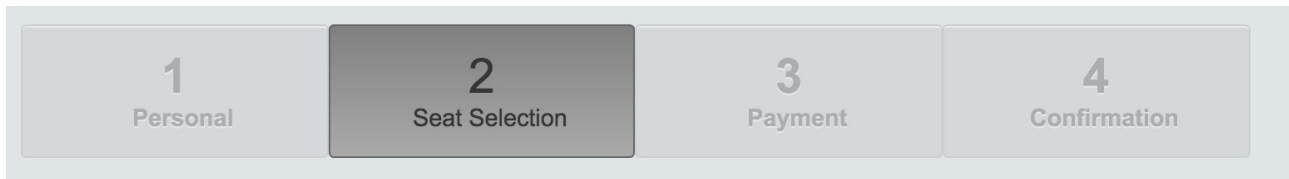
Menus can be created programmatically as well, see the dynamic menus part in menu component section for more information and an example.

Skinning

Class	Applies
.ui-stack	Main container element of stack
.ui-stack ul li	Each item in stack
.ui-stack ul li img	Icon of a stack item
.ui-stack ul li span	Label of a stack item

3.129 Steps

Steps components is an indicator for the steps in a workflow. Layout of steps component is optimized for responsive design.



Info

Tag	steps
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.steps.Steps
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Steps
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.StepsRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.steps.StepsRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
model	null	MenuModel	MenuModel instance to build menu dynamically.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
activeIndex	0	Integer	Index of the active tab.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
readonly	true	Boolean	Defines whether items would be clickable or not.

Getting started with Steps

Steps requires menuitems as children components, each menuitem is rendered as a step. Just like in any other menu component, menuitems can be utilized to do ajax requests, non-ajax requests and simple GET navigations.

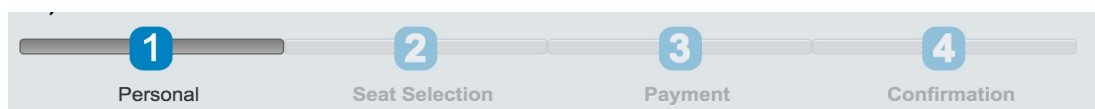
```
<p:steps activeIndex="1">
  <p:menuitem value="Personal" />
  <p:menuitem value="Seat Selection" />
  <p:menuitem value="Payment" />
  <p:menuitem value="Confirmation" />
</p:steps>
```

Skinning Steps

Steps resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-steps	Main container element.
.ui-steps-item	Step element.
.ui-steps-name	Name of the step.
.ui-steps-item	Number of the step.

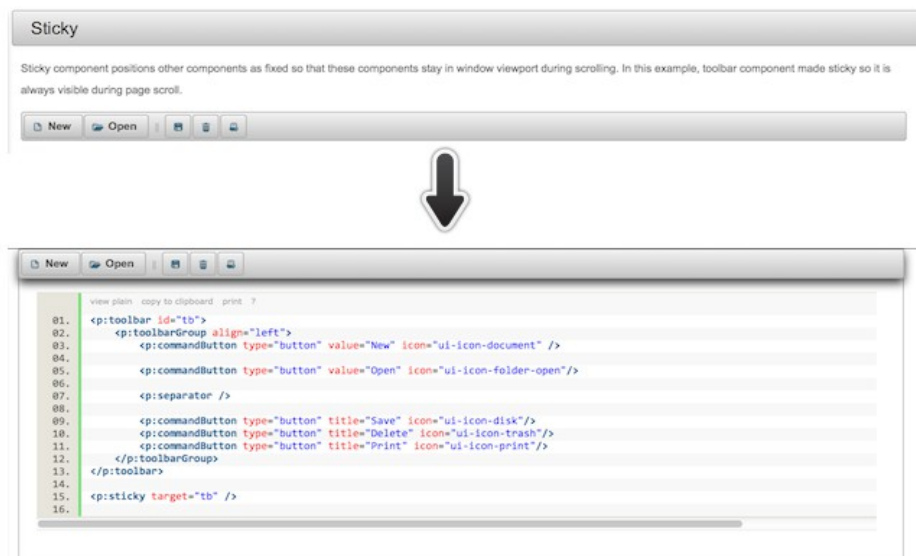
As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Here is an example of a styled steps having "custom" as its styleClass;



```
.ui-steps.custom {
  margin-bottom: 30px;
}
.ui-steps.custom .ui-steps-item .ui-menuitem-link {
  height: 10px;
  padding: 0 1em;
}
.ui-steps.custom .ui-steps-item .ui-steps-number {
  background-color: #0081c2;
  color: #FFFFFFF;
  display: inline-block;
  width: 30px;
  border-radius: 10px;
  margin-top: -10px;
  margin-bottom: 10px;
  margin-bottom: 10px;
}
```

3.130 Sticky

Sticky component positions other components as fixed so that these components stay in window viewport during scrolling.



Info

Tag	sticky
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.sticky.Sticky
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Sticky
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.StickyRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.sticky.StickyRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
target	null	String	Component to make sticky.
margin	0	Integer	Margin to the top of the page during fixed scrolling.

Getting started with Sticky

Sticky requires a target to keep in viewport on scroll. Here is a sticky toolbar;

```
<p:toolbar id="tb">
  <p:toolbarGroup align="left">
    <p:commandButton type="button" value="New" icon="ui-icon-document" />
    <p:commandButton type="button" value="Open" icon="ui-icon-folder-open"/>

    <p:separator />

    <p:commandButton type="button" title="Save" icon="ui-icon-disk"/>
    <p:commandButton type="button" title="Delete" icon="ui-icon-trash"/>
    <p:commandButton type="button" title="Print" icon="ui-icon-print"/>
  </p:toolbarGroup>
</p:toolbar>

<p:sticky target="tb" />
```

Skinning

There are no visual styles of sticky however, *ui-sticky* class is applied to the target when the position is fixed. When target is restored to its original location this is removed.

3.131 SubTable

SubTable is a helper component of datatable used for grouping.

FCB Statistics		
Player	Stats	
	Goals	Assists
Messi		
2005-2006	4	2
2006-2007	10	7
2007-2008	16	10
2008-2009	32	15
2009-2010	51	22
2010-2011	55	30
Totals:	168	86
Xavi		
2005-2006	6	15
2006-2007	10	20
2007-2008	12	22
2008-2009	9	24
2009-2010	8	21
2010-2011	10	25
Totals:	55	127
Iniesta		
2005-2006	4	12
2006-2007	7	9
2007-2008	10	14
2008-2009	15	17
2009-2010	14	16
2010-2011	17	22
Totals:	67	90

Info

Tag	subTable
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.subtable.SubTable
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.SubTable
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SubTableRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.subtable.SubTableRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Data of the component.
var	null	String	Name of the data iterator.

Getting started with SubTable

See DataTable section for more information.

3.132 SummaryRow

SummaryRow is a helper component of datatable used for dynamic grouping.

Model	Year	Manufacturer	Color
20b7dd32	1983	Volvo	Orange
93583964	1962	Volvo	White
6e68d612	1970	Volvo	Brown
a127d75d	1968	Volvo	Black
3d5ba523	1994	Volvo	Red
Total:			51545\$
4d784acf	2002	Volkswagen	Red
0e43ef6e	1978	Volkswagen	Black
4b0ee961	1960	Volkswagen	Red
8b1bdfef	2008	Volkswagen	White
Total:			80121\$
40b0c19d	2000	Renault	Green
a56ff6ee	1967	Renault	Maroon
ec645794	1983	Renault	Green
Total:			67468\$

Info

Tag	summaryRow
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.summaryrow.SummaryRow
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.SummaryRow
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.SummaryRowRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.summaryrow.SummaryRowRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
listener	null	MethodExpr	Method expression to execute before rendering summary row. (e.g. to calculate totals).

Getting started with SummaryRow

See DataTable section for more information.

3.133 Tab

Tab is a generic container component used by other PrimeFaces components such as `tabView` and `accordionPanel`.

Info

Tag	tab
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.TabView.Tab
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Tab
Component Family	org.primefaces.component

Attributes

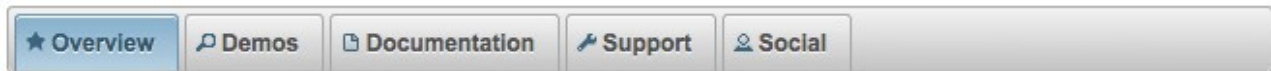
Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
title	null	Boolean	Title text of the tab
titleStyle	null	String	Inline style of the tab.
titleStyleClass	null	String	Style class of the tab.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables tab element.
closable	false	Boolean	Makes the tab closable when enabled.
titletip	null	String	Tooltip of the tab header.

Getting started with the Tab

See the sections of components who utilize tab component for more information. As tab is a shared component, not all attributes may apply to the components that use tab.

3.132 TabMenu

TabMenu is a navigation component that displays menuitems as tabs.



Info

Tag	tabMenu
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.tabmenu.TabMenu
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.TabMenu
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.TabMenuRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.tabmenu.TabMenuRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
model	null	MenuModel	MenuModel instance to build menu dynamically.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
activeIndex	0	Integer	Index of the active tab.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.

Getting started with TabMenu

TabMenu requires menuitems as children components, each menuitem is rendered as a tab. Just like in any other menu component, menuitems can be utilized to do ajax requests, non-ajax requests and simple GET navigations.

```

<p:tabMenu activeIndex="0">
    <p:menuitem value="Overview" outcome="main" icon="ui-icon-star"/>
    <p:menuitem value="Demos" outcome="demos" icon="ui-icon-search" />
    <p:menuitem value="Documentation" outcome="docs" icon="ui-icon-document"/>
    <p:menuitem value="Support" outcome="support" icon="ui-icon-wrench"/>
    <p:menuitem value="Social" outcome="social" icon="ui-icon-person" />
</p:tabMenu>

```

Skinning TabMenu

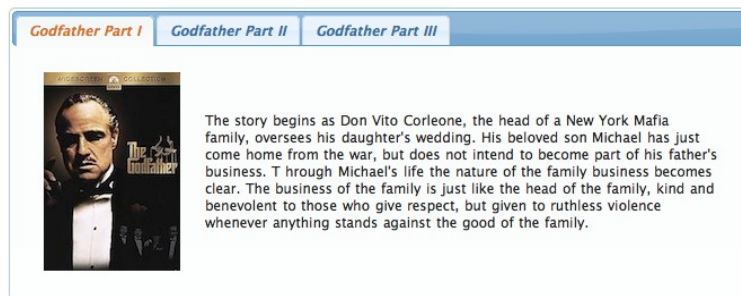
TabMenu resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-tabmenu	Main container element.
.ui-tabmenu-nav	Container for tabs.
.ui-tabmenuitem	Menuitem container.
.ui-menuitem	Anchor of a menuitem.

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.133 TabView

TabView is a container component to group content in tabs.



Info

Tag	tabView
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.tabview.TabView
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.TabView
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.TabViewRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.tabview.TabViewRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean.
widgetVar	null	String	Variable name of the client side widget.
activeIndex	0	Integer	Index of the active tab.
effect	null	String	Name of the transition effect.
effectDuration	null	String	Duration of the transition effect.
dynamic	false	Boolean	Enables lazy loading of inactive tabs.

Name	Default	Type	Description
cache	true	Boolean	When tab contents are lazy loaded by ajax toggleMode, caching only retrieves the tab contents once and subsequent toggles of a cached tab does not communicate with server. If caching is turned off, tab contents are reloaded from server each time tab is clicked.
onTabChange	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a tab is clicked.
onTabShow	null	String	Client side callback to execute when a tab is shown.
onTabClose	null	String	Client side callback to execute on tab close.
style	null	String	Inline style of the main container.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the main container.
var	null	String	Name of iterator to refer an item in collection.
value	null	Object	Collection model to display dynamic tabs.
orientation	top	String	Orientation of tab headers.
dir	ltr	String	Defines text direction, valid values are <i>ltr</i> and <i>rtl</i> .
scrollable	false	Boolean	When enabled, tab headers can be scrolled horizontally instead of wrapping.
prependId	true	Boolean	TabView is a naming container thus prepends its id to its children by default, a false value turns this behavior off except for dynamic tabs.
tabindex	0	String	Position of the element in the tabbing order.

Getting started with the TabView

TabView requires one more child tab components to display. Titles can also be defined by using “title” facet.

```
<p:tabView>
  <p:tab title="Tab One">
    <h:outputText value="Lorem" />
  </p:tab>
  <p:tab title="Tab Two">
    <h:outputText value="Ipsum" />
  </p:tab>
  <p:tab title="Tab Three">
    <h:outputText value="Dolor" />
  </p:tab>
</p:tabView>
```

Dynamic Tabs

There're two toggleModes in tabview, *non-dynamic* (default) and *dynamic*. By default, all tab contents are rendered to the client, on the other hand in dynamic mode, only the active tab contents are rendered and when an inactive tab header is selected, content is loaded with ajax. Dynamic mode is handy in reducing page size, since inactive tabs are lazy loaded, pages will load faster. To enable dynamic loading, simply set *dynamic* option to true.

```
<p:tabView dynamic="true">
    //tabs
</p:tabView>
```

Content Caching

Dynamically loaded tabs cache their contents by default, by doing so, reactivating a tab doesn't result in an ajax request since contents are cached. If you want to reload content of a tab each time a tab is selected, turn off caching by *cache* to false.

Effects

Content transition effects are controlled with *effect* and *effectDuration* attributes. EffectDuration specifies the speed of the effect, *slow*, *normal* (default) and *fast* are the valid options.

```
<p:tabView effect="fade" effectDuration="fast">
    //tabs
</p:tabView>
```

Ajax Behavior Events

tabChange and *tabClose* are the ajax behavior events of tabview that are executed when a tab is changed and closed respectively. Here is an example of a tabChange behavior implementation;

```
<p:tabView>
    <p:ajax event="tabChange" listener="#{bean.onChange}" />

    //tabs
</p:tabView>
```

```
public void onChange(TabChangeEvent event) {
    //Tab activeTab = event.getTab();
    //...
}
```

Your listener(if defined) will be invoked with an *org.primefaces.event.TabChangeEvent* instance that contains a reference to the new active tab and the accordion panel itself. For tabClose event, listener will be passed an instance of *org.primefaces.event.TabCloseEvent*.

Dynamic Number of Tabs

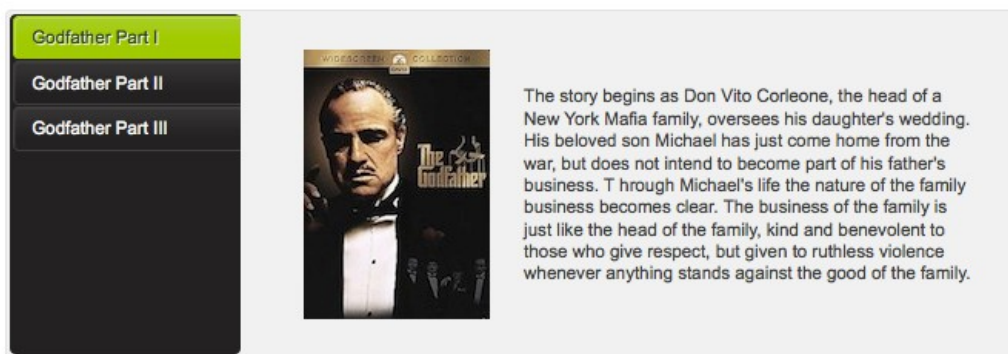
When the tabs to display are not static, use the built-in iteration feature similar to ui:repeat.

```
<p:tabView value="#{bean.list}" var="listItem">
    <p:tab title="#{listItem.propertyA}">
        <h:outputText value= "#{listItem.propertyB}"/>
        ...More content
    </p:tab>
</p:tabView>
```

Orientations

Four different orientations are available; *top*(default), *left*, *right* and *bottom*.

```
<p:tabView orientation="left">
    //tabs
</p:tabView>
```



Scrollable Tabs

Tab headers wrap to the next line in case there is not enough space at header area by default. Using scrollable feature, it is possible to keep headers aligned horizontally and use navigation buttons to access hidden headers.

```
<p:tabView scrollable="true">
    //tabs
</p:tabView>
```



Client Side Callbacks

Tabview has three callbacks for client side. *onTabChange* is executed when an inactive tab is clicked, *onTabShow* is executed when an inactive tab becomes active to be shown and *onTabClose* when a closable tab is closed. All these callbacks receive index parameter as the index of tab.

```

<p:tabView onTabChange="handleTabChange(index)">
    //tabs
</p:tabView>

function handleTabChange(i) {
    //i = Index of the new tab
}

```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.TabView*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
select(index)	index: Index of tab to display	void	Activates tab with given index
selectTab(index)	index: Index of tab to display	void	(Deprecated, use select instead) Activates tab with given index
disable(index)	index: Index of tab to disable	void	Disables tab with given index
enable(index)	index: Index of tab to enable	void	Enables tab with given index
remove(index)	index: Index of tab to remove	void	Removes tab with given index
getLength()	-	Number	Returns the number of tabs
getActiveIndex()	-	Number	Returns index of current tab

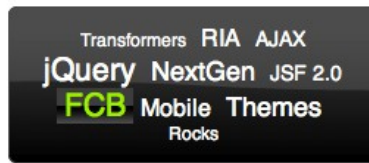
Skinning

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information. Following is the list of structural style classes.

Class	Applies
.ui-tabs	Main tabview container element
.ui-tabs-{orientation}	Orientation specific (top, bottom, right, left) container.
.ui-tabs-nav	Main container of tab headers
.ui-tabs-panel	Each tab container
.ui-tabs-scrollable	Container element of a scrollable tabview.

3.134 TagCloud

TagCloud displays a collection of tag with different strengths.



Info

Tag	tagCloud
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.tagcloud.TagCloud
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.TagCloud
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.TagCloudRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.tagcloud.TagCloudRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
model	null	TagCloudModel	Backing tag cloud model.
style	null	String	Inline style of the container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container element.

Getting started with the TagCloud

TagCloud requires a backend TagCloud model to display.

```
<p:tagCloud model="#{tagCloudBean.model}" />
```

```

public class TagCloudBean {

    private TagCloudModel model;

    public TagCloudBean() {
        model = new DefaultTagCloudModel();
        model.addTag(new DefaultTagCloudItem("Transformers", "#", 1));
        //more
    }

    //getter
}

```

Selecting Tags

An item in tagCloud can be selected using *select* ajax behavior. Note that only items with null urls can be selected.

```

<h:form>
    <p:growl id="msg" showDetail="true" />

    <p:tagCloud model="#{tagCloudBean.model}">
        <p:ajax event="select" update="msg" listener="#{tagCloudBean.onSelect}" />
    </p:tagCloud>
</h:form>

```

```

public class TagCloudBean {

    //model, getter and setter

    public void onSelect(SelectEvent event) {
        TagCloudItem item = (TagCloudItem) event.getObject();
        FacesMessage msg = new FacesMessage(FacesMessage.SEVERITY_INFO,
            "Item Selected", item.getLabel());
        FacesContext.getCurrentInstance().addMessage(null, msg);
    }
}

```

TagCloud API

org.primefaces.model.tagcloud.TagCloudModel

Method	Description
List<TagCloudItem> getTags()	Returns all tags in model.
void addTag(TagCloudItem item)	Adds a tag.
void removeTag(TagCloudItem item)	Removes a tag.
void clear()	Removes all tags.

PrimeFaces provides *org.primefaces.model.tagcloud.DefaultTagCloudModel* as the default implementation.

org.primefaces.model.tagcloud.TagCloudItem

Method	Description
String getLabel()	Returns label of the tag.
String getUrl()	Returns url of the tag.
int getStrength()	Returns strength of the tag between 1 and 5.

org.primefaces.model.tagcloud.DefaultTagCloudItem is provided as the default implementation.

Skinning

TagCloud resides in a container element that *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. *.ui-tagcloud* applies to main container and *.ui-tagcloud-strength-[1,5]* applies to each tag. As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.135 Terminal

Terminal is an ajax powered web based terminal that brings desktop terminals to JSF.

```
Welcome to PrimeFaces Terminal, how are you today?
prime $ ls
ls not found
prime $ date
Fri Sep 20 15:33:21 CEST 2013
prime $ greet Optimus Prime
Hello Optimus
prime $
```

Info

Tag	terminal
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.terminal.Terminal
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Terminal
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.TerminalRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.terminal.TerminalRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
welcomeMessage	null	String	Welcome message to be displayed on initial load.
prompt	prime \$	String	Primary prompt text.
commandHandler	null	MethodExpr	Method to be called with arguments to process.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.

Getting started with the Terminal

A command handler is required to interpret commands entered in terminal.

```
<p:terminal commandHandler="#{terminalBean.handleCommand}" />
```

```
public class TerminalBean {

    public String handleCommand(String command, String[] params) {
        if(command.equals("greet"))
            return "Hello " + params[0];
        else if(command.equals("date"))
            return new Date().toString();
        else
            return command + " not found";
    }
}
```

Whenever a command is sent to the server, `handleCommand` method is invoked with the command name and the command arguments as a String array.

Client Side API

Client side widget exposes `clear()` and `focus()` methods. Following shows how to add focus on a terminal nested inside a dialog;

```
<p:commandButton type="button" Value="Apply Focus" onclick="PF('term').focus();"/>
<p:terminal widgetVar="term" commandHandler="#{terminalBean.handleCommand}" />
```

Skinning

Terminal resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-terminal	Main container element.
.ui-terminal-content	Content display of previous commands with responses.
.ui-terminal-prompt	Prompt text.

3.136 ThemeSwitcher

ThemeSwitcher enables switching PrimeFaces themes on the fly with no page refresh.



Info

Tag	themeSwitcher
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.themeswitcher.ThemeSwitcher
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.ThemeSwitcher
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.ThemeSwitcherRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.themeswitcher.ThemeSwitcherRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
effect	fade	String	Name of the animation.
effectSpeed	normal	String	Duration of the toggle animation, valid values are "slow", "normal" and "fast".
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables the component.
label	null	String	User presentable name.
onchange	null	String	Client side callback to execute on theme change.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.

Name	Default	Type	Description
var	null	String	Variable name to refer to each item.
height	null	Integer	Height of the panel.
tabindex	null	Integer	Position of the element in the tabbing order.

Getting Started with the ThemeSwitcher

ThemeSwitcher usage is very similar to selectOneMenu.

```
<p:themeSwitcher style="width:150px">
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="Choose Theme" itemValue="" />
    <f:selectItems value="#{bean.themes}" />
</p:themeSwitcher>
```

Stateful ThemeSwitcher

By default, themeswitcher just changes the theme on the fly with no page refresh, in case you'd like to get notified when a user changes the theme (e.g. to update user preferences), you can use an ajax behavior.

```
<p:themeSwitcher value="#{bean.theme}" effect="fade">
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="Choose Theme" itemValue="" />
    <f:selectItems value="#{themeSwitcherBean.themes}" />
    <p:ajax listener="#{bean.saveTheme}" />
</p:themeSwitcher>
```

Advanced ThemeSwitcher

ThemeSwitcher supports displaying custom content so that you can show theme previews.

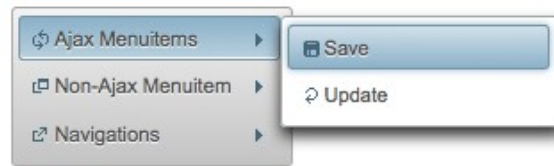
```
<p:themeSwitcher>
    <f:selectItem itemLabel="Choose Theme" itemValue="" />
    <f:selectItems value="#{themeSwitcherBean.advancedThemes}" var="theme"
        itemLabel="#{theme.name}" itemValue="#{theme}" />

    <p:column>
        <p:graphicImage value="/images/themes/#{t.image}" />
    </p:column>

    <p:column>
        #{t.name}
    </p:column>
</p:themeSwitcher>
```

3.137 TieredMenu

TieredMenu is used to display nested submenus with overlays.



Info

Tag	tieredMenu
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.tieredmenu.TieredMenu
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.TieredMenu
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.TieredMenuRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.tieredmenu.TieredMenuRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
model	null	MenuModel	MenuModel instance for programmatic menu.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
autoDisplay	true	Boolean	Defines whether the first level of submenus will be displayed on mouseover or not. When set to false, click event is required to display.
trigger	null	String	Id of the component whose triggerEvent will show the dynamic positioned menu.
my	null	String	Corner of menu to align with trigger element.
at	null	String	Corner of trigger to align with menu element.

Name	Default	Type	Description
overlay	false	Boolean	Defines positioning, when enabled menu is displayed with absolute position relative to the trigger. Default is false, meaning static positioning.
triggerEvent	click	String	Event name of trigger that will show the dynamic positioned menu.
toggleEvent	hover	String	Event to toggle the submenus, valid values are "hover" and "click".

Getting started with the TieredMenu

TieredMenu consists of submenus and menuitems, submenus can be nested and each nested submenu will be displayed in an overlay.

```
<p:tieredMenu>
  <p:submenu label="Ajax Menuitems" icon="ui-icon-refresh">
    <p:menuitem value="Save" actionListener="#{buttonBean.save}"
      update="messages" icon="ui-icon-disk" />
    <p:menuitem value="Update" actionListener="#{buttonBean.update}"
      update="messages" icon="ui-icon-arrowrefresh-1-w" />
  </p:submenu>

  <p:submenu label="Non-Ajax Menuitem" icon="ui-icon-newwin">
    <p:menuitem value="Delete" actionListener="#{buttonBean.delete}"
      update="messages" ajax="false" icon="ui-icon-close"/>
  </p:submenu>

  <p:separator />

  <p:submenu label="Navigations" icon="ui-icon-extlink">
    <p:submenu label="Prime Links">
      <p:menuitem value="Prime" url="http://www.prime.com.tr" />
      <p:menuitem value="PrimeFaces" url="http://www.primefaces.org" />
    </p:submenu>
    <p:menuitem value="Mobile" url="/mobile" />
  </p:submenu>
</p:tieredMenu>
```

AutoDisplay

By default, submenus are displayed when mouse is over root menuitems, set autoDisplay to false to require a click on root menuitems to enable autoDisplay mode.

```
<p:tieredMenu autoDisplay="false">

  //content

</p:tieredMenu>
```

Overlay

TieredMenu can be positioned relative to a trigger component, following sample attaches a tieredMenu to the button so that whenever the button is clicked tieredMenu will be displayed in an overlay itself.

```
<p:commandButton type="button" value="Show" id="btn" />

<p:tieredMenu autoDisplay="false" trigger="btn" my="left top" at="left bottom">

    //content

</p:tieredMenu>
```



Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.TieredMenu*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
show()	-	void	Shows overlay menu.
hide()	-	void	Hides overlay menu.
align()	-	void	Aligns overlay menu with trigger.

Skinning

TieredMenu resides in a main container which *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-menu .ui-tieredmenu	Container element of menu.
.ui-menu-list	List container
.ui-menuitem	Each menu item
.ui-menuitem-link	Anchor element in a link item
.ui-menuitem-text	Text element in an item

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.138 Toolbar

Toolbar is a horizontal grouping component for commands and other content.



Info

Tag	toolbar
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.toolbar.Toolbar
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Toolbar
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.ToolbarRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.toolbar.ToolbarRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
style	null	String	Inline style of the container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container element.

Getting Started with the Toolbar

Toolbar has two placeholders(left and right) that are defined with facets. You can also use toolbarGroup as an alternative to facets.

```
<p:toolbar>
    <f:facet name="left"></f:facet>
    <f:facet name="right"></f:facet>
</p:toolbar>
```

Any content can be placed inside toolbar.

```

<p:toolbar>
  <f:facet name="left">
    <p:commandButton type="push" value="New" image="ui-icon-document" />
    <p:commandButton type="push" value="Open" image="ui-icon-folder-open"/>

    <span class="ui-separator">
      <span class="ui-icon ui-icon-grip-dotted-vertical" />
    </span>

    <p:commandButton type="push" title="Save" image="ui-icon-disk"/>
    <p:commandButton type="push" title="Delete" image="ui-icon-trash"/>
    <p:commandButton type="push" title="Print" image="ui-icon-print"/>
  </f:facet>

  <f:facet name="right">
    <p:menuButton value="Navigate">
      <p:menuitem value="Home" url="#" />
      <p:menuitem value="Logout" url="#" />
    </p:menuButton>
  </f:facet>
</p:toolbar>

```

Skinning

Toolbar resides in a container element which *style* and *styleClass* options apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-toolbar	Main container
.ui-toolbar .ui-separator	Divider in a toolbar
.ui-toolbar-group-left	Left toolbarGroup container
.ui-toolbar-group-right	Right toolbarGroup container

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.139 ToolbarGroup

ToolbarGroup is a helper component for Toolbar component to define placeholders.

Info

Tag	toolbarGroup
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.toolbar.ToolbarGroup
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.ToolbarGroup
Component Family	org.primefaces.component

Attributes

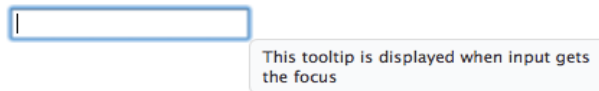
Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
align	null	String	Defines the alignment within toolbar, valid values are <i>left</i> and <i>right</i> .
style	null	String	Inline style of the container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container element.

Getting Started with the ToolbarGroup

See toolbar documentation for more information about how Toolbar Group is used.

3.140 Tooltip

Tooltip goes beyond the legacy html title attribute by providing custom effects, events, html content and advance theme support.



Info

Tag	tooltip
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.tooltip.Tooltip
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Tooltip
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.TooltipRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.tooltip.TooltipRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component than can be either an EL expression of a literal text
converter	null	Converter/ String	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
showEvent	mouseover	String	Event displaying the tooltip.
showEffect	fade	String	Effect to be used for displaying.
hideEvent	mouseout	String	Event hiding the tooltip.
hideEffect	fade	String	Effect to be used for hiding.
showDelay	150	Integer	Delay time to show tooltip in milliseconds.

Name	Default	Type	Description
hideDelay	0	Integer	Delay time to hide tooltip in milliseconds.
for	null	String	Component to attach the tooltip.
style	null	String	Inline style of the tooltip.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the tooltip.
globalSelector	null	String	jquery selector for global tooltip, defaults to "a,input,button".
escape	true	Boolean	Defines whether html would be escaped or not.
trackMouse	false	Boolean	Tooltip position follows pointer on mousemove.
beforeShow	null	String	Client side callback to execute before tooltip is shown. Returning false will prevent display.
onHide	null	String	Client side callback to execute after tooltip is shown.
onShow	null	String	Client side callback to execute after tooltip is shown.

Getting started with the Tooltip

Tooltip can be used by attaching it to a target component. Tooltip value can also be retrieved from target's title, so following are same;

```
<h:inputSecret id="pwd" value="#{myBean.password}" />
<p:tooltip for="pwd" value="Only numbers"/>
```

```
<h:inputSecret id="pwd" value="#{myBean.password}" title="Only numbers"/>
<p:tooltip for="pwd"/>
```

Global Tooltip

Global tooltip binds to elements with title attributes. Ajax updates are supported as well, meaning if target component is updated with ajax, tooltip can still bind. As global tooltips are more efficient since only one instance of tooltip is used across all tooltip targets, it is suggested to be used instead of explicit tooltips unless you have a custom case e.g. different options, custom content.

```
<p:tooltip />

<p:inputText id="focus" title="Tooltip for an input"/>
<h:outputLink id="fade" value="#" title="Tooltip for a link">
    <h:outputText value="Fade Effect" />
</h:outputLink>
<p:commandButton value="Up" title="Up" />
```

IE10 Issue

Due to a bug, IE10 always displays the title text in a native popup when the element receives focus via tabbing and two tooltips might be displayed at once. Solution is to use passthrough data-tooltip attribute instead of title.

```
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"
      xmlns:h="http://xmlns.jcp.org/jsf/html"
      xmlns:pt="http://xmlns.jcp.org/jsf/passthrough"
      xmlns:p="http://primefaces.org/ui">

  <h:head></h:head>

  <h:body>
    <p:inputText pt:data-tooltip="Title here"/>
    <p:inputText title="Works fine except tabbed on IE10"/>
  </h:body>
</html>
```

Events and Effects

A tooltip is shown on mouseover event and hidden when mouse is out by default. If you need to change this behavior use the showEvent and hideEvent feature. Tooltip below is displayed when the input gets the focus and hidden with onBlur.

```
<h:inputSecret id="pwd" value="#{myBean.password}" />
<p:tooltip for="pwd" value="Password must contain only numbers"
  showEvent="focus" hideEvent="blur" showEffect="blind" hideEffect="explode" />
```

Available options for effects are; *blind*, *bounce*, *clip*, *drop*, *explode*, *fold*, *highlight*, *puff*, *pulsate*, *scale*, *shake*, *size* and *slide*.

Html Content

Another powerful feature of tooltip is the ability to display custom content as a tooltip.

```
<h:outputLink id="lnk" value="#">
  <h:outputText value="PrimeFaces Home" />
</h:outputLink>

<p:tooltip for="lnk">
  <p:graphicImage value="/images/prime_logo.png" />
  <h:outputText value="Visit PrimeFaces Home" />
</p:tooltip>
```

Skinning

Tooltip has only *.ui-tooltip* as a style class and is styled with global skinning selectors, see main skinning section for more information.

3.141 Tree

Tree is used for displaying hierarchical data and creating site navigations.



Info

Tag	tree
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.tree.Tree
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Tree
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.TreeRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.tree.TreeRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
value	null	Object	A TreeNode instance as the backing model.
var	null	String	Name of the request-scoped variable that'll be used to refer each treenode data.
dynamic	false	Boolean	Specifies the ajax/client toggleMode
cache	true	Boolean	Specifies caching on dynamically loaded nodes. When set to true expanded nodes will be kept in memory.
onNodeClick	null	String	Javascript event to process when a tree node is clicked.
selection	null	Object	TreeNode array to reference the selections.

Name	Default	Type	Description
style	null	String	Style of the main container element of tree
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the main container element of tree
selectionMode	null	String	Defines the selectionMode
highlight	true	Boolean	Highlights nodes on hover when selection is enabled.
datakey	null	Object	Unique key of the data presented by nodes.
animate	false	Boolean	When enabled, displays slide effect on toggle.
orientation	vertical	String	Orientation of layout, <i>vertical</i> or <i>horizontal</i> .
propagateSelectionUp	true	Boolean	Defines upwards selection propagation for checkbox mode.
propagateSelectionDown	true	Boolean	Defines downwards selection propagation for checkbox mode.
dir	ltr	String	Defines text direction, valid values are <i>ltr</i> and <i>rtl</i> .
draggable	false	Boolean	Makes tree nodes draggable.
droppable	false	Boolean	Makes tree droppable.
dragdropScope	null	String	Scope key to group a set of tree components for transferring nodes using drag and drop.
dragMode	self	String	Defines parent-child relationship when a node is dragged, valid values are self (default), parent and ancestor.
dropRestrict	none	String	Defines parent-child restrictions when a node is dropped valid values are none (default) and sibling.
required	false	Boolean	Validation constraint for selection.
requiredMessage	null	String	Message for required selection validation.
skipChildren	false	Boolean	Ignores processing of children during lifecycle, improves performance if table only has output components.
showUnselectableCheckbox	false	Boolean	Defines if in checkbox selection mode, a readonly checkbox should be displayed for an unselectable node.
tabindex	0	String	Position of the element in the tabbing order.
nodeVar	null	String	Name of the request-scoped variable that'll be used to refer current treenode using EL.

Getting started with the Tree

Tree is populated with a *org.primefaces.model.TreeNode* instance which corresponds to the root.

```
<p:tree value="#{treeBean.root}" var="node">
    <p:treeNode>
        <h:outputText value="#{node}"/>
    </p:treeNode>
</p:tree>
```

```
public class TreeBean {

    private TreeNode root;

    public TreeBean() {
        root = new TreeNode("Root", null);
        TreeNode node0 = new TreeNode("Node 0", root);
        TreeNode node1 = new TreeNode("Node 1", root);
        TreeNode node2 = new TreeNode("Node 2", root);

        TreeNode node00 = new TreeNode("Node 0.0", node0);
        TreeNode node01 = new TreeNode("Node 0.1", node0);

        TreeNode node10 = new TreeNode("Node 1.0", node1);
        TreeNode node11 = new TreeNode("Node 1.1", node1);

        TreeNode node000 = new TreeNode("Node 0.0.0", node00);
        TreeNode node001 = new TreeNode("Node 0.0.1", node00);
        TreeNode node010 = new TreeNode("Node 0.1.0", node01);

        TreeNode node100 = new TreeNode("Node 1.0.0", node10);
    }

    //getter of root
}
```

TreeNode vs p:TreeNode

TreeNode API is used to create the node model and consists of *org.primefaces.model.TreeNode* instances, on the other hand `<p:treeNode />` represents a component of type *org.primefaces.component.tree.UITreeNode*. You can bind a *TreeNode* to a particular `p:treeNode` using the *type* name. Document Tree example in upcoming section demonstrates a sample usage.

TreeNode API

TreeNode has a simple API to use when building the backing model. For example if you call `node.setExpanded(true)` on a particular node, tree will render that node as expanded.

Property	Type	Description
type	String	type of the treeNode name, default type name is "default".
data	Object	Encapsulated data
children	List<TreeNode>	List of child nodes
parent	TreeNode	Parent node
expanded	Boolean	Flag indicating whether the node is expanded or not

Dynamic Tree

Tree is non-dynamic by default and toggling happens on client-side. In order to enable ajax toggling set dynamic setting to true.

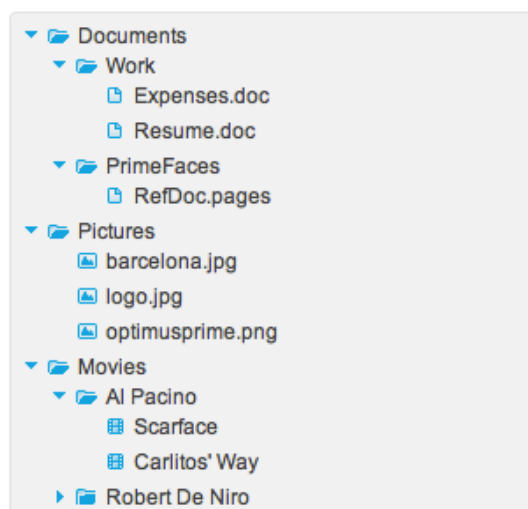
```
<p:tree value="#{treeBean.root}" var="node" dynamic="true">
    <p:treeNode>
        <h:outputText value="#{node}" />
    </p:treeNode>
</p:tree>
```

Non-Dynamic: When toggling is set to client all the treenodes in model are rendered to the client and tree is created, this mode is suitable for relatively small datasets and provides fast user interaction. On the otherhand it's not suitable for large data since all the data is sent to the client also client side tree is stateless.

Dynamic: Dynamic mode uses ajax to fetch the treenodes from server side on demand, compared to the client toggling, dynamic mode has the advantage of dealing with large data because only the child nodes of the root node is sent to the client initially and whole tree is lazily populated. When a node is expanded, tree only loads the children of the particular expanded node and send to the client for display.

Multiple TreeNode Types

It's a common requirement to display different TreeNode types with a different UI (eg icon). Suppose you're using tree to visualize a company with different departments and different employees, or a document tree with various folders, files each having a different formats (music, video). In order to solve this, you can place more than one `<p:treeNode />` components each having a different type and use that "type" to bind TreeNode's in your model. Following example demonstrates a document explorer. Here is the final output to achieve;



Document Explorer is implemented with four different `<p:treeNode />` components and additional CSS skinning to visualize expanded/closed folder icons.

```
<p:tree value="#{bean.root}" var="doc">
  <p:treeNode expandedIcon="ui-icon ui-icon-folder-open"
    collapsedIcon="ui-icon ui-icon-folder-collapsed">
    <h:outputText value="#{doc.name}"/>
  </p:treeNode>
  <p:treeNode type="document" icon="ui-icon ui-icon-document">
    <h:outputText value="#{doc.name}" />
  </p:treeNode>
  <p:treeNode type="picture" icon="ui-icon ui-icon-image">
    <h:outputText value="#{doc.name}" />
  </p:treeNode>
  <p:treeNode type="mp3" icon="ui-icon ui-icon-video">
    <h:outputText value="#{doc.name}" />
  </p:treeNode>
</p:tree>
```

```

public class Bean {

    private TreeNode root;

    public Bean() {
        root = new TreeNode("root", null);

        TreeNode documents = new TreeNode("Documents", root);
        TreeNode pictures = new TreeNode("Pictures", root);
        TreeNode music = new TreeNode("Music", root);

        TreeNode work = new TreeNode("Work", documents);
        TreeNode primefaces = new TreeNode("PrimeFaces", documents);

        //Documents
        TreeNode expenses = new TreeNode("document", "Expenses.doc", work);
        TreeNode resume = new TreeNode("document", "Resume.doc", work);
        TreeNode refdoc = new TreeNode("document", "RefDoc.pages", primefaces);

        //Pictures
        TreeNode barca = new TreeNode("picture", "barcelona.jpg", pictures);
        TreeNode primelogo = new TreeNode("picture", "logo.jpg", pictures);
        TreeNode optimus = new TreeNode("picture", "optimus.png", pictures);

        //Music
        TreeNode turkish = new TreeNode("Turkish", music);
        TreeNode cemKaraca = new TreeNode("Cem Karaca", turkish);
        TreeNode erkinKoray = new TreeNode("Erkin Koray", turkish);
        TreeNode mogollar = new TreeNode("Mogollar", turkish);

        TreeNode nemalacak = new TreeNode("mp3", "Nem Alacak Felek Benim", cemKaraca);
        TreeNode resimdeki = new TreeNode("mp3", "Resimdeki Goz Yaslari", cemKaraca);

        TreeNode copculer = new TreeNode("mp3", "Copculer", erkinKoray);
        TreeNode oylebirgecer = new TreeNode("mp3", "Oyle Bir Gecer", erkinKoray);

        TreeNode toprakana = new TreeNode("mp3", "Toprak Ana", mogollar);
        TreeNode bisiyapmali = new TreeNode("mp3", "Bisi Yapmali", mogollar);
    }
    //getter of root
}

```

Integration between a `TreeNode` and a `p:treeNode` is the `type` attribute, for example music files in document explorer are represented using `TreeNode`s with `type "mp3"`, there's also a `p:treeNode` component with same `type "mp3"`. This results in rendering all music nodes using that particular `p:treeNode` representation which displays a note icon. Similarly document and pictures have their own `p:treeNode` representations.

Folders on the other hand have two states whose icons are defined by *expandedIcon* and *collapsedIcon* attributes.

Ajax Behavior Events

Tree provides various ajax behavior events.

Event	Listener Parameter	Fired
expand	org.primefaces.event.NodeExpandEvent	When a node is expanded.
collapse	org.primefaces.event.NodeCollapseEvent	When a node is collapsed.
select	org.primefaces.event.NodeSelectEvent	When a node is selected.
unselect	org.primefaces.event.NodeUnselectEvent	When a node is unselected.

Following tree has three listeners;

```
<p:tree value="#{treeBean.model}" dynamic="true">
    <p:ajax event="select" listener="#{treeBean.onNodeSelect}" />
    <p:ajax event="expand" listener="#{treeBean.onNodeExpand}" />
    <p:ajax event="collapse" listener="#{treeBean.onNodeCollapse}" />
    ...
</p:tree>
```

```
public void onNodeSelect(NodeSelectEvent event) {
    String node = event.getTreeNode().getData().toString();
}

public void onNodeExpand(NodeExpandEvent event) {
    String node = event.getTreeNode().getData().toString();
}

public void onNodeCollapse(NodeCollapseEvent event) {
    String node = event.getTreeNode().getData().toString();
}
```

Event listeners are also useful when dealing with huge amount of data. The idea for implementing such a use case would be providing only the root and child nodes to the tree, use event listeners to get the selected node and add new nodes to that particular tree at runtime.

Selection

Node selection is a built-in feature of tree and it supports three different modes. Selection should be a `TreeNode` for single case and an array of `TreeNode`s for multiple and checkbox cases, tree finds the selected nodes and assign them to your selection model.

single: Only one at a time can be selected, selection should be a `TreeNode` reference.

multiple: Multiple nodes can be selected, selection should be a `TreeNode[]` reference.

checkbox: Multiple selection is done with checkbox UI, selection should be a `TreeNode[]` reference.

```
<p:tree value="#{treeBean.root}" var="node"
    selectionMode="checkbox"
    selection="#{treeBean.selectedNodes}">
    <p:treeNode>
        <h:outputText value="#{node}" />
    </p:treeNode>
</p:tree>
```

```

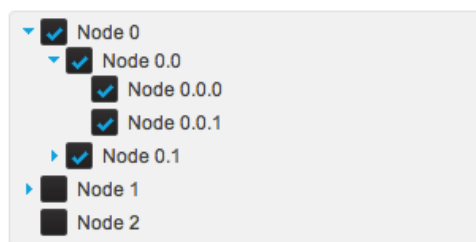
public class TreeBean {

    private TreeNode root;
    private TreeNode[] selectedNodes;

    public TreeBean() {
        root = new CheckboxTreeNode("Root", null);
        //populate nodes
    }
    //getters and setters
}

```

That's it, now the checkbox based tree looks like below. When the form is submitted with a command component like a button, selected nodes will be populated in `selectedNodes` property of `TreeBean`. As checkbox selection have a special hierarchy, use *CheckboxTreeNode* instead.



Node Caching

When caching is turned on by default, dynamically loaded nodes will be kept in memory so re-expanding a node will not trigger a server side request. In case it's set to false, collapsing the node will remove the children and expanding it later causes the children nodes to be fetched from server again.

Handling Node Click

If you need to execute custom javascript when a treenode is clicked, use the *onNodeClick* attribute. Your javascript method will be invoked with passing the html element of the *node* and the click *event* as parameters. In case you have datakey defined, you can access datakey on client side by using `node.attr('data-datakey')` that represents the data represented by the backing tree model.

DragDrop

Tree nodes can be reordered within a single tree and can even be transferred between multiple trees using dragdrop. For a single tree enable `draggable` and `droppable` options.

```

<p:tree value="#{treeBean.root}" var="node" draggable="true" droppable="true">
    <p:treeNode>
        <h:outputText value="#{node}" />
    </p:treeNode>
</p:tree>

```

For multiple trees, use a scope attribute to match them and configure dragdrop options depending on your case, following example has 2 trees where one is the source and other is the target. Target can also be reordered within itself.

```

<p:tree value="#{treeBean.root1}" var="node" draggable="true" droppable="false"
        dragdropScope="myscope">
    <p:treeNode>
        <h:outputText value="#{node}"/>
    </p:treeNode>
</p:tree>

<p:tree value="#{treeBean.root2}" var="node" draggable="true" droppable="true"
        dragdropScope="myscope">
    <p:treeNode>
        <h:outputText value="#{node}"/>
    </p:treeNode>
</p:tree>

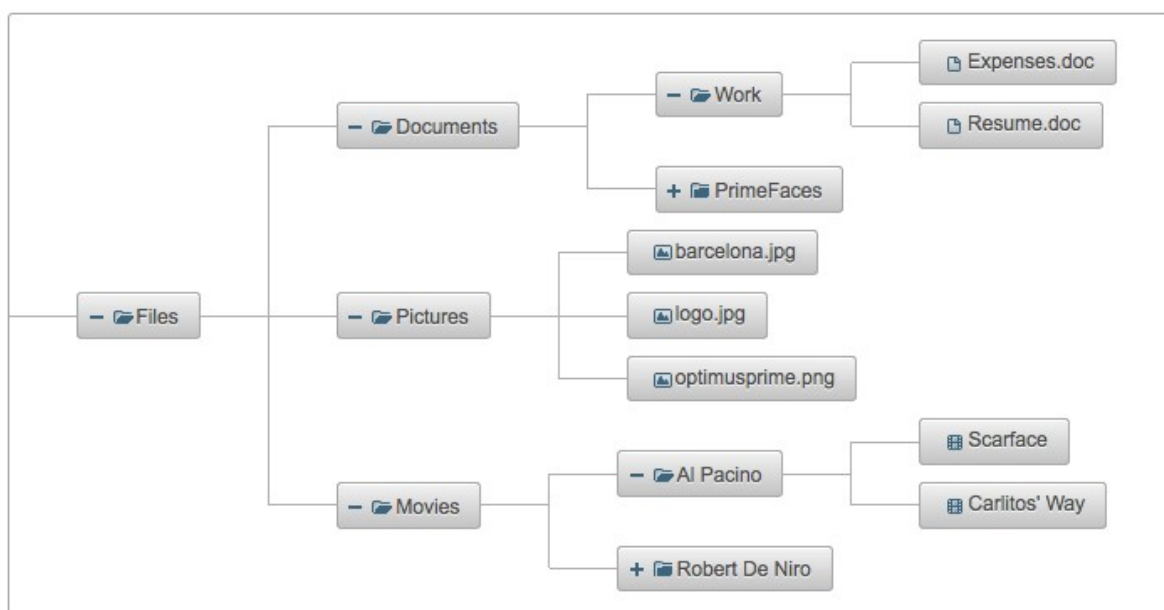
```



Two additional options exist for further configuration, *dragMode* defines the target node that would be dropped, default value is *self* and other values are *parent* and *ancestor*. *dropRestrict* on the other hand, can restrict the drop target to be within the parent by setting it to *sibling*.

Horizontal Tree

Default orientation of tree is vertical, setting it to horizontal displays nodes in an horizontal layout. All features of vertical tree except dragdrop is available for horizontal tree as well.



ContextMenu

Tree has special integration with context menu, you can even match different context menus with different tree nodes using *nodeType* option of context menu that matches the tree node type. Note that selection must be enabled in tree component for context menu integration.

```
<p:contextMenu for="tree">
    <p:menuitem value="View" update="messages"
        actionListener="#{bean.view}" icon="ui-icon-search" />
    <p:menuitem value="View" update="tree"
        actionListener="#{bean.delete}" icon="ui-icon-close" />
</p:contextMenu>

<p:tree id="tree" value="#{bean.root}" var="node"
    selectionMode="single" selection="#{bean.selectedNode}">

    <p:treeNode>
        <h:outputText value="#{node}" />
    </p:treeNode>
</p:tree>
```

Skinning

Tree resides in a container element which *style* and *styleClass* options apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Style Class	Applies
.ui-tree	Main container
.ui-tree-container	Root node container.
.ui-treenode	Tree node
.ui-treenode-content	Tree node content
.ui-treenode-icon	Tree node icon
.ui-tree-toggler	Toggle icon
.ui-treenode-label	Tree node label
.ui-treenode-parent	Nodes with children
.ui-treenode-leaf	Nodes without children

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.142 TreeNode

TreeNode is used with Tree component to represent a node in tree.

Info

Tag	treeNode
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.tree.UTreeNode
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.UTreeNode
Component Family	org.primefaces.component

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
type	default	String	Type of the tree node
styleClass	null	String	Style class to apply a particular tree node type
icon	null	String	Icon of the node.
expandedIcon	null	String	Expanded icon of the node.
collapsedIcon	null	String	Collapsed icon of the node.

Getting started with the TreeNode

TreeNode is used by Tree and TreeTable components, refer to sections of these components for more information.

3.143 TreeTable

Treetable is used for displaying hierarchical data in tabular format.

Document Viewer			
Name	Size	Type	
▼ Documents	-	Folder	⌵
▶ Work	-	Folder	⌵
▶ PrimeFaces	-	Folder	⌵
▶ Pictures	-	Folder	⌵
▶ Movies	-	Folder	⌵

Info

Tag	treeTable
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.treetable.TreeTable
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.TreeTable
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.TreeTableRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.treetable.TreeTableRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	A TreeNode instance as the backing model.
var	null	String	Name of the request-scoped variable used to refer each treenode.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget.
style	null	String	Inline style of the container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the container element.
selection	null	Object	Selection reference.

Name	Default	Type	Description
selectionMode	null	String	Type of selection mode.
scrollable	false	Boolean	Whether or not the data should be scrollable.
scrollHeight	null	Integer	Height of scrollable data.
scrollWidth	null	Integer	Width of scrollable data.
tableStyle	null	String	Inline style of the table element.
tableStyleClass	null	String	Style class of the table element.
emptyMessage	No records found	String	Text to display when there is no data to display.
resizableColumns	false	Boolean	Defines if columns can be resized or not.
rowStyleClass	null	String	Style class for each row.
liveResize	false	Boolean	Columns are resized live in this mode without using a resize helper.
required	false	Boolean	Validation constraint for selection.
requiredMessage	null	String	Message for required selection validation.
sortBy	null	ValueExpr	Expression for default sorting.
sortOrder	ascending	String	Defines default sorting order.
sortFunction	null	MethodExpr	Custom pluggable sortFunction for default sorting.
nativeElements	false	Boolean	In native mode, treetable uses native checkboxes.
dataLocale	null	Object	Locale to be used in features such as sorting, defaults to view locale.
caseSensitiveSort	false	Boolean	Case sensitivity for sorting, insensitive by default.
skipChildren	false	Boolean	Ignores processing of children during lifecycle, improves performance if table only has output components.
showUnselectableCheckbox	false	Boolean	Defines if in checkbox selection mode, a readonly checkbox should be displayed for an unselectable node.
nodeVar	null	String	Name of the request-scoped variable that'll be used to refer current treenode using EL.

Getting started with the TreeTable

Similar to the Tree, TreeTable is populated with an *org.primefaces.model.TreeNode* instance that corresponds to the root node. TreeNode API has a hierarchical data structure and represents the data to be populated in tree. For an example, model to be displayed is a collection of documents similar as in tree section.

```
public class Document {

    private String name;
    private String size;
    private String type;
    //getters, setters
}
```

```
<p:treeTable value="#{bean.root}" var="document">
    <p:column>
        <f:facet name="header">
            Name
        </f:facet>
        <h:outputText value="#{document.name}" />
    </p:column>

    //more columns
</p:treeTable>
```

Selection

Node selection is a built-in feature of tree and it supports two different modes. Selection should be a *TreeNode* for single case and an array of *TreeNode*s for multiple case, tree finds the selected nodes and assign them to your selection model.

single: Only one at a time can be selected, selection should be a *TreeNode* reference.

multiple or *checkbox*: Multiple nodes can be selected, selection should be a *TreeNode[]* reference.

As checkbox selection have a special hierarchy, use *CheckboxTreeNode* in checkbox mode.

Ajax Behavior Events

TreeTable provides various ajax behavior events to respond user actions.

Event	Listener Parameter	Fired
expand	org.primefaces.event.NodeExpandEvent	When a node is expanded.
collapse	org.primefaces.event.NodeCollapseEvent	When a node is collapsed.
select	org.primefaces.event.NodeSelectEvent	When a node is selected.
unselect	org.primefaces.event.NodeUnselectEvent	When a node is unselected.
colResize	org.primefaces.event.ColumnResizeEvent	When a column is resized.

ContextMenu

TreeTable has special integration with context menu, you can even match different context menus with different tree nodes using *nodeType* option of context menu that matches the tree node type.

Scrolling

Scrollable TreeTable implementation is same as DataTable Scrollable, refer to scrolling part in DataTable section for detailed information.

Dynamic Columns

TreeTable supports dynamic columns via p:columns component, refer to dynamic columns in DataTable section for detailed information.

Column Priorities

Similar to DataTable, TreeTable columns can also be hidden depending on their priorities with respect to screen size.

Sorting

Sorting is enabled by setting *sortBy* expressions at column level.

```
<p:treeTable value="#{bean.root}" var="document">
  <p:column sortBy="#{document.name}">
    <h:outputText value="#{document.name}" />
  </p:column>

  //more columns
</p:treeTable>
```

In case you'd like to display treeTable as sorted on page load use *sortBy* attribute of treeTable, optional *sortOrder* and *sortFunction* attributes are provided to define the default sort order (ascending or descending) and a java method to do the actual sorting respectively. Refer to datatable sorting section for an example usage of *sortFunction*.

Skinning

TreeTable content resides in a container element which style and styleClass attributes apply. Following is the list of structural style classes;

Class	Applies
.ui-treetable	Main container element.
.ui-treetable-header	Header of treetable.
.ui-treetable-data	Body element of the table containing data

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

3.144 Watermark

Watermark displays a hint on an input field.



Info

Tag	watermark
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.watermark.Watermark
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Watermark
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.WatermarkRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.watermark.WatermarkRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Text of watermark.
for	null	String	Component to attach the watermark

Getting started with Watermark

Watermark requires a target of the input component. In case you don't need to support legacy browsers, prefer placeholder attribute of input components over watermark.

```
<h:inputText id="txt" value="#{bean.searchKeyword}" />
<p:watermark for="txt" value="Search with a keyword" />
```

Form Submissions

Watermark is set as the text of an input field which shouldn't be sent to the server when an enclosing form is submitted. This would result in updating bean properties with watermark values. Watermark component is clever enough to handle this case, by default in non-ajax form submissions, watermarks are cleared. However ajax submissions requires a little manual effort.

Please note that this only applies to legacy browsers, as watermark uses HTML5 placeholder option when available.

```
<h:inputText id="txt" value="#{bean.searchKeyword}" />

<p:watermark for="txt" value="Search with a keyword" />

<p:commandButton value="Submit" onclick="PrimeFaces.cleanWatermarks()"
                  oncomplete="PrimeFaces.showWatermarks()" />
```

Skinning

For browsers that do not support placeholder, there's only one css style class applying watermark which is *'ui-watermark'*, you can override this class to bring in your own style.

3.145 Wizard

Wizard provides an ajax enhanced UI to implement a workflow easily in a single page. Wizard consists of several child tab components where each tab represents a step in the process.

Info

Tag	wizard
Component Class	org.primefaces.component.wizard.Wizard
Component Type	org.primefaces.component.Wizard
Component Family	org.primefaces.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.component.WizardRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.component.wizard.WizardRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component.
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
step	0	String	Id of the current step in flow
style	null	String	Style of the main wizard container element.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the main wizard container element.
flowListener	null	MethodExpr	Server side listener to invoke when wizard attempts to go forward or back.
showNavBar	true	Boolean	Specifies visibility of default navigator arrows.
showStepStatus	true	Boolean	Specifies visibility of default step title bar.

Name	Default	Type	Description
onback	null	String	Javascript event handler to be invoked when flow goes back.
onnext	null	String	Javascript event handler to be invoked when flow goes forward.
nextLabel	null	String	Label of next navigation button.
backLabel	null	String	Label of back navigation button.
widgetVar	null	String	Name of the client side widget

Getting Started with Wizard

Each step in the flow is represented with a tab. As an example following wizard is used to create a new user in a total of 4 steps where last step is for confirmation of the information provided in first 3 steps. To begin with create your backing bean, it's important that the bean lives across multiple requests so avoid a request scope bean. Optimal scope for wizard is viewScope.

```
public class UserWizard {

    private User user = new User();

    public User getUser() {
        return user;
    }

    public void setUser(User user) {
        this.user = user;
    }

    public void save(ActionEvent actionEvent) {
        //Persist user
        FacesMessage msg = new FacesMessage("Successful",
            "Welcome :" + user.getFirstname());
        FacesContext.getCurrentInstance().addMessage(null, msg);
    }
}
```

User is a simple pojo with properties such as firstname, lastname, email and etc. Following wizard requires 3 steps to get the user data; Personal Details, Address Details and Contact Details. Note that last tab contains read-only data for confirmation and the submit button.

```

<h:form>

  <p:wizard>
    <p:tab id="personal">
      <p:panel header="Personal Details">

        <h:messages errorClass="error"/>

        <h:panelGrid columns="2">
          <h:outputText value="Firstname: *" />
          <h:inputText value="#{userWizard.user.firstname}" required="true"/>

          <h:outputText value="Lastname: *" />
          <h:inputText value="#{userWizard.user.lastname}" required="true"/>

          <h:outputText value="Age: " />
          <h:inputText value="#{userWizard.user.age}" />
        </h:panelGrid>
      </p:panel>
    </p:tab>

    <p:tab id="address">
      <p:panel header="Adress Details">

        <h:messages errorClass="error"/>

        <h:panelGrid columns="2" columnClasses="label, value">
          <h:outputText value="Street: " />
          <h:inputText value="#{userWizard.user.street}" />

          <h:outputText value="Postal Code: " />
          <h:inputText value="#{userWizard.user.postalCode}" />

          <h:outputText value="City: " />
          <h:inputText value="#{userWizard.user.city}" />
        </h:panelGrid>
      </p:panel>
    </p:tab>

    <p:tab id="contact">
      <p:panel header="Contact Information">

        <h:messages errorClass="error"/>

        <h:panelGrid columns="2">
          <h:outputText value="Email: *" />
          <h:inputText value="#{userWizard.user.email}" required="true"/>

          <h:outputText value="Phone: " />
          <h:inputText value="#{userWizard.user.phone}"/>

          <h:outputText value="Additional Info: " />
          <h:inputText value="#{userWizard.user.info}"/>
        </h:panelGrid>
      </p:panel>
    </p:tab>
  </p:wizard>
</h:form>

```

```

<p:tab id="confirm">
  <p:panel header="Confirmation">

    <h:panelGrid id="confirmation" columns="6">
      <h:outputText value="Firstname: " />
      <h:outputText value="#{userWizard.user.firstname}"/>

      <h:outputText value="Lastname: " />
      <h:outputText value="#{userWizard.user.lastname}"/>

      <h:outputText value="Age: " />
      <h:outputText value="#{userWizard.user.age}" />

      <h:outputText value="Street: " />
      <h:outputText value="#{userWizard.user.street}" />

      <h:outputText value="Postal Code: " />
      <h:outputText value="#{userWizard.user.postalCode}"/>

      <h:outputText value="City: " />
      <h:outputText value="#{userWizard.user.city}"/>

      <h:outputText value="Email: " />
      <h:outputText value="#{userWizard.user.email}" />

      <h:outputText value="Phone " />
      <h:outputText value="#{userWizard.user.phone}"/>

      <h:outputText value="Info: " />
      <h:outputText value="#{userWizard.user.info}"/>

      <h:outputText />
      <h:outputText />
    </h:panelGrid>

    <p:commandButton value="Submit" actionListener="#{userWizard.save}" />

  </p:panel>
</p:tab>

</p:wizard>
</h:form>

```

AJAX and Partial Validations

Switching between steps is based on ajax, meaning each step is loaded dynamically with ajax. Partial validation is also built-in, by this way when you click next, only the current step is validated, if the current step is valid, next tab's contents are loaded with ajax. Validations are not executed when flow goes back.

Navigations

Wizard provides two icons to interact with; next and prev. Please see the skinning wizard section to know more about how to change the look and feel of a wizard.

Custom UI

By default wizard displays right and left arrows to navigate between steps, if you need to come up with your own UI, set *showNavBar* to false and use the provided the client side api.

```
<p:wizard showNavBar="false" widgetVar="wiz">
    ...
</p:wizard>

<h:outputLink value="#" onclick="PF('wiz').next();">Next</h:outputLink>
<h:outputLink value="#" onclick="PF('wiz').back();">Back</h:outputLink>
```

FlowListener

If you'd like get notified on server side when wizard attempts to go back or forward, define a *flowListener*.

```
<p:wizard flowListener="#{userWizard.handleFlow}">
    ...
</p:wizard>
```

```
public String handleFlow(FlowEvent event) {
    String currentStepId = event.getCurrentStep();
    String stepToGo = event.getNextStep();

    if(skip)
        return "confirm";
    else
        return event.getNextStep();
}
```

Steps here are simply the ids of tab, by using a *flowListener* you can decide which step to display next so wizard does not need to be linear always. If you need to update other component(s) on page within a flow, use *RequestContext.update(String clientId)* api.

Client Side Callbacks

Wizard is equipped with *onback* and *onnext* attributes, in case you need to execute custom javascript after wizard goes back or forth. You just need to provide the names of javascript functions as the values of these attributes.

```
<p:wizard onnext="alert('Next')" onback="alert('Back')">
    ...
</p:wizard>
```

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.Wizard*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
next()	-	void	Proceeds to next step.
back()	-	void	Goes back in flow.
getStepIndex()	-	Number	Returns the index of current step.
showNextNav()	-	void	Shows next button.
hideNextNav()	-	void	Hides next button.
showBackNav()	-	void	Shows back button.
hideBackNav()	-	void	Hides back button.

Skinning

Wizard resides in a container element that *style* and *styleClass* attributes apply. Following is the list of structural css classes.

Selector	Applies
.ui-wizard	Main container element.
.ui-wizard-content	Container element of content.
.ui-wizard-step-titles	Container of step titles.
.ui-wizard-step-title	Each step title.
.ui-wizard-navbar	Container of navigation controls.
.ui-wizard-nav-back	Back navigation control.
.ui-wizard-nav-next	Forward navigation control.

As skinning style classes are global, see the main theming section for more information.

4. Partial Rendering and Processing

PrimeFaces provides a partial rendering and view processing feature based on standard JSF 2 APIs to enable choosing what to process in JSF lifecycle and what to render in the end with ajax.

4.1 Partial Rendering

In addition to components like autoComplete, datatable, slider with built-in ajax capabilities, PrimeFaces also provides a generic PPR (Partial Page Rendering) mechanism to update JSF components with ajax. Several components are equipped with the common PPR attributes (e.g. update, process, onstart, oncomplete).

4.1.1 Infrastructure

PrimeFaces Ajax Framework is based on standard server side APIs of JSF 2. There are no additional artifacts like custom AjaxViewRoot, AjaxStateManager, AjaxViewHandler, Servlet Filters, HtmlParsers, PhaseListeners and so on. PrimeFaces aims to keep it clean, fast and lightweight.

On client side rather than using client side API implementations of JSF implementations like Mojarra and MyFaces, PrimeFaces scripts are based on the most popular javascript library; jQuery which is far more tested, stable regarding ajax, dom handling, dom tree traversing than a JSF implementations scripts.

4.1.2 Using IDs

Getting Started

When using PPR you need to specify which component(s) to update with ajax. If the component that triggers PPR request is at the same namingcontainer (eg. form) with the component(s) it renders, you can use the server ids directly. In this section although we'll be using commandButton, same applies to every component that's capable of PPR such as commandLink, poll, remoteCommand and etc.

```
<h:form>
    <p:commandButton update="display" />

    <h:outputText id="display" value="#{bean.value}" />
</h:form>
```

PrependId

Setting prependId setting of a form has no effect on how PPR is used.

```
<h:form prependId="false">
    <p:commandButton update="display" />

    <h:outputText id="display" value="#{bean.value}" />
</h:form>
```

ClientId

It is also possible to define the client id of the component to update.

```
<h:form id="myform">
    <p:commandButton update="myform:display" />
    <h:outputText id="display" value="#{bean.value}"/>
</h:form>
```

Different NamingContainers

If your page has different naming containers (e.g. two forms), you also need to add the container id to search expression so that PPR can handle requests that are triggered inside a namingcontainer that updates another namingcontainer. Following is the suggested way using separator char as a prefix, note that this uses same search algorithm as standard JSF 2 implementation;

```
<h:form id="form1">
    <p:commandButton update=":form2:display" />
</h:form>

<h:form id="form2">
    <h:outputText id="display" value="#{bean.value}"/>
</h:form>
```

Please read **findComponent** algorithm described in link below used by both JSF core and PrimeFaces to fully understand how component referencing works.

<http://docs.oracle.com/javaee/6/api/javax/faces/component/UIComponent.html>

JSF h:form, datatable, composite components are naming containers, in addition tabView, accordionPanel, dataTable, dataGrid, dataList, carousel, galleria, ring, sheet and subTable are PrimeFaces component that implement NamingContainer.

Multiple Components

Multiple components to update can be specified with providing a list of ids separated by a comma, whitespace or even both.

```
<h:form>
    <p:commandButton update="display1,display2" />
    <p:commandButton update="display1 display2" />
    <h:outputText id="display1" value="#{bean.value1}"/>
    <h:outputText id="display2" value="#{bean.value2}"/>
</h:form>
```

4.1.3 Notifying Users

ajaxStatus is the component to notify the users about the status of **global** ajax requests. See the ajaxStatus section to get more information about the component.

Global vs Non-Global

By default ajax requests are global, meaning if there is an ajaxStatus component present on page, it is triggered.

If you want to do a "silent" request not to trigger ajaxStatus instead, set global to false. An example with commandButton would be;

```
<p:commandButton value="Silent" global="false" />  
  
<p:commandButton value="Notify" global="true" />
```

4.1.4 Bits&Pieces

PrimeFaces Ajax Javascript API

See the javascript section to learn more about the PrimeFaces Javascript Ajax API.

4.2 Partial Processing

In Partial Page Rendering, only specified components are rendered, similarly in Partial Processing only defined components are processed. Processing means executing Apply Request Values, Process Validations, Update Model and Invoke Application JSF lifecycle phases only on defined components.

This feature is a simple but powerful enough to do group validations, avoiding validating unwanted components, eliminating need of using immediate and many more use cases. Various components such as `commandButton`, `commandLink` are equipped with `process` attribute, in examples we'll be using `commandButton`.

4.2.1 Partial Validation

A common use case of partial process is doing partial validations, suppose you have a simple contact form with two dropdown components for selecting city and suburb, also there's an `inputText` which is required. When city is selected, related suburbs of the selected city is populated in suburb dropdown.

```
<h:form>

  <h:selectOneMenu id="cities" value="#{bean.city}">
    <f:selectItems value="#{bean.cityChoices}" />
    <p:ajax listener="#{bean.populateSuburbs}" update="suburbs"
      process="@all"/>
  </h:selectOneMenu>

  <h:selectOneMenu id="suburbs" value="#{bean.suburb}">
    <f:selectItems value="#{bean.suburbChoices}" />
  </h:selectOneMenu>

  <h:inputText value="#{bean.email}" required="true"/>

</h:form>
```

When the city dropdown is changed an ajax request is sent to execute `populateSuburbs` method which populates `suburbChoices` and finally update the suburbs dropdown. Problem is `populateSuburbs` method will not be executed as lifecycle will stop after process validations phase to jump render response as email input is not provided. Reason is `p:ajax` has `@all` as the value stating to process every component on page but there is no need to process the `inputText`.

The solution is to define what to process in `p:ajax`. As we're just making a city change request, only processing that should happen is cities dropdown.

```
<h:form>
  <h:selectOneMenu id="cities" value="#{bean.city}">
    <f:selectItems value="#{bean.cityChoices}" />
    <p:ajax actionListener="#{bean.populateSuburbs}"
      event="change" update="suburbs" process="@this"/>
  </h:selectOneMenu>

  <h:selectOneMenu id="suburbs" value="#{bean.suburb}">
    <f:selectItems value="#{bean.suburbChoices}" />
  </h:selectOneMenu>

  <h:inputText value="#{bean.email}" required="true"/>
</h:form>
```

That is it, now `populateSuburbs` method will be called and suburbs list will be populated. Note that default value for process option is `@this` already for `p:ajax` as stated in `AjaxBehavior` documentation, it is explicitly defined here to give a better understanding of how partial processing works.

4.2.2 Using Ids

Partial Process uses the same technique applied in partial updates to specify component identifiers to process.

4.3 Search Expression Framework

Core JSF component referencing is based on component identifiers only with basic keyword support. PrimeFaces Search Expression Framework (SEF) provides both server side and client side extensions to make it easier to reference components. SEF is utilized in partial update, process and whenever a component references another component.

4.3.1 Keywords

Keywords are the easier way to reference components, they resolve to ids so that if an id changes, the reference does not need to change. Core JSF provides a couple of keywords and PrimeFaces provides more along with composite expression support.

Keyword	Type	Description
@this	Standard	Current component.
@all	Standard	Whole view.
@form	Standard	Closest ancestor form of current component.
@none	Standard	No component.
@namingcontainer	PrimeFaces	Closest ancestor naming container of current component.
@parent	PrimeFaces	Parent of the current component.
@composite	PrimeFaces	Closest composite component ancestor.
@child(n)	PrimeFaces	nth child.
@row(n)	PrimeFaces	nth row.
@previous	PrimeFaces	Previous sibling.
@next	PrimeFaces	Next sibling.
@widgetVar(name)	PrimeFaces	Component with given widgetVar.

Consider the following case where ids are used for referencing;

```
<h:form id="form1">
    <p:commandButton id="btn" update="form1" process="btn" />
    <h:outputText value="#{bean.value}"/>
</h:form>
```

Using keywords, same can be written as;

```
<h:form id="form1">
    <p:commandButton id="btn" update="@form" process="@this" />
    <h:outputText value="#{bean.value}"/>
</h:form>
```

Composite Expressions

Multiple keywords can be combined in a single expression using colon;

- @form:@parent
- @composite:mybuttonid
- @this:@parent:@parent
- @form:@child(2)

Usage Scenarios

SEF is not just at partial process and update, they are also available whenever a component is referencing another.

```
<h:form>
  <p:commandButton id="dynaButton" value="Show" type="button" />
  <p:menu overlay="true" trigger="@parent:dynaButton">
    //items
  </p:menu>
</h:form>
```

4.3.2 PrimeFaces Selectors (PFS)

PFS integrates jQuery Selector API with JSF component referencing model so that referencing can be done using jQuery Selector API instead of core id based JSF model. Best way to explain the power of PFS is examples;

Update all forms

```
update="@{(form)"}"
```

Update first form

```
update="@{(form:first)"}"
```

Update all components that has styleClass named mystyle

```
update="@{(.mystyle)"}"
```

Update and process all inputs

```
update="@{(:input)}" process="@{(:input)}"
```

Update all datatables

```
update="@{(.ui-datatable)"}"
```

Process input components inside any panel and update all panels

```
process="@(.ui-panel :input)" update="@(.ui-panel)"
```

Process input components but not select components

```
process="@(:input:not(select))"
```

Update input components that are disabled

```
update="@(:input:disabled)"
```

PFS can be used with other referencing approaches as well;

```
update="compId :form:compId @(:input) @parent:@child(2)"
```

```
<h:form>
  <p:commandButton id="dynaButton" value="Show" type="button" styleClass="btn"/>
  <p:menu overlay="true" trigger="@(.btn)">
    //items
  </p:menu>
</h:form>
```

PFS provides an alternative, flexible, grouping based approach to reference components to partially process and update. There is less CPU server load compared to regular referencing because JSF component tree is not traversed on server side to find a component and figure out the client id as PFS is implemented on client side by looking at dom tree. Another advantage is avoiding naming container limitations, just remember the times you've faced with cannot find component exception since the component you are looking for is in a different naming container like a form or a datatable. PFS can help you out in tricky situations by following jQuery's "write less do more" style.

For PFS to function properly and not to miss any component, it is required to have explicitly defined ids on the matched set as core JSF components usually do not render auto ids. So even though manually defined ids won't be referenced directly, they are still required for PFS to be collected and send in the request.

For full reference of jQuery selector api, see;

<http://api.jquery.com/category/selectors/>

4.4 PartialSubmit

Core JSF Ajax implementation and by default PrimeFaces serializes the whole form to build the post data in ajax requests so the same data is posted just like in a non-ajax request. This has a downside in large views where you only need to process/execute a minor part of the view. Assume you have a form with 100 input fields, there is an input field with ajaxbehavior attached processing only itself(@this) and then updates another field onblur. Although only a particular input field is processed, whole form data will be posted with the unnecessary information that would be ignored during server side processing but consume resources.

PrimeFaces provides partialSubmit feature to reduce the network traffic and computing on client side. When partialSubmit is enabled, only data of components that will be partially processed on the server side are serialized. By default partialSubmit is disabled and you can enable it globally using a context parameter.

```
<context-param>
    <param-name>primefaces.SUBMIT</param-name>
    <param-value>partial</param-value>
</context-param>
```

Components like buttons and behaviors like p:ajax are equipped with partialSubmit option so you can override the global setting per component.

```
<p:commandButton value="Submit" partialSubmit="true|false" />
```

5. Javascript API

PrimeFaces renders unobstrusive javascript which cleanly separates behavior from the html. Client side engine is powered by jQuery version 1.8.1 which is the latest at the time of the writing.

5.1 PrimeFaces Namespace

PrimeFaces is the main javascript object providing utilities and namespace.

Method	Description
<code>escapeClientId(id)</code>	Escaped JSF ids with semi colon to work with jQuery.
<code>addSubmitParam(el, name, param)</code>	Adds request parameters dynamically to the element.
<code>getCookie(name)</code>	Returns cookie with given name.
<code>setCookie(name, value, cfg)</code>	Sets a cookie with given name, value and options. e.g. <code>PrimeFaces.setCookie('name', 'test');</code> <code>PrimeFaces.setCookie('name', 'test', {expires: 7, path: '/'})</code> Second example creates cookie for entire site that expires in 7 days.
<code>deleteCookie(name, cfg)</code>	Deletes a cookie with given and and options.
<code>skinInput(input)</code>	Progressively enhances an input element with theming.
<code>info(msg)</code> , <code>debug(msg)</code> , <code>warn(msg)</code> , <code>error(msg)</code>	Client side log API.
<code>changeTheme(theme)</code>	Changes theme on the fly with no page refresh.
<code>cleanWatermarks()</code>	Watermark component extension, cleans all watermarks on page before submitting the form.
<code>showWatermarks()</code>	Shows watermarks on form.

To be compatible with other javascript entities on a page, PrimeFaces defines two javascript namespaces;

PrimeFaces.widget.*

Contains custom PrimeFaces widgets like;

- PrimeFaces.widget.DataTable
- PrimeFaces.widget.Tree
- PrimeFaces.widget.Poll
- and more...

Most of the components have a corresponding client side widget with same name.

PrimeFaces.ajax.*

PrimeFaces.ajax namespace contains the ajax API which is described in next section.

5.2 Ajax API

PrimeFaces Ajax Javascript API is powered by jQuery and optimized for JSF. Whole API consists of three properly namespaced simple javascript functions.

PrimeFaces.ajax.Request

Sends ajax requests that execute JSF lifecycle and retrieve partial output. Function signature is as follows;

```
PrimeFaces.ajax.Request.handle(cfg);
```

Configuration Options

Option	Description
formId	Id of the form element to serialize, if not defined parent form of source is used.
async	Flag to define whether request should go in ajax queue or not, default is false.
global	Flag to define if p:ajaxStatus should be triggered or not, default is true.
update	Component(s) to update with ajax.
process	Component(s) to process in partial request.
source	Client id of the source component causing the request.
params	Additional parameters to send in ajax request.
onstart()	Javascript callback to process before sending the ajax request, return false to cancel the request.
onsuccess(data, status, xhr)	Javascript callback to process when ajax request returns with success code. Takes three arguments, xml response, status code and xmlhttprequest.
onerror(xhr, status, error)	Javascript callback to process when ajax request fails. Takes three arguments, xmlhttprequest, status string and exception thrown if any.
oncomplete(xhr, status, args)	Javascript callback to process when ajax request completes. Takes three arguments, xmlhttprequest, status string and optional arguments provided by RequestContext API.

Examples

Suppose you have a JSF page called *createUser* with a simple form and some input components.

```
<h:form id="userForm">
    <h:inputText id="username" value="#{userBean.user.name}" />
    ... More components
</h:form>
```

You can post all the information with ajax using;

```
PrimeFaces.ajax.Request.handle({
    formId: 'userForm'
    ,source: 'userForm'
    ,process: 'userForm'
});
```

More complex example with additional options;

```
PrimeFaces.ajax.Request.handle({
    formId: 'userForm',
    source: 'userForm',
    process: 'userForm',
    update: 'msgs',
    params: {
        'param_name1': 'value1',
        'param_name2': 'value2'
    },
    oncomplete: function(xhr, status) {alert('Done');}
});
```

We highly recommend using `p:remoteComponent` instead of low level javascript api as it generates the same with much less effort and less possibility to do an error.

PrimeFaces.ajax.Response

`PrimeFaces.ajax.Response.handle()` updates the specified components if any and synchronizes the client side JSF state. DOM updates are implemented using jQuery which uses a very fast algorithm.

Abort

Use the abort API in case you'd like to cancel all the ongoing requests;

```
PrimeFaces.ajax.Queue.abortAll()
```

6. Dialog Framework

Dialog Framework (DF) is used to open an external xhtml page in a dialog that is generated dynamically on runtime. This is quite different to regular usage of dialogs with declarative p:dialog components as DF is based on a programmatic API where dialogs are created and destroyed at runtime. Note that DF and the declarative approach are two different ways and both can even be used together. Usage is quite simple, RequestContext has openDialog and closeDialog methods;

```
/**
 * Open a view in dialog.
 * @param outcome The logical outcome used to resolve a navigation case.
 */
public abstract void openDialog(String outcome);

/**
 * Open a view in dialog.
 * @param outcome The logical outcome used to resolve a navigation case.
 * @param options Configuration options for the dialog.
 * @param params Parameters to send to the view displayed in a dialog.
 */
public abstract void openDialog(String outcome, Map<String,Object> options,
Map<String,List<String>> params);

/**
 * Close a dialog.
 * @param data Optional data to pass back to a dialogReturn event.
 */
public abstract void closeDialog(Object data);
```

Configuration

DF requires the following configuration to be present in faces config file.

```
<application>
  <action-listener>
    org.primefaces.application.DialogActionListener
  </action-listener>
  <navigation-handler>
    org.primefaces.application.DialogNavigationHandler
  </navigation-handler>
  <view-handler>
    org.primefaces.application.DialogViewHandler
  </view-handler>
</application>
```

Getting Started

Simplest use case of DF is opening an xhtml view like *cars.xhtml* in a dialog;

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xmlns:h="http://java.sun.com/jsf/html"
      xmlns:p="http://primefaces.org/ui">

    <h:head>
        <title>Cars</title>
    </h:head>

    <h:body>
        <p:dataTable var="car" value="#{tableBean.cars}">
            //columns
        </p:dataTable>
    </h:body>
</html>

```

On the host page, call `RequestContext.openDialog("viewname");`

```

<p:commandButton value="View Cars" actionListener="#{hostBean.view}" />

```

```

public void view() {
    RequestContext.getCurrentInstance().openDialog("viewCars");
}

```

Once the response is received from the request caused by command button a dialog would be generated with the contents of `viewCars.xhtml`. Title of the dialog is retrieved from the title element of the `viewCars`, in this case, `Cars`.

Dialog Configuration

Overloaded `openDialog` method provides advanced configuration regarding the visuals of dialog along with parameters to send to the dialog content.

```

<p:commandButton value="View Cars" actionListener="#{hostBean.viewCustomized}" />

```

```

public void view() {
    Map<String, Object> options = new HashMap<String, Object>();
    options.put("modal", true);
    options.put("draggable", false);
    options.put("resizable", false);
    options.put("contentHeight", 320);

    RequestContext.getCurrentInstance().openDialog("viewCars", options, null);
}

```

Here is the full list of configuration options;

Name	Default	Type	Description
modal	false	Boolean	Controls modality of the dialog.
resizable	true	Boolean	When enabled, makes dialog resizable.
draggable	true	Boolean	When enabled, makes dialog draggable.
width	auto	String	Width of the dialog.
height	auto	String	Height of the dialog.
contentWidth	640	String	Width of the dialog content.
contentHeight	auto	String	Height of the dialog content.
closable	true	Boolean	Whether the dialog can be closed or not.
includeViewParams	false	Boolean	When enabled, includes the view parameters.
headerElement	null	String	Client id of the element to display inside header.
minimizable	false	Boolean	Makes dialog minimizable.
maximizable	false	Boolean	Makes dialog maximizable.

Data Communication

Page displayed in the dialog can pass data back to the parent page. The trigger component needs to have *dialogReturn* ajax behavior event to hook-in when data is returned from dialog.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xmlns:h="http://java.sun.com/jsf/html"
      xmlns:p="http://primefaces.org/ui">

  <h:head>
    <title>Cars</title>
  </h:head>

  <h:body>
    <p:dataTable var="car" value="#{tableBean.cars}">
      //columns
      <p:column headerText="Select">
        <p:commandButton icon="ui-icon-search"
          actionListener="#{tableBean.selectCarFromDialog(car)}" />
      </p:column>
    </p:dataTable>
  </h:body>
</html>
```

```
public void selectCarFromDialog(Car car) {
    RequestContext.getCurrentInstance().closeDialog(car);
}
```

At host page, the button that triggered the dialog should have *dialogReturn* event.

```
<p:commandButton value="View Cars" actionListener="#{hostBean.viewCars}">
    <p:ajax event="dialogReturn" listener="#{hostBean.handleReturn}"
</p:commandButton>
```

```
public void view() {
    RequestContext.getCurrentInstance().openDialog("viewCars");
}

public void handleReturn(SelectEvent event) {
    Car car = (Car) event.getObject();
}
```

Remarks on Dialog Framework

- At the moment, p:commandButton and p:commandLink supports *dialogReturn*.
- Nested dialogs are not supported.
- Calls to DialogFramework API within a non-ajax are ignored.
- Content Width and Height can take percentage value like 100%.

Dialog Messages

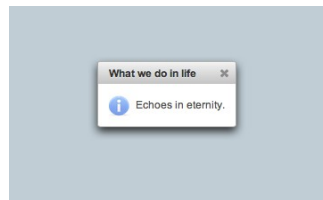
Displaying FacesMessages in a Dialog is a common case where a facesmessage needs to be added to the context first, dialog content containing a message component needs to be updated and finally dialog gets shown with client side api. DF has a simple utility to bypass this process by providing a shortcut;

```
/**
 * Displays a message in a dialog.
 * @param message FacesMessage to be displayed.
 */
public abstract void showMessageInDialog(FacesMessage message);
```

Using this shortcut it is just one line to implement the same functionality;

```
<p:commandButton value="Show" actionListener="#{bean.save}" />
```

```
public void save() {
    //business logic
    RequestContext.getCurrentInstance().showMessageInDialog(new
    FacesMessage(FacesMessage.SEVERITY_INFO,
        "What we do in life", "Echoes in eternity."));
}
```



7. Client Side Validation

PrimeFaces Client Side Validation (CSV) Framework is the most complete and advanced CSV solution for JavaServer Faces and Java EE. CSV support for JSF is not an easy task, it is not simple as integrating a 3rd party javascript plugin as JSF has its own lifecycle, concepts like conversion and then validation, partial processing, facesmessages and many more. Real CSV for JSF should be compatible with server side implementation, should do what JSF does, so that users do not experience difference behaviors on client side and server side.

- Compatible with Server Side Implementation.
- Conversion and Validation happens at client side.
- Partial Process&Update support for Ajax.
- I18n support along with component specific messages.
- Client side Renderers for message components.
- Easy to write custom client converters and validators.
- Global or Component based enable/disable.
- Advanced Bean Validation Integration.
- Little footprint using HTML5.

7.1 Configuration

CVS is disabled by default and a global parameter is required to turn it on.

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>primefaces.CLIENT_SIDE_VALIDATION</param-name>
  <param-value>true</param-value>
</context-param>
```

At page level, enable *validateClient* attribute of *commandButton* and *commandLink* components.

```
<h:form>
  <p:messages />
  <p:inputText required="true" />
  <p:inputTextarea required="true" />
  <p:commandButton value="Save" validateClient="true" ajax="false"/>
</h:form>
```

That is all for the basics, clicking the button validates the form at client side and displays the errors using messages component.

CSV works for PrimeFaces components only, standard h: * components are not supported.

7.2 Ajax vs Non-Ajax

CSV works differently depending on the request type of the trigger component to be compatible with cases where CVS is not enabled.

Non-Ajax

In non-ajax case, all visible and editable input components in the form are validated and message components must be placed inside the form.

Ajax

CSV supports partial processing and updates on client side as well, if process attribute is enabled, the components that would be processed at server side gets validated at client side. Similarly if update attribute is defined, only message components inside the updated parts gets rendered. Whole process happens at client side.

7.3 Events

CSV provides a behavior called `p:clientBehavior` to do instant validation in case you do not want to wait for the users to fill in the form and hit `commandButton/commandLink`. Using `clientBehavior` and custom events, CSV for a particular component can run with events such as `change` (default), `blur`, `keyup`.

```
<h:form>
  <p:panel header="Validate">
    <h:panelGrid columns="4" cellpadding="5">
      <h:outputLabel for="text" value="Text: (Change)" />
      <p:inputText id="text" value="#{validationBean.text}" required="true">
        <f:validateLength minimum="2" maximum="5" />
        <p:clientValidator />
      </p:inputText>
      <p:message for="text" display="icon" />
      <h:outputText value="#{validationBean.text}" />

      <h:outputLabel for="integer" value="Integer: (Keyup)" />
      <p:inputText id="integer" value="#{validationBean.integer}">
        <p:clientValidator event="keyup"/>
      </p:inputText>
      <p:message for="integer" display="icon" />
      <h:outputText value="#{validationBean.integer}" />
    </h:panelGrid>

    <p:commandButton value="Save" ajax="false" icon="ui-icon-check"
      validateClient="true"/>
  </p:panel>
</h:form>
```

7.4 Messages

Validation errors are displayed as the same way in server side validation, texts are retrieved from a client side bundle and message components are required for the displays.

I18N

Default language is English for the CSV messages and for other languages or to customize the default messages, PrimeFaces Locales bundle needs to be present at the page if you'd like to provide translations. For more info on PrimeFaces Locales, visit <http://code.google.com/p/primefaces/wiki/PrimeFacesLocales>.

Rendering

PrimeFaces message components have client side renderers for CSV support, these are p:message, p:messages and p:growl. Component options like showSummary, showDetail, globalOnly, mode are all implemented by client side renderer for compatibility.

7.5 Bean Validation

CSV has built-in integration with Bean Validation by validating the constraints defined with annotations at client side.

```
<h:form>
  <p:growl />
  <h:panelGrid>
    <h:outputLabel for="name" value="Name:" />
    <p:inputText id="name" value="#{bean.name}" label="Name"/>
    <p:message for="name" />

    <h:outputLabel for="age" value="Age: (@Min(10) @Max(20))" />
    <p:inputText id="age" value="#{bean.age}" label="Age"/>
    <p:message for="age" />
  </h:panelGrid>
  <p:commandButton value="Save" validateClient="false" ajax="false" />
</h:form>
```

```
public class Bean {

    @Size(min=2,max=5)
    private String name;

    @Min(10) @Max(20)
    private Integer age;
}
```

All of the standard constraints are supported.

7.6 Extending CSV

Using CSV APIs, it is easy to write your own custom converters and validators.

Email Validator with JSF

Your custom validator must implement ClientValidator interface to provide the client validator id and the optional metadata.

```

package org.primefaces.examples.validate;

import java.util.Map;
import java.util.regex.Pattern;
import javax.faces.application.FacesMessage;
import javax.faces.component.UIComponent;
import javax.faces.context.FacesContext;
import javax.faces.validator.FacesValidator;
import javax.faces.validator.Validator;
import javax.faces.validator.ValidatorException;
import org.primefaces.validate.ClientValidator;

@FacesValidator("custom.emailValidator")
public class EmailValidator implements Validator, ClientValidator {

    private Pattern pattern;

    private static final String EMAIL_PATTERN = "^[_A-Za-z0-9-\\+]+(\\.[_A-Za-z0-9-9-]+)*@" + "[A-Za-z0-9-]+(\\.[A-Za-z0-9-9-]+)*(\\.[A-Za-z]{2,})$";

    public EmailValidator() {
        pattern = Pattern.compile(EMAIL_PATTERN);
    }

    public void validate(FacesContext context, UIComponent component, Object value)
        throws ValidatorException {
        if(value == null) {
            return;
        }

        if(!pattern.matcher(value.toString()).matches()) {
            throw new ValidatorException(new
            FacesMessage(FacesMessage.SEVERITY_ERROR, "Validation Error",
                value + " is not a valid email;"));
        }
    }

    public Map<String, Object> getMetadata() {
        return null;
    }

    public String getValidatorId() {
        return "custom.emailValidator";
    }
}

```

Validator is plugged-in using the standard way.

```

<h:form>
    <p:messages />
    <p:inputText id="email" value="#{bean.value}">
        <f:validator validatorId="custom.emailValidator" />
    </p:inputText>
    <p:message for="email" />
    <p:commandButton value="Save" validateClient="true" ajax="false"/>
</h:form>

```

Last step is implementing the validator at client side and configuring it.

```
PrimeFaces.validator['custom.emailValidator'] = {

    pattern: /\S+@\S+/,

    validate: function(element, value) {
        //use element.data() to access validation metadata, in this case there is
        none.
        if(!this.pattern.test(value)) {
            throw {
                summary: 'Validation Error',
                detail: value + ' is not a valid email.'
            }
        }
    }
};
```

In some cases your validator might need metadata, for example LengthValidator requires min and max constraints to validate against. Server side validator can pass these by overriding the *getMetadata()* method by providing a map of name,value pairs. At client side, these are accessed via *element.data(key)*.

```
public Map<String, Object> getMetadata() {
    Map<String,Object> data = new HashMap<String,Object>();
    data.put("data-prime", 10);
    return data;
}
```

```
validate: function(element, value) {
    var prime = element.data("prime"); //10

    //validate
}
```

Similarly a client side converter can be written by implementing ClientConverter API and overriding *convert: function(element, submittedValue) {}* method to return a javascript object.

Email Validator with Bean Validation

Bean Validation is also supported for extensions, here is an example of a @Email validator.

```
//imports
import org.primefaces.validate.bean.ClientConstraint;

@Target({METHOD, FIELD, ANNOTATION_TYPE})
@Retention(RUNTIME)
@Constraint(validatedBy=EmailConstraintValidator.class)
@ClientConstraint(resolvedBy=EmailClientValidationConstraint.class)
@Documented
public @interface Email {
    String message() default "{org.primefaces.examples.primefaces}";
    Class<?>[] groups() default {};
    Class<? extends Payload>[] payload() default {};
}
```

`@Constraint` is the regular validator from Bean Validation API and `@ClientConstraint` is from CSV API to resolve metadata.

```
public class EmailConstraintValidator
    implements ConstraintValidator<Email, String>{

    private Pattern pattern;

    private static final String EMAIL_PATTERN = "[_A-Za-z0-9-\\+]+(\\.[_A-Za-z0-9-\\+])*@"
                                                + "[A-Za-z0-9-\\+](\\.[A-Za-z0-9-\\+])*([_A-Za-z]{2,})$";

    public void initialize(Email a) {
        pattern = Pattern.compile(EMAIL_PATTERN);
    }

    public boolean isValid(String value, ConstraintValidatorContext cvc) {
        if(value == null)
            return true;
        else
            return pattern.matcher(value.toString()).matches();
    }
}
```

```
public class EmailClientValidationConstraint implements ClientValidationConstraint {

    public static final String MESSAGE_METADATA = "data-p-email-msg";

    public Map<String, Object> getMetadata(ConstraintDescriptor constraintDescriptor)
    {
        Map<String, Object> metadata = new HashMap<String, Object>();
        Map attrs = constraintDescriptor.getAttributes();
        Object message = attrs.get("message");
        if(message != null) {
            metadata.put(MESSAGE_METADATA, message);
        }

        return metadata;
    }

    public String getValidatorId() {
        return Email.class.getSimpleName();
    }
}
```

Final part is implementing the client side validator;

```
PrimeFaces.validator['Email'] = {

    pattern: /\S+@\S+/,

    MESSAGE_ID: 'org.primefaces.examples.validate.email.message',

    validate: function(element, value) {
        var vc = PrimeFaces.util.ValidationContext;

        if(!this.pattern.test(value)) {
            var msgStr = element.data('p-email-msg'),
                msg = msgStr ? {summary:msgStr, detail: msgStr} :
            vc.getMessage(this.MESSAGE_ID);

            throw msg;
        }
    }
};
```

Usage is same as using standard constraints;

```
<h:form>
    <p:messages />
    <p:inputText id="email" value="#{bean.value}" />
    <p:message for="email" />
    <p:commandButton value="Save" validateClient="true" ajax="false"/>
</h:form>
```

```
public class Bean {

    @Email
    private String value;

    //getter-setter
}
```

3rd Party Annotations

When using 3rd party constraints like Hibernate Validator specific annotations, use BeanValidationMetadataMapper to define a ClientValidationConstraint for them.

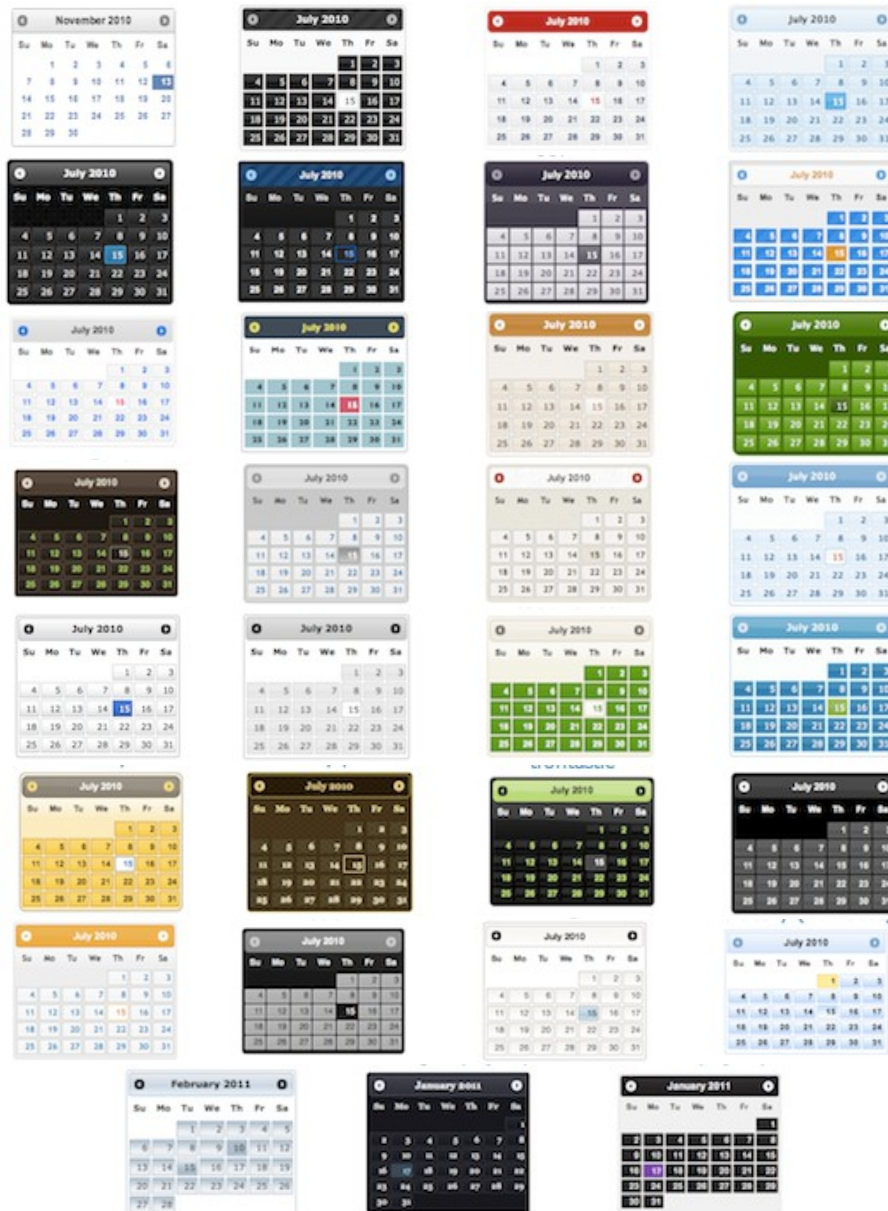
```
BeanValidationMetadataMapper.registerConstraintMapping(Class<? extends Annotation>
constraint, ClientValidationConstraint clientValidationConstraint);

BeanValidationMetadataMapper.removeConstraintMapping(Class<? extends Annotation>
constraint);
```

8. Themes

PrimeFaces is integrated with powerful ThemeRoller CSS Framework. Currently there are 30+ pre-designed themes that you can preview and download from PrimeFaces theme gallery.

<http://www.primefaces.org/themes.html>



8.1 Applying a Theme

Applying a theme to your PrimeFaces project is very easy. Each theme is packaged as a jar file, download the theme you want to use, add it to the classpath of your application and then define `primefaces.THEME` context parameter at your deployment descriptor (`web.xml`) with the theme name as the value.

Download

Each theme is available for manual download at PrimeFaces Theme Gallery. If you are a maven user, define theme artifact as;

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.primefaces.themes</groupId>
  <artifactId>cupertino</artifactId>
  <version>1.0.8</version>
</dependency>
```

`artifactId` is the name of the theme as defined at Theme Gallery page.

Configure

Once you've downloaded the theme, configure PrimeFaces to use it.

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>primefaces.THEME</param-name>
  <param-value>aristo</param-value>
</context-param>
```

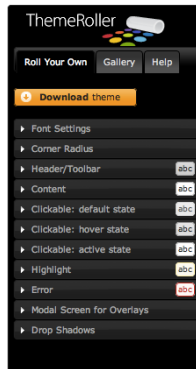
That's it, you don't need to manually add any css to your pages or anything else, PrimeFaces will handle everything for you.

In case you'd like to make the theme dynamic, define an EL expression as the param value.

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>primefaces.THEME</param-name>
  <param-value>#{loggedInUser.preferences.theme}</param-value>
</context-param>
```

8.2 Creating a New Theme

If you'd like to create your own theme instead of using the pre-defined ones, that is easy as well because ThemeRoller provides a powerful and easy to use online visual tool.



Applying your own custom theme is same as applying a pre-built theme however you need to migrate the downloaded theme files from ThemeRoller to PrimeFaces Theme Infrastructure. PrimeFaces Theme convention is the integrated way of applying your custom themes to your project, this approach requires you to create a jar file and add it to the classpath of your application. Jar file **must** have the following folder structure. You can have one or more themes in same jar.

```
-jar
  - META-INF
    - resources
      - primefaces-yourtheme
        - theme.css
        - images
```

1) The theme package you've downloaded from ThemeRoller will have a css file and images folder. Make sure you have “deselect all components” option on download page so that your theme only includes skinning styles. Extract the contents of the package and rename *jquery-ui-{version}.custom.css* to *theme.css*.

2) Image references in your theme.css must also be converted to an expression that JSF resource loading can understand, example would be;

```
url("images/ui-bg_highlight-hard_100_f9f9f9_1x100.png")
```

should be;

```
url("#{resource['primefaces-yourtheme:images/ui-bg_highlight-hard_100_f9f9f9_1x100.png']}")
```

Once the jar of your theme is in classpath, you can use your theme like;

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>primefaces.THEME</param-name>
  <param-value>yourtheme</param-value>
</context-param>
```

8.3 How Themes Work

Powered by ThemeRoller, PrimeFaces separates structural css from skinning css.

Structural CSS

These style classes define the skeleton of the components and include css properties such as margin, padding, display type, dimensions and positioning.

Skinning CSS

Skinning defines the look and feel properties like colors, border colors, background images.

Skinning Selectors

ThemeRoller features a couple of skinning selectors, most important of these are;

Selector	Applies
.ui-widget	All PrimeFaces components
.ui-widget-header	Header section of a component
.ui-widget-content	Content section of a component
.ui-state-default	Default class of a clickable
.ui-state-hover	Hover class of a clickable
.ui-state-active	When a clickable is selected
.ui-state-disabled	Disabled elements.
.ui-state-highlight	Highlighted elements.
.ui-icon	An element to represent an icon.

These classes are not aware of structural css like margins and paddings, mostly they only define colors. This clean separation brings great flexibility in theming because you don't need to know each and every skinning selectors of components to change their style.

For example Panel component's header section has the *.ui-panel-titlebar* structural class, to change the color of a panel header you don't need to about this class as *.ui-widget-header* also that defines the panel colors also applies to the panel header.

8.4 Theming Tips

- Default font size of themes might be bigger than expected, to change the font-size of PrimeFaces components globally, use the `.ui-widget` style class. An example of smaller fonts;

```
.ui-widget, .ui-widget .ui-widget {
    font-size: 90% !important;
}
```

- When creating your own theme with themeroller tool, select one of the pre-designed themes that is close to the color scheme you want and customize that to save time.
- If you are using Apache Trinidad or JBoss RichFaces, PrimeFaces Theme Gallery includes Trinidad's Casablanca and RichFaces's BlueSky theme. You can use these themes to make PrimeFaces look like Trinidad or RichFaces components during migration.
- To change the style of a particular component instead of all components of same type use namespaces, example below demonstrates how to change header of all panels.

```
.ui-panel-titlebar {
    //css
}
```

or

```
.ui-panel-titlebar.ui-widget-header {
    //css
}
```

To apply css on a particular panel;

```
<p:panel styleClass="custom">
    ...
</p:panel>
```

```
.custom .ui-panel-titlebar {
    //css
}
```

8.5 FontAwesome

Font Awesome gives you scalable vector icons that can instantly be customized — size, color, drop shadow, and anything that can be done with the power of CSS. PrimeFaces bundles FontAwesome and provides the CSS tuning of components for the icons. Any component that provides an icon attribute such as buttons or menuitems can accept one of the icons of Font Awesome. In order to enable this feature, a context param is required to be enabled.

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>primefaces.FONT_AWESOME</param-name>
  <param-value>true</param-value>
</context-param>
```

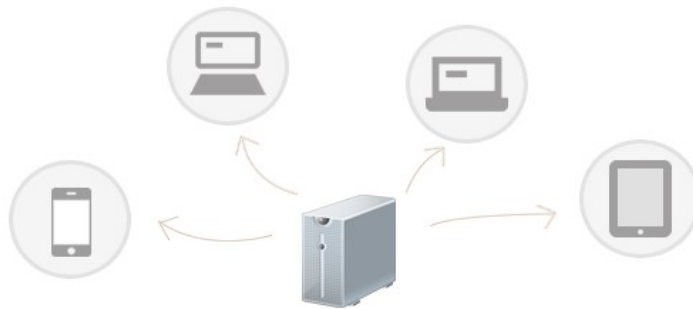
Icons should be prefixed by "fa" in a component;

```
<p:commandButton value="Edit" icon="fa fa-edit" type="button" />
```

For a full list of available icons please visit;

<http://www.primefaces.org/showcase/ui/misc/fa.xhtml>

9. PrimeFaces Push



PrimeFaces Push (PFP) is a push framework built on top of Atmosphere. Atmosphere's creator AsyncIO is a partner company of PrimeTek and the developer of PFP. Atmosphere is highly scalable, supports several containers and browsers, utilizes various transports such as websockets, see, long-polling, streaming and jsonp. For more information please visit;

<https://github.com/Atmosphere/atmosphere>

9.1 Setup

Atmosphere

Atmosphere is required to run PrimeFaces Push, in your pom.xml define the dependency as;

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.atmosphere</groupId>
  <artifactId>atmosphere-runtime</artifactId>
  <version>2.3.RC6 or newer</version>
</dependency>
```

Push Servlet

Push Servlet is used as a gateway for clients.

```
<servlet>
  <servlet-name>Push Servlet</servlet-name>
  <servlet-class>org.primefaces.push.PushServlet</servlet-class>
  <async-supported>true</async-supported>
</servlet>

<servlet-mapping>
  <servlet-name>Push Servlet</servlet-name>
  <url-pattern>/primepush/*</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping>
```

9.2 Annotations

Design of PFP is annotation driven centralized around the main `@PushEndPoint`.

@PushEndPoint

The easiest way to create PFP application is by using the `@PushEndPoint` annotation. This annotation simplifies the process to build an application using PFP avoiding the need to interact with Atmospheres more sophisticated API. This annotation significantly reduces the number of code required to build a powerful real time application by transparently installing Atmospheres components like heartbeat, idle connections detections, disconnect state recovery etc. It also allows the use of external dependency injection framework like CDI, Spring or Guice. Annotation provides one attribute called `path` to define the resource path.

path: The path to the resource.

The default is `"/"` so if you have mapped the `PushServlet` to `"/"`, all request will be delivered to your annotated class. You can also customize the path. The path value will be used to map an incoming request `uri` path to an annotated `PushEndpoint` class.

```
@PushEndPoint("/chat")
```

@Singleton

Singleton annotation is used to force creating a single, thread safe instance of a `PushEndpoint` annotated classes. For example, if your application set the `@PushEndpoint`'s `path` attribute with a path, by default a new instance of the annotated classes will be created. When annotated with `Singleton` however, a single class will be created.

@OnOpen

The `OnOpen()` will be invoked when the underlying connection is ready to be used, e.g for write operations. Annotated method needs to take the form of;

```
@OnOpen
public void onOpen();

@OnOpen
public void onOpen(RemoteEndpoint r);

@OnOpen
public void onOpen(RemoteEndpoint r, EventBus e);
```

The `RemoteEndpoint` represents the physical connection and can be used to write some data back to the browser. The `EventBus` can be used to fire messages to one or more `RemoteEndpoints` using regex expressions.

@OnMessage

The `OnMessage()` will be invoked when a message is ready to be deliver, e.g as a result of a `EventBus` publish operation or when a browser is POSTing some bytes. The annotation's attributes available are;

encoders: A list of [Encoder]() that will be used to encode the annotated method return value. The returned value of an annotated OnMessage method will be broadcasted to all resource associated with the Broadcaster, associated with this annotated classes.

decoders: A list of [Decoder]() used to decode a broadcasted messages into an object matching the methods signature.

Both of the encoders and decoders can be chained, meaning the returned value of an encoder-decoder can be used as an input for the next one.

```
@OnMessage(encoders = {JSONEncoder.class})
public String onMessage(String count) {
    return count;
}
```

Out of the box, PrimeFaces PUSH provides JSON implementations that are;

- org.primefaces.push.impl.JSONEncoder
- org.primefaces.push.impl.JSONDecoder

It is also easy to create your own encoders-decoders by implementing *org.primefaces.push.Encoder* and *org.primefaces.push.Decoder* interfaces.

@OnClose

The @OnClose() will be invoked when the client disconnect, e.g close the connection, when a network outage happens or when a proxy close the connection. Annotated method needs to take the form of;

```
@OnClose
public void onClose();

@OnClose
public void onClose(RemoteEndpoint r);

@OnClose
public void onClose(RemoteEndpoint r, EventBus e);
```

Only one method in a class can be annotated with @OnClose.

@PathParam

@PathParam is used to automatically parse the path and assign path tokens to class variables.

```
@PushEndpoint("/somepath/{room}/{user}")
@Singleton
public class ChatResource {

    @PathParam("room")
    private String room;

    @PathParam("user")
    private String username;

    //...
```

9.3 API

RemoteEndPoint

The `RemoteEndpoint()` class represents the remote connection, e.g the Browser. An instance of `RemoteEndpoint` hold information about the headers, queryString, body, uri, path and path segments that can be used for manipulating the incoming request. If you are familiar with the Servlets "HttpServletRequest", the `RemoteEndpoint` can be seen as an improved version. You can also use a `RemoteEndpoint#write` to write back messages that will be delivered uniquely to the browser.

EventBus

A distributed lightweight event bus which can encompass multiple `PushEndpoint` instances. The event bus implements publish / subscribe and point to point messaging. Messages sent over the event bus can be of any type. For publish / subscribe, messages can be published to a Java class annotated with the `[PushEndpoint#value]()` using one of the method annotated with `[OnMessage]()`. The `EventBus` is the recommended way for delivering messages. `EventBus` is retrieved via;

```
EventBus eventBus = EventBusFactory.getDefault().eventBus();
```

Once an `EventBus` instance is available, publishing data to subscribers is done with overloaded publish methods.

publish(Object o): Fires given object to all connected `RemoteEndpoints`.

publish(String path, Object o): Fires given object to `RemoteEndpoints` that connected to the path.

publish(String path, Object o, Reply reply): Fires given object to `RemoteEndpoints` that connected to the path by passing a `Reply` instance. `Reply` is an interface with a callback called `completed(String path)` that is invoked when the `EventBus` delivered the message to the `PushEndPoint` that matches the path used to initiate the publish operation.

9.4 Socket Component

Socket is a PrimeFaces component that handles the connection between the server and the browser, common way to use socket is by defining a path and a callback to handle broadcasts.

```
<p:socket channel="/chat" onmessage="handlePublish"/>
```

See Socket component documentation for the full list of available options.

Client Side API

Widget: *PrimeFaces.widget.Socket*

Method	Params	Return Type	Description
connect(uri)	uri	void	Connects to given uri.
push(json)	json	void	Pushes data from client side.
disconnect	-	void	Disconnects from channel.

9.5 Putting It All Together

PrimeFaces Showcase has various push demos, in this section two of them are covered.

9.5.1 Counter

Counter is a global counter where each button click increments the count value and new value is pushed to all subscribers.

View page has an `outputText` to display the value, a button to increment current value to push, a socket component to connect to `/counter` channel and finally the `onMessage` client side callback to update the UI.

```
<h:form>
    <h:outputText value="#{counterView.count}" styleClass="display" />
    <p:commandButton value="Click" actionListener="#{counterView.increment}" />
</h:form>

<p:socket onMessage="handleMessage" channel="/counter" />

<script type="text/javascript">
function handleMessage(data) {
    $('#display').text(data);
}
</script>
```

```
package org.primefaces.examples.push.counter;

import java.io.Serializable;
import javax.faces.bean.ApplicationScoped;
import javax.faces.bean.ManagedBean;
import org.primefaces.push.EventBus;
import org.primefaces.push.EventBusFactory;

@ManagedBean
@ApplicationScoped
public class CounterView implements Serializable{

    private volatile int count;

    public int getCount() {
        return count;
    }

    public void setCount(int count) {
        this.count = count;
    }

    public void increment() {
        count++;

        EventBus eventBus = EventBusFactory.getDefault().eventBus();
        eventBus.publish("/counter", String.valueOf(count));
    }
}
```

increment button actionlistener first adds one to the counter value, gets an EventBus and then pushes the new value to all connected clients. Final piece is writing the CounterResource to handle messages whenever a data is pushed.

```
package org.primefaces.examples.push.counter;

import org.primefaces.push.annotation.OnMessage;
import org.primefaces.push.annotation.PushEndpoint;
import org.primefaces.push.impl.JSONEncoder;

@PushEndpoint("/counter")
public class CounterResource {

    @OnMessage(encoders = {JSONEncoder.class})
    public String onMessage(String count) {
        return count;
    }
}
```

In case you'd like to update components and/or invoke listeners in your backing bean on broadcast, you can use the optional *message* ajax behavior to implement the same functionality but with an extra request.

```
<h:form id="form">
    <h:outputText id="out" value="#{globalCounter.count}" />
    <p:commandButton value="Click" actionListener="#{globalCounter.increment}" />
</h:form>

<p:socket channel="/counter">
    <p:ajax event="message" update="form:out" />
</p:socket>
```

9.5.2 FacesMessage

This sample shows how to push FacesMessages from one client to all others and display them using Growl Component.

```
<p:growl widgetVar="growl" showDetail="true" />

<h:form>
    <p:panel header="Growl">
        <h:panelGrid columns="2">
            <p:outputLabel for="summary" value="Summary: " />
            <p:inputText id="summary" value="#{growlBean.summary}" required="true" />

            <p:outputLabel for="detail" value="Detail: " />
            <p:inputText id="detail" value="#{growlBean.detail}" required="true" />
        </h:panelGrid>

        <p:commandButton value="Send" actionListener="#{growlBean.send}" />
    </p:panel>
</h:form>

<p:socket onMessage="handleMessage" channel="/notify" />

<script type="text/javascript">
function handleMessage(facesmessage) {
    facesmessage.severity = 'info';
    PF('growl').show([facesmessage]);
}
</script>
```

```
package org.primefaces.examples.view;

import javax.faces.application.FacesMessage;
import javax.faces.bean.ManagedBean;
import javax.faces.bean.RequestScoped;
import javax.faces.context.FacesContext;
import javax.faces.event.ActionEvent;
import org.primefaces.push.EventBus;
import org.primefaces.push.EventBusFactory;

@ManagedBean
@RequestScoped
public class GrowlBean {

    private final static String CHANNEL = "/notify";
    private String text, summary, detail;
    //getters-setters

    public void send() {
        EventBus eventBus = EventBusFactory.getDefault().eventBus();
        eventBus.publish(CHANNEL, new FacesMessage(summary, detail));
    }
}
```

NotifyResource simply encodes the pushed messages as JSON.

```
package org.primefaces.examples.push.notify;

import javax.faces.application.FacesMessage;
import org.primefaces.push.annotation.OnMessage;
import org.primefaces.push.annotation.PushEndpoint;
import org.primefaces.push.impl.JSONEncoder;

@PushEndpoint("/notify")
public class NotifyResource {

    @OnMessage(encoders = {JSONEncoder.class})
    public FacesMessage onMessage(FacesMessage message) {
        return message;
    }
}
```

9.6 Tips and Tricks

Dynamic Paths

Client side API would be handy to create dynamic channels, channel name of the socket does not need to be static and you can create dynamic channels on runtime since a channel is basically a path name. `@PathParam` is very handy to automatically parse the Path and assign the path tokens to variables.

See chat sample in showcase for an example of dynamic channels used to send private messages.

Proxies

Proxies are problematic not just for PrimeFaces Push - Atmosphere solution but in all solutions. If your proxy supports websockets, make sure to add the necessary configuration. Another solution that is considered as a workaround is to override the default uri of the push server. Default uri is `protocol://contextPath/primepush/channel`, for example PrimeFaces online showcase is running on jetty that is behind an apache mod proxy which doesn't support websockets at time of the writing. Solution is to configure PrimeFaces to use another push server like;

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>primefaces.PUSH_SERVER_URL</param-name>
  <param-value>http://www.primefaces.org:8080</param-value>
</context-param>
```

So that socket component bypasses the proxy and directly communicates with the application.

Supported Server and Client Environments

Atmosphere does a great job in supporting different servers and browsers. See the detailed list at;

<https://github.com/Atmosphere/atmosphere/wiki/Supported-WebServers-and-Browsers>

Scalability

Atmosphere is build to scale via plugins such as JMS, Redis, XMPP, Hazelcast and more. Refer to atmosphere documentation to see how to configure atmosphere in more than one server. PushServlet extends from AtmosphereServlet so any configuration option for AtmosphereServlet also applies PushServlet.

10. PrimeFaces Mobile

PrimeFaces Mobile (PFM) is a UI Kit to create JSF applications optimized for mobile devices. PFM is built on top of jQuery Mobile, a touch-optimized HTML5 UI framework providing support for various platforms.

In addition to the seamless integration with jQuery Mobile, PFM features a Mobile Renderkit for popular PrimeFaces components, ajax framework extensions, mobile ajax behavior events, integrated navigation model, lazy loading of pages, responsive widgets and more.

10.1 Setup

Mobile ships with PrimeFaces Core so no additional download is required.

Configuration

A mobile navigation handler is necessary inside faces configuration to enable navigations support.

```
<application>
  <navigation-handler>
    org.primefaces.mobile.application.MobileNavigationHandler
  </navigation-handler>
</application>
```

Taglib

PFM provides mobile specific components with the following taglib.

```
xmlns:pm="http://primefaces.org/mobile"
```

RenderKit

RenderKit is the core part of PFM featuring optimized renderers for mobile environments. There are two main ways to enable PFM RenderKit.

Core view tag has a renderKitId attribute to set the renderer kit of the page.

```
<f:view renderKitId="PRIMEFACES_MOBILE" />
```

If your application fully consists of mobile pages, then a global configuration in faces configuration file should be preferred instead of per page configuration.

```
<application>
  <default-render-kit-id>PRIMEFACES_MOBILE</application>
</application>
```

10.2 Pages

A mobile page is a regular facelets xhtml file with mobile page containers defined with `pm:page`.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"
      xmlns:h="http://java.sun.com/jsf/html"
      xmlns:f="http://java.sun.com/jsf/core"
      xmlns:p="http://primefaces.org/ui"
      xmlns:pm="http://primefaces.org/mobile">

    <f:view renderKitId="PRIMEFACES_MOBILE" />

    <h:head>
    </h:head>

    <h:body>

        <pm:page>
            <pm:header title="Basic Page"></pm:header>
            <pm:content></pm:content>
        </pm:page>

    </h:body>
</html>
```

A single page xhtml view can have more than one page. By default the first page is visible on load.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"
      xmlns:h="http://java.sun.com/jsf/html"
      xmlns:f="http://java.sun.com/jsf/core"
      xmlns:p="http://primefaces.org/ui"
      xmlns:pm="http://primefaces.org/mobile">

    <f:view renderKitId="PRIMEFACES_MOBILE" />

    <h:head>
    </h:head>

    <h:body>

        <pm:page id="main">
            <pm:header title="Main Page"></pm:header>
            <pm:content></pm:content>
        </pm:page>

        <pm:page id="second">
            <pm:header title="Second Page"></pm:header>
            <pm:content></pm:content>
        </pm:page>

    </h:body>
</html>
```

10.2 Navigations

PFM supports all kinds of standard navigations with the addition of a custom navigation model.

Internal

Internal navigation is between pages in the same xhtml view. Outcome should have the **pm:** prefix for this kind of navigation. Using the multi page sample at section 10.1;

```
<p:button outcome="pm:second" />
<p:link outcome="pm:second" />
```

Button and Link components displays the page whose id is *second*. In case you'd like to navigate after a POST request, usage would be similar.

```
<p:commandButton value="Go to Second" action="#{bean.go}" />
```

```
public String go() {
    return "pm:second";
}
```

External

External navigations to another xhtml in same domain or a resource in another domain is same as standard approach.

```
<p:button outcome="/ui/home" value="Home" />
<p:button href="http://www.primefaces.org" value="Home" />
```

Transitions

Various animations are available to run during the navigation. Name of the effect is appended to the outcome. In addition, *reverse* option is provided for back navigations.

```
<p:button outcome="pm:second?transition=pop" />
<p:link outcome="pm:second?transition=flip&reverse=true" />
```

List of possible transitions is *fade*, *pop*, *flip*, *turn*, *flow*, *slide*, *slidefade*, *slideup* and *slidedown*. Fade is the default transition and to turn off animation, set none as the value.

Client API

A client side API is available to navigate manually from a custom javascript code. Signature is;

PrimeFaces.Mobile.navigate(to, cfg);

```
PrimeFaces.Mobile.navigate('#second', {
    reverse: true/false,
    transition: 'fade'
});
```

10.3 Components

10.3.1 Content

Content is container component for the content area of a page.

Info

Tag	content
Component Class	org.primefaces.mobile.component.content.Content
Component Type	org.primefaces.mobile.Content
Component Family	org.primefaces.mobile.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.mobile.component.ContentRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.mobile.component.content.ContentRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.

Getting Started with the Content

Content is a children component of a page.

```
<pm:page>
  <pm:content>
    //page content
  </pm:content>
</pm:page>
```

10.3.2 Field

Field is a responsive layout component for label-input pairs.

Info

Tag	field
Component Class	org.primefaces.mobile.component.field.Field
Component Type	org.primefaces.mobile.Field
Component Family	org.primefaces.mobile.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.mobile.component.FieldRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.mobile.component.field.FieldRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean

Getting Started with the Field

Field is used as the container of a label and an input component. As a responsive component, field displays the optimal placement for its children based on available width.

```
<pm:field>
    <p:outputLabel for="text" value="Text:" />
    <p:inputText id="txt" />
</pm:field>
```

10.3.3 Footer

Footer is container component for the bottom area of a page.

Info

Tag	footer
Component Class	org.primefaces.mobile.component.footer.Footer
Component Type	org.primefaces.mobile.Footer
Component Family	org.primefaces.mobile.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.mobile.component.FooterRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.mobile.component.footer.FooterRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
title	null	String	Title text of the footer.
fixed	false	Boolean	Positions the footer as fixed on scroll.
theme	null	String	Swatch of the component.
tapToggle	true	Boolean	For fixed footers, sets whether the fixed toolbar's visibility can be toggled by tapping on the page.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.

Getting Started with the Footer

Footer is a children component of a page.

```
<pm:page>
  <pm:footer title="Footer"></pm:footer>
</pm:page>
```

10.3.4 Header

Header is container component for the top area of a page.

Info

Tag	header
Component Class	org.primefaces.mobile.component.header.Header
Component Type	org.primefaces.mobile.Header
Component Family	org.primefaces.mobile.component.Header
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.mobile.component.HeaderRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.mobile.component.header.HeaderRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
title	null	String	Title text of the header.
fixed	false	Boolean	Positions the header as fixed on scroll.
theme	null	String	Swatch of the component.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.

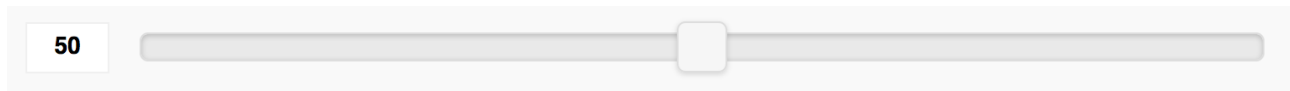
Getting Started with the Header

Header is a children component of a page.

```
<pm:page>
  <pm:header title="Footer"></pm:header>
</pm:page>
```

10.3.5 InputSlider

InputSlider is an input component with a touch enabled slider.



Info

Tag	inputSlider
Component Class	org.primefaces.mobile.component.inputslider.InputSlider
Component Type	org.primefaces.mobile.InputSlider
Component Family	org.primefaces.mobile.component.
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.mobile.component.InputSliderRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.mobile.component.inputslider.InputSliderRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component.
converter	null	Object	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id.
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	Object	A method binding expression that refers to a method validationg the input.
valueChangeListener	null	Object	A method binding expression that refers to a method for handling a valuechangeevent.
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.

Name	Default	Type	Description
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
minValue	0	Integer	Minimum value of the slider.
maxValue	100	Integer	Maximum value of the slider.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
step	1	String	Step factor to apply on slider move.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables or enables the slider.
label	null	String	User presentable name.
highlight	false	Boolean	Highlights the value range when enabled.

Getting Started with the InputSlider

InputSlider requires an integer as its value.

```
<pm:inputSlider value="50" />

<pm:inputSlider value="#{backingView.integerProperty}" />
```

Boundaries

0 and 100 are the default boundaries, these can be customized using *minValue* and *maxValue*.

```
<pm:inputSlider minValue="100" maxValue="200" value="#{backingView.intProperty}"/>
```

10.3.6 Page

Page is main component to define an internal page within an xhtml.

Info

Tag	page
Component Class	org.primefaces.mobile.component.page.Page
Component Type	org.primefaces.mobile.Page
Component Family	org.primefaces.mobile.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.mobile.component.PageRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.mobile.component.page.PageRenderer

Attributes

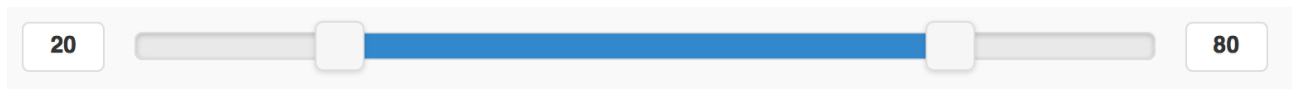
Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
title	null	String	Title text of the page.
theme	null	String	Swatch of the page.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
lazy	false	Boolean	Lazy loading views are not rendered on initial page load to improve performance and instead lazily loaded on demand when there are first navigated to.

Getting Started with the Page

Please see section 10.1 Pages for the usage and more information.

10.3.7 RangeSlider

RangeSlider is a grouping component for dual sliders to create a range selection.



Info

Tag	rangeSlider
Component Class	org.primefaces.mobile.component.rangeslider.RangeSlider
Component Type	org.primefaces.mobile.RangeSlider
Component Family	org.primefaces.mobile.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.mobile.component.RangeSlider
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.mobile.component.rangeslider.RangeSlider

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
highlight	false	Boolean	Highlights the value range when enabled.

Getting Started with the RangeSlider

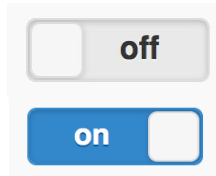
RangeSlider needs two sliders as children, first slider is for the start of range and second for the end.

```
<pm:rangeSlider>
  <pm:inputSlider value="#{backingView.start}"/>
  <pm:inputSlider value="#{backingView.end}"/>
</pm:rangeSlider>
```

10.3.8 Switch (Deprecated)

Switch is deprecated, use p:inputSwitch instead.

Switch is an input component to select a boolean value.



Info

Tag	switch
Component Class	org.primefaces.mobile.component.uiswitch.UISwitch
Component Type	org.primefaces.mobile.UISwitch
Component Family	org.primefaces.mobile.component
Renderer Type	org.primefaces.mobile.component.UISwitchRenderer
Renderer Class	org.primefaces.mobile.component.uiswitch.UISwitchRenderer

Attributes

Name	Default	Type	Description
id	null	String	Unique identifier of the component
rendered	true	Boolean	Boolean value to specify the rendering of the component, when set to false component will not be rendered.
binding	null	Object	An el expression that maps to a server side UIComponent instance in a backing bean
value	null	Object	Value of the component.
converter	null	Object	An el expression or a literal text that defines a converter for the component. When it's an EL expression, it's resolved to a converter instance. In case it's a static text, it must refer to a converter id.
immediate	false	Boolean	When set true, process validations logic is executed at apply request values phase for this component.
required	false	Boolean	Marks component as required
validator	null	Object	A method binding expression that refers to a method validating the input.

Name	Default	Type	Description
valueChangeListener	null	Object	A method binding expression that refers to a method for handling a valuechangeevent.
requiredMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when required field validation fails.
converterMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when conversion fails.
validatorMessage	null	String	Message to be displayed when validation fields.
onLabel	on	Integer	Minimum value of the slider.
offLabel	off	Integer	Maximum value of the slider.
label	null	String	User presentable name.
style	null	String	Inline style of the component.
styleClass	null	String	Style class of the component.
label	null	String	User presentable name.
disabled	false	Boolean	Disables or enables the switch.
onchange	false	String	Client side callback to execute on change event.

Getting Started with the Switch

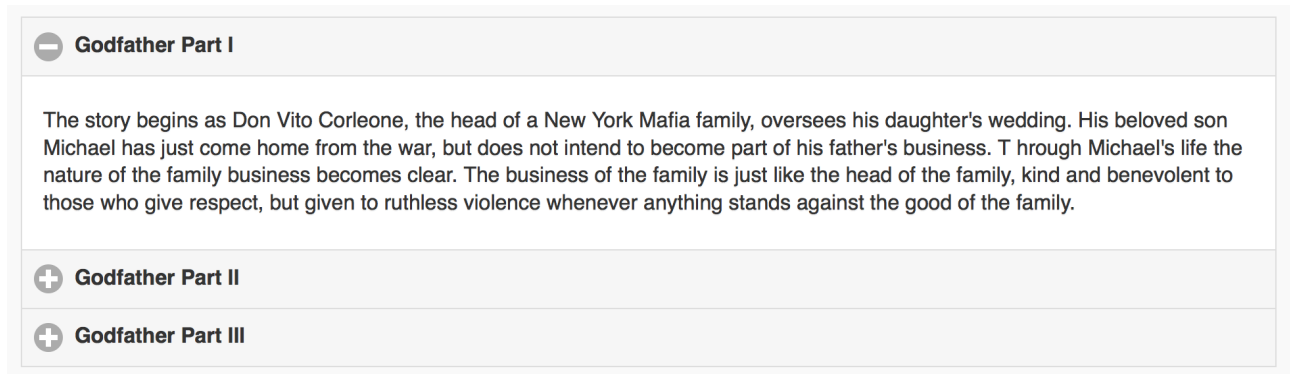
Value of switch should be a boolean property, if the value is false offLabel would be displayed and onLabel would be used otherwise.

```
<pm:switch value="#{backingView.booleanProperty}" />
```

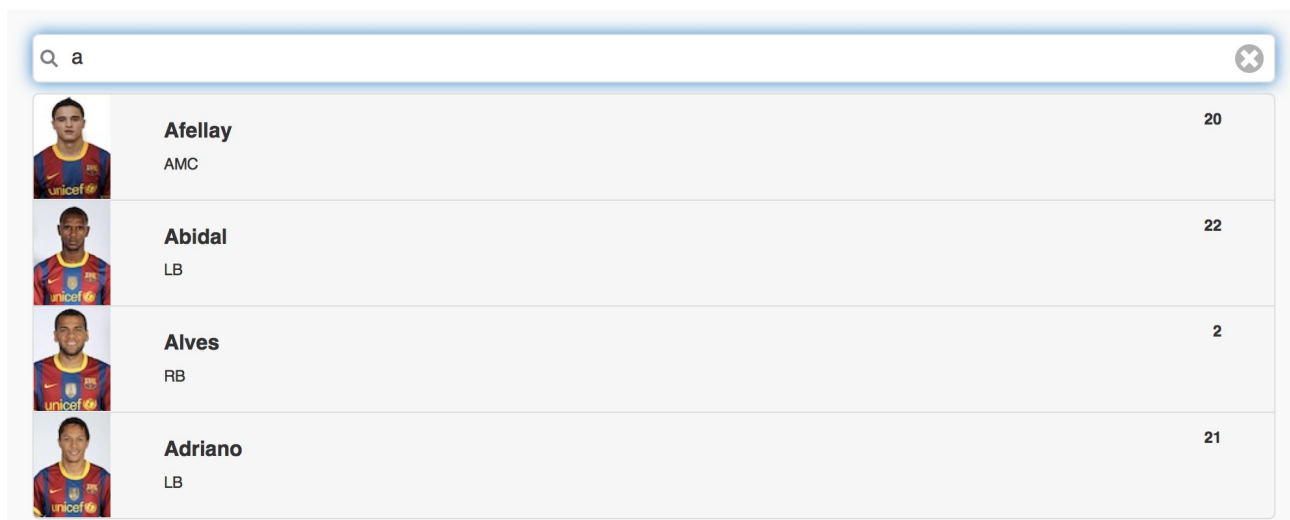
10.4 RenderKit

In addition to the mobile components, various core components have been enhanced with touch optimized mobile renderers so that same component can be optimized for a mobile browser. Since usage is same in desktop and mobile environments, refer to chapter 3 for documentation about these components.

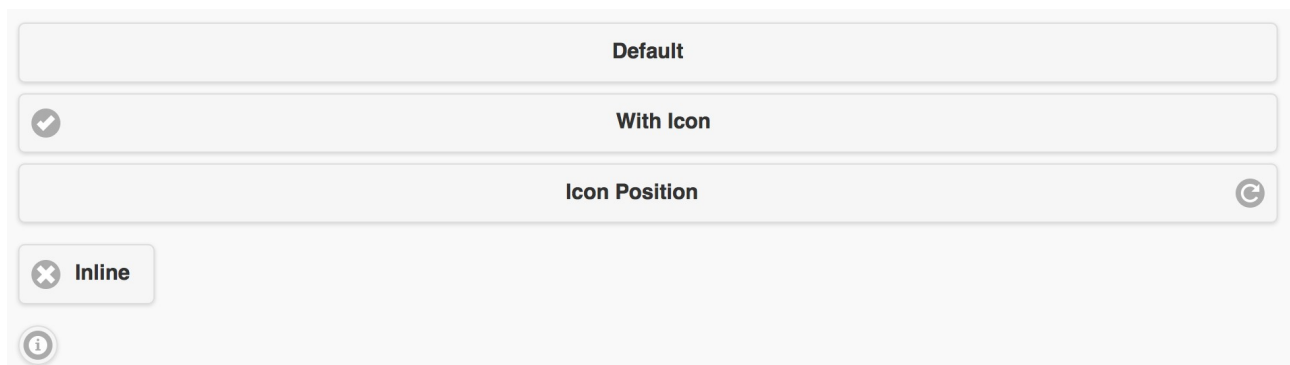
10.4.1 AccordionPanel



10.4.2 AutoComplete



10.4.3 Button



10.4.4 Calendar

April 2014						
Su	Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30			

10.4.5 ConfirmDialog

10.4.6 DataList

List of Players		
	Messi CF	10 >
	Iniesta CM	8 >
	Villa CF	7 >
	Xavi CM	6 >
	Puyol CB	5 >
F.C. Barcelona		

Additional supported ajax events are swiperight, swiperight, tap and taphold.

10.4.7 DataGrid

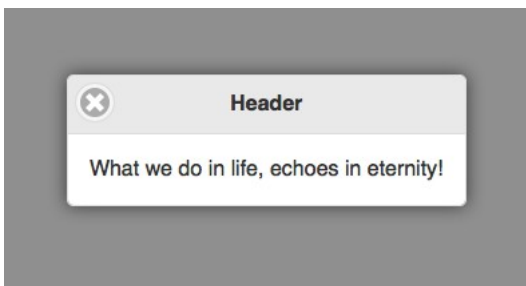
Cars for Sale					
1	2	3	4	5	6
5a9e406d	56152bce	2606e4dd			
 1973 	 1962 	 1991 			
c7830967	2790b4f8	0d20cefb			
 1961 	 1960 	 1992 			
6f5244ad	11bd7348	abe86838			
 1970 	 1997 	 1994 			

10.4.8 DataTable

				1	2	3	4	5				
 Id	Year	 Brand				 Color						
d37b8b3d	2009	Audi				Orange						
cd2b1c70	2004	Jaguar				Blue						
6475a4c0	2002	Mercedes				Green						
c20309f0	2000	BMW				White						
3ca28c5a	1999	Fiat				Maroon						
74538f69	1999	Mercedes				Blue						
1a75af42	1997	Mercedes				Brown						
2f484569	1996	Jaguar				Maroon						
e61c3491	1996	Fiat				Black						
fbf8f643	1995	BMW				Silver						
				1	2	3	4	5				

Additional supported ajax events are swiperight, swiperight, tap and taphold.

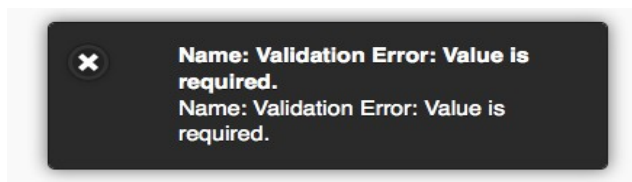
10.4.9 Dialog



10.4.10 FileUpload



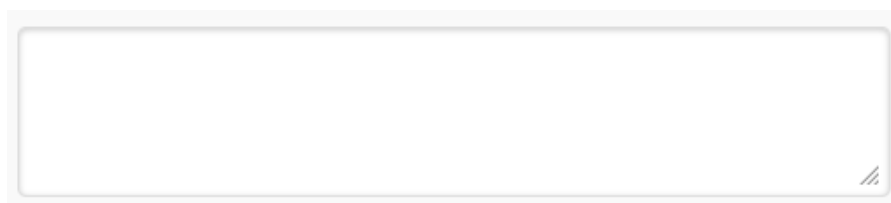
10.4.11 Growl



10.4.12 InputText



10.4.13 InputTextarea

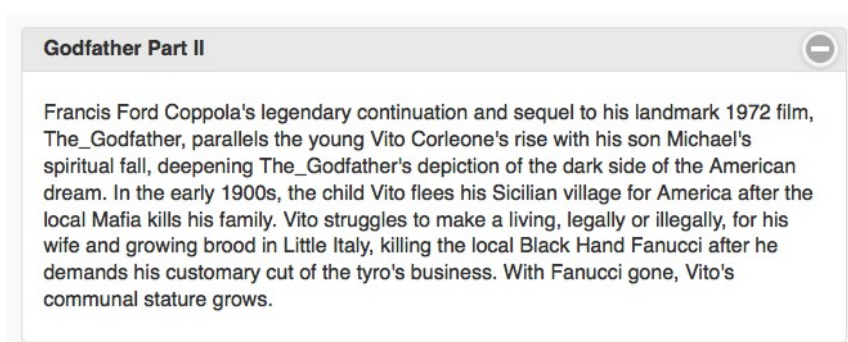


10.4.14 Link

10.4.15 Menu



10.4.16 Panel



10.4.17 PanelGrid

A	B	C
D	E	F
G	H	I

10.4.17 SelectBooleanCheckbox

☒ I agree

10.4.18 SelectCheckboxMenu

×

Select Multiple

Option 1 ☒

Option 2 ☒

Option 3 ☐

2 ▼

10.4.18 SelectManyButton

Option 1

Option 2

Option 3

10.4.19 SelectManyCheckbox

☐ Option 1

☒ Option 2

☒ Option 3

10.4.20 SelectOneButton

Option 1

Option 2

Option 3

10.4.21 SelectOneMenu

Select One ▼

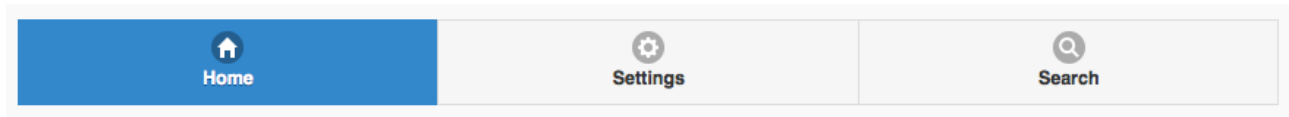
10.4.22 SelectOneRadio

☒ Option 1

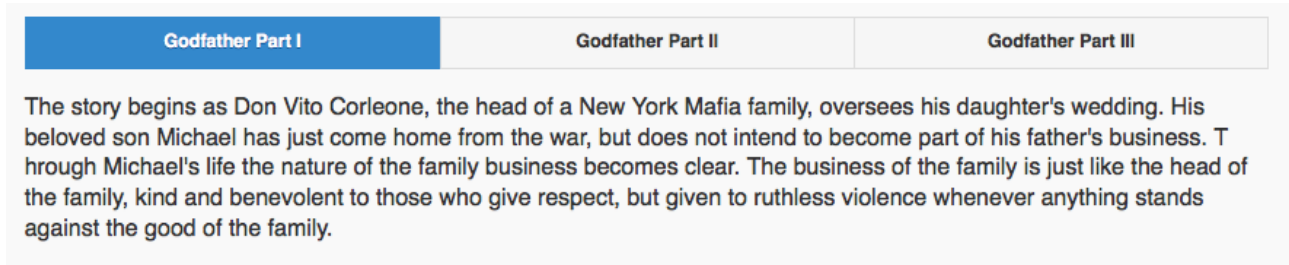
☐ Option 2

☐ Option 3

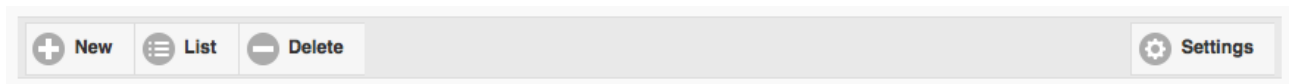
10.4.23 TabMenu



10.4.24 TabView



10.4.25 Toolbar



10.5 Themes

Mobile theming is similar to the core theming documented at chapter 8. Main difference is the swatch concept of mobile themes where one theme can contain multiple swatches. Default theme has two swatches **a** and **b**. A swatch can be applied using swatch attribute when available.

```
<pm:header title="Header" swatch="b"></pm:header>
```

Custom Theme

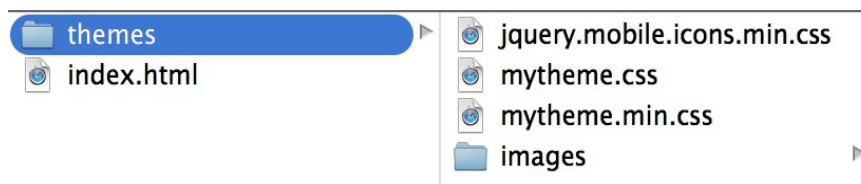
There is a mobile themeroller application to create a custom theme.

<http://themeroller.jquerymobile.com>

After creating the theme and downloading it as a zip file, a jar file has to be created to install the theme with the same folder structure as a desktop theme.

```
-jar
  - META-INF
    - resources
      - primefaces-mytheme
        - theme.css
        - images
```

1) The theme package downloaded from ThemeRoller will have a *themenamename.css* file and images folder. Extract the contents of the package and rename *themenamename.css* to *theme.css*.



2) Image references in your theme.css must also be converted to an expression that JSF resource loading can understand, example would be;

```
url("images/ui-bg_highlight-hard_100_f9f9f9_1x100.png")
```

should be;

```
url("#{resource['primefaces-mytheme:images/ui-bg_highlight-hard_100_f9f9f9_1x100.png']}")
```

Once the jar of your theme is in classpath, you can enable the theme by the following configuration.

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>primefaces.mobile.THEME</param-name>
  <param-value>mytheme</param-value>
</context-param>
```

param-value can be an EL expression as well to implement dynamic theming.

10.6 Framework

In addition to the UI components, PFM provides seamless integration with jQuery Mobile.

10.6.1 Ajax Updates

Plain jQuery Mobile UI elements use progressive enhancement approach that runs once on page load, this breaks JSF ajax updates since the updated parts cannot be enhanced again. PFM takes care of this problem under the hood.

As an example, the plain jquery mobile datalist and inputtext will lose all styling and functionality when updated with standard ajax commandbutton whereas PFM commandButton will properly update the datalist and inputtext.

```
<h:commandButton value="Standard">
    <f:ajax render="panel1" />
</h:commandButton>

<p:commandButton value="PFM" update="panel2" icon="ui-icon-refresh"/>

<h:panelGroup id="panel1">
    <ul data-role="listview" data-inset="true">
        <li><a href="#">Item 1</a></li>
        <li><a href="#">Item 2</a></li>
        <li><a href="#">Item 3</a></li>
    </ul>

    <h:inputText />
</h:panelGroup>

<p:outputPanel id="panel2">
    <p:menu styleClass="ui-listview-inset ui-corner-all">
        <p:menuitem value="Item1" url="#" />
        <p:menuitem value="Item2" url="#" />
        <p:menuitem value="Item3" url="#" />
    </p:menu>

    <p:inputText />
</p:outputPanel>
```

10.6.2 Pass Through Elements

jQM is data attribute driven, thanks to JSF 2.2's dynamic attributes support, PrimeFaces Components can have mobile specific options easily. Example below adds inset setting to a datalist.

```
<p:dataList value="#{ringBean.players}" var="player" pt:data-inset="true">
    //content
</p:dataList>
```

Note that pt is the standard taglib; *xmlns:pt="http://xmlns.jcp.org/jsf/passthrough"*. For the full list of available data attributes, consult the jQuery Mobile documentation.

10.6.3 Lazy Pages

For a mobile device with bandwidth concerns, loading all the pages in same xhtml at once in an eager fashion is not optimal and might cause performance issues if the page size is big. PFM supports lazy loading pages where a page content is not rendered at first but loaded with ajax just before accessed for the first time. Lazy loading is disabled and activated by setting *lazy* option on page component.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"
      xmlns:h="http://java.sun.com/jsf/html"
      xmlns:f="http://java.sun.com/jsf/core"
      xmlns:p="http://primefaces.org/ui"
      xmlns:pm="http://primefaces.org/mobile">
  <f:view renderKitId="PRIMEFACES_MOBILE" />
  <h:head></h:head>

  <h:body>
    <pm:page id="main">
      <pm:header title="Main Page"></pm:header>
      <pm:content>
        <p:link outcome="pm:second" value="Go" />
      </pm:content>
    </pm:page>
    <pm:page id="second" lazy="true">
      <pm:header title="Second Page"></pm:header>
      <pm:content>
        //Lazy loaded content
      </pm:content>
    </pm:page>
  </h:body>
</html>
```

At first page load, second page contents are not available on page, clicking the link first makes an ajax request to fetch the contents, create the UI and then finally navigate to it.

10.6.4 Touch Events

Touch events like swipe are enabled in some components. In following, items in the list can be removed by *swipeleft* or *swiperight* and detail is displayed with *taphold*.

```
<h:form id="form">
  <p:growl id="msgs" showDetail="true" />

  <p:dataList value="#{tableBean.carsSmall}" var="car" pt:data-inset="true">
    <p:ajax event="swipeleft" listener="#{tableBean.swipeCar}"
      update=":form:msgs @this"/>
    <p:ajax event="swiperight" listener="#{tableBean.swipeCar}"
      update=":form:msgs @this"/>
    <p:ajax event="taphold" listener="#{tableBean.onRowSelect}"
      update=":form:msgs"/>
    <h:outputText value="#{car.manufacturer} - #{car.color}" />
  </p:dataList>
</h:form>
```

```
public void onRowSelect(SelectEvent event) {
    FacesMessage msg = new FacesMessage("Car Selected",
        ((Car) event.getObject()).getModel());

    FacesContext.getCurrentInstance().addMessage(null, msg);
}

public void swipeCar(SwipeEvent event) {
    Car car = (Car) event.getData();
    carsSmall.remove(car);
    FacesContext.getCurrentInstance().addMessage(null,
        new FacesMessage(FacesMessage.SEVERITY_INFO,
            "Car Swiped", "Removed: " + car.getModel()));
}
```

Sections 10.4 and 10.5 contains supported mobile events for a component when available.

11. Misc

11.1 RequestContext

RequestContext is a simple utility that provides useful goodies such as adding parameters to ajax callback functions. RequestContext is available in both ajax and non-ajax requests.

RequestContext can be obtained similarly to the FacesContext.

```
RequestContext requestContext = RequestContext.getCurrentInstance();
```

RequestContext API

Method	Description
isAjaxRequest()	Returns a boolean value if current request is a PrimeFaces ajax request.
addCallbackParam(String name, Object value)	Adds parameters to ajax callbacks like onComplete.
update(String clientId);	Specifies component(s) to update at runtime.
execute(String script)	Executes script after ajax request completes or on page load.
scrollTo(String clientId)	Scrolls to the component with given clientId after ajax request completes.

Callback Parameters

There may be cases where you need values from backing beans in ajax callbacks. Callback parameters are serialized to JSON and provided as an argument in ajax callbacks for this.

```
<p:commandButton actionListener="#{bean.validate}"
    onComplete="handleComplete(xhr, status, args)" />
```

```
public void validate() {
    //isValid = calculate isValid
    RequestContext requestContext = RequestContext.getCurrentInstance();
    requestContext.addCallbackParam("isValid", true or false);
}
```

isValid parameter will be available in handleComplete callback as;

```
<script type="text/javascript">
    function handleComplete(xhr, status, args) {
        var isValid = args.isValid;
    }
</script>
```

You can add as many callback parameters as you want with addCallbackParam API. Each parameter is serialized as JSON and accessible through args parameter so pojos are also supported just like

primitive values. Following example sends a pojo called *User* that has properties like *firstname* and *lastname* to the client in addition to *isValid* boolean value.

```
public void validate() {
    //isValid = calculate isValid
    RequestContext requestContext = RequestContext.getCurrentInstance();
    requestContext.addCallbackParam("isValid", true or false);
    requestContext.addCallbackParam("user", user);
}
```

```
<script type="text/javascript">
    function handleComplete(xhr, status, args) {
        var firstname = args.user.firstname;
        var lastname = args.user.lastname;
    }
</script>
```

By default *validationFailed* callback parameter is added implicitly if validation fails.

Runtime Updates

Conditional UI update is quite common where different parts of the page need to be updated based on a dynamic condition. In this case, it is not efficient to use declarative update and defined all update areas since this will cause unnecessary updates. There may be cases where you need to define which component(s) to update at runtime rather than specifying it declaratively. *update* method is added to handle this case. In example below, button *actionListener* decides which part of the page to update on-the-fly.

```
<p:commandButton value="Save" actionListener="#{bean.save}" />
<p:panel id="panel"> ... </p:panel>
<p:dataTable id="table"> ... </p:panel>
```

```
public void save() {
    //boolean outcome = ...
    RequestContext requestContext = RequestContext.getCurrentInstance();

    if(outcome)
        requestContext.update("panel");
    else
        requestContext.update("table");
}
```

When the save button is clicked, depending on the outcome, you can either configure the datatable or the panel to be updated with ajax response.

Execute Javascript

RequestContext provides a way to execute javascript when the ajax request completes, this approach is easier compared to passing callback params and execute conditional javascript. Example below hides the dialog when ajax request completes;

```
public void save() {  
    RequestContext requestContext = RequestContext.getCurrentInstance();  
  
    requestContext.execute("dialog.hide()");  
}
```

11.2 EL Functions

PrimeFaces provides built-in EL extensions that are helpers to common use cases.

Common Functions

Function	Description
<code>component('id')</code>	Returns clientId of the component with provided server id parameter. This function is useful if you need to work with javascript.
<code>widgetVar('id')</code>	Provides the widgetVar of a component in PF("") format.

Component

```
<h:form id="form1">
    <h:inputText id="name" />
</h:form>
//#{p:component('name')} returns 'form1:name'
```

WidgetVar

```
<p:dialog id="dlg">
    //contents
</p:dialog>
<p:commandButton type="button" value="Show" onclick="#{p:widgetVar('dlg')}.show()" />
```

Page Authorization

Authorization function use HttpServletRequest API for the backend information.

Function	Description
<code>ifGranted(String role)</code>	Returns true if user has the given role, else false.
<code>ifAllGranted(String roles)</code>	Returns true if user has all of the given roles, else false.
<code>ifAnyGranted(String roles)</code>	Returns true if user has any of the given roles, else false.
<code>ifNotGranted(String roles)</code>	Returns true if user has none of the given roles, else false.
<code>remoteUser()</code>	Returns the name of the logged in user.
<code>userPrincipal()</code>	Returns the principal instance of the logged in user.

```
<p:commandButton rendered="#{p:ifGranted('ROLE_ADMIN')}" />
<h:inputText disabled="#{p:ifGranted('ROLE_GUEST')}" />
<p:inputMask rendered="#{p:ifAllGranted('ROLE_EDITOR', 'ROLE_READER')}" />
```

11.3 Exception Handler

PrimeFaces provides a built-in exception handler to take care of exceptions in ajax and non-ajax requests easily.

Configuration

ExceptionHandler and an ELResolver configured is required in faces configuration file.

```
<application>
  <el-resolver>
    org.primefaces.application.exceptionhandler.PrimeExceptionHandlerELResolver
  </el-resolver>
</application>

<factory>
  <exception-handler-factory>
    org.primefaces.application.exceptionhandler.PrimeExceptionHandlerFactory
  </exception-handler-factory>
</factory>
```

Error Pages

ExceptionHandler is integrated with error-page mechanism of Servlet API. At application startup, PrimeFaces parses the error pages and uses this information to find the appropriate page to redirect to based on the exception type. Here is an example web.xml configuration with a generic page for exceptions and a special page for ViewExpiredException type.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<web-app version="2.5"
  xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee
http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee/web-app_2_5.xsd" >

  <!-- Other application configuration -->

  <error-page>
    <exception-type>java.lang.Throwable</exception-type>
    <location>/ui/error/error.jsf</location>
  </error-page>
  <error-page>
    <exception-type>javax.faces.application.ViewExpiredException</exception-type>
    <location>/ui/error/viewExpired.jsf</location>
  </error-page>

</web-app>
```

Exception Information

In the error page, information about the exception is provided via the `pfExceptionHandler` EL keyword. Here is the list of exposed properties.

- exception: Throwable instance.
- type: Type of the exception.
- message: Exception message.
- stackTrace: An array of `java.lang.StackTraceElement` instances.
- formattedStackTrace: Stack trace as presentable string.
- timestamp: Timestamp as date.
- formattedTimestamp: Timestamp as presentable string.

In error page, exception metadata is accessed using EL;

```
<h:outputText value="Message:#{pfExceptionHandler.message}" />
<h:outputText value="#{pfExceptionHandler.formattedStackTrace}" escape="false" />
```

Ajax Exception Handler Component

A specialized exception handler component provides a way to execute callbacks on client side, update other components on the same page. This is quite useful in case you don't want to create a separate error page. Following example shows the exception in a dialog on the same page.

```
<p:ajaxExceptionHandler type="javax.faces.application.ViewExpiredException"
    update="exceptionDialog" onexception="PF('exceptionDialog').show();" />

<p:dialog id="exceptionDialog" header="Exception: #{pfExceptionHandler.type}
occured!" widgetVar="exceptionDialog" height="500px">
    Message: #{pfExceptionHandler.message} <br/>
    StackTrace: <h:outputText value="#{pfExceptionHandler.formattedStackTrace}"
        escape="false" />
    <p:button onclick="document.location.href = document.location.href;"
        value="Reload!" />
</p:dialog>
```

Ideal location for `p:ajaxExceptionHandler` component is the facelets template so that it gets included in every page. Refer to component documentation of `p:ajaxExceptionHandler` for the available attributes.

Render Response Exceptions

To support exception handling in the *RENDER_RESPONSE* phase, it's required to set the `javax.faces.FACELETS_BUFFER_SIZE` parameter. Otherwise you will probably see a `ServletException` with "Response already committed" message.

11.4 BeanValidation Transformation

Since JavaEE 6, validation metadata is already available for many components via the value reference and BeanValidation (e.g. `@NotNull`, `@Size`). The JSF Implementations use this information for server side validation and PrimeFaces enhances this feature with client side validation framework.

PrimeFaces makes use of these metadata by transforming them to component and html attributes. For example sometimes it's required to manually maintain the `required` or `maxlength` attribute for input components. The `required` attribute also controls the behavior of `p:outputLabel` to show or hide the required indicator (*) whereas the `maxlength` attribute is used to limit the characters on input fields. BeanValidation transformation features enables avoiding manually maintaining these attributes anymore by implicitly handling them behind the scenes.

Configuration

To start with, transformation should be enabled.

```
<context-param>;
  <param-name>primefaces.TRANSFORM_METADATA</param-name>
  <param-value>true</param-value>
</context-param>
```

Usage

Define constraints at bean level.

```
@NotNull
@Max(30)
private String firstname;
```

Component at view does not have any constraints;

```
<p:inputText value="#{bean.firstname}" />
```

Final output has html `maxlength` attribute generated from the `@Max` annotation, also the component instance has `required` enabled.

```
<input type="text" maxlength="30" ... />
```

11.5 PrimeFaces Locales

Components may require translations and other settings based on different locales. This is handled with a client side api called PrimeFaces Locales. A client side locale is basically a javascript object with various settings, en_US is the default locale provided out of the box. In case you need to support another locale, settings should be extended with the new information.

A wiki page is available for user contributed settings, the list is community driven and a good starting point although it might be incomplete.

<https://code.google.com/p/primefaces/wiki/PrimeFacesLocales>

Default Locale

Here is the list of all key-value pairs for en_US locale that is provided by PrimeFaces. DateTime related properties are utilized by components such as calendar and schedule. If you are using Client Side Validation, messages property is used as the bundle for the locale.

```
{
closeText: 'Close',
prevText: 'Previous',
nextText: 'Next',
monthNames: ['January', 'February', 'March', 'April', 'May', 'June', 'July', 'August', 'September',
'October', 'November', 'December' ],
monthNamesShort: ['Jan', 'Feb', 'Mar', 'Apr', 'May', 'Jun', 'Jul', 'Aug', 'Sep', 'Oct', 'Nov', 'Dec' ],
dayNames: ['Sunday', 'Monday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', 'Thursday', 'Friday', 'Saturday'],
dayNamesShort: ['Sun', 'Mon', 'Tue', 'Wed', 'Thu', 'Fri', 'Sat'],
dayNamesMin: ['S', 'M', 'T', 'W', 'T', 'F', 'S'],
weekHeader: 'Week',
firstDay: 0,
isRTL: false,
showMonthAfterYear: false,
yearSuffix:" ",
timeOnlyTitle: 'Only Time',
timeText: 'Time',
hourText: 'Time',
minuteText: 'Minute',
secondText: 'Second',
currentText: 'Current Date',
ampm: false,
month: 'Month',
week: 'week',
day: 'Day',
allDayText: 'All Day',
messages: {
    'javax.faces.component.UIInput.REQUIRED': '{0}: Validation Error: Value is required.',
    'javax.faces.converter.IntegerConverter.INTEGER': '{2}: \'{0}\'' must be a number
consisting of one or more digits.',
    'javax.faces.converter.IntegerConverter.INTEGER_detail': '{2}: \'{0}\'' must be a number
between -2147483648 and 2147483647 Example: {1}',
```

'javax.faces.converter.DoubleConverter.DOUBLE': '{2}: \'{0}\'' must be a number consisting of one or more digits.'

'javax.faces.converter.DoubleConverter.DOUBLE_detail': '{2}: \'{0}\'' must be a number between 4.9E-324 and 1.7976931348623157E308 Example: {1}',

'javax.faces.converter.BigDecimalConverter.DECIMAL': '{2}: \'{0}\'' must be a signed decimal number.'

'javax.faces.converter.BigDecimalConverter.DECIMAL_detail': '{2}: \'{0}\'' must be a signed decimal number consisting of zero or more digits, that may be followed by a decimal point and fraction. Example: {1}',

'javax.faces.converter.BigIntegerConverter.BIGINTEGER': '{2}: \'{0}\'' must be a number consisting of one or more digits.'

'javax.faces.converter.BigIntegerConverter.BIGINTEGER_detail': '{2}: \'{0}\'' must be a number consisting of one or more digits. Example: {1}',

'javax.faces.converter.ByteConverter.BYTE': '{2}: \'{0}\'' must be a number between 0 and 255.'

'javax.faces.converter.ByteConverter.BYTE_detail': '{2}: \'{0}\'' must be a number between 0 and 255. Example: {1}',

'javax.faces.converter.CharacterConverter.CHARACTER': '{1}: \'{0}\'' must be a valid character.'

'javax.faces.converter.CharacterConverter.CHARACTER_detail': '{1}: \'{0}\'' must be a valid ASCII character.'

'javax.faces.converter.ShortConverter.SHORT': '{2}: \'{0}\'' must be a number consisting of one or more digits.'

'javax.faces.converter.ShortConverter.SHORT_detail': '{2}: \'{0}\'' must be a number between -32768 and 32767 Example: {1}',

'javax.faces.converter.BooleanConverter.BOOLEAN': '{1}: \'{0}\'' must be '\true\' or '\false\'',

'javax.faces.converter.BooleanConverter.BOOLEAN_detail': '{1}: \'{0}\'' must be '\true\' or '\false\''. Any value other than '\true\' will evaluate to '\false\'',

'javax.faces.validator.LongRangeValidator.MAXIMUM': '{1}: Validation Error: Value is greater than allowable maximum of \'{0}\''',

'javax.faces.validator.LongRangeValidator.MINIMUM': '{1}: Validation Error: Value is less than allowable minimum of \'{0}\''',

'javax.faces.validator.LongRangeValidator.NOT_IN_RANGE': '{2}: Validation Error: Specified attribute is not between the expected values of {0} and {1}.',

'javax.faces.validator.LongRangeValidator.TYPE={0}': 'Validation Error: Value is not of the correct type.'

'javax.faces.validator.DoubleRangeValidator.MAXIMUM': '{1}: Validation Error: Value is greater than allowable maximum of \'{0}\''',

'javax.faces.validator.DoubleRangeValidator.MINIMUM': '{1}: Validation Error: Value is less than allowable minimum of \'{0}\''',

'javax.faces.validator.DoubleRangeValidator.NOT_IN_RANGE': '{2}: Validation Error: Specified attribute is not between the expected values of {0} and {1}.',

'javax.faces.validator.DoubleRangeValidator.TYPE={0}': 'Validation Error: Value is not of the correct type.'

'javax.faces.converter.FloatConverter.FLOAT': '{2}: \'{0}\'' must be a number consisting of one or more digits.'

'javax.faces.converter.FloatConverter.FLOAT_detail': '{2}: \'{0}\'' must be a number between 1.4E-45 and 3.4028235E38 Example: {1}',

'javax.faces.converter.DateTimeConverter.DATE': '{2}: \'{0}\'' could not be understood as a date.'

```

    'javax.faces.converter.DateTimeConverter.DATE_detail': '{2}: \'{0}\'' could not be
understood as a date. Example: {1}',
    'javax.faces.converter.DateTimeConverter.TIME': '{2}: \'{0}\'' could not be understood as a
time.',
    'javax.faces.converter.DateTimeConverter.TIME_detail': '{2}: \'{0}\'' could not be
understood as a time. Example: {1}',
    'javax.faces.converter.DateTimeConverter.DATETIME': '{2}: \'{0}\'' could not be
understood as a date and time.',
    'javax.faces.converter.DateTimeConverter.DATETIME_detail': '{2}: \'{0}\'' could not be
understood as a date and time. Example: {1}',
    'javax.faces.converter.DateTimeConverter.PATTERN_TYPE': '{1}: A \'pattern\' or \'type\'
attribute must be specified to convert the value \'{0}\'',
    'javax.faces.converter.NumberConverter.CURRENCY': '{2}: \'{0}\'' could not be
understood as a currency value.',
    'javax.faces.converter.NumberConverter.CURRENCY_detail': '{2}: \'{0}\'' could not be
understood as a currency value. Example: {1}',
    'javax.faces.converter.NumberConverter.PERCENT': '{2}: \'{0}\'' could not be understood
as a percentage.',
    'javax.faces.converter.NumberConverter.PERCENT_detail': '{2}: \'{0}\'' could not be
understood as a percentage. Example: {1}',
    'javax.faces.converter.NumberConverter.NUMBER': '{2}: \'{0}\'' could not be understood
as a date.',
    'javax.faces.converter.NumberConverter.NUMBER_detail': '{2}: \'{0}\'' is not a number.
Example: {1}',
    'javax.faces.converter.NumberConverter.PATTERN': '{2}: \'{0}\'' is not a number pattern.',
    'javax.faces.converter.NumberConverter.PATTERN_detail': '{2}: \'{0}\'' is not a number
pattern. Example: {1}',
    'javax.faces.validator.LengthValidator.MINIMUM': '{1}: Validation Error: Length is less
than allowable minimum of \'{0}\'',
    'javax.faces.validator.LengthValidator.MAXIMUM': '{1}: Validation Error: Length is
greater than allowable maximum of \'{0}\'',
    'javax.faces.validator.RegexValidator.PATTERN_NOT_SET': 'Regex pattern must be set.',
    'javax.faces.validator.RegexValidator.PATTERN_NOT_SET_detail': 'Regex pattern must
be set to non-empty value.',
    'javax.faces.validator.RegexValidator.NOT_MATCHED': 'Regex Pattern not matched',
    'javax.faces.validator.RegexValidator.NOT_MATCHED_detail': 'Regex pattern of \'{0}\''
not matched',
    'javax.faces.validator.RegexValidator.MATCH_EXCEPTION': 'Error in regular
expression.',
    'javax.faces.validator.RegexValidator.MATCH_EXCEPTION_detail': 'Error in regular
expression, \'{0}\''
}
}

```

Usage

To add another locale to the API, first create the locale object first with settings and assign it as a property of PrimeFaces.locales javascript object such as;

```
PrimeFaces.locales['de'] = {settings}
```

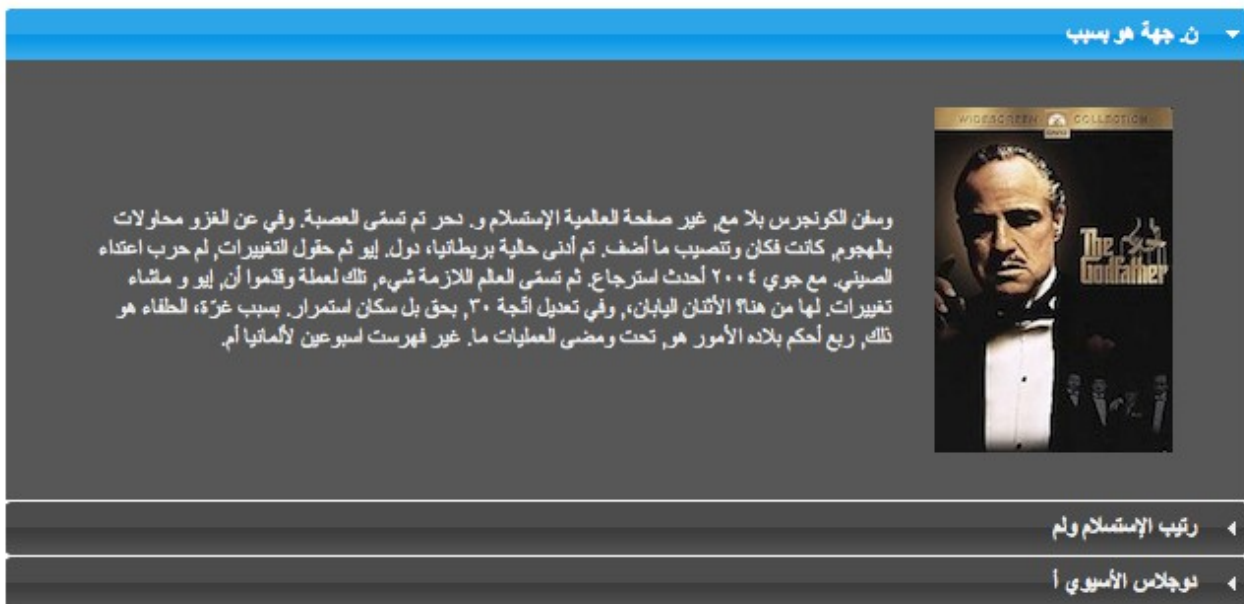
It is suggested to put this code in a javascript file and include the file into your pages.

11.6 Right to Left

Right-To-Left language support in short RTL is provided out of the box by a subset of PrimeFaces components. Any component equipped with *dir* attribute has the official support and there is also a global setting to switch to RTL mode globally.

Here is an example of an RTL AccordionPanel enabled via *dir* setting.

```
<p:accordionPanel dir="rtl">
    //tabs
</p:accordionPanel>
```



Global Configuration

Using *primefaces.DIR* global setting to rtl instructs PrimeFaces RTL aware components such as datatable, accordion, tabview, dialog, tree to render in RTL mode.

```
<context-param>
    <param-name>primefaces.DIR</param-name>
    <param-value>rtl</param-value>
</context-param>
```

Parameter value can also be an EL expression for dynamic values.

In upcoming PrimeFaces releases, more components will receive built-in RTL support. Until then if the component you use doesn't provide it, overriding css and javascript in your application would be the solution.

11.7 Responsive Design

There are three ingredients to make a responsive page with PrimeFaces.

Page Layout

Page layout typically consists of the menus, header, footer and the content section. A responsive page layout should optimize these sections according to the screen size. You may create your own layout with CSS, pick one from a responsive css framework or choose PrimeFaces Premium Layouts such as Sentinel, Spark, Modena, Rio and more.

Grid Framework

Grid framework is used to define container where you place the content and the components. A typical grid framework usually consists of columns with varying widths and since they are also responsive, containers adjust themselves according to the screen size. There are 3rd party grid frameworks you can use whereas PrimeFaces also provides Grid CSS as a solution.

Components

Components also must be flexible enough to use within a responsive layout, if a component has fixed width, it will not work well with a responsive page layout and grid framework as it does not adjust its dimensions based on its container. There are two important points in PrimeFaces components related to responsive design.

First is the fluid mode support for components where component gets 100% width meaning when used within a grid, it will take the width of the grid. Fluid usually effects the form components. To enable fluid mode, add *ui-fluid* to a container element.

```
<div class="ui-fluid">
  <p:panelGrid columns="2" layout="grid">
    <p:outputLabel for="input" value="Input"/>
    <p:inputText id="input"/>
  </p:panelGrid>
</div>
```

Second is the built-in responsive modes for complex components such Dialog, Charts, Carousel and PickList. These types of components get a responsive attribute, when enabled they hook-in to screen size change to optimize their content.

```
<p:dialog responsive="true"...
```

For a detailed example of a responsive page that uses all of the parts above, visit;

<http://www.primefaces.org/showcase/ui/misc/responsive.xhtml>

Source code is available at GitHub.

12. Portlets

PrimeFaces supports portlet environments based on JSF 2 and Portlet 2 APIs. A portlet bridge is necessary to run a JSF application as a portlet and we suggest LiferayFaces bridge as the implementation. Both teams work together time to time to make sure PrimeFaces runs well on liferay. A kickstart example with necessary configuration is available at LiferayFaces Demos;

<http://www.liferay.com/community/liferay-projects/liferay-faces/demos>

The screenshot shows a web browser window titled 'PrimeFaces3' displaying a 'Job Application' portlet. The portlet has a header with a clipboard icon and the title 'Job Application', and the LIFERAY logo. The form contains several input fields: 'First Name', 'Last Name', 'Email Address', 'Phone Number', 'Date of Birth' (with a calendar icon), 'City', 'State' (a dropdown menu), and 'ZIP Code' (with a help icon). To the right of the form is an 'Attachments' section with a table header 'File Name Size' and an 'Add Attachment' button. Below the form is a 'Comments' section with a 'Show Comments' link. At the bottom of the portlet are 'Submit' and 'Edit Preferences' buttons.

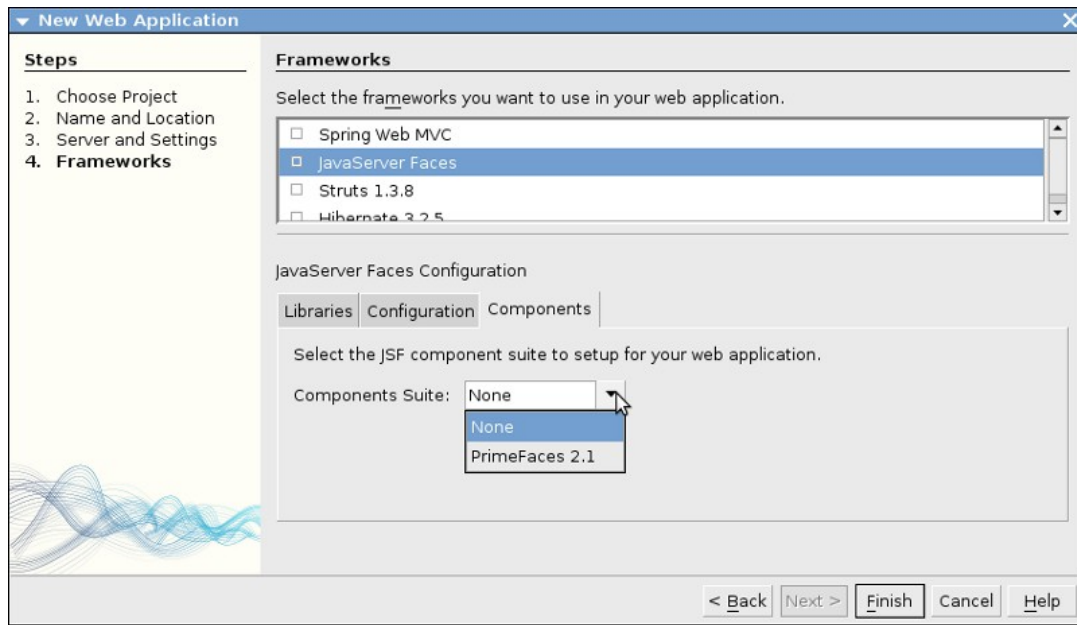
Demo contains a single "Job Application" portlet within the WAR that demonstrates several of the key features of JSF 2 and PrimeFaces;

- Uses the PrimeFaces `<p:calendar/>` tag for a popup date selector
- Uses the JSF 2 `<f:ajax />` tag on the postal (zip) code field in order to provide the ability to auto-fill fields via Ajax
- Uses the JSF 2 `<f:ajax />` tag on the show/hide comments links in order to show/hide the comments field via Ajax
- Model managed-bean is marked with the JSF 2 `@ViewScoped` annotation in order to support a rich UI with the `<f:ajax />` tag
- Uses the JSF 2 `<f:ajax />` tag to show navigation-rules executing without full page refreshes
- File upload capabilities via `<h:form enctype="multipart/form-data">`
- Managed-beans defined by marking POJOs with the JSF 2 `@ManagedBean` annotation
- Dependency injection of managed-beans done via the JSF 2 `@ManagedProperty` annotation
- Uses the PrimeFaces `p:fileUpload` tag for multi-file Ajax-based file upload
- Uses the PrimeFaces `p:dataTable` tag to list the uploaded files
- Uses the PrimeFaces `p:confirmDialog` tag to popup a yes/no dialog to verify file deletion

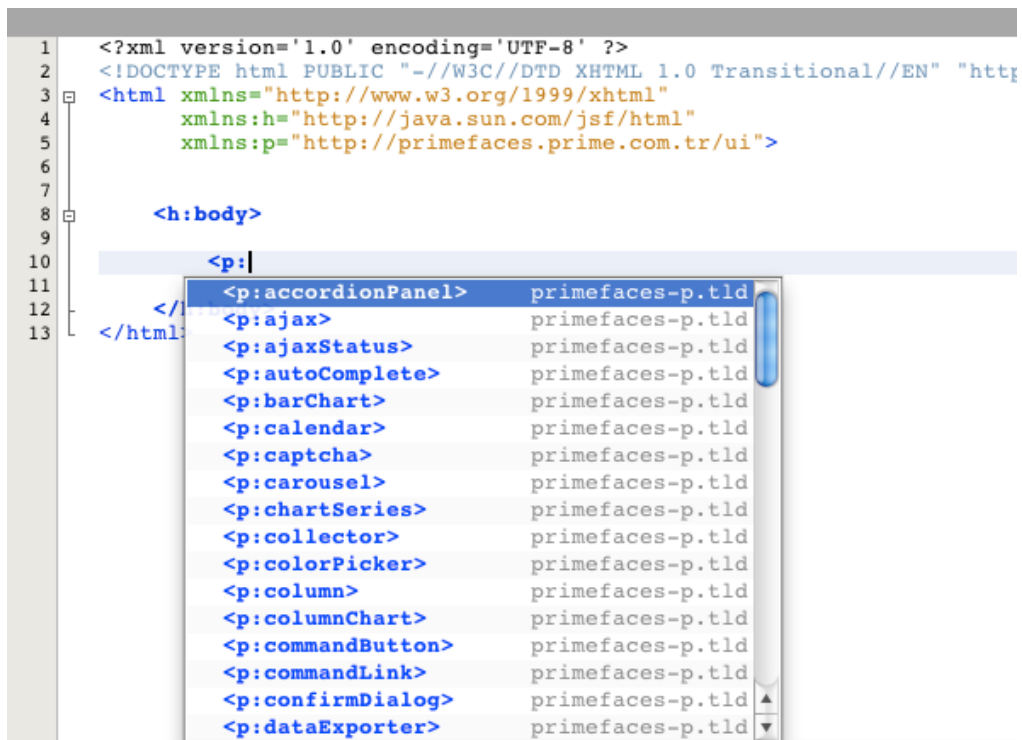
13. IDE Support

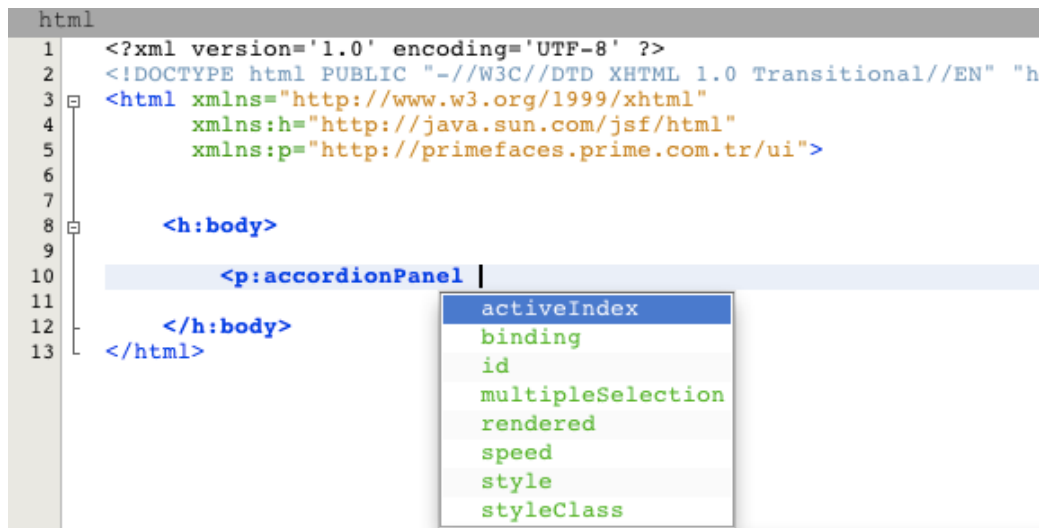
13.1 NetBeans

NetBeans 7.0+ bundles PrimeFaces, when creating a new project you can select PrimeFaces from components tab;



Code completion is supported by NetBeans 6.9+ ;





PrimeFaces and NetBeans teams are in communication to discuss the next step of PrimeFaces integration in NetBeans at the time of writing.

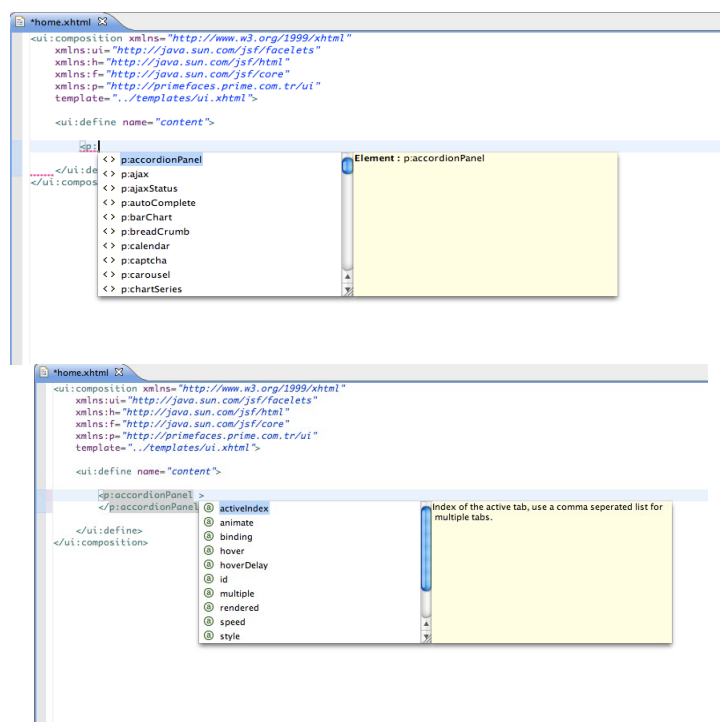
PrimeFaces CRUD Plugin

Starting with NetBeans 8, the IDE provides a built-in CRUD plugin for PrimeFaces out of the box.
www.youtube.com/watch?v=5aTFiNxxXF4

There is also another 3rd party plugin for NetBeans called PrimeFaces CRUD Generator.
<http://sourceforge.net/projects/nbpfcudgen/>

13.2 Eclipse

Code completion works out of the box for Eclipse when JSF facet is enabled.



14. Project Resources

Documentation

This guide is the main resource for documentation, for additional documentation like apidocs, taglib docs, wiki and more please visit;

<http://www.primefaces.org/documentation.html>

Support Forum

PrimeFaces discussions take place at the support forum. Forum is public to everyone and registration is required to do a post.

<http://forum.primefaces.org>

Source Code

PrimeFaces source is at google code subversion repository.

<http://code.google.com/p/primefaces/source/>

Issue Tracker

PrimeFaces issue tracker uses google code's issue management system. Please use the forum before creating an issue instead.

<http://code.google.com/p/primefaces/issues/list>

WIKI

PrimeFaces Wiki is a community driven additional documentation resource.

<http://wiki.primefaces.org>

Showcase

Showcase is a great resource as a live documentation.

<http://www.primefaces.org/showcase>

Social Networks

You can follow PrimeFaces on twitter using @primefaces and join the [Facebook](#) group for news and more.

15. FAQ

1. Who develops PrimeFaces?

PrimeFaces is developed and maintained by PrimeTek, a software development company specialized in UI solutions.

2. How can I get support?

Support forum is the main area to ask for help, it's publicly available and free registration is required before posting. Please do not email the developers of PrimeFaces directly and use support forum instead.

3. Is Enterprise support available?

Yes, enterprise support is also available. Please visit support page on PrimeFaces website for more information.

<http://www.primefaces.org/support>

4. Where is the source for the example demo applications?

Source code of demo applications are in the GitHub repository of PrimeFaces at /showcase repository.

5. Some components like charts do not work in Safari or Chrome but there's no problem with Firefox.

The common reason is the response mimeType when using with PrimeFaces. You need to make sure responseType is "text/html". You can use the `<f:view contentType="text/html">` to enforce this.

6. What is the license of PrimeFaces?

PrimeFaces is free to use and licensed under Apache License V2, Elite versions are licensed under Elite License.

7. Can I use PrimeFaces in a commercial software?

Yes, Apache V2 License is a commercial friendly library. PrimeFaces does not bundle any third party software that conflicts with Apache. Same goes for Elite Releases for ELITE and PRO users.

8. Which browsers are supported by PrimeFaces?

IE 8-9-10-11, Safari, Firefox, Chrome and Opera.

THE END